"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Thunder showers today and probably Thursday; moderate to fresh south winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,810 NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

DEMOCRATIC TICKET IS COX AND ROOSEVELT; NEW YORKER UNOPPOSED AS RUNNING MATE; BRYAN IS SAD, BUT OTHER LEADERS REJOICE

LLOYD GEORGE PINS GERMANY DOWN AT SPA MEETING

In Dramatic Scene He Demands Yes or No Answer on Disarmament Question.

HERR FEHRENBACH WEEPS

Offers His Chances of Salvation as Pledge He Speaks for an Unrevengeful People.

TOLD TALK IS VALUELESS

Must Present to Conference Today a Definite Statement—Poles' Plead for Aid Is Refused.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SPA, July 6.—The Spa conference, with all its possibilities, hangs in the balance tonight. The Allies have served an ultimatum on Germany to present tomorrow a definite statement of how it proposes to meet the treaty disarmament terms or the conference will at once be discontinued.

The meeting today, when the Germans tried to drive the Allies backward from their flat stand on disarmament, was dramatic in the extreme. Premier Lloyd George spoke for the Allies in magnificent style. He met the German arguments and did not budge an inch. No less dramatic was the Pan-German, Fehrenbach, trying to tell the Allies that Germany had no revenge, but only good will to all men in her heart.

Human drama indeed seldom reaches the grandeur of the situation this episode presented—one statesman speaking for millions of free people who won the war and the other just as surely for the minority, the Prussianism which was defeated. Tears flowed down Fehrenbach's face as after he had offered his chances of eternal rest as a pledge that he spoke for a gentle Germany the little Welshman who led the Allies told him that vague promises by Germany were of no more value, and that her days of evasion were ended. He said Germans would now say whether or not they intended to disarm or all negotiations would be broken off.

Marshal Foch First to Arrive.

Yesterday when the Germans first met the Allies they tried to dodge the disarmament question, but were told they could not. The conference was adjourned until Defense Minister Gessler and General von Seecht could reach Spa. They arrived today and the conference was set for 4:30. Marshal Foch, with a smile on his face and cap on his ear, reached the Villa Fraineuse at 4 o'clock. Various delegations arrived at 4:30, and two minutes later the Germans came. Von Seecht, with a staff of half a dozen, made a handsome showing.

The conference was opened by M. Delacroix asking what was the reply to the Allies' notes on disarmament.

Herr Gessler replied, saying that Germany had done her best to carry out the treaty provisions, but had serious internal troubles. He said the Reichswehr had been reduced to 200,000 men and the navy to the treaty terms. He then sought sympathy by painting a picture of the scarcity of food. Continuing his plea, he asserted that Germany was "overheated," and "it is impossible in the present state of unrest to reduce the army to 100,000 men."

Premier Lloyd George interrupted: "Is that a declaration that the German Government does not intend to fulfill the terms of the treaty?"

"No," was the reply, "but we ask for special consideration for conditions which have arisen since the armistice."

Lloyd George retorted:

"We don't need explanations of the past. We are concerned for the future."

He said Herr Gessler had not spoken of what Germany intended to do, but only that Germany had not fulfilled the treaty.

Here the Defense Minister sat down.

Foreign Minister Simons, remarking that Gessler had not clearly explained himself, said Germany intended eventually to reduce the army because of its expense, but she asked for time.

Premiers Hold Private Conference.

At this juncture Lloyd George asked for an adjournment.

While every one else took tea, the Germans and allied diplomats and Generals leaving together, Lloyd George, Millerand and Delacroix held a private conference.

After the resumption of the session Lloyd George declared that Germany did not seem to realize the gap between the treaty terms and the execution of the treaty. The treaty, he said, left to Germany 100,000 men, 100,000 rifles and 2,000 machine guns. Germany still had 200,000 men, 20,000 machine guns and 12,-

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Gompers Glad Cox Was Named; Calls Him Clean and Fair

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, who was in Chicago for a few hours today, expressed his pleasure at the action of the Democratic National Convention in nominating Governor Cox.

"He is a good, clean, fair man," said Mr. Gompers. "He was the logical candidate. Palmer's candidacy, though, was ridiculous. He never had a chance. Those Cox delegates would have stuck if they deadlocked the convention all Summer."

Mr. Gompers had been to San Francisco with a delegation interested in the labor plank in the Democratic platform, and which will discuss the labor planks of both parties and place its views before the public.

GOV. COX ACCEPTS; MAY TOUR COUNTRY

He Intimates to Convention Chairman That He Favors a Wide Campaign.

PLEASED WITH ROOSEVELT

The Governor Calls Him a Strong Running Mate—Visits His Mother's Grave.

DAYTON, Ohio, July 6.—In a telegram to the Democratic National Convention accepting the Presidential nomination and thanking the delegates for their support Governor James M. Cox today intimated that he is ready to make an intensive speaking campaign in every State.

Following is the text of the telegram:

"Hon. Joseph T. Robinson, Chairman, Democratic Convention, San Francisco, Cal.:

"Let me thank you for your felicitous message. I shall accept the standard from the Democracy of America, conscious not only of the honor but the great responsibility conferred.

"As Providence gives to me strength and vision, my firm resolve will be to justify the confidence which has been officially expressed.

"The shrine of government is in the communities of the land near to the homes that have given service and sacrifice. To them we will carry our cause with the assurance that the faith shall be kept and that the institutions of a free people are always sufficient to the needs of time, if they are held to the causes which we pledged.

"Please convey to the delegates of the convention my grateful acknowledgments. JAMES M. COX."

The message to the convention was timed so that it was expected to reach San Francisco shortly before the convention reconvened to nominate a Vice Presidential candidate.

It followed a message from Senator Robinson, permanent chairman of the convention, unofficially informing the Governor of his nomination and congratulating him.

Governor Cox also sent a reply to the greetings received earlier in the day from Senator Harding, the Republican Presidential nominee. His telegram to Senator Harding read:

"I accept your message as an evidence of the fraternal impulse which has always characterized the craft to which you and I belong. I heartily reciprocate the felicitous spirit which you have expressed."

Congratulations from President Wilson were received by Governor Cox this morning upon his nomination. The message from the White House, received at the Governor's office in Columbus this morning and transmitted to his home, in Dayton, read:

"Please accept my hearty congratulations and cordial best wishes.

"WOODROW WILSON."

Governor Cox sent this reply:

"I am deeply appreciative of your message of congratulations and good wishes. May I in turn felicitate you on your restoration to health?"

Pleased With Roosevelt.

Governor Cox tonight expressed his approval of Franklin D. Roosevelt as his running mate in the coming election.

A telegram of congratulation sent by Governor Cox to Mr. Roosevelt late this afternoon said:

"Please accept my earnest congratulation over the honor that has come to you. I am very delighted that we are associated together in the contest."

In discussing Mr. Roosevelt, Governor Cox characterized him as a very vigorous, upstanding, courageous and progressive Democrat.

"Mr. Roosevelt a speech before the National Committee in Chicago last Winter made a very strong impression," said the Governor. "He spoke in Dayton on Americanization, and his address at that time was very favorably commented

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FALL MALL ROUNDS, famous cigarettes, round in shape—plain ends.—Advt.

FEW TO WITNESS THE CLIMAX

Final Convention Thrills Staged Before Only 800 Spectators.

DETAILS OF COX LANDSLIDE

Colorado's Switch Marked the Moment When the Ohioan's Victory Became Assured.

TEXAS HEADED COX PARADE

McAdoo's Stanchest Supporters Carried Lone Star Standard to Strains of "Ohio! Ohio!"

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—There are in San Francisco today somewhat more than 9,000 angry people. Their rage is not at all lessened by the fact that they have nobody but themselves to be angry at, nor because they have no real reason to blame themselves; but still they are angry. They are the people who either held tickets for last night's session and didn't go, having heard what a deadly bore the long day session had been to all who participated in it or looked at it, or who went to the night session, concluded that it would be merely another chapter of the Democratic deadlock and went home before the delegates got out of the trenches and nominated James M. Cox for President of the United States.

The last half hour of that session was packed with drama, sparkling with thrills. It led up to an outburst of excited enthusiasm such as would have been impossible in the limp and exhausted Republican Convention which obeyed orders and nominated Harding in order to get out of Chicago before Sunday—an outburst which surpassed anything previously seen in this Democratic Convention, even on the day of the great debate between W. Bourke Cockran and William Jennings Bryan. The presence of 300 women delegates didn't seem to lower the temperature at all; they not only did not shut off excitement, but they helped a good deal in creating it.

Relatively Few Saw the Climax.

The last half hour of Monday night, or rather of Tuesday morning, was a properly exciting climax to a gathering which had already furnished a good deal of spectacular display between intervals of murderous dullness; and it was seen by perhaps 800 people outside of the delegates and alternates, the newspaper correspondents, the police and the employes of the convention and the hall.

The excitement did not really begin till the fortieth ballot, when the Pennsylvanians, who had given Palmer their complimentary vote on the thirty-ninth, despite his withdrawal, divided according to their own preferences. The delegation had to be polled, a long and tiring interlude, but when the poll was complete it was found that McAdoo had gathered in the bulk of the residuary estate. For half an hour or so the McAdoo managers were hopeful, despite the fact that the breakup of the Palmer bloc had put Cox ahead once more.

As for the newspaper men, the supporters of the dark horses, and the few spectators who had stayed on after it had become apparent that the withdrawal of Palmer was not going to start an instantaneous landslide, they were dismayed and sore of heart. It looked as if nobody would be nominated at the night session, and everything would be left over to another day of monotonous and exhausting struggle between two deadlocked candidates.

But the forty-first ballot dulled the expectations of the McAdoo forces. Despite Pennsylvania, McAdoo had gained seven and Cox had lost seven. With the forty-second ballot Cox took a big leap forward, getting 540 votes to McAdoo's 427. This was the highest point yet reached by any candidate, and all over the hall people began to sit up and pinch themselves into wakefulness. Something might happen yet.

Here the McAdoo people threw in their reserves and tried to force an overnight adjournment. The Cox leaders stood out against it, and the house was with them. A ballot or two earlier the convention might have passed such a motion, while the galleries and the press section would have voted for it unanimously.

Hopes of Late Stayers Revived.

But things had changed now. Something might happen. The spectators who had stayed on for five hours hoping for some excitement, and who didn't have tickets for Tuesday's session, quivered with the hope that they were going to see something that the nine thousand deserters had missed. Delegates who when the triangular deadlock had apparently transformed itself into a dead-

Continued on Page Two.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water, quick relief.—Advt.

JAMES M. COX
DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT.

BRENNAN NOW RANKS AS A PARTY LEADER

Conceded Title as Result of His Successful Fight Against McAdoo.

PUT THROUGH COMBINATION

Illinois Man Credited with Holding Anti-McAdoo Forces in Line to the End.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—For fully half an hour after the Democratic National Convention had nominated James M. Cox for President and taken a recess early this morning, a rotund, middle-aged little man, with a beatific smile on his face, sat quietly in one of the seats assigned to the Illinois delegation. He was a picture of whole-hearted satisfaction.

The galleries had cleared of the few hundreds who remained into the early hours to join in the demonstration for Cox. All except a handful of the thousand or more delegates had left the hall, worn out. The last of the newspaper correspondents were deserting the press stands, and still the thick-set, smiling man remained. A few friends stepped up to shake hands and offer congratulations. His smile developed into a laugh of utter contentment.

The thick-set little man, who resembles a McManus cartoon of "Father" so faithfully that many have commented upon the fact, was George E. Brennan, leader of the Democratic forces of Illinois, which sent fifty-eight delegates to the convention. The State ranks third in importance where the size of delections is concerned, giving ground only to New York and Pennsylvania. It had been held in line against McAdoo. In fact, it had assumed the rôle of leadership in the fight to prevent McAdoo's nomination.

Brennan was looking over the empty seats which represented all that was left of the air castles the McAdoo forces had built and which had come crashing down about their heads. He was content with the world.

Congratulated by Leaders.

While Brennan sat there, Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany, stepped up, shook hands and said "Good night." The Ohio National Committeeman, E. F. Moore, who managed the pre-convention campaign for Governor Cox, stopped to chat for a few moments and went to his hotel. Several minor leaders from New York, Illinois, Ohio and other States which had stood against McAdoo when the final test came and had thrown their support to Cox, smilingly offered their congratulations.

An attendant of the auditorium dimmed the lights. Finally Brennan arose and walked toward one of the exits, accompanied by two of his

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BRYAN IN DESPAIR OVER HIS DEFEAT

"My Heart Is in the Grave with Our Cause," He Says as Convention Ends.

UNCERTAIN OF HIS FUTURE

He Will "Hesitate," He Asserts, but Democrats Fear He Will Join Prohibition Party.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—William Jennings Bryan, eliminated as a factor and influence in Democratic politics, and smarting under defeat on his dry plank, coupled with the nomination of Cox, whom he characterizes as a "wet," may go into retirement from Democratic activity or get behind the not yet ended prohibition movement.

In the quiet of his own rooms at the St. Francis Hotel, overlooking a beautiful park, while the street crowds were happy and the delegates were breathing relief, the Nebraskan showed himself sad and depressed today, a broken hearted patriot. He did not hesitate to express his feeling and indicated that he knew not what his attitude would be toward the Democratic ticket or politics in general.

After discussing the action of the convention and its long drawn-out proceeding, Mr. Bryan remarked:

"My heart is in the grave with our cause. It must pause until it comes back to me."

"Do you interpret Governor Cox's nomination as a complete victory for the 'wets'?" was asked by one of the interviewers.

"It cannot be interpreted in any other way," was his reply.

"Do you not charge some anti-Administration influences with being responsible for his nomination, too?"

"Yes; but the wet forces were the moving influences and the deciding cause."

"Do you mean that you will hesitate, and pause and try to disinter your heart before you decide what you will do regarding the ticket?"

"Just that," was the reply of the peerless one.

"The convention consumed more than the usual time in reaching a decision," he continued, "and the voters now have about four months to decide. I shall use some of that time, to paraphrase a well known excuse, for hesitation.

"I regard the action of the convention in nominating Cox as a very serious mistake, in that it opened the door for the nomination of a wet candidate. I need not repeat what I have said before in regard to the evasion of other issues. I do not wish to discuss my future plans, but the public cannot overlook the importance of selecting a Senate and

Continued on Page Three.

UNANIMOUS FOR ROOSEVELT

Other Candidates for Vice President Withdrawn Without Vote.

GOV. COX WAS CONSULTED

Approved the Choice After Murphy, Brennan and Others Had Agreed.

SMITH SWAYS CONVENTION

New York Governor's Speech for Roosevelt Puts End to Other Booms.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was chosen by acclamation by the Democratic National Convention today as the party's candidate for Vice President. The convention, which had been in session since June 28 and had been deadlocked up to the forty-fourth ballot on the selection of a Presidential nominee, chose Mr. Roosevelt in a few minutes.

The question of selecting a Vice Presidential candidate had not consumed much of the time or thought of the leaders here, but with the Presidential nomination out of the way, it was taken up for serious discussion for the first time early this morning. First of all, the leaders got in communication with Governor Cox over the long-distance telephone at his home in Dayton, Ohio. His advice as to a running mate was asked. He wanted to know who was in the field. When the list was given, he was also informed that Mr. Roosevelt was acceptable to the leaders, and he gave his approval.

Mr. Roosevelt was selected after the names of seven other candidates had been presented to the delegates. When it became apparent that the powers that be had made a decision there was a scramble to get on the band wagon and make the selection unanimous.

The list of other aspirants included David R. Francis of Missouri, ex-Ambassador to Russia; Maj. Gen. L. D. Tyson of Tennessee, Governor Samuel D. Stewart of Montana, ex-Governor James H. Hawley of Idaho, Joseph S. Davies of Wisconsin, T. T. Vaughan of Oregon and Edward L. Doheny of California.

Rush to Withdraw Names.

When these candidates or their representatives got the drift of the Roosevelt sentiment, one after the other mounted the platform and either withdrew their own names or had them withdrawn. Several other embryo candidates were not even presented to the convention. Ex-Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois refused to have his name offered.

Charles F. Murphy of New York, George E. Brennan of Illinois and E. H. Moore of Ohio, leaders of the Cox forces, had united on Roosevelt before the convention was called to order. From delegation to delegation the word was passed that Roosevelt had been agreed upon, and that it was merely a waste of time to proceed with presentation of other names. But a surge of oratory was waiting to be let loose, and the convention managers, having nothing else to do for a few hours, thought it well to let the speakers have their chance.

It remained for Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York to give the quietus to all the other booms. He mounted the platform, amid the plaudits of the delegates, and in a vigorous speech seconded the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt. The scramble for the Roosevelt band wagon immediately followed and for the next fifteen minutes every candidate or his representative was busy nullifying what had been said a few minutes before.

At 3:15 o'clock it was suggested that the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt be made unanimous, and the convention by a vive voce vote ratified that proposal. The convention then wound up in a spirit of harmony.

Homer S. Cummings, Chairman of the National Committee, and Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, both of whom were McAdoo supporters to the last, made short speeches in favor of the nominees and predicted victory at the November election. The cry of "Cox and Roosevelt" went up and the weary delegates filed out of San Francisco's convention hall apparently well satisfied with what had been accomplished.

Delegates Late in Assembling.

The hour for the convention to reassemble had been fixed for noon, but half an hour later a mere handful of spectators were in the galleries, while groups of yawning delegates came slowly into the hall. Many of the delegates did not bother to return to the convention at all after the Presidential nomination, but left town as soon as the trains could take them.

Chairman Robinson called the convention to order at 12:35 P. M. After prayer had been offered, the preliminaries were hurried through with. The men and women members of the new National Committee were formally chosen. W. W. Farley of New York moved that the list be adopted by the convention and it was unanimously done.

Gavin McNab of California moved that the doors of the convention be thrown open to the public and any one allowed to come in, but it was not necessary, for the police had already seen to that. A resolution was adopted praising the local Police Department for the manner in which it had handled the convention crowds.

The thanks of the convention were also tendered to Temporary Chairman Cummings, Permanent Chairman Robinson and the other officers for the manner in which they had discharged their duties.

Mrs. George Bass of the women's Executive Committee received the thanks of the convention for her work among the women Democrats. The California women were thanked for their hospitality.

Mr. McNab wanted to keep the delegates longer in San Francisco, and offered a resolution that the convention take an adjournment, but a chorus of disapproval almost rent the roof. Put to a vote, the resolution was immediately lost.

Tyson's Name Presented First.

Nominations for Vice President were then in order. Alabama yielded to Tennessee and the flood of oratory was unloosed. Chairman Robinson limited the nominating speeches to seven minutes each.

The first candidate placed in nomination was Major Gen. Lawrence D. Tyson of Tennessee, whose name was presented by Harvey H. Hannah of Nashville. The speaker referred to President Wilson as "the greatest Democrat in the tide of time." General Tyson, he said, was a first citizen in the time of peace, but was not afraid to respond to the summons for war. For fifty years, he declared, the people of Tennessee had been perfectly happy to worship God and vote the Democratic ticket, but he thought the time had come for the South to be represented on the National ticket.

The reading of the telegram from Governor Cox accepting the Presidential nomination aroused the delegates from their lethargy. A delegate from each State seized a standard and began to march around the hall while the band played "He Rambled." After the circle of the room had been made a dozen times and the delegates had given cheers, in which the galleries took no part, the demonstration was over and quietly subsided. In their march around the hall a number of the delegates carried children on their shoulders.

The next speaker was Richard Seeley Jones of the State of Washington, who seconded by Miss Alice Reynolds of Utah and Senator Key Pittman of Nevada, did a like service for the same candidate.

Arizona yielded to Arkansas and Arkansas yielded to Montana, with the result that Senator Walsh of the last named State placed in nomination Governor Samuel D. Stewart of Montana.

Governor Stewart's nomination was seconded by Miss Alice Reynolds of Utah and Senator Key Pittman of Nevada. The independent Democrats of the West, Senator Pittman said, needed Governor Stewart on the ticket.

L. A. Hanly of California presented a native son, Edward L. Doheny, for the nomination.

Enthusiasm for F. D. Roosevelt.

Franklin D. Roosevelt was next placed in nomination by Timothy L. Ansberry, a former Congressman from Ohio, who sat in the convention as a delegate from the District of Columbia. The presentation of his name aroused the first genuine cheer. New York gave him a hearty send-off. The nomination was seconded by Judge K. U. M. Jackson of Kansas, and by Walter Myers of Indiana.

Senator Nugent of Idaho placed in nomination "Idaho's grand old Democrat," former Governor James H. Hawley. There were no seconding speeches for him.

Former Governor Dunne of Illinois sprang a surprise by announcing that former Senator James Hamilton Lewis had withdrawn from the race. Mr. Dunne stated that Senator Lewis had decided to withdraw because he believed that with the Presidential nomination having gone to Ohio, the candidate for Vice President should be taken from outside of the Mississippi Valley.

Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York then took the platform to second Mr. Roosevelt's nomination. The Governor, who had been honored with a half hour's demonstration when his name was presented to the convention as a Presidential candidate, also got a rousing reception when he went to the platform to make his only speech since the convention has been in session. Some one in the New York delegation proposed "three cheers for Al Smith," and the whole convention joined in giving them.

Speech of Governor Smith.

Governor Smith said in part:

"I very keenly appreciate the fact that we have had a long and tiresome session. Like most of the rest of you, I am keenly anxious to see other parts of the United States as much as we all appreciate the wonderful hospitality of California.

"For more than a week the eyes of the country and all the world have been on the Democratic Convention. We can tell well satisfied that so far as the platform and candidate are concerned, we have not disappointed the hopes and aspirations of humanity. We have given to the rank and file of the American people a clear and unequivocal program of Democratic doctrine and Democratic beliefs, standing forth in sharp contrast to the platform adopted by the Republicans at Chicago, in which every principle had to be a compromise to satisfy the whims of the delegates.

"When the Republican Convention was over, I met a Republican friend of mine who said to me 'Al, it makes me think of picking up a fish in cold weather. We have allowed Chicago to adopt the Lodge-Penrose theory that the Government exists for the benefit of special groups and that the Constitution and statute law stand for the protection of money and property.' As against that theory we put forward a Democratic belief that America is made up of men, women and children and that what concerns their health and welfare is a concern to Government.

"No man trifles for a greater extent the principles set forth in our platform than the candidate of this convention, Governor Cox of Ohio. New York goes back to the East with a candidate and platform that she can make a square, stand-up fight on. Democracy has the greatest chance at any time in my polit-

JAMES M. COX
DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT.

ical career to put New York in the Democratic column.

"I am instructed by the New York delegation to join heartily in seconding the nomination of one of the best-known Democrats in New York, a leader in local legislative reform that comprises a great part of the record of the Democratic Party in our State, and a man who, during the present Administration, has held a position of great power and importance in a Government department. I cheerfully arise here today to second the nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt for Vice President."

E. P. Rosenberg of Missouri presented the name of David R. Francis, former Governor of that State and former Ambassador to Russia. The Missouri delegation gave a cheer. Then a delegate from North Dakota seconded the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt, and the Chairman of the Texas delegation did the same. Joseph E. Davies of Wisconsin took the platform to pay a tribute to Mr. Roosevelt, and also to second his nomination.

Other Candidates Are Withdrawn.

Governor Stewart of Montana followed Mr. Davies and asked his friends to withdraw his name and make the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt unanimous. He asked New York to give a big majority for the ticket this Fall.

Immediately after him appeared Mr. Hanley of California and withdrew Mr. Doheny's name. He also seconded Mr. Roosevelt. The withdrawing became contagious and General Tyson stirred up the crowd somewhat by taking the platform and personally withdrawing from the race.

Senator Nugent of Idaho withdrew Ex-Governor Hawley and seconded Mr. Roosevelt's nomination. Ex-Governor Francis of Missouri followed suit. He got an enthusiastic reception from the delegates as he withdrew his name from the consideration of the convention. He asked that Mr. Roosevelt's nomination be made unanimous.

Chairman Robinson called for the ayes and noes on a resolution embodying the suggestion and it was carried without a dissenting voice. This made the taking of ballots unnecessary.

Roosevelt Remains Silent.

There then was a loud demand for Mr. Roosevelt, who was sitting in the New York delegation, to make a speech, but he did not respond.

A resolution was adopted appointing Chairman Robinson head of a committee to notify Governor Cox formally of his nomination, while Homer S. Cummings was made Chairman of a committee to perform the same duty for Mr. Roosevelt.

"Three cheers for Chairman Robinson," sang out a delegate and the convention arose to give them, while the band played "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

More resolutions of thanks to local officials were presented and adopted.

National Chairman Cummings was then escorted to the platform and made a short address in which he declared that the nominations had filled the hearts of Democrats with confidence and hope. He said the convention had worked out the result in its own way and that the party would have every confidence as to the result in November.

There were more calls for Mr. Roosevelt and the Chairman had to announce that the Vice Presidential candidate had left the building. Demands then came for Secretary Daniels and he went to the platform.

"We rejoice at the conclusion of this convention, which adopted a platform tantamount to Democratic achievements and Democratic aspirations," said Mr. Daniels, "and which nominated a ticket of young, able and efficient men who will lead the party to victory on the great principles of the party to which we belong. To me and the 500,000 men in the American Navy as well as to the army it is a matter of peculiar gratification that the unanimous choice of this convention for Vice President is that clear-headed, able executive from New York, Franklin D. Roosevelt."

Secretary Daniels predicted that the party would achieve victory in November.

There were a few cries for Bryan, but the "Commoner," who had met defeat over his platform and had nothing more to do with the convention, was nowhere in sight. Chairman Robinson then, at 3:30 o'clock, announced the adjournment of the convention sine die.

Aimed to Escape Tammany Brand.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6 (Associated Press).—Franklin D. Roosevelt's nomination from the District of Columbia instead of New York was accounted a bit of political strategy which would meet the demands of the Western delegates for a candidate not accounted a member of the Tammany forces of New York, as Mr. Roosevelt has had political differences with Tammany for several years.

Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State, who was considered as a candidate and refused to allow his name to be used, finally was urged to consent if he should be "drafted." As it fell out the Tammany group decided to accept Roosevelt, who brought to the ticket the participation of an administration man, and Mr. Colby's name was not considered further.

Mr. Roosevelt recalled to a number of friends that before the convention he prophesied that the convention would be unbossed, and he declared that his prophecy had come true. He went to his hotel from the convention hall, and then to the battleship New Mexico to dine with Secretary Daniels, his chief.

Some of the political managers recalled that today marked the second time when political leaders of New York against their will had accepted a man named Roosevelt on the national ticket. The late Thomas C. Platt was reluctant to accept Theodore Roosevelt for the Vice Presidential place in 1900, and the Tammany organization was reported to be no more favorably inclined to accept Franklin D. Roosevelt today.

LEADERS BELIEVE COX BEST NOMINEE

Satisfied He Will Prove Better Than Harding as a Vote Getter.

COUNT ON ROOSEVELT'S AID

Nominee for Vice President Regarded as Great Asset in Progressive West.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—A disposition to be elated over the nomination of James M. Cox for President and Franklin D. Roosevelt for Vice President exists among the chief men of the Democratic Party. The wounds of the spirited battle over the selection of the Presidential candidate have not had time to heal, but those who opposed the nomination of Ohio's Governor have found balm in the action of the convention today in choosing the young Assistant Secretary of the Navy for second place on the national ticket.

It is not the Roosevelt name alone—a name they hope to conjure with—that has caused the delegates to think more of victory. They believe the ticket has been buttressed mightily by the Roosevelt addition, for reasons that are complimentary to the New Yorker's own personality more than to the fact that he bears a name that appeals to the American people.

Perhaps no other decision of the convention could have been more popular than Roosevelt's selection to be the partner of Cox.

Great things are expected from his connection with the ticket.

Believed a Vote Getter.

Throughout the convention, barring those who found Cox objectionable on account of the wet sentiment attributed to him, there is a feeling that from the viewpoint of vote getting a better candidate could not have been nominated. Edmond H. Moore of Youngstown, Ohio, the Cox campaign manager, accepted this widespread view when he said this afternoon:

"Governor Cox was chosen because he measured up to the job. He was the most available candidate and the best man entered in the contest who would carry pivota' states."

On every side today the comment of prominent Democrats was that Cox had a better chance of carrying Ohio than his Republican opponent, Warren G. Harding.

Ex-Representative John J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn was one of those who pointed out the advantages Cox is believed to possess. Mr. Fitzgerald said Cox had been elected Governor of Ohio three times, while Harding had been defeated for the Governorship. That Cox will appeal to the majority of the electorate of New York State on account of his so-called "liberal" position also is contended by prominent delegates.

Without asserting any confident claims of victory—for it is admitted that there will be a hard fought contest—Democratic leaders said Cox had a better chance than Harding of carrying Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky; that he had an excellent chance in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts and Connecticut; would keep Maryland in the Democratic column, and might be strong enough to win in Illinois.

Organization Leaders Wanted Cox.

Charles F. Murphy of New York, George Brennan of Illinois, Thomas Taggart of Indiana, James R. Nugent of New Jersey, and practically all of the big organization leaders of the party in the East and the eastern portion of the Central West wanted Cox. Brennan was originally for Palmer, but quickly accepted Cox when he realized that Palmer could not be nominated.

Frederick B. Lynch of Minnesota, Wilbur W. Marsh of Iowa, and other organization leaders in the Middle West and Northwest, where there is a strong progressive sentiment, preferred Palmer to Cox. They were all opposed to McAdoo and went to Cox when the McAdoo strength in the convention seemed to be increasing. Joseph F. Guffey, National Committeeman from Pennsylvania and one of the Palmer managers, took Cox in preference to McAdoo when he found that no agreement on a dark horse candidate was possible after Palmer decided to withdraw.

In the New York delegation the feeling existed that Cox would be more popular in that State than anybody in the convention might name. McAdoo was objectionable to the Tammany organization, partly for the reason that he was regarded as a man who would not recognize Tammany in making appointments to office, partly because he was believed to be unpopular in New York City, partly on account of his relationship to President Wilson and partly because the designation of "Crown Prince" would make him obnoxious to Democratic critics of the Wilson Administration in the State.

When there seemed a good chance that McAdoo would get the nomination the Tammany delegation was blue. Governor Smith felt that his prospects of being re-elected would be lessened with McAdoo at the head of the national ticket, and it was the understanding in the Tammany delegation that Smith would not accept a renomination if McAdoo was the choice of the San Francisco convention.

The Kentucky delegation was particularly anxious to have Cox chosen. Its members contended that Cox was the only man available for the Presidential nomination who would be able to bring Kentucky back into the Democratic column.

This State of feeling contributed to the Cox strength among the delegates. Although McAdoo and Palmer had greater support numerically among the delegates when the convention met than Cox, it was apparent that Cox was the man a very much larger number of delegates than voted for him would have liked to have nominated.

Cox's standing was injured at the outset of the convention by the wet stamp that had been placed upon him and by stories circulated in an effort to lessen his chances. These things created a doubt in the minds of many delegates as to the wisdom of nominating him. But most of the timidity of delegates in this connection disappeared after the balloting had begun, and there is no doubt that a majority believed Cox would make a formidable candidate for President.

Roosevelt Adds Strength.

The nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt for Vice President has given a larger degree of popularity to the Democratic National ticket among the delegates and their leaders. He is known as a progressive throughout the great progressive belt of the West, and his relationship to Theodore Roosevelt is considered a very big asset to the party. In the convention Roosevelt refused to follow Murphy, and led the anti-Tammany element among the New York delegates in voting for McAdoo.

Mr. Murphy was not enamored of the proposal that Mr. Roosevelt be named for Vice President. He and the young Democratic kinsman of the Colonel of the Rough Riders had been at swords' points in New York politics. Mr. Roosevelt had shown an independence that strongly suggested the example of his Republican relative.

Western Democrats are particularly pleased over Mr. Roosevelt's nomination. They feel that his name on the ticket will do much to stir up a friendly feeling for it in their part of the country. They account for his assets to the ticket as his attractive personality, his relationship to the other Roosevelt, his opposition to Tammany, and his progressivism, and generally look upon him as a clean-cut, vigorous young American of the best type who has the courage of his convictions.

William J. Bryan has not yet given his approval to the selection of Governor Cox as the candidate for President. He was a critic of Cox, whom he regarded as the candidate of the wets. Mr. Bryan said sadly today that his heart was in the grave with the dry cause and he did not care to express himself on the Presidential candidate until it came back to him.

Mr. Bryan indicated that he was hesitating as to what course he would follow in the Presidential campaign. His attitude does not give cause for any great worry among prominent Democrats. That his influence with the party has waned was demonstrated in San Francisco, according to their view, and, while they hope he will indorse the ticket, they are not showing concern because he has not done so.

See Fine Chance for Ohio.

It is evidently the belief among most of the Democrats that Cox has more than an even chance of carrying Ohio. He won the Governorship over Frank Willis, Republican, and after Willis had defeated him for the same office, he was twice again elected Governor.

Senator Harding was the Republican candidate for Governor in 1910, and was overwhelmingly vanquished by Judson Harmon, Democrat. So the leaders feel that Cox is more popular with the people of Ohio than Harding.

The power of the Anti-Saloon League is expected to be thrown against Cox, on account of his popularity with the wets. When the balloting was going on in the Democratic Convention last night and early this morning Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League, was working with might and main among delegates in hope of stopping Cox's nomination. His candidate was McAdoo, who was the only contender for the nomination to receive the indorsement of the league.

Wheeler has always fought Cox in politics, and it is supposed he will use his influence and that of his organization to prevent the election of the Democratic ticket. The general headquarters of the Anti-Saloon League are at Westerville, Ohio, and the League is very active in that State.

One thing that leads Ohio Democrats to believe that Cox will have a better chance than Harding of carrying Ohio is the newspaper situation in that State. The Cleveland Plain Dealer, the only morning newspaper in the largest Ohio city, has been criticizing Harding severely, and will give strong support to Cox. The newspapers of the Scripps-McRae League in Ohio, all published in the afternoon, have been friendly to Cox and no doubt is felt that they will support him. These newspapers are The Cleveland Press, The Columbus Citizen, The Cincinnati Post, The Akron Press and The Toledo News.

Cox is also expected to have the support of The Ohio State Journal and The Evening Dispatch of Columbus, both owned by R. F. Wolfe, who, while a Republican, always has supported Cox. The Cincinnati Enquirer, Democratic, will also support Cox.

Against this combination Harding will have little help numerically from the newspapers in the larger Ohio cities. The Cleveland News is owned by Dan R. Hanna, son of the late Marcus A. Hanna, and in Cincinnati is The Times-Star, owned by Charles P. Taft, brother of ex-President Taft. Beyond these there are few daily newspapers of considerable influence that will be inclined to be on the side of the Republican Presidential ticket.

National Committeeman Moore of Ohio said today that the selection of a Chairman of the Democratic National Committee to manage the party's campaign this year would not be determined until after an opportunity had been given to consult the wishes of Governor Cox.

It seems to have been determined that Homer S. Cummings, Chairman of the National Committee, will not be re-elected. Mr. Cummings was a candidate for the Presidential nomination and his activities in the convention were not relished by some of the Cox supporters. Mr. Moore was most prominently mentioned in the gossip as to the new chairman, but he said today he did not care to take the position. He added that he had already given up as much time as he could afford to politics and would not feel justified in giving more.

Postmaster General Burleson, one of the most active workers for the nomination of Mr. McAdoo, gave out a statement today in which he condemned the Republican platform, commended the keynote speech of Chairman Cummings and the Democratic platform and praised the selection of Cox and Roosevelt.

Mr. Burleson added that he was not a candidate for Senator from Texas or any other office.

COX TO CHOOSE CHAIRMAN.

National Committee Adjourns to Await Candidate's Decision.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Selection of a National Chairman was deferred at a meeting of the Democratic National Committee after the adjournment of the convention in order to give Governor James M. Cox, nominee for President, an opportunity to suggest the Chairman, if he wishes.

The committee adjourned subject to the call of the present Chairman, Homer S. Cummings, in the expectation that a meeting will be held in about two weeks at Columbus, Ohio, or wherever else Governor Cox or E. H. Moore, Ohio's representative on the committee, may decide. A new Chairman will be elected at that time and plans for the campaign will be made.

COX'S FATHER, 87, REJOICES.

Says He Is the Happiest and Proudest Man in the Country.

CAMDEN, Ohio, July 6.—The residents of this little town are bursting with pride tonight. They claim for themselves some of the honor attendant upon the residence here of Gilbert Cox, father of the Democratic Presidential nominee.

Mr. Cox, who is 87 years old, was sitting on the porch of his modest home this afternoon when a representative of The Associated Press called on him.

"I am the happiest and proudest man in the United States tonight. I hope and know that Jim will be as good a President as he has been a son," said Mr. Cox.

Word of the nomination came as the members of the Cox household were at the breakfast table, about seven o'clock this morning.

"I didn't know what to say," confessed the nominee's father. "I only know I am very happy and proud and Jim will be a good President."

Asked if he would go to Washington to witness the inauguration if his son is elected, Mr. Cox said:

"I don't know. I'd like to go one better than Dr. Harding, who said he would drive his shay in the parade, but I'm getting along in years now."

All day long a stream of neighbors and visitors poured into the Cox home congratulating the Governor's father and predicting the election of his son.

SUMMER COMFORT

IN DEVELOPING BUSINESS SUITS OF TROPICAL FABRICS, FINCHLEY HAS SECURED AN EFFECT WHICH WILL RETAIN THE SHAPELINESS OF HEAVIER GARMENTS WITHOUT IMPOSING THEIR WEIGHT.

FIFTY DOLLARS AND MORE.

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

FEW TO WITNESS THE CLIMAX

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

lock between Cox and McAdoo had groaned inwardly and wondered if they hadn't better give up their Pullman reservations for Tuesday night and put them forward to Saturday, saw a gleam of desperate hope, and the Cox managers, old-time politicians who know all the angles and convolutions of the game, realized that now was the time to crowd their luck.

The motion to adjourn was beaten by a big majority. Yet Cox was still nearly 190 votes below the needed two-thirds, and his managers, it was reported, agreed that if the next ballot gave him a majority of the convention they would consent to an overnight adjournment, balancing their preferred position against the possibility of new combinations which a recess might afford.

"No candidate having received the required majority, the Secretary will call the roll for the forty-third ballot."

Things began to happen, slowly but surely. Down the line of States votes began to shift, by ones and two, from McAdoo to Cox. It wasn't a landslide, but it was as certain and inexorable as the landward march of the sand dunes. When New York was called, and the twenty votes for McAdoo and seventy for Cox that the State had cast through most of the balloting were announced once more, George H. Lunn of Schenectady, who, with Franklin D. Roosevelt was the leader of the McAdoo minority in the State, endeavored to stop the procession by demanding that the State be passed and the delegation polled at the end of the roll call.

A roll call would have given at least one and perhaps two advantages to the McAdoo forces. In the first place, the calling of the names of New York's ninety delegates would have meant a good deal of delay—as the galleries and the floor testified by a unanimous groan when Mr. Lunn made the suggestion—and delay at that hour of the morning might have put off the collapse and eventually turned the convention in favor of adjourning till morning and going back to the hotels to get some sleep.

Many New York Delegates Started East.

Moreover, a good many of the New York delegates and alternates started for home—not only for their hotels, but for New York; they had taken the trains they had originally intended to take, when it was never foreseen that the convention would be prolonged into the second week. They would have left proxies if proxies would have been of any use, but the convention had decided that proxy votes should not be allowed. So there was an agreement between Lunn and Roosevelt for the McAdoo supporters and Charles F. Murphy, leader of the group that was standing with Cox, that the vote should be cast 20 and 70 to the end of the balloting, so that anybody on either side who wanted to go home could do so.

And a good many of both factions had done so. A roll call would have shown some defections in each group, but Cox would have lost more because he had more to lose. United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy held the line. He walked up to Lunn and said calmly:

"You're not going to poll this delegation. Try it and you'll go to the hospital, and when you're discharged as cured the convention will have gone home, and it will be too late for you to vote for McAdoo."

Mr. Lunn surrendered. When the roll call was finished he got the attention of Chairman Robinson and announced that he would waive the demand for the roll call for this ballot.

"You'll waive it for all the rest of the ballots," muttered McCarthy, who was still beside him. But Stuart Gibboney, one of McAdoo's outside or unofficial managers, pushed his way through the crowded aisles and came up to Lunn in despair.

"We've got to demand the roll," he whispered. "It's the last chance." But Marshal McCarthy was still there, and ready for business.

"I waive the demand for this ballot," Mr. Lunn repeated, and Gibboney, who didn't know the circumstances, went away in despair.

Ready for Forty-fourth Ballot.

"No candidate having received the required majority, the Secretary will call the roll of States for the forty-fourth ballot."

Quarter past one. The first half a dozen rows of the gallery are solidly packed with men and women, congratulating themselves for having held on so long that they now have a chance to see the great event. Behind them, rising banks of empty seats, with no one in sight but a policeman at each exit, and here and there an exhausted spectator peacefully sleeping.

On the floor. The delegates pushing about excitedly through the aisles in the hope of a last minute realignment; confusion worse confounded until Senator Robinson raises his voice in that peculiar resonant sustained roar of which he is capable in moments of stress, and warns them that the business of the convention will not go on until the house is in order. The Cox managers, knowing that every instant of delay fights against them, hastily put their subordinates at work helping in the clearing of the aisles.

Behind the delegates there is a knot of curious spectators, assistant sergeants-at-arms, doorkeepers and policemen in each exit; outside of that deserted corridors and a lunchroom where a few delegates and newspaper men whose hunger is stronger than their curiosity are finishing the last of the sandwiches while the lunchroom employes are closing up for the night.

In the press stands several dozen men are attentively waiting for the announcement of the vote of each State—some of them keeping count on big tally sheets, a dozen or more pounding away on silenced typewriters, while telegraph operators at their elbows are sending away the stories on muffled instruments.

The pretty girl ushers from the State University—fresh, ingenuous-looking young women with that instinct for attractive dress and discreet adornment which seems to be born in every California girl—are mostly sitting in the press seats by now, to the huge disgust of the college boys who came to yell for Palmer and remained to take the girls home.

The band waits in its gallery, ready to play the proper air for the winning candidate; while in a far corner of the gallery the red-coat Cox band that has come all the way from Ohio is picking up its instruments and filing down stairs to lead the parade. It is sure it can pick the winner now.

The stands behind the Chairman's platform are still fairly well filled with more or less distinguished visitors, and there is a thin but unwearied line in the organ loft. But Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, who has appointed herself the goddess of that machine during the convention, is missing. A rumor comes to the Cox managers that she has gone to make a deathbed appeal to William Jennings Bryan to come out for McAdoo.

Bryan is missing, too. There is a story that he is about to claim a hearing from the convention and denounce Cox as the servitor of John Barleycorn. Cox leaders go and seek him and they find him hidden away in one of the passages of the pine and burlap labyrinth below the speakers' stand. He is writing. Bryan speaks better when he trusts to the inspiration of the moment and does not write his remarks down beforehand, but the Cox managers are frightened none the less. He speaks dangerously well in any case. There is a hurried conference, and Senator Atlee Pomerene of Ohio, who withdrew his own tentative Presidential candidacy early in the year in order to leave the State free to concentrate on one favorite son, volunteers to pit himself against the plumed knight of prohibition and defend Cox against the onslaught.

Fear of a Bryan Speech Dispelled.

Then comes a messenger of glad tidings. Some one who has had the courage to ask Mr. Bryan what he is writing hastily brings back the joyful news that he has no intention of interfering in the last ballot, and that he is only getting out his daily convention letter for a newspaper syndicate—for in this convention, as in many of past years, he has doubled in the roles of politician and reporter. So the Bryan menace fades away.

But Cox is still 100 votes short of his two-thirds. Charles F. Murphy tentatively considers a desperate expedient; if the forty-fourth ballot shows Cox only twelve or fifteen votes under his two-thirds, Mr. Murphy will report the whole New York delegation of ninety as solidly for Cox. This will cause an insurrection among the twenty McAdoo delegates, but the Cox managers are prepared to put Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi, one of their most steadfast leaders, in the chair and override any protests against the delivery of the solid votes.

But perhaps it won't be necessary. The roll call begins. Alabama shifts two votes from McAdoo to Cox. There is a yell, but it is cut off short; this is no time for unprofitable demonstration. Arkansas has had three McAdoo votes hitherto, but now they go over, and the delegation of eighteen casts its solid vote for Cox. California gives him another, Colorado another, Connecticut another, Delaware one more. The three McAdoo votes in Florida go to Cox, and the State's vote of twelve is cast for him. Georgia's original Palmer delegation of twenty-eight stays with Cox, but the eight votes of Idaho stand by McAdoo, and the ex-Secretary's followers try to start a delaying demonstration over this. But there is little response; everybody wants to get this ballot over.

Illinois shifts four votes from McAdoo to the leader. Then Indiana, a State which has been walking on eggshells all day long and trying to find a safe place to let down its weight. Indiana is normally eleven for McAdoo and nineteen for Cox, but above everything else Indiana wants to vote for the winner. It is an Indiana habit.

Taggart Plumps for Cox.

Thomas Taggart, who is running for the Senate in Indiana and cannot afford to antagonize the Administration unless he gets something out of it, takes his fate in his hands and announces the solid vote of thirty for Cox. There is a roar of joy at this, for there is general respect for Indiana's political judgment when winners are concerned. Iowa's twenty-six are once more cast for Cox under the unit rule, and the sharp rasping noise that fills the hall is identified as Edwin T. Meredith, Secretary of Agriculture, a delegate at large from Iowa and a McAdoo enthusiast, gritting his teeth in helpless rage.

Kansas stands by McAdoo, but the twenty-three Cox men in Kentucky have converted their recalcitrant colleagues and cast a solid vote for Cox. Maine, hitherto solidly for McAdoo, splits evenly. Five of the five and one-half Maryland votes, who have stayed with McAdoo from the very first ballot go over to Cox at last, and the other half vote, irreconcilable, but evidently convinced that McAdoo is gone, casts a protesting ballot for John W. Davis. The five scattering delegates from Massachusetts join the thirty who have voted for Cox on recent ballots. No more changes till Missouri.

Two Missouri delegates have been instructed by their district convention to vote for Champ Clark. One of them rises and laboriously explains this, but adds that they respect the will of the majority, and as the majority of the convention is evidently for Cox, they will cast their votes for him, too. One wonders what Champ Clark will think of this—Champ Clark, who had a majority on the first thirty ballots at Baltimore in 1912 yet saw that majority disintegrate and many of its components dissolve into the triumphant two-thirds that ultimately nominated Woodrow Wilson.

Montana shifts three votes to the leader. Five of the seven Nebraskans who have voted steadily for McAdoo go over to Cox, but the nine Bryan men, who have stood for Owen from the beginning of the balloting, stand firm. New Jersey's delegation, which helped to start Cox upward on Saturday, gets the usual cheer when it votes for Cox, and New York is announced as 20 to 70.

By now everybody is waiting for Pennsylvania, where McAdoo has had 47 votes on the recent ballots to Cox's 17. The tall, distinguished woman who announces Ohio's vote for its candidate gets only a perfunctory cheer, and there are derisive groans from the gallery as Oklahoma's 20 still stand by Owen.

Pennsylvania announces its vote: Palmer 1, Davis 2, McAdoo 4—a cheer at this sharply begun and more sharply cut off—Cox 68. There is a wild shout from floor and gallery, but the newspaper men working over the tally sheets shake their heads; unless there are unexpected defections among the McAdoo forces Cox cannot go over the top this time. And if he doesn't go over this time the convention may throw up its hands and go to bed, and no man can say what will happen tomorrow.

South Carolina, the next McAdoo State, stands pat. Tennessee's twenty-four votes, which might decide the issue, stay with John W. Davis. The forty from Texas are still with McAdoo, and the latter's loyal followers set up a cheer. One of Utah's solid eight for McAdoo breaks away on this ballot; Vermont's four, evenly divided hitherto, go for Cox; eight Virginia votes, divided among Davis, Glass and McAdoo on the forty-third ballot, go over to the leader.

There is a bigger break in Wisconsin, which from the very first ballot has stood seven for Cox and nineteen for McAdoo. Sixteen votes go over to Cox, and there is another roar. But Ohio newspaper men swear peevishly under their breath. It isn't enough; it won't be enough; there are not enough votes left. Two votes in Alaska, another in Hawaii, another in the Philippines, desert McAdoo. Two Davis votes in Porto Rico go to Cox, and then the roll call is ended, and reporters who have kept the totals up with the reports of the States tell one another, while the official tally clerks are still checking each other's count, that he has not done it. Cox has 701½ votes, and even on this ballot, with a number of delegates missing, he needs 710.

Colorado's Switch Proves Decisive.

A commotion on the floor. Colorado changes her vote. Instead of nine for Cox and three for McAdoo, it is twelve for Cox. A shout greets announcement. Everybody sees that this is the beginning of the end; another ballot will not be needed; the friends of the loser are beginning to climb on the band wagon and getting ready to go home.

The landslide started late, but it is coming with a rush. The cheering dies away as Senator Robinson's gavel beats the slab of redwood on the table before him, and a tall man in a gray suit, with light hair rising in an uneven pompadour, makes his way to the front of the platform. A groan from the McAdoo stalwarts. They know what he is going to do. So, too, do the spotlight operators far up in the last row of the galleries; they turn their switches and a flood of blue-white radiance fills the dusty air.

The man is Samuel B. Amidon, National Committeeman from Kansas, a State that has stood solidly for McAdoo, and the chair recognizes him "to make an important announcement."

"I move," he says, "that the rules be suspended, and Governor Cox be nominated by acclamation."

And then the explosion. As if the floor had been pushed upward by the sudden thrust of an earthquake the whole body of the convention rises. They are standing on their chairs, delegates and alternates; newspaper men are standing on their desks, and spectators are standing on gallery seats. State standards are thrust aloft and the red-coated Cox band, suddenly appearing from nowhere in the aisles, starts the procession. One after another the State banners join it, while the Chairman pounds for order.

There is only the barest chance that the motion will be opposed, and even that vanishes when after an instant's hesitation the standard of Texas is lifted off the floor and carried in the procession. The forty delegates from Texas under the generalship of Thomas B. Love and Albert Sidney Burleson have been the Old Guard of the McAdoo forces, the solid rock round which they have rallied through the whole convention. If Texas has given up, all is lost save honor.

The parade goes on, but the Chairman pounds again and again until the band in the gallery breaks off, and even the Cox musicians fall into silence.

"There is no nomination as yet," Senator Robinson roars. "All those who favor the motion"—cheers; thump! thump! thump! with the gavel—"All those who favor the motion say 'Aye.'" An exultant yell from all over the house, dissolving into a tumultuous torrent of shouts and trampling. Thump! thump! thump!

"All opposed 'No.'" Some scattering "Noes" from the quarter where Texas and North Carolina stand on their chairs, and the motion is carried.

The cloudy flood of bluish lights beats down on a hall whose 2,000 men and women, their faces and figures indistinct against the glare, are slowly getting down from their chairs to join the parade. On the speakers' platform, thrust out like a promontory on the brink of a canyon, stands Chairman Robinson, blinking into the light; a knot of three or four Senators behind him, a group of national committeemen and tally clerks behind them. Above, the organ joins the band in "Ohio, Ohio!" the fighting and marching song under which Cox has won.

Down in the aisles the Cox band is playing something else as it winds around the aisles in single file, with the triumphal procession following in behind it, but for once nobody can hear the Cox band. The San Francisco band and the San Francisco organ have drowned it out. State standards are lining up and setting out on the winding road and unsteadily shifting ranks, those that have stood out to the last against the winner, joining in with the rest to show that there is no hard feeling, and that the unterrified Democracy is standing by the choice of two-thirds of the delegates. Men and women fall in behind the band, or stand on their chairs waiting their turn as the procession approaches.

Texas Leads the Cox Parade.

And what is leading the procession? Ahead of the State standards, ahead of everything is the Lone Star flag of Texas, the Empire State of the future, which all but decided the choice of the convention this year, and now wants to be the first to display its loyalty to the man who has won.

It is not a long demonstration, for everybody is tired. In five minutes the spectators are beginning to leave the galleries, the girl ushers are slipping out to square themselves with the check boys who have been biting their lips in the doorways; the newspaper men are flinging the last pages of their copy into the hands of telegraph messengers and slipping the rubber covers on their typewriters, and in the meantime there has been an interval of an instant in which the convention returned to business long enough to adjourn till noon Tuesday.

One more interruption before the crowd leaves, Chairman Robinson hammers the redwood slab until the paraders give half-hearted attention to his declaration that he has an important announcement to make.

"A valuable pin has been found on the platform."

Scattering yells and laughter; the Lone Star is up again, and the parade goes on. The owner of the valuable pin is doubtless asleep in a downtown hotel by now; let her get it in the morning. The unfinished business of parading is before the House.

Out of the doors of the Auditorium goes the red coat band at last, with the procession of delegates and curious hangers-on trailing on behind it as it marches off down Market Street, playing on the way and heralding to the early-morning street stragglers of dry-cleaned San Francisco the news that the Democrats have nominated. And so down the long mile of Market Street, delegates dropping off at each corner to turn aside to their hotels, until it reaches the Palace, its own headquarters; and here it pauses and plays in the lobby, while delegates and delegatesses and delegates' wives and delegates' daughters gather round to listen, and finally dissolve into a fox trot through the marble paved corridors as the band closes the evening with "Rose of Washington Square."

Back in the hall, with the band and the delegates gone, the policemen wake the slumberers in the galleries, if any of them have slept through the clamor, and gently turn them out. The glaring spotlights are turned off and a moment later the other lights are turned off, too. A shout of protest from National Committeemen looking for their hats, from newspapermen finishing off the last page of copy, from telegraph operators trying to read the hasty scrawl of those last agitated minutes. The lights go on again and slowly the last stragglers finish their work and leave a hall filled with waste paper, discarded lists of delegates, newspapers and overturned chairs.

The band is gone; the organist is gone; the delegates and spectators are gone. Out at a side door, in single file, pass Carter Glass, favorite son of Virginia and spokesman of the Administration on the Platform Committee; Joseph Daniels, honored by one vote for the Presidency on a late ballot, and Homer Cummings, Chairman of the National Committee. Their heads are bowed and they do not speak to one another. They are the rear guard of the forces which rallied around the McAdoo standard and were beaten there. The last newspaper man puts on his hat, lights his cigar and goes down the steps toward the corridor. The last telegrapher "gives good night" and disconnects his sender. The policemen charged with the supervision of the hall gather in a knot below the speakers' stand as the employes of the building prepare to turn out the lights.

And then there rises from a chair near the middle of the floor a fat man with lines of weariness on his face, who has sat motionless during all this demonstration with his hands folded across his stomach. He puts on his hat, pushes aside an overturned chair that blocks his way, and moves swiftly out into the corridor. He is George Brennan of Chicago, trustee, if not legatee, of the political estate of Roger Sullivan. He has been from the beginning one of the most immovable leaders in the coalition against McAdoo.

Put Us to Work Now

IF your home is to be redecorated this Fall, the color scheme changed, the ensemble re-arranged, perhaps, with appropriate additions, this is the time and this is the institution to do it. Fall is some time off, but the creative work of evolving alternative suggestions for your approval should be undertaken now. Beauty is not achieved over night. It takes leisure, and now we have the leisure to give it.

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All models, all sizes in a wide variety of fine fabrics

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR

PRESIDENT SENDS WORD OF APPROVAL

Promptly Telegraphs Hearty Congratulations to Cox, Then Later to Roosevelt.

TUMULTY IS FIRST TO WIRE

Ticket Is Hailed in Washington as Ideal Combination — Bryan's Defeat Pleases Many.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The nomination of Governor James M. Cox of Ohio as the Democratic Presidential nominee, with Franklin D. Roosevelt, of New York, as his running mate for the Vice Presidency, received the full approval and hearty indorsement of Democratic leaders and Administration officials today from President Wilson down.

Just as soon as the President heard of Governor Cox's nomination, when he awoke at 8 o'clock this morning, he picked up a White House scratch pad and with a pencil scribbled this telegram to the successful candidate:

"Hon. James M. Cox, Dayton, Ohio:

"Please accept my hearty congratulations and cordial best wishes."

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

He sent the message over to the Executive Offices to be telegraphed immediately to Governor Cox at Dayton. The message was dispatched at 8:20. The original is to be kept in the archives. Movie and still photographers, assigned to "cover" the Washington end of the Democratic Convention, tried to obtain pictures of the original message, but were denied the privilege of having the pencilled words traced in ink and therefore were unable to reproduce it.

Tonight at 8:25 o'clock the President sent this telegram to Franklin D. Roosevelt, the Vice Presidential nominee:

"Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt,

"San Francisco, Cal.

"Please accept my warm congratulations and good wishes.

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."

Not only is President Wilson pleased with the nomination of Cox and Roosevelt, but it is understood to be his intention to contribute the best of his energies in advocacy of the election of the Democratic ticket. The extent to which the President will be able to aid Governor Cox will, of course, depend on the course of the President's health. Just now, according to Admiral Grayson, the attending physician, the President is in better physical shape than at any time since he was stricken ill on his Western trip.

Tumulty Sends Message First.

Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, who kept all night vigil at the White House receiving returns from the convention over press association wires, beat his chief nearly three hours in sending a message to Governor Cox. "Heartiest congratulations," Mr. Tumulty wired. Mr. Tumulty was at the White House early today, after several hours' sleep and talked informally for half an hour with newspaper correspondents assigned to the White House.

In this talk Mr. Tumulty praised in highest terms the nomination of Governor Cox and lauded the qualifications of the Governor for the Presidency. From Mr. Tumulty's interview it was obvious that the nomination of Governor Cox was pleasing to the White House.

It has been an open secret here for several months that the White House considered Governor Cox's speeches on the League of Nations among the strongest presented by any advocate of the League. Reference has been made times and again by White House attaches to the manner in which Governor Cox handled the subject in his Jackson Day dinner speech here recently in Washington. In that speech he made the statement that the American soldiers sent to Europe "did not go over the top with reservations" and that American politicians in the hour of victory would not haggle over reservations.

"With Governor Cox we have a new chapter in the Democratic Party," said one Senator. "It will be a new and independent chapter, yet it will be consistent with the Wilson chapter just ending. Governor Cox will go into office not as a part of the Wilson Administration. He will be harmonious with the outgoing Administration, but will not suffer from its limitations."

The "wet" views of Governor Cox were talked about constantly. Democratic leaders said they believed that this would be a direct asset in the campaign, although they admitted at the same time that some Democratic "drys" in Northern States would go to the Republican candidate because of Governor Cox's stand. The solid South, said the Democrats, would vote for Cox on blog Because he was the Democratic candidate in spite of the individual stand of the voters upon the liquor question.

It cannot be denied that the nomination of Cox came as a surprise generally to political Washington, where opinion was mainly divided as between McAdoo, Cox and Palmer.

All Pleased with Roosevelt.

Cox and Roosevelt were hailed as possessing qualifications for winning the election and giving the nation a successful national administration. The combination of New York and Ohio is looked upon as the happiest that could be made in political geography in a contest with Republican standard-bearers from Ohio and Massachusetts.

The selection of Franklin D. Roosevelt as Vice Presidential nominee met with great favor here, where Mr. Roosevelt, who is related to the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, is very popular in Washington, and deservedly so. Mr. Roosevelt has been Assistant Secretary of the Navy since the beginning of the first Wilson administration and has given proof of great administrative and technical capacity in that position.

He is a Harvard graduate, in the very prime of life, very aggressive, and a man of the highest ideals in politics.

In connection with the alleged "wet" trend of Governor Cox, Democratic observers mentioned an interesting situation that might develop. Through the recent defeat of Representative Volstead of Minnesota and the death yesterday of Representative Morgan of Oklahoma, the leadership of the House Judiciary Committee, which brought out the Volstead act, has now automatically passed to Representative Graham of Pennsylvania, and Representative Dyer of Missouri, both "wets." With a theoretically and perhaps an actually "wet" President and the Judiciary Committee headed by "wets" the opportunity for making changes in the Volstead act would be more open.

Administration Senators were much delighted that in the nomination of Governor Cox William Jennings Bryan received one more body blow from the convention and led to the view here today that he is "completely through."

Vote on the 44th Ballot That Nominated Cox

State.	Cox.	McAdoo.	Palmer.	Davis.
Alabama	13	8		3
Arizona	3	3		
Arkansas	18			
California	13	13		
Colorado	12			
Connecticut	13	2		
Delaware	3	3		
Florida	12			
Georgia	28			
Idaho		6		
Illinois	44	13		1
Indiana	30			
Iowa	26			
Kansas		20		
Kentucky	26			
Louisiana	20			
Maine	5	5		
Maryland	13½			2½
Massachusetts	35			
Michigan	30			
Minnesota	8	15		
Mississippi	20			
Missouri	15	17		
Montana	6	2		
Nebraska	5	2		
Nevada	6			
N. Hampshire	2	6		
New Jersey	28			
New Mexico		6		
New York	70	20		
North Carolina		24		
North Dakota	2	4		
Ohio	48			
Oregon		10		
Pennsylvania	68	4	1	2
Rhode Island	9	1		
South Carolina		18		
South Dakota	5	3		
Tennessee				24
Texas		40		
Utah	1	7		
Vermont	8			
Virginia	18½	2½		2½
Washington	13			1
West Va.				16
Wisconsin	23	3		
Wyoming	3	3		
Alaska	6			
Dist. of Col.	5			
Hawaii	6			
Philippines	4	2		
Porto Rico	5	1		
Canal Zone		2		
Total	782½	267	1	53

Scattering—86½.

Owen—South Dakota, 1; Nebraska, 9; North Dakota, 4; Oklahoma, 20; total, 34.

Colby—Massachusetts, 1; total, 1.

Glass—Virginia, 1½; total, 1½.

Absent—5.

[The result as indicated above was that which followed the recording of changes in the vote of Michigan and Colorado that was interrupted by the motion to make the nomination of Cox unanimous.]

PARTY LEADERS LIKE COX'S NOMINATION

Baker Says He Is Forward Looking and Aggressive—Was Hitchcock's Choice.

"FOR LEAGUE"—ALEXANDER

Will Undoubtedly Be Elected, Senator Fletcher Declares — Heflin and Trammel Are Pleased.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—General satisfaction and pleasure were expressed by Democratic leaders and officials here tonight over the nominations made at San Francisco. While it had been the pre-nomination consensus, even as late as midnight capital time last night, that the result would be McAdoo or a dark horse, the view was expressed today that the delegates very wisely made their choice between the candidates who had shown themselves capable of greatest stamina in the convention. Interviews with Democratic leaders generally indicate that they will rally behind the ticket, confident of victory in November. Here are some of the comments:

Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War: "I am greatly pleased with the nomination of Governor Cox. I am confident he will carry Ohio and be returned a national winner in November. In his three terms as Governor of Ohio, Governor Cox has demonstrated his great executive ability and his forward-looking and aggressive democracy. He is fearless and high-minded; during the war he put all the resources of his office and his personal talents into the struggle and stood unwaveringly with those who were making and keeping America ready to do her great task. His nomination will be received with joy and pride in Ohio; the country will find him an aggressive Democrat with a record of achievement."

Says He Will Carry Ohio.

Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, of Nebraska, said:

"I think the Democrats have made the strongest choice they could have made.

"Governor Cox has demonstrated his ability to carry Ohio in three campaigns, indicating that he can carry it in this one. He also had the support at San Francisco of doubtful States, indicating that he is stronger than any other candidate at the convention in such States as Kentucky, Indiana and New York.

"He has made a fine Governor and demonstrated that he is entitled to rank in the progressive class, through legislation which he was largely instrumental in getting established in Ohio. That fact will appeal strongly to the Western independent voters.

"He is a strong friend of the League of Nations and a loyal supporter of the President, but he is free from the disadvantage of falling heir to the antagonisms against the Administration which no man could have avoided who had been part of the Administration. This is not said in disparagement of any other candidates. Antagonisms always exist at the end of any Administration, especially after so long a time as eight years.

"Governor Cox is a man of independent character. I think that he can be classed as a liberal, broad-minded man, and that this would give him the liberal vote of the country. His nomination insures a vigorous, offensive campaign."

Joshua W. Alexander of Missouri, Secretary of Commerce, said:

"I served with Governor Cox in two Congresses and I also have a general knowledge of his record as Governor of Ohio. He comes from a pivotal State and has been three times elected Governor. I regard his nomination with favor and believe he will make a strong candidate. In the Democratic platform the League of Nations was made the dominant issue, and I assume that Governor Cox understands that and will stand for the principles of the League."

Senator Edge, Republican, of New Jersey, said:

"The Democrats made as good a selection as they could have made, but Harding is the strongest man. Senator Harding is a conservative liberal and a liberal conservative. He will restore cooperation between the legislative and executive branches of the Government and between the Government and business."

BRYAN IN DESPAIR OVER HIS DEFEAT

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

House that will refuse to increase the alcoholic content in permitted beverages, or any other weakening of the prohibition enforcement law."

Bryan is a crushed man. He is downcast, it is believed, chiefly because he saw his dry plank ignored, and secondly because he saw the Democratic Party, whose standard bearer he had been three times, pass him by and look to Wilson as the leader in regard to a platform, and then to others in regard to a candidate.

In the opinion of Democrats here, the Nebraskan has written finis in his political book and now must confine himself to Chautauqua routings and white ribbon gatherings.

But it is feared that in doing so he will resent the action of the Democrats and enter the Prohibition Party, and that might be to the advantage of the Republican ticket next November.

TAMMANY REGARDS TICKET AS WINNER

Cox Is First Candidate Backed by Organization in Forty Years to Win.

ROOSEVELT ALSO A HELP

Murphy Sees Victory in the State—Expect to Placate Irish—Big Leaders Rejoice.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Tammany has emerged from the Democratic National Convention of 1920 with greater honor and credit than had been its portion at any other convention within the memory of the present generation in politics. Not within forty years at least has the candidate really favored by Tammany been chosen as the Democratic nominee.

In 1916, Tammany acquiesced in the renomination of President Wilson because it had to consent, but it was against him in the convention of 1912. It stood for Bryan in 1908, more or less unwillingly. In 1904 it was outwardly for the nomination of Alton B. Parker, but he was the late David B. Hill's candidate, not Tammany's, and his election would have meant the increased power of one who was Tammany's political foe. Tammany cannot be said really to have favored either of Mr. Bryan's two earlier nominations. It was always against Grover Cleveland and Samuel B. Tilden, and before the convention of this year opened it had grown into an aphorism, repetition of which was recently attributed to William G. McAdoo, that the support of Tammany was more of a liability than an asset in a Democratic National Convention.

Murphy's Pleasure Well Founded.

No wonder Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany, expressed pleasure today. The nomination of Governor Cox of Ohio was in a sense a personal victory, for it probably insures the election of the twelve judges to be voted for in Manhattan and the Bronx this Fall, and it affords a chance for the re-election of Governor Alfred E. Smith, who will certainly be a candidate, and is expected to make formal announcement to that effect immediately after his return to New York.

Even the Vice Presidential nomination of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Franklin D. Roosevelt, an anti-Tammany Democrat for the last decade, is a help to Murphy. Of course Mr. Roosevelt has not been personally popular with the Tammany chiefs, but his selection for second place on the national ticket is likely to help Tammany greatly in its local and State contests, upon which it places great importance.

"The nomination of Governor Cox for the Presidency was the free and untrammeled choice of unfettered delegates," said Mr. Murphy this afternoon. "There was no dictation from any conference of leaders gathered in any hotel. Governor Cox's strength gathered force from small beginnings during the early balloting and grew steadily to a majority of the delegates, and then to the necessary two-thirds.

"It was the privilege of the big majority of the New York State delegates to be with the Cox movement from the seventh ballot through to the nomination on the forty-fourth.

Calls Cox an Ideal Candidate.

"In Governor Cox we have an ideal candidate, who will add tremendous strength to the party's position in New York State. The nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt for Vice President virtually assures us of victory at home. We have a great ticket, and one which every loyal Democrat can exert himself with his heart and soul.

The nomination of Cox and Roosevelt put heart into all the members of the New York delegation, who had previously despaired in private of the hope of carrying New York State. The Tammany and up-State Democratic leaders are confident they will have a chance to carry the State for Governor Cox, a better chance to re-elect Governor Smith, and a still better chance to defeat Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., whom they expect to be renominated by the Republicans. The Democratic candidate for United States Senator is yet to be selected.

Fear Irish Opposition.

The only threatening feature of the New York City situation, as the Tammany leaders view it, is the attitude of the Irish. Belief was expressed tonight, however, that the candidate and platform would eventually satisfy all but the most extreme advocates of the independence of Ireland.

The drafting of Mr. Roosevelt for the Vice Presidential nomination leaves the question of the Democratic nominee for United States Senator in New York State undecided. Mr. Roosevelt was a candidate, and probably would have received the nomination in the interest of party harmony if he had not been placed on the National ticket.

Mayor George B. Lunn of Schenectady is now the only other avowed Senatorial aspirant, and Tammany is expected to oppose him to the last.

The Democratic candidate for United States Senator will be settled after the New Yorkers return home, as will the time and place of holding the unofficial State Convention. It will probably be held in the first week of August at Albany or New York City. Norman E. Mack, Democratic National Committeeman, is mentioned as a possibility.

If the sentiment of the New York delegation reflects what may be expected at home, the ticket of Cox and Roosevelt will obtain the support of all factions of Democrats in New York State. Comments from some of the prominent members of the delegation follow:

Governor Alfred E. Smith:

"I know Governor Cox personally, and I know that he has the experience and the ability to make a splendid President. Personally I intend to do all that I can to bring about his election. Incidentally, Mr. Roosevelt is the best city for a convention that I have ever seen."

Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy and nominee for Vice President:

"In my speech seconding the nomination of Governor Smith, I made the prediction that the Democratic nomination for President would not be made in a hotel room at 2 A. M. This prophecy has come true in a magnificent way, for it was in an open convention all the way through that the nomination of Governor Cox was made at 1:30 A. M. At the election in November Cox will beat Harding by a lot more than half an hour."

John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Brooklyn:

"It is the best possible nomination that could be made. Governor Cox was easily the strongest, ablest and most available man before the convention."

Edward Riegelmann, Borough President of Brooklyn:

"We have nominated a winner."

Ideal Democrat, Says Battle.

George Gordon Battle:

"I think that Governor Cox represents in his statements and in his actions, and indeed in his whole life, the fundamental principles of democracy. He has proved himself a competent and faithful official and showed himself devoted to the best interest of the people when he served in Congress and as Governor, and his career has proved that he is in every respect qualified for the great office of President.

"Furthermore he is the strongest man the party could have named. He has shown his ability as a vote getter. I have no doubt whatever that he will be elected by a decisive majority."

Miss Harriet May Wills, delegate at large:

"I am immensely pleased with the nomination. I feel that it insures a Democratic victory next Fall. It makes us confident of Ohio, New York, California and all the States we need. Governor Cox will get a large vote from Republican women because the women are going to stand for principles and the Democratic Party has the principles and the man to carry us to victory."

Summary of the Forty-four Ballots Which Ended in Cox's Nomination

[Ballots 1 and 2 in the table below were cast on Friday; from 3 to 22 inclusive on Saturday, and those beginning with 23 were cast at the final sessions on Monday.]

Ballot.	McAdoo.	Cox.	Palmer.	Davis.	Marshall.	Cummings.	Owen.	Glass.
1st	266	134	256	32	35	25	33	26½
2d	289	159	264	31½	36	27	29	25½
3d	323½	177	251½	28½	26	26	25	27
4th	335	178	254	31	34	24	32	27
5th	357	181	244	29	29	21	34	27
6th	368½	195	265	29	13	20	36	27
7th	384	295½	267½	33	14	19	35	27
8th	380	315	262	32	12	18	36	27
9th	386	321½	257	34	7	18	37	25
10th	385	321	257	34	7	19	37	25
11th	380	332	255	33	7	19	35	25
12th	375½	404	201	31	7	8	34	25
13th	363½	428½	193½	29½	7	7	32	25
14th	355½	443½	182	33	7	7	34	25
15th	344½	468½	167	32	..	19	31	25
16th	337	454½	164½	52	..	20	34	25
17th	332	442	176	57	..	19	36	26
18th	330½	458	174½	42	..	19	38	26
19th	327½	468	179½	31	..	19	37	26
20th	340½	456½	178	36	..	10	41	26
21st	395½	426½	144	54	..	7	36	26
22d	372½	430	166½	52	..	6	35	25
23d	364½	425	181½	50½	..	5	34	25
24th	364½	429	178	54½	..	5	34	25
25th	364½	424	169	58½	..	4	34	25
26th	371	424½	167	55½	..	3	33	25
27th	371½	423½	166½	60½	1	3	34	25
28th	368½	423	165½	62½	..	4	35½	24
29th	399½	404½	166	63	..	4	33	24
30th	403½	400½	165	58	..	5	33	24
31st	415½	391½	174	57½	1	3	34	12½
32d	421	391	176	55½	..	3	34	9½
33d	421	380½	180	56	..	3	34	13
34th	420½	379½	184	54	..	3	37	7½
35th	409	376½	222	39	..	1	38½	5
36th	399	377	241	28	..	3	36	4
37th	405	386	202½	50½	..	3	33	1
38th	405½	383½	211	50	..	4	33	1
39th	440	468½	74	71½	..	2	32	..
40th	467	490	19	76	..	2	33	..
41st	460	497½	12	55½	..	2	36	24
42d	427	540½	8	49½	..	3	34	24
43d	412	567	7	57½	..	2	34	5½
*44th	267	732½	1	52	..	1	34	1½

*This result on the 44th ballot is obtained by including Michigan's 30 votes and Colorado's full 12 in the Cox column, changes that were being announced when the motion to make the nomination by acclamation intervened.

GOV. COX ACCEPTS; MAY TOUR COUNTRY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

upon all over the country. His service at Washington has given him a wide experience and acquaintanceship."

The Governor added that Roosevelt was a very good "stumper."

Governor Cox tonight wired Edward H. Moore, his campaign manager at San Francisco, saying:

"Rarely, if ever, has the magnificent fight which you made been equalled in a National Convention. Your generalship matched support from the ranks, and that is saying much for both. Congratulations and thanks."

Governor Cox's close friends said he will urge his political advisers against a "front porch" campaign, such as Senator Harding, the Republican Presidential nominee, expects to make at his home in Marion.

Hundreds of telegrams, including congratulations from President Wilson and Senator Harding, were received during the day, but it was a physical impossibility for the Democratic nominee to answer many of them. Several volunteer clerks were kept busy opening them.

Mrs. Cox was highly elated over the nomination of her husband, and immediately sent a telegram to her father, Thomas P. Blair, of Chicago.

Before noon today, friends from Middletown came to Dayton to personally request the presence of the Governor at the jollification meeting tonight. Some of the delegation were from Jacksonburg, Ohio, where the Governor was born fifty years ago. Jacksonburg is only three miles from Middletown.

The Democratic nominee began his newspaper career in Middletown as a newsboy, later working as a printer's devil and teaching night school. It was there that he met Congressman Paul Sorg, the tobacco king, who at the time was a member of the Middletown Board of Education. Later Mr. Cox became private secretary to Sorg.

Governor Addresses His Employes.

The Ohio Governor spent all of yesterday afternoon and last night listening to reports of progress of the convention. He received the first news of his nomination from the Associated Press here in his newspaper office. Together with Mrs. Cox and a few close friends and his newspaper assistants, he had been watching the reports closely since the opening of the convention last week.

When the flash came announcing his nomination the Governor sat for a minute as though stunned. Then he crossed the room and kissed his wife. His next act was to go to the composing room of his newspaper and shake hands with his printers. Later he walked several blocks to the home of his closest personal friend, John A. McMahon, aged 57, dean of Dayton attorneys, to whom he wished personally to break the news.

After a light breakfast the Governor visited the grave of his mother for a few minutes. She died at the age of 85 several years ago, after living to see him inaugurated Governor for a first term.

Employes of his newspaper early in the day sent the Governor a huge bouquet of flowers. Moving pictures were made of Governor Cox late in the day when he climbed the steps to the composing room of his newspaper to receive congratulations from his printers and resolutions of support from the Typographical Union Chapel of the paper.

In his talk to his newspaper employes Governor Cox said:

"The greatest gift that the Almighty God can give to any man in public life is to permit him to come into the world under circumstances which enable him to know the life status of the man who works. Providence was good to me—it was my high privilege to come through the ranks. I know the torment of the boy who is without funds and I know his anxiety as to how he will get an education that will help him achieve his ambition. If nomination means election I will take to the White House this best equipment for a man in public life—experience in the ranks with those who toil."

BRENNAN NOW RANKS AS A PARTY LEADER

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

friends, almost the last men to leave. He gave a last sweeping glance over the scene where he had waged such a hard battle and then disappeared.

The leader of the anti-McAdoo combination is regarded as having won full title to leadership in Illinois as the successor of Roger C. Sullivan by the manner in which he carried on his fight here for the nomination of Palmer or Cox, and some of his friends are asserting that he will go down into political history as a power comparable to Croker and Murphy of New York, Taggart of Indiana, and his old chief and close personal friend, the late Mr. Sullivan of Illinois.

Brennan was one of the few men who said as long as two months ago that Governor Cox probably would be the nominee, and that, while the Wilson Administration would be sustained and indorsed, the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency could not and would not be dictated by the White House.

Events have proved that Murphy and the leaders from Pennsylvania, New Jersey and some other States were in combination to adopt such a position that the President could get all the credit he wanted for the many effective acts of the Administration, but would not be permitted to name the Presidential candidate.

It was the combination's determination that no extra dry plank should go into the platform—and none got in. They determined that they did not want the "Crown Prince" slogan written on the Democratic ticket—and McAdoo was not nominated. They wanted a candidate who represented not so much the White House as a new kind of liberalism, which would to an extent pacify the vets and appeal to the labor votes and help out in local fights—and Cox was nominated.

Murphy, Brennan, Edwards, Taggart, Lynch of Minnesota and a few other leaders wanted least of all to face the emergency of the President's being nominated for a third term, and they saw to it that a solid front was built up against such an emergency. They did not want the President to dictate the nomination of Colby or Davis, as, in the minds of these leaders, either would have been accepted by the country as the personal choice of the White House. Cummings was counted out at the start and Glass was not considered at all, except as to where there was speculation as to where the twenty-four delegates pledged to him would go if they were released.

Palmer would have been acceptable because the combination looked upon him as a man who had grown up in the game of politics and knew it, but at the late conferences it was determined that Palmer could not hope to get enough delegates, and if nominated probably would have little chance of winning at the polls because of his trouble with organized labor.

In these conferences the combination leaders settled on Cox as the most available man to kill off McAdoo. There had been much fear expressed, however, that strength would be lacking to nominate Cox. Half an hour before Cox was nominated last night, Brennan and the leaders who worked with him were prepared to agree to a recess until today, feeling that Cox would not go over and that to swing some big delegation to Cox and then fall to nominate would do irreparable damage.

It was at this point that Pennsylvania, which had given McAdoo 47 votes, agreed to shift 38 votes to Cox. The anti-McAdoo combination got their heads together, sensed the restlessness of the delegates and their desire to nominate and get away, and when Pennsylvania promised so much decided upon the plunge. It went over with a rush which, the friends of the combination assert, supplies proof that the convention, while ready to support the President on the big issues, was not a convention which was under a spell or dominated by the President and his friends.

There is no admission by the combination in which Brennan, Murphy and their followers figured so prominently that a candidate was forced upon the convention. It is their contention that the convention followed the course most to the liking of the big majority of the delegates, and that all that was done in stopping McAdoo or some other man who might appear as the President's personal choice was to give the delegates an opportunity to carry out their will.

It is also the contention of these leaders that, while they might have held in line enough delegates to stop McAdoo, no machine or combination, unless the great majority of the delegates had desired to nominate Cox, would have brought about the selection of the Ohio Governor to head the ticket.

COX WILL BE VICTOR, SAYS GOV. EDWARDS

Jersey Governor Declares He Will Do All He Can for Democratic Nominee.

ANDERSON WARNS "DRYS"

Anti-Saloon Head Tells Republicans They Dare Not Waver on Issue.

Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey sent his personal congratulations to Governor James M. Cox, the Democratic nominee for President, yesterday morning. The message follows:

Hon. James M. Cox,

Columbus, Ohio.

Sincere congratulations. Your nomination is well deserved and spells success.

EDWARD I. EDWARDS.

Governor Edwards was asked for a statement on Governor Cox's nomination at his offices in the First National Bank, Jersey City. He replied:

"I think it is a fine nomination. I think he will win. It is the best the convention could have done. I shall do all I can to help elect Governor Cox. New Jersey gave him twenty-eight votes."

"Do you think Cox stands for the same things you do?" Governor Edwards was asked.

"Governor Cox is a good Democrat," replied the Governor. "I don't know all that he stands for. He opposed a wet plank in the platform."

"Will you speak for Governor Cox during the campaign?"

"I am not a stump speaker but Governor Cox will command the united support of the Democratic Party."

Governor Edwards was asked to name the leading issues of the campaign, and gave them in this order:

"Personal liberty, high cost of living, League of Nations and the tremendous taxes."

Anderson Warns Republicans.

William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York, issued a statement in which he said:

"Mr. Cox's early opposition to an open nullification plank in the platform puts him in a position to play both ends—capturing the 'wets' on the strength of his 'wet' attitude, and appealing to the 'drys' on his law enforcement record and the platform silence. Incidentally, however, the platform silence, by robbing Democrats who may be 'wet' at heart but come from 'dry' districts of any excuse for disregarding the sentiment of their constituency, puts the prohibition forces in a position where they can hold Congress by a non-partisan fight in the various Congressional districts regardless of the possibility of the election of a 'wet' President.

"In New York State, where the Democratic Party is on record to the limit for nullification, no matter how it may try to camouflage and soften it next month for upstate consumption, with Tammany succeeding in nominating a 'wet' candidate for President, Republican State machine bosses are absolutely at the mercy of the prohibition element—whom they have outraged and defied. The Anti-Saloon League does not have to run the risk of offending a single Republican by opposing the Republican national ticket. It could even advise voting for the Republican national ticket. But a mere pleasant smile from the real working prohibition forces will not save the Republicans in New York. They need the active help of the Anti-Saloon League, for the league is in a position where it can decline to make any effort or spend any money contributed by the prohibition forces until it has satisfactory assurances.

"It will not be necessary for the Anti-Saloon League to oppose the Republican State ticket in the election. The primary fight for Governor, with Senator Thompson, leader of the 'dry' forces, without whom ratification would have been impossible, agreeing to stick until the primary is over, offers an opportunity for a legitimate and justifiable primary campaign of agitation and exposure that will insure the defeat of the Republican Party in the State if it has either a 'wet' candidate or a 'wet' platform, without a single overt act on the part of the Anti-Saloon League against the party as such, after the primary. And silence on prohibition will make it a 'wet' platform in the light of the record of passage of the beer bill by a Republican Legislature."

Brooklyn Leaders Pleased.

Brooooklyn Democratic leaders and office holders declared the nomination of Governor Cox the best the convention could have made. The following expressions of opinion were obtained:

Leroy W. Ross, United States District Attorney: "The nomination of Governor Cox is one of the strongest the convention could have made. Personally I favored the nomination of A. Mitchell Palmer, but after his withdrawal I fully expected the designation of Governor Cox. He is thoroughly straightforward, and his record is clear."

James M. Power, United States Marshal: "I am immensely pleased with the nomination of Governor Cox. He was the most formidable candidate since the convention opened. His views of personal liberty are well known, and will meet with the approval of liberal minded and thinking people."

Joseph A. Gulder, Commissioner of Public Works, Acting President of the Borough of Kings: "No better nomination could have been made. Governor Cox is a strong leader. His views have not been obscured, and are generally understood. When the campaign gets under way Cox will show himself to be a speaker of unusual power. There is no reason why every Democrat should not support a ticket headed by Governor Cox."

Jacob A. Livingston, Chairman of the Kings County Republican Committee, said: "Governor Cox, it seems to me, is the strongest man the Democrats could have named. The contest in Ohio, Indiana and New Jersey will be watched with intense interest."

Surrogate George A. Wingate: "The news of the nomination of Governor Cox was most pleasing to me. He measures up to the Presidency in every respect."

County Judge I. Grattan Macmahan: "Governor Cox has shown himself to be a strong man, and has been honored in his own State repeatedly. He is a man of high ideals, and will make an exceptionally strong candidate."

Telegrams Pledge Support.

The following congratulatory telegrams and assurances of support were sent to Governor Cox:

Hon. James M. Cox, Dayton, Ohio:

The National Democratic Club sends congratulations and pledges its loyal and its enthusiastic support. Victory is assured.

JOHN M. RIEHLE,

President National Democratic Club, 617 Fifth Avenue.

Hon. James M. Cox, Dayton, Ohio:

The American Tariff Reform League sends congratulations and pledges its loyal and enthusiastic support. This league will support all Democratic candidates and predicts victory.

CHARLES C. HUGHES,

President American Reform League.

Democratic office holders at the Municipal Building expressed themselves as gratified with the selection of Governor Cox.

John R. Voorhis, President of the Board of Elections, said: "I don't know Governor Cox personally, but from what I have read of the man and know of his accomplishments, I must believe that he is eminently fitted to be President of the United States. I am sure his nomination is a satisfactory one in the eyes of all Democrats and all factions will work unitedly and unstintedly for victory."

Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien said: "A man who has been elected three times Governor of a great Commonwealth will bring to the task of administering national affairs a breath of youth, a mastery of detail, a wide and varied experience in public life and an ardent patriotism which should guarantee a career of real achievement as the nation's Chief Executive."

Deputy County Clerk Frank H. Warder received from Mrs. Julia Sanders, one of the delegates from this county to the San Francisco Convention, the following telegram:

"Murphy was fearless, invincible and matchless. He held all the other delegates together by his splendid courage until State after State came along, and by his splendid courage he has saved the free institutions of America for the masses. God bless Murphy forever. Send the words broadcast."

Harding 2 to 1 in Wall St. But No Money Is Placed

Senator Harding was made a 2 to 1 favorite over Governor Cox in the first quotation of odds on the Presidential election in the Wall Street betting ring yesterday. It could not be learned, however, that any money was placed on this basis. Many bettors are said to be holding off until it is certain whether there will be a third ticket in the field. While Harding was favorite for the election at 2 to 1, the odds were only 8 to 5 that he would carry Ohio.

WALL STREET UNRUFFLED.

The nomination of James M. Cox to head the Democratic ticket was received in Wall Street calmly. The financial district is preponderently Republican and believes that the Republicans will win this Fall. However, in such expressions of opinion as were made, the Democratic choice was well spoken of.

The stock market was quietly firm and there was nothing to show that the nomination had had any effect on the price movement one way or the other.

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A CHECK is a promise to pay money. It should look like money. Have you ever been offered a check drawn upon paper so cheap that it made you hesitate? Have you not seen checks upon paper so crisp and prosperous looking it seemed to add its own mute but powerful endorsement to the value of the check?

Every bank, every business house, every individual should give thought to the paper upon which its checks are engraved.

The government for its paper money or its bonds, private corporations for their securities, all consider quality important—in fact, vitally necessary. Most of them use CRANE'S Paper because CRANE'S Paper made entirely of new rags is durable. "Promises to pay" engraved on CRANE'S Paper look prosperous. They look like money.

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Crane's
BUSINESS PAPERS

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COUNTRY life and its attendant sports is possible even within city bounds. Washington boasts such a rare combination in the Wardman Park Hotel. Its big rooms stand for coolness; the long corridors are airy, the spacious dining-rooms make summer meals attractive. Altogether, this is more like a huge Country Club than a cosmopolitan hotel.

HARRY WARDMAN, President — ELMER DYER, Manager

Wardman Park Hotel
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EGYPTIAN
DEITIES

GOV. COX IDENTIFIED WITH OHIO REFORMS

Big Legislative Program Put Through During His Three Terms as Governor.

FIRM ON LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Regards Prohibition as Question of Law Enforcement—Kept Order Without Troops.

The nomination by the Democrats of James Middleton Cox, three times Governor of Ohio, has brought into the Presidential campaign of 1920 another newspaper man — one who has risen to a principal rôle in the Fourth Estate by climbing the rungs first as a printer's devil, then as a reporter, and finally as publisher. During his career as a newspaper man he created the vehicle on which he is said to have ridden into public office. At the time of the nomination of Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio as the Republican candidate for President it was pointed out that the nomination of Governor Cox by the Democrats would place in the field "two men as like as peas in a pod" in some respects.

For both Cox and Harding were reared on the farm, both received only a common school education, both went into the newspaper business and both owe their political advancement largely to their profession. When Mr. Cox was elected Governor for the third time he was the only man on the Democratic ticket put into office by the voters of Ohio. His entire life has been connected with the State of Ohio, where he was born in Jacksonburg, Butler County, on March 31, 1870, the son of Gilbert and Eliza Cox. His early days were spent on the farm and his education was obtained in the public schools. He traces his ancestry back to England on the paternal side and to Germany on the maternal. If longevity is an inheritable characteristic Governor Cox has many years ahead of him, for the average age of his four grandparents was 90 years.

Preferred an Active Career.

Governor Cox told a correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES as late as May 19 that he would not accept a nomination for Vice President, because the duties of that office were exactly opposite in nature to the activities in which he always had been engaged. "In my business," he said, "my work has been executive in nature. In Congress I was engaged in legislative work but I was not a presiding officer, and always had something to do. As Governor of Ohio there has been, among other duties, that of enforcing the State Constitution, and there has been much of both executive and administrative work."

The campaign expenses of Governor Cox were about $22,000, of which $10,000 was used in Kentucky, the only State outside his own in which he made a fight for delegates.

Governor Cox is credited by the National Democratic leaders with having contributed more to his own party than any other Governor in the country, and he strongly supported President Wilson as a "War President." While he used vigorous measures to suppress disturbances during the steel and coal strikes, his friends point out that he never has called out the State militia to suppress a strike and that he has always given a square deal to labor.

He is best known for his achievements as Governor of Ohio. He was first elected in 1912 as a result of his advocacy of a new progressive constitution, which was adopted. At that time his nomination was described by the Republicans as an "accident;" when he was elected for a second term they admitted that he had "some ability in politics;" and more recently the chief concern of his political opponents has been to head him away from a fourth term. After his first term he ran for re-election, but was defeated by Frank B. Willis.

Identified With Ohio's Reforms.

When the voters of Ohio chose him for Governor in 1912 they also elected a Democratic Legislature. His second term also was coincident with the election of a Democratic Legislature, but in his third time he found himself surrounded by a Republican Legislature. His administration as Governor has been distinguished by some of the following legislation:

A compulsory workmen's compensation law, which has been accepted as a model by other States; a State Industrial Commission, with powers to handle questions affecting capital and labor, with a State Mediator as the keynote; complete survey of occupational diseases, with recommendation for health and occupational insurance; strengthening the use in the State of railroad safety appliances; safeguarding of mines against accidents by proper illumination; extra provision for dependents of men killed in mines; elimination of sweatshop labor; provision for minimum wage and nine-hour working day for women; codification of child laws, with establishment of Child Welfare Department; compulsory provisions for mothers' pensions; a blue-sky law to encourage proper investment and protect against fraudulent securities.

Also a public utilities law providing property revaluation as a basis for rate making; State expenditure on a budget system to reduce cost of government and lessen taxation; laws to provide against adulteration of foodstuffs and prevent combinations to fix prices; establishment of a State tuberculosis hospital and district hospitals throughout the State by county action; establishment of a bureau for juvenile research; recommendation and passage of legislation for woman suffrage; laws for supervision and support of schools; consolidation of bureaus, and many law reforms designed to protect the interests of farmers and labor.

It was his advocacy of such reforms that led Governor Cox to be branded as "too radical," but he made them issues in his last two campaigns and won the approval of Ohio's voters for both them and himself, notwithstanding the fact that some important business interests solidly opposed him and marked him for defeat.

Perhaps his most strenuous battle was for the radical amendment of the Constitution in 1912. He was opposed by the reactionary elements of both the Democratic and Republican Parties. He contributed much to the record-breaking majority of Wilson, also in 1912, when the Roosevelt movement was making a strong appeal to public sentiment in Ohio.

Used No Soldiers in Strike.

More recently the Governor of Ohio has inspired confidence in his executive ability by the manner in which he faced the tests of the war period and the period of reconstruction. In the bitter stress of the war Winter, when railroads were stagnated and the failure properly to distribute coal caused suffering and loss, Governor Cox took charge of the situation and brought immediate relief in his own State.

In the crusade against the high cost of living he proceeded against and secured the conviction of cold storage operators who were holding food products overtime to boost the prices. It was he who suggested to the Federal Government the practicability of distributing the surplus stock of foods created by the War Department for the maintenance of the American Expeditionary Force. In line with his suggestion hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of such stores were distributed throughout the country.

Immediately after the war, when strikes were prevalent throughout the country, Governor Cox attracted the attention of the nation by the manner in which he handled the situation in his own State. Soon after President Wilson made his appeal to the coal miners to refrain from striking and gave assurance of Government protection for such miners as desired to continue at work Governor Cox gave fullest support to the course of the President and asserted that every resource of the State of Ohio would be used to assure an adequate fuel supply.

During the steel strike peace and order were maintained without infringing the right of free speech and property damage was prevented without the use of a single soldier. Local public officials were instructed that peace must be maintained, that rioting must be prevented, but that there should be no interference with the right of men to organize and express their grievances, nor should there be any interference with the right of any men to work.

Used Persuasion With Strikers.

When the steel workers in the neighborhood of Stubenville threatened an invasion of a near-by West Virginia town, the Governor of the latter State appealed to Governor Cox to prevent the threatened invasion. Thereupon he sent his own agents with representatives of the Ohio State Federation of Labor to discuss the situation with the strikers and to urge them to withdraw their plan. At the same time he instructed the commanding officer of the National Guard of Ohio to mobilize the troops in their armories, and the heralded invasion never took place.

Subsequently in the course of the same strike mill owners at Canton made an attempt to resume operations and considerable disturbance resulted. The Governor in the meantime had warned all municipal authorities that they would be held to strict accountability for the maintenance of law and order, and when the trouble spread in Canton and the city officials, citizens and mill owners called for the employment of State troops, the Governor promptly responded with an order for the removal of the Mayor, a Democrat, who was replaced by Cox with the President of the City Council, a Republican. Then he mobilized the National Guard, but he had no occasion after that to send them to Canton.

The ability of Governor Cox as an organizer was demonstrated very soon after he took office the first time as Governor of Ohio. It was in 1913 that his State was stricken by serious floods which inundated large parts of Dayton and other cities. He took charge personally of the situation, declared martial law, and after three days, during which he was constantly at his office, had developed an ample relief program and started the rehabilitation of the devastated sections.

Views on League of Nations.

In view of Governor Cox's support of President Wilson, and in view of the fact that the League of Nations has been made an issue in the forthcoming campaign, his opinions on the necessity for a League of Nations are interesting. In an interview recently he said:

"International affairs touch the interests of practically every community now, and until the worldwide confusion is brought to an end the League of Nations will be an issue in the political affairs of this country.

"Some people doubt the enduring qualities of this general international scheme. Whether this be true or not, the fact remains that it will justify itself if it does no more than prevent the nations of the earth from arming themselves to the teeth and wasting resource which is necessary to repair the losses of the war.

"No one contends that it is a perfect document but it is a step in the right direction. It would put the loose ends of civilization together now, and do more toward the restoration of normal conditions in six months' time than can the powers of the earth, acting independently, in ten years' time. The Republican Senatorial cabal insists that the treaty be Americanised. Suppose that Italy asked that it be Italianized—France that it be Frenchized—Britain that it be Britainized and so on down the line. The whole thing would result in a perfect travesty.

"The important thing now is to enable the world to go to work, but the beginning must not be on the soft sands of an unsound plan. If this question passes to the next Administration there should be no fetich developed over past differences. Yet at the same time there must be no surrender of vital principles."

His views on national needs were expressed before the Iriquois Club at Chicago last March in an address in which he said:

"Public officers are the representatives of government, and they promote or diminish confidence in our institutions either by wisdom or error. Never before has there been such a pressing necessity for plain good faith on the part of those in whose hands governmental power is. * * *

What He Deems the Chief Problems.

"We must give immediate attention to matters of domestic concern. Our whole economic status seems to be unnatural. Prices are high and they will remain so until we seriously dedicate our efforts to the wiping away of things that came with the war.

"A considerable factor in the high cost of living is the continuance of the excess profits tax. In establishing the selling price of its product, every business establishment sets aside a reasonable profit, and then adds to it the amount that must be paid to the Government. This is done, in turn, by the manufacturer, the jobber, the distributor and the retailer, the inevitable result being a staggering cost to the consumer.

"Approximately $4,000,000,000 will be necessary to conduct the departments of Government and to meet sinking fund and interest charges. Almost half of this could be derived by applying a tax of from 1 to 1½ per cent. on the volume of business done by any going concern.

"It would be a simple matter to collect the tax; the taxpayer would not be confused by it, and it would be neither cause nor alibi for excessive prices.

"I favor the abolishment of the Federal inheritance tax just as soon as we can get along without it. This method of taxation should be left to the States. Tax on inheritance is based upon the principle of Government being compensated for service rendered in conveying property from one generation to another. A man makes a will and it has a definite force and effect because the law legalises it. The right is given to him by the State and the process of the distribution of his estate is through the agency of local Government. The Federal authority has nothing to do with it; therefore, the compensation for services rendered should be to the States.

No Fear of Alien Elements.

"There is some hysteria over the subject of active elements in this country that are menacing to the Government. There is no danger in the situation, although it might easily be aggravated if the Governmental policy of restraint and common sense that has endured through the years were to become one of force and terrorism. There must be no compromise with treason, but the surest death to Bolshevism is exposure of the germ of the disease itself to the sunlight of public view. In the old days, the treatment for scarlet fever consisted of an intensive attack on the high temperature of fever. The result was a reaction on vital organs that left permanent affliction. Now the fever, under restraint, is permitted to run its course, and what was once regarded as a very serious ailment is little more than a simple malady.

"We must protect ourselves against extremes in America. The horrors and tragedies of revolution can be charged to them. If Government is assailed, its policy must not become vengeful. Our fathers in specifying what human freedom was, and providing guarantees for its preservation, recognized that among the necessary precautions was the protection of individual right against governmental abuses.

"If the alien, ignorant of our laws and customs, owns in fear of our Government, he is very apt to believe that things are much the same the world over, and he may become an easy convert to the doctrine of resistance. The skies will clear, but meanwhile Government must be firm yet judicial, uninfluenced by the emotionalism that breeds extremes. The best government we have, consistent with safety to life and property, the better for both happiness and morals. A policeman on every corner would be a bad index to the citizenship of the community, for it would reflect a foolish concept of conditions by the municipal officers.

"In this I merely seek to give point to the necessity now that the war is over, of junking the most of our institutions devoted to war and scaling governmental machinery down to the very point of necessity and efficiency. * * *

"It is idle to talk of reducing governmental expense if the nation has to be armed to the teeth, and vast armies and navies will be necessary if the concerted plan of international peace fails. The guarantee against war is a credit against which a debit charge must be made, and after all this is the very crux of the controversy over the League of Nations. There can be no result worth while unless the nations of the earth assume a definite obligation. The mere promise of this country to place its responsibility on the shifting sands of Congressional caprice is a travesty to human intelligence. We are seeking to shake ourselves free from the cost of war, and yet the task of readjustment along the line of constructive economy is faced at the very outset with the question of what our military and naval policy shall be."

Stands on Prohibition Record.

Prohibition, as a political issue, now is solely a question of law enforcement, according to a recent statement of Governor Cox, who said he was willing to stand on his record in Ohio. He added:

"Any provision, constitutional or statutory, must be accepted as the expressed mandate of the people and representing the wish of the majority. Unless we hold to that principle in government we will be chargeable with the very things we hold against the Bolsheviki. Whatever the law is, it should be enforced. That process will demonstrate the wisdom or weakness of the law, and if change is necessary we have the governmental facility to transform. That is why evolution makes revolution both unnecessary and impossible in America."

Just before the Ohio delegation departed for San Francisco a big community demonstration in honor of Governor Cox was held at his home, Trail's End, where he addressed the celebrators, told them he was not an aspirant for the Vice Presidency, intimated that he would not be a candidate for the Senate and added:

"Whether I am a candidate or not, my strength, my voice and the very impulse of my soul will assert my opposition to any Senate oligarchy."

The fight that developed over the inclusion of an Irish recognition plank in the platform at San Francisco lends interest to the views held by Governor Cox on the question of self-determination. In an interview in THE TIMES he had this to say:

"Individual aspiration is a God-given element, and distinct ambitions possess the soul of racial unity. In harmony with this theory the San Francisco convention should emphasize the Democratic belief in the principle of self-determination in government. Our citizens will not deny to any race of people the right to hold the emotions which stirred the founders of our Republic."

Last February he vetoed the Hopley bill, reducing from sixty to forty-five days the period before the August primaries in which candidates for office must certify themselves. The measure was passed in the interest of Senator Harding, with the idea that he would not have to declare his candidacy for re-election to the Senate until after it was known whether he was nominated by the Republicans at Chicago for the Presidency.

When opposition was aroused over the plans to hold the Willard-Dempsey fight at Toledo, Governor Cox refused to interfere so long as it complied with all the legal requirements, holding that dictatorship had never prospered, even in Russia, and that it was the policy of the Executive of Ohio to see that the bout was conducted within the terms of the law.

During the war an Ohio boy serving in France wrote the Governor to ask that his father be pardoned from the penitentiary, saying, "I am willing to die for my country, and I could die happy if I could but know he is free to care for my mother." The Governor's reply, cabled to the "doughboy," consisted of a single word —"Pardoned."

Began as a Newsboy.

Governor Cox entered newspaper life through one of its most necessary and popular functions, that of the newsboy. From selling papers grew his desire to help actually produce one, so he was graduated to a printer's devil. After a while the charm wore off and he became a country school teacher. But the call of the press was too strong for him and finally he returned to the field as a reporter in Middletown, Ohio. His ability soon won him a place on The Cincinnati Enquier, of which he became railroad editor. He knew most of the railroad officials and frequently scored beats in his particular field. But he is said to have written something once that displeased a powerful railroad President, who was instrumental in having the young newspaper man discharged.

A story is told of a meeting years later between Congressman Cox and this railroad President in the lobby of a New York City hotel. The railroad official was introduced to the Congressman with some show of ceremony by one of his subordinates, whereupon Congressman Cox took the opportunity to remind the official that he had caused him to be fired. The formalities were ended by Cox with a very frank expression of his views of railroad presidents in general.

As a promising young newspaper man, Cox was taken to Washington as Secretary by the late Paul Sorg, who had become very wealthy as a tobacco manufacturer, and was sent to Congress from Ohio. He remained with Sorg until August, 1889, when he reentered the newspaper field as publisher and owner of The Dayton News. Five years later he acquired The Press Republic of Springfield, Ohio, and changed its name to The Daily News, operating the Dayton and Springfield papers under what is known as the News League of Ohio. While holding the active interest of the newspaper man in politics, he never ran for or held any office until he was nominated for the Sixty-first Congress from the Third District of Ohio. He had a plurality of 13,000 over his nearest opponent.

On May 23, 1893, he married Miss Mayme L. Harding at Cincinnati, and three children were born of this union, Helen, James and John. The couple were divorced ten years ago, and in September, 1917, Governor Cox married Miss Margaretta Blair, a daughter of Thomas S. Blair, Jr., President of the Blair Engineering Company of Chicago and New York. They have one child. Governor Cox's children by his first wife are Helen, who is now 23 years old; James M. Cox, Jr., now 16, and John, now 11 years old.

COX ON LAW ENFORCEMENT.

Wrote That Official Laxity Might Be Compared to Bolshevism.

KANSAS CITY, July 6.—A letter written by Governor James M. Cox, of Ohio, to John H. Pollock, a Kansas City attorney, stating his position on law enforcement was made public by Judge Pollock today. The letter, dated Columbus, Ohio, June 23, 1920, was sent in response to an inquiry from Judge Pollock. It read:

"I have read your letter with interest. The question before us now is law enforcement. As the Constitution and statutes stand, they are the expressed mandate of the people and must be respected by public officers and citizens as long as they remain. There is no difference between neglect of the law by public officers and an attack against our institutions by the Bolsheviki.

"We contend, and properly so, that there is no need of revolution in this country because we have the governmental facilities to change the existing order by rule of the majority, but we can hardly create the proper attitude among aliens, unaccustomed to our ways, if public officers close their eyes to their oath and obligation."

CLARK GLAD COX IS CHOICE.

Considers Nominee Best of the Lot, Ex-Speaker Says.

HANNIBAL, Mo., July 6—"You can say for me that I am glad Governor Cox was nominated. He is the best of the lot," said Champ Clark today.

The former Speaker of the House was informed of the Democratic convention's choice at his home at Bowling Green, Mo., this morning.

Mr. Clark had been persistently referred to as a possible compromise candidate, but had never authorized placing his name before the convention.

ROOSEVELT CAREER LIKE THAT OF COUSIN

Both Served in State Legislature and as Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

HAS BEEN TAMMANY FOE

Nominee for Vice President an Ally of Wilson and Supporter of League.

Franklin Delano Roosevelt's nomination as the Democratic candidate for Vice President adds another chapter to a career that closely parallels that of his illustrious relative of the same name. Before he was thirty, Mr. Roosevelt, like Theodore Roosevelt, was a member of the New York State Legislature; both served as Assistant Secretary of the Navy in their thirties; at thirty-eight Franklin D. Roosevelt is a candidate for Vice President, four years younger than Theodore Roosevelt when he was chosen to run with William McKinley.

There is a dual relationship between the two Roosevelts. The Democratic nominee is a fifth cousin of the former President, and he also married a daughter of Elliott Roosevelt, Theodore Roosevelt's brother, which made Theodore Roosevelt his uncle by marriage.

These are the chief facts in Franklin D. Roosevelt's history:

Born in Hyde Park, Dutchess County, N. Y., Jan. 30, 1882, the son of James and Sara (Delano) Roosevelt. Of Dutch origin, the family came from Holland in 1648, and in later generations intermarried with Flemish, Scotch and Irish settlers of what is now the City of New York.

Graduated from Harvard in 1904 with the degree of A. B., after having received his preliminary education at Groton School. Graduated from Columbia Law School three years later and was admitted to the New York State Bar.

Up to 1910 Mr. Roosevelt practiced law, first with the firm of Carter, Ledyard and Milburn, and then with Marvin, Hooker and Roosevelt, of which he was a member.

Elected to State Senate.

In the 1910 State campaign he was nominated for State Senator in the district comprising Dutchess, Putnam and Columbia Counties, which for twenty-eight years previously had been represented by a Republican. Young Roosevelt, as his Dutchess County neighbors knew him, made a vigorous campaign and surprised the old-line politicians by gaining a decisive victory.

In the 1911-12 sessions of the Legislature Senator Roosevelt gained applause as an anti-Tammany Democrat. He became the leader of a band of about thirty Senators and Assemblymen who opposed the nomination of William F. Sheehan to the Senate of the United States and waged a successful fight against the Tammany machine, which finally resulted in Mr. Sheehan's defeat.

In 1912 he was one of the leaders of a progressive movement within the New York State Democracy. He was at the head of the "Empire State Democracy," which advocated the nomination of Woodrow Wilson in Baltimore in 1912. In this Presidential fight Mr. Roosevelt again opposed the Tammany machine.

Despite the opposition of the Tammany leaders Mr. Roosevelt was renominated and re-elected State Senator in 1912, carrying a district which went overwhelmingly Republican for the other candidates.

In March, 1913, he resigned from the New York State Senate to accept an appointment as Assistant Secretary of the Navy by Woodrow Wilson, a post which he occupied during the war and in which he still continues.

An Ally of the President.

Mr. Roosevelt's appointment to President Wilson's official family was regarded by Wilson's supporters as a fitting recognition of his proved ability in politics and public affairs. The Tammany leaders who, when he first led the fight on Sheehan, referred to him contemptuously as a "kid" and a "college boy," soon found that they had a powerful enemy to reckon with. Mr. Roosevelt became a close ally of the President and his influence with regard to patronage repeatedly proved a stumbling block to the New York Democratic machine's program.

During the war Mr. Roosevelt, in the absence of Secretary Daniels, was several times called upon to take charge of the Navy Department. He was also the department's representative at naval conferences in Europe. In a speech in Brooklyn in February, the Assistant Secretary said that, as acting head of the navy, he had committed enough illegal acts to send him to jail for 999 years.

For League of Nations.

During the first stages of the fight over the League of Nations, in 1919, Mr. Roosevelt declared that "the obvious objective of the foreign policy of the Republican Party was winning the Presidency."

"You could not get two Republican Senators to agree on a definite foreign policy along constructive lines," he said, "but you can get them to oppose anything put forward by the President of the United States. To the treaty of peace and the proposed League of Nations the Republican Senate bears the same relationship that the amateur strategists around the stove in the village store bear to the officers and men of our armies fighting at the front. They would have this nation return with only one-half of its work accomplished. They would fail to give any assurance that a repetition of this great world convulsion may not come again."

In a reply to some of the objections raised to the League of Nations, Mr. Roosevelt, in a speech here in March, 1919, declared that unless the United States entered the League it would become a new form of the Holy Alliance of Europe. As for the argument of those who said that the covenant would bind the United States to take part in every Balkan squabble, Mr. Roosevelt pointed out that the League's representatives would have "a certain amount of common sense" and would not ask the American people to do anything they did not want to do, or that was inconsistent.

Advocated True Budget System.

In a letter to Congressman Ireland of Illinois last month, Assistant Secretary Roosevelt asserted that Federal Governmental conditions in this country were cumbersome and wasteful and needed extensive revision. He made the following concrete suggestions for reform:

"1. Create a true budget system, not the small beginning already attempted.

"2. Consolidate the appropriations in one general committee, with sub-committees to deal with the separate subjects.

"3. Put into law the general principles recommended by the Reclassification Committee's report, together with the authorization of adequate salaries to Government employes.

"4. Invite a conference with the executive branch of the Government, looking toward a reclassification and redistribution of the work of the departments.

"5. Give by law greater authority to the heads of the executive departments in conducting their executive business, at the same time holding these heads more directly responsible for the successful administration of their work."

Mr. Roosevelt is a member of the Episcopal Church and served for several years as vestryman and on important committees of the Diocese of New York. When at his home in Hyde Park, N. Y., Mr. Roosevelt attends St. James's Episcopal Church.

Mr. Roosevelt in 1908 married Miss Eleanor Roosevelt of Germantown, N. Y. They have three children—Anna, James and Elliott.

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$1.50 Scarfs	.95
$2.00 Scarfs	$1.25
$3.50 & $4.00 Knitted Scarfs	$2.25

This is the best we can do
And the best you can do!

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

STORE CLOSED DAILY AT 5:00 P. M. AND ALL DAY SATURDAYS DURING JULY AND AUGUST

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Sale Today of 500
White Tub Skirts
Extra Values at
$4.50 and $5.00
Gabardine and a few Surf Satin and Novelty Materials

YOU always need one more white Tub Skirt and here is a real opportunity to secure your choice of a wide range of smart styles at a very low price. Novel pockets, broad belts, finished with pearl buttons.

(Skirts illustrated, $5.00)
Extra Sizes Up to 40 inch Waistband.

Silk Sport Skirts, $12.75
Beautiful Silks, Wanted Styles, unusually low priced.

Third Floor.

HOTEL IMPERIAL
BROADWAY AT 32ND ST.
J. O. STACK, President.
Announces the opening of
The Blue Room
Wednesday, July 7th,
at 6 P. M. for Dinner

Macy's Macy's
No matter how long or short the trip, you will find good use for one of these
Motor Dust Coats
For Men
$3.24
When dust is a part of the motor trip, protection from its annoyance is necessary to the full enjoyment of the trip. These coats are "built" to protect the wearer from dust and are made of gray chambray and tan linene.
Cut on a single or double breasted model. The collar may be worn buttoned to the neck.
A light, cool and serviceable coat for the warm and dusty Summer days.
Other dust coats of Mohair, Linen, Palm Beach, and Linene in single and double breasted models.
$4.39 to $19.74
Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th Street, Front
R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's
Sale of 12,000
Men's Soft Summer Shirts
$1.98
Materials: High grade madras; Corded madras; Crepe weaves, and high count fabrics.
Include: White oxfords, with orwithout collar attached.
It's been quite some time since you have seen a price such as this attached to a shirt of such high quality.
We leave comparisons to you
The shirts are all made over our special pattern and specifications, which insure Macy quality and value. All are coat models with five button fronts and soft, double cuffs.
Patterns to suit the conservative as well as the ultra-smart dresser.
Your Supply of Summer Shirts Is Here at a SAVING
Extra selling space and salesmen to insure quick and efficient service.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street.
R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

MAISON CAMAS
623-627 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK
is to continue its sale
at a reduction of 20%
Until FRIDAY, July 9th.
Owing to lack of help, of space and of time, all who have wanted to benefit by this sale could not be accommodated; hence the extension of four more days.
The strictly hand-made Camas blouses, Summer dresses and lingeries, widely known for quality, bon-ton and workmanship, have not been raised during the war. Their present reduction, therefore, is an extraordinary occasion, the first and last of its kind to be offered to lovers of the exquisite, the original and the conservatively well dressed.

You can almost set the clock by the arrival of the driver

Knickerbocker Ice service is so regular and so uniform you can practically tell the time of day every day by the driver's arrival. This not only means convenience, but economy. No food is spoiled for lack of ice, and your refrigerator is much more efficient when regularly filled.

Knickerbocker Ice is hygeia ice—made from four-times filtered water. Melted, it gives you pure soft drinking water at about 5c the gallon.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

You Save $10.

Here are a splendid array of all wool Suits of my own make. Tailored well, of good all wool materials. We include spring Overcoats in this Sale.

$35	Suits	now	$25
$38	"	"	$28
$40	"	"	$30
$48	"	"	$38
$55	"	"	$45
$65	"	"	$55
$75	"	"	$65

G. N. Vincent, 524-526 6th Av., near 31st St.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

FRANKLIN SOCIETY

Announces its 63rd semi-annual cash dividend at the usual yearly rate of

Four and One-Half Per Cent.

on savings share accounts of $10 to $3,000, and Five per cent. on instalment and income share accounts. The Franklin Society, 22 years old, State supervised and prudently managed, is serving many thousands. Let it serve you. Call, write or phone if you need information. Savings by mail if desired.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY
For Home Building and Savings
Fifteen Park Row, New York.

PAYS 4½ AND 5 PER CENT

'FINE,' SAYS M'ADOO; 'I FEEL RELIEVED'

"Delighted That the Call Did Not Come to Me," Asserts Ex-Secretary.

HIS WIFE ALSO PLEASED

"Hearty Congratulations and Assurances of My Cordial Support," His Message to Cox.

William G. McAdoo was told of the nomination of Governor Cox for the Presidency by Oscar Price, friend and confidant, at the McAdoo Summer home in Huntington, L. I., shortly before 7 o'clock yesterday morning.

A few minutes later Mr. McAdoo, whose friends on the day before had repeatedly expressed the conviction that he would receive the nomination, appeared in the doorway. He was smiling cheerfully.

"Good morning boys," he said to newspaper men waiting there. "Good morning, gentlemen."

When the story of the last moments of the convention was repeated to him, he nodded and said:

"That's fine. I am greatly relieved and delighted that the call did not come to me."

A photographer asked if he would pose for a picture. "All right; sure," said he, and, accompanied by the newspaper men, walked across the sun dappled lawn to a spot where the light suited the photographer. The newspaper men, who had been up all night, and who had been getting little or no sleep for several nights, and who also, it might be said, had come to have a warm regard not only for Mr. McAdoo but for all the members of his delightful household, were silent.

"Let's Smile," Says McAdoo.

"Come on, let's smile," he said to them. "Don't let's be serious."

Mrs. McAdoo, who the servants in the house and employes of the former Secretary of the Treasury repeatedly told newspaper men is the only person on earth whom they hold in higher esteem than Mr. McAdoo, stepped out on the porch at this juncture.

"What are you doing, celebrating?" she called, smiling.

"Sure, that's what we are doing," was her husband's response.

That little scene at the McAdoo home in the morning crystallized a unanimous opinion that already had been pretty clearly formed by close disinterested observers that not only Mr. McAdoo but also his wife was absolutely sincere in their attitude that the nomination of Mr. McAdoo for the Presidency would not be best for either him or his family.

No intimation, however, ever was given by Mr. McAdoo or his friends that he would not have taken a solemn pride in the honor, if the party had bestowed it upon him. As one of them expressed it on Monday:

"Mr. and Mrs. McAdoo are in a peculiarly fortunate position. No matter what happens they both will be happy. Those who are nearest them, however, know that failure to nominate Mr. McAdoo will bring the greatest relief."

Mr. McAdoo had not believed in the first days of the convention that there was much chance that he would be nominated. His friends, however, told him on Friday that his nomination appeared assured.

Did Not Change His Routine.

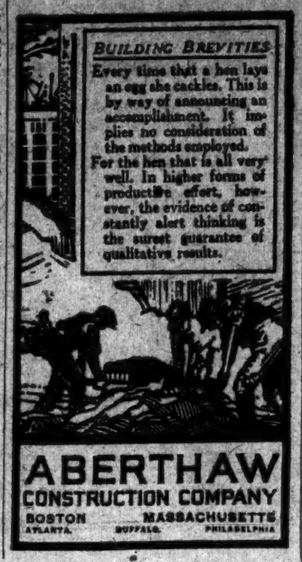
This did not change his routine so far as life in Huntington was concerned. But he did not go to New York on Saturday. He went to bed early as usual on Friday night, arising a trifle later than his customary 6:30 o'clock on Saturday morning.

He always was interested in the returns from the convention, which were taken to him by a press association representative who was in constant touch with events over a nearby telephone. But he did not appear anywhere near as interested as others present. He received all news, whether propitious for him or otherwise, with smiles.

When newspaper correspondents clustered their autos at the McAdoo garage late Monday night in expectation of the "break," and ready for a three-and-one-half-mile run to means of communication with their offices, Mr. McAdoo remained asleep. The unavoidable confusion of motors and voices awakened no one in the household. "Eddie" Hayden, who handles Mr. McAdoo's personal affairs and is his constant companion, was awakened so that he might carry news of a McAdoo nomination to the house. But, of course, that news never came.

The last words of Mr. McAdoo as he started for New York in a touring car with Mrs. McAdoo and Mr. Price were:

"Will you say this for me? I am eternally grateful to my friends for their support."



ABERTHAW CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS
ATLANTA BUFFALO PHILADELPHIA

ICE CREAM

Charles I. of England gave his cook a life pension of twenty pounds sterling a year for serving ice cream.

He made it the summer dessert of kings.

The CHILDS restaurants use only the purest of ingredients and employ only the cleanest of methods in freezing ice cream.

They have made it the king of summer desserts.

Rich in nourishment, delicious in flavor, and delightfully cooling and refreshing.

Childs

Gidding

PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK

MID-SUMMER CLEARAWAY

OFFERING THE MOST IMPORTANT VALUES OF THE SEASON---

Cotton Frocks and Dresses

Delightful cool styles in gingham, dotted swiss, voile, handkerchief linen and organdie.

Formerly to $75
$18--$25--$35

Unusually smart and attractive styles suitable for street or afternoon wear, developed in printed silk, taffeta, crepe, Georgette and plain or figured chiffon.

Formerly to $195
$35--$55--$75

Town and Country Suits

Sarest, Sport and Dressy Effects, in tricotine, twill, jersey, tweed and novelty fabrics, one or two of a kind comprising odd sizes from various high-class lines.

Formerly to $175
$35--$55--$75

Day Coats and Wraps

An extensive range of styles suitable for traveling, motoring and general wear in town or country.

Formerly to $195
$35--$65--$85

New Sport Skirts

Of plain or novelty silks and crepe de chine, in white or light shades; also a few styles developed in the fashionable plaid fabrics.

Formerly to $58
$19--$29

Mid-Season Hats

Street, Sport and Dressy Effects especially featuring large styles with fruit and flower trimmings.

Formerly to $45
$10--$15--$20

Macy's Macy's

Warm Weather and the Great Outdoors Call For One of These

Two Piece

Tropical Weight Suits

For Men

$21.25

On days that are sweltering—when the air is like the heat of an oven and your office or room is so stuffy and warm that it seems impossible to be comfortable—that's the time that one of these Tropical Weight Suits will change your misery to joy.

You can feel cool and look well dressed the entire Summer day in one of these suits.

Sack coat; three button model with patch pockets.

COLORS:

Gray, green and heather mixtures.

Other Summer Suits
$18.75 to $42.50
White Flannel Trousers
$8.95

Macy's—Fifth Floor, West

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

McCutcheon's

July Clearance Sale
Summer Dress Cottons

Commencing to-day, and continuing until the goods are sold, we will place on sale the remainder of our stock of fine Cotton Fabrics, including French, English and Swiss novelty materials at decided reductions from our regular prices.

The collection consists of Printed and Woven Voiles, Tissues, Dimities, Muslins, Crepes, Organdies, Skirtings, French and English high-grade novelties in white and colors.

Sale prices range from 50c to $1.95 yard

Sale of Remnants

Practical lengths of Ginghams, Swisses, Voiles, Japanese Crepes, Organdies, Linens, English Prints and Sateens, Sport Skirtings, Eponge, Pique and White Fabrics greatly reduced in order to effect a quick disposal.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

WANAMAKER'S

Broadway at Ninth, New York *Store open at 9—Store closes at 5*

Three silk houses let go
$442,894 of Fine SILKS
From 65 of the leading mills of the United States

We offer them for $295,262

Black silks White silks
Plain silks Fancy silks
Navy blue silks Colored silks
Evening silks

Never, within our recollection, have such standard staple silks, in so fascinating and comprehensive variety, been offered at such substantial savings.

When the recent drop came in raw silk prices three large silk houses had on hand some of the finest manufactured silks in the market, the output of 65 mills. Reduction of stocks was necessary—quickly. Immediately, with the recognition of the emergency, came to all three the solution—Wanamaker's. And we were invited to market the silks. We were given samples and asked to take our pick, and to name a fair price at which the silks could be sold quickly.

Today you shall see how well we picked, and what substantial advantages we secured for our public.

We Have Heard a Whisper Upon Our Patriotic Movement

that the vote of the people from May 3rd to July 2nd was a vote of

Confidence
Approval
Appreciation

A man's or a store's self-estimate is not always safe to go upon. What we care for is the estimate that the people make of what we are doing. And we have never had such unanimous praise and encouragement as we have had in the last sixty days.

There are some things worth more than a cash profit paid over the counter.

We feel encouraged to work along new lines, and permit a store of greater service, and at the same time to help to make a greater city.

Literally thousands of our citizens and fellow-countrymen have applauded and supported the effort that we have only begun and will continue to work upon to bring about a status of more reasonable prices.

Whatever comes day by day over the signature under this little piece in the corner means that the merchandise we sell—

First—Shall be of undeniably good quality.
Second—Shall be unquestionably of the value placed upon it.
Third—That from every point of view the business organization of the store shall be growing into effectiveness for the public good.

[Signed] John Wanamaker

July 7, 1920.

More than a hundred standard weaves
Thousands of color-combinations and designs

$6.50 to $9.40 Tricolette—$3.85 yd.
Broadcloth tricolettes in a full range of colors, including black, white and navy. This is the all-the-year-'round weight—the best we know of. 36 inches wide.

$10.50 Striped Tricolette—$6.50 yd.
36-inch striped Tricolette Tunis. This is a heavy sports fabric in 1½-inch stripes of white and old rose, white and jade, white and blue, tan and blue, tan and navy, tan and seal, navy blue and white, and black and white.

$4.50 and $5.50 Colored Taffetas—$3.85 yd.
Fine variety of evening shades, including white and navy. 36 inches wide.

$5.50 Black Taffetas—$3.85 yd.
40 inches wide, a soft, bright supple taffeta Cinderella, made by one of America's best makers of silks, a very durable silk for all purposes requiring hard wear.

Yard-wide Black Taffetas, $1.85 yd.
Several grades that we sold for $3 and $3.50 a yard. 36 inches wide.

$4.50 Georgette Crepe, $2.25 yd.
40-inch Georgette crepe in a line of 150 colors, white and black. We have carried this cloth in our stock for several years.

$4.50 and $5.50 Georgette Crepe—$1.65 yd.
Ten designs in 40-inch printed Georgettes, light and dark grounds. In all-over small and large patterns. These won't last long.

$12 to $19.50 Embroidered Georgettes—$8.50 yd.
In dozens of designs and color combinations—a rare opportunity—metal and silk embroidery. 40 inches wide.

$6.50 Crepe Meteor—$4.25 yd.
39-40-inch crepe meteor in white, black, brown, three shades of navy.

$6.50 Crepe Meteor—$3.85 yd.
1,000 yards of 40-inch crepe meteor in pink, pearl, Nile green, lilac, maize, old rose, Copenhagen blue, American Beauty, wistaria, navy blue, terra cotta, green, tar.

$6.50 Crepe de Chine—$4.50 yd.
12 shades in 40-inch heavy crepe de chine, including white, flesh, navy and black.

$3.50 and $3.85 Pongees $1.95, $2.10 and $2.35 yd.
300 pieces imported Chinese Shantungs in the best free-from-dust grades, bright and wash like linen. These won't stay long.
32 inches wide.

$6.50 Sport Satin—$3.85 yd.
White sport satin in 6 designs, 40 inches wide, a popular fabric at a popular price.

$7.50 Sport Satin—$4.65 yd.
25 shades in the plain sport satin. This is the best grade of sport satin made, and in the white we can recommend it for tub purposes. 40 inches wide.

$8.50 Sport Satin—$4.95 yd.
40-inch sport satin in self color striped effects for skirts, in a range of fifteen shades, including white, black or navy. Five different styles.

$6.50 Charmeuse—$3.85 yd.
40 colors in this 39-40-inch satin charmeuse, including white, navy, black.

$7.50 Charmeuse—$4.50 yd.
39-inch satin charmeuse in a line of 39 colors, including street and evening colors and black.

$4.50 Tub Satin—$2.85 yd.
36-inch brilliant tub satin in ivory, flesh, pink, black.

$5.50 Satin—$3.95 yd.
36-inch satin of yarn dye construction, sold in our own stocks during the past year at $5.50 yard. In the following colors: White, ciel, pink, maize, turquoise, gray, old rose, old gold, bluebird, green, grape, plum, taupe, seal, navy, black, blue.

$5.50 Satin—$4.25 yd.
36-inch bright satin modiste in black or navy only. We have sold many yards of this at $5.50 and it has given unusual satisfaction.

$7.50 Satin—$4.50 yd.
A fine French finished satin in white, navy, midnight and black, 39 to 40 inches wide. A beautiful quality for bathing suit purposes.

$8.50 Satin—$6 yd.
A 40-inch satin in white, colors and black, including navy; a soft semi-brilliant satin suitable for any purpose.

$8.50 Satin—$5.50 yd.
A fine, soft, dull finish satin charmeuse in black only. We take much pleasure in presenting this worthy fabric.

$10.50 Satin—$6.85 yd.
40-inch satin-de-luxe in all the high colors, navy blue and black, including white. Seventeen shades in all.

Yard-wide Tricolette—$1.95 yd.
Less than cost to manufacture. About 2,000 yards, in a fair range of sport shades. This weight is especially adapted to hot weather wear. 36 inches wide.

$5.50 White Pongee—$3.50 yd.
Chinese Shantung converted into white in America. 32 and 33 inches wide, and a good, heavy, brilliant quality.

$4.50 White Pongee—$2.95 yd.
32 inches wide—genuine Chinese Shantung.

$6.50 Printed Radium—$3.95 yd.
Three designs in this favored fabric in five color printings, striped and all-over effects. Excellent colors for high-class linings. 39 inches wide.

$3.85 Printed Jap Silks—$1.95 yd.
Only 1,500 yards of these in 36-inch printed Oriental silks, 9 designs and 4 of them different sized polka spots in black and white and navy and white—the other 5 designs suitable for any use, including linings.

$5.50 Checks—$3.35 yd.
Eleven color combinations, including navy and white and black and white, in Tom Boy check serge. 36 inches wide.

$4.50 and $5.50 Tub Silks—$2.85 yd.
About 3,000 yards of crepe de chine and twill striped shirtings, 3 designs and 19 color combinations, all 32 inches wide.

$3.85 War Silk—$2.50 yd.
Bokhara, Javanese and Kamasutra style of printing on grounds of war powder sacking, three designs and 15 color combinations. 36 inches wide.

$2.85 Silk Overall—$1.85 yd.
Ten colors in silk overall. A very useful fabric for artists' jackets, etc. 36 inches.

$6.50 Lining Satin—$4.50 yd.
Four color combinations of East India style of printing on a very fine grade of cotton back satin, used especially for lining purposes. 36 inches wide.

$4 Lining Silk—$3.15 yd.
39-inch soft lining silk in white, pink and black, and a few desirable dark colors, light weight and made especially for durability. Very brilliant.

$5.50 Glace Serge—$2.95 yd.
39 colors and combinations of colors in this 36-inch serge, street and evening shades. A very bright and lustrous fabric, very desirable at this season of the year.

$15 to $25 Imported Silks $5.50 yard.
Metal and brocade effects; only about 500 yards in this lot. 36 and 40 inches.

The Silk Rotunda, west from the Grand Stairway, down to the Broadway doors, will be given over to display of these silks in a manner convenient to purchasers. The Down-Stairs Silk Store, too, will have its share, in the regular Silk Section and on the Main Aisle. There will be extra salespeople in both places.

None of these silks will be sold C. O. D. or on approval, and none will be received back for credit or exchange.

BRITISH COMMENT FRIENDLY TO COX

London Papers Assume He Will Make Campaign on League of Nations.

"TAIL TWISTING" EXPECTED

Morning Post Calls Irish Campaign Offensive, but Does Not Despair of Good Relations.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, July 7.—The Daily Chronicle, commenting on Cox's nomination, points out the conspicuous difference in the Republican and Democratic planks over the League of Nations and says that President Wilson seems to be in a fair way of realizing his hope of making the League the dominating issue of the election.

The Daily News declares that most important to the outside world is that the Democratic campaign stands at present for the League of Nations.

The Daily Express says: "The minds of true men on both sides of the Atlantic, whatever their politics, are fully seized of the vital importance of Anglo-American friendship. Democrat or Republican, Cox or Harding, that is a plank common to all our platforms."

The Daily Telegraph says:

"The Irish vote is a potent factor in American electioneering, and we must make every allowance for those who are under the painful necessity of courting it. That circumstance, with the activity of hyphenated and other Germans, may account for the virulent attacks upon this country which have been plentiful enough in some quarters. There are certain groups in the United States who make twisting the lion's tail their favorite amusement, and would be deeply disappointed with a presidential election if abundant opportunities for this pastime were denied them. It is one of the conventions of American party politics which we might wish removed, but which, like many other conventions, has lost a good deal of its original meaning for most of those who would yield to it.

"More serious, though again much less serious than it looks, is that carping and grudging criticism which some writers and speakers in each country bestow upon the people and politics of the other. This tone is much more noticeable in America than it is here, though it cannot be said that we are entirely guiltless in the matter."

The Daily Telegraph says this undesirable practice is not really quite so disastrous as it seems to some nervous observers and adds:

"We all want Englishmen and Americans to be animated by the most friendly feelings toward one another, but genuine friendship ought to be sound enough to stand the strain of a few hard words and occasional divergence of opinion. It is only with strangers that you must be invariably formal and polite. Friends and kinsfolk can afford to be less reserved."

The Morning Post says: "Americans themselves openly remark that the Irish question is used merely as an election cry, thereby implying that the people of this country need not take things very seriously. The fact remains, however, that American politicians do not scruple to serve their own ends by resorting to an expedient which they know is offensive to the English nation, and which, as they also know, is clean contrary to the traditional policy of the United States. The principle of that policy is to refrain from interference in the domestic affairs of Europe, and we may add that among the great powers of Europe the same principle is observed in respect of affairs occurring within the jurisdiction of any given nation. Nor would the most reckless among British politicians even consider the possibility of gaining votes by inserting in his election address a reference to a matter of purely American concern.

COX'S "LIFE," BY HIMSELF.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Here is a life of James M. Cox as written by himself for the Congressional Directory, covering his period of two terms in Congress. Each member of Congress is asked to write a sketch of himself for this official biographical work. The few lines that Mr. Cox wrote in 1911, while serving his second term, before he left Congress to run for Governor of Ohio, read:

"Third District—Counties: Butler, Montgomery and Preble. Population (1910) 257,868.

"James M. Cox, Democrat, of Dayton, was born on a farm near Jacksonburg, Butler County, Ohio, March 31, 1870, was educated in the country school at Jacksonburg and the high school at Amanda; worked as a farmer's boy, newsboy, printer's devil and reporter, is married and has three children, is the owner and publisher of The Dayton Daily News and The Springfield Daily News, was elected to the Sixty-first Congress, receiving 32,524 votes to 19,306 for John E. Harding, independent Republican; 12,503 for William G. Frizell, regular Republican; 2,942 for Howard H. Caldwell, Socialist, and 207 for Henry Thompson, Prohibitionist, re-elected to the Sixty-second Congress, receiving 31,839 votes to 18,730 for George I. Young, Republican."

While in Congress Mr. Cox was a member only of the House Committee on Appropriations. This is one of the most important committees. A man serving on it is not assigned to service on another committee.

DAVIS CABLES TO COX AND PREDICTS VICTORY

Host of Ambassador's Friends in England Would Have Been Glad to See Him Nominated.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 6.—Ambassador Davis today sent the following cable to Governor Cox:

"My hearty congratulations upon your nomination. You can and will lead the party to a well-deserved victory. [Signed] "John W. Davis."

He declined to discuss Governor Cox's nomination.

The prominence of the Ambassador as a candidate created unusual interest here in the Democratic convention. The The newspapers, indeed, abstained from commenting on the struggle in accord with their custom of not discussing American international affairs, but the personal popularity of Mr. Davis brought him multitudes of private well-wishers.

Americans resident here, irrespective of party affiliations, watched closely the news from San Francisco in the hope that it might be favorable to the Ambassador, and their feeling was shared by his many British friends.

At the Independence Day Dinner of the American Society last night all the speakers, including James M. Beck, H. A. L. Fisher, Minister of Education, and Sir John Simon, former Attorney General here, paid tribute to his personality and work for Anglo-American harmony and he was greeted with an ovation when he rose to speak.

The Ambassador referred to the pleasantness of his own relations with the British Foreign Office officials, even when he was discussing with them some point of difference, and the pleasure with which the news of his nomination would have been received.

Here it would undoubtedly have been based largely on the power the Ambassador has shown of maintaining American contentions tenaciously, with courtesy and understanding of the British standpoint.

MRS. COX'S FATHER ELATED.

T. S. Blair, Republican, Says Nothing Is Too Big for Nominee.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Governor James M. Cox of Ohio will carry the Republican stronghold at 745 North Michigan Avenue on Nov. 2. That is the home of Thomas S. Blair, Jr., his father-in-law. The other two votes are those of Mr. Blair's sons, Parker and Thomas S., 3d.

"There's not a better man in the country for the job," said Mr. Blair, who is President of an engineering company bearing his name. "I'm a Republican, but he gets my vote. My sons will vote for him.

"Nothing is too big for him. He is a self-made man, and his feet are always on the ground. We are tired of school teachers and silver-tongued orators. The acid test of a man comes when that man marries your daughter. Even if he were not my son-in-law, however, I would vote for him.

"I, of course, know him intimately. He is a man of the soil, a farmer at heart, which gives him that bluntness and directness that have made him famous. This is polished off by his wonderful training as a newspaper man. He will make one of the best Presidents this country has had."

PUTTING IT BOLDLY

Our idea of a building operation is that the contractor should get off the site as quickly as possible, and let the Owner make something, too.

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

NEW COMMANDER OF MARINES.

Portrait of Major Gen. John A. Le Jeune, now Commandant of the United States Marine Corps, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

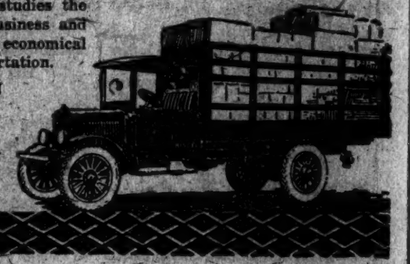
KISSEL TRUCKS

A SIZE FOR EVERY BUSINESS

Kissel Trucks are built to render punctual service, due to a combination of dominating principles of engineering and construction, designed with all accuracy and built with all the skill of 14 years' truck-building experience.

Our truck department studies the facts regarding your business and applies them, giving you economical and dependable transportation.

SIDNEY B. BOWMAN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY,
225-231 West 49th St.,
New York City.
Circle 2600.



Press Comment on the Democratic Nominations

NEW YORK CITY.

A Well-Tried Candidate.

From The World.

By the nomination of James M. Cox the San Francisco Convention has given its party a leader well versed in the principles of democracy, a candidate who has the pleasing habit of carrying his own State, and a man who in him office has demonstrated his capacity to legislate and to govern.

From what we know of him we should say that Governor Cox, if elected, would enforce the prohibition amendment to the letter and all laws made in harmony therewith. He is not likely, in response to any exhortation, public or private, to go beyond that, as so many zealots are now insisting must be the practice. The Supreme Court and the conventions of both parties have left the issue with Congress, and there, no doubt, Governor Cox will leave it, obedient to its decree.

As to the League of Nations he has been described as lukewarm; yet no one has spoken more strongly in its favor than he did in his Jackson Day address. That he favors it and would ratify the treaty without impairing its integrity, as is so eloquently promised by the platform upon which he is to stand, is to be assumed as a matter of course.

Three Reasons for Cox.

From The Tribune.

The nomination of James Middleton Cox is due to the circumstance that he was the "wettest" candidate in sight; to the desire to get as far away from Wilsonism as possible, and to the fact that the nominee is from Ohio.

The Cox nomination, following the inclusion in the platform of the Walsh plank indorsing the reservation principle, makes impossible a referendum concerning the Wilson league. No one appears to uphold the affirmative. Twenty-three Democratic Senators voted for the Lodge reservations, and if there is another roll call the number will be increased. A two-thirds majority being necessary to ratify, what conceivable chance is there of getting two-thirds of the next Senate to accept the President's plan?

A Hard Campaign Ahead.

From The Sun and Herald.

The nomination of Governor Cox is intended, for one thing, to make of Ohio, with two of her sons heading the opposing tickets, the Chateau Thierry of our national campaign of 1920. The deeper and more cunning purpose of his backers, from the very first, however, was to drive a wedge into strong Republican territory of the East which is supposed to have a desire to modify drastic prohibition. But there is more than a possibility, there is a strong probability, that this strategy of the particular Democrats responsible for the Cox nomination may break down and break down badly here in the East, as it almost certainly will in the nation.

When all is said and done, however, Governor Cox may be expected to put into this contest both speed and power. He has shown himself a hard campaigner and a good vote-getter. It is no ordinary office seeker who can win and hold a Republican seat in Congress and win thrice over the Governorship of a leading State which is normally, traditionally and famously Republican. It is no ordinary administrator who can conduct the business affairs of that American commonwealth term after term to the satisfaction of its taxpayers and voters.

OTHER CITIES.

Strong Appeal to Country.

From The Washington Star (Ind. Rep.).

Selection falls upon Governor James M. Cox of Ohio, a man of much ability and of high attainment politically, of clean life and record personally and, as far as disclosed, in perfect accord with the principles enunciated in the platform just framed at San Francisco.

In respect to personal popularity the Democrats have undeniably chosen well. Governor Cox will make a strong appeal to the country. It is too soon to reckon the effect of his leaning toward the "personal liberty" side of the wet and dry question, coupled with the more emphatic rejection by the convention of the bone-dry plank of Mr. Bryan than that of the damp plank of Mr. Cheltran. If pressed to the issue, Governor Cox may be forced to state his views in terms that will establish him as the champion of modification of the act of enforcement.

There is a chance, therefore, that with Cox as candidate the Democratic campaign may turn upon prohibition as the major issue, rather than upon the League of Nations, upon which the Administration has undoubtedly set its heart, and which the platform chiefly stresses.

Cox's Reserve Strength.

From The Baltimore Sun (Dem.).

The immediate situation is that the Democrats enter their campaign with a much superior declaration of principles and, possibly much superior candidate. It may be that one or the other of the nominees will develop unsuspected qualities in the campaign. After all, the people really know much less about either Harding or Cox than they usually do about men honored with Presidential nominations. There is a suggestion in Cox's record, particularly in the way he handled the labor troubles in Ohio last year, when he resolutely removed a Democratic Mayor who had shown himself incapable of maintaining order and placed a Republican in his stead, that he may have unexpected elements of reserve strength. We shall all know more in a month or two.

Estimate of Cox's Vote.

From The Chicago Tribune (Rep.).

Mr. Cox is the best evasion of awkward declarations the party could find, but the people, we believe, prefer an utterance to an evasion. . . . The party dodged the liquor issue, but the candidate revives it. On the covenant the party was vehement and the candidate silent. On liquor the party is silent and the candidate eloquent. It is as shrewd a manipulation of issues as could be made.

On a straight prohibition issue we believe the country would go dry. In a Presidential election with the liquor issue injected sectionally no one can tell. The South would vote dry, but it will vote Democratic, wet or dry.

A Democratic candidate needs to pick only 102 electoral votes in the North-east and West. In five States there has been action on liquor since prohibition, either by legislation or in popular referendum. New York and New Jersey have passed laws to permit the manufacture and sale of beer, a permission which does not permit, but which expresses. The Massachusetts Legislature passed such a law and the Governor vetoed it. Rhode Island almost nullified the Constitution and Ohio went wet on a referendum.

Ohio the Storm Centre.

From The Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

As goes Ohio usually has gone the Presidency. It will in all probability be that way the coming campaign. Therefore, in a sense, the issue joined rests with Ohio for settlement. Recognition of this contingency carried much weight in behalf of Governor Cox at San Francisco. It was felt that the Democrats must have Ohio to win, and that if anybody could carry Ohio, Cox could.

There isn't a chance on earth for anybody eligible to fail of voting in Ohio in November. Incidentally, the occasion furnishes an exceedingly opportune time for definite settling of the question of the State's absolute allegiance to Republicanism in any contest involving straight dyed-in-the-wool, non-shrinkable party principles. The personal equation of an appeal to State pride is a stand off. To a son of Ohio must go the distinction. It is simply a choice as to which son, and all things being, as they are, so nearly equal, Republicans will vote for the Republican son, and Democrats will vote for the Democratic son.

Strongest Possible Ticket.

From The Wheeling (W. Va.) Register, (Dem.)

In nominating Governor James M. Cox the Democratic Party has selected a candidate who will be acceptable to all factions of his own party and to thoughtful independent voters. He is the very antithesis of the pliable and subservient Republican nominee. Democrats could not reasonably ask for a stronger or better combination than Cox and Roosevelt.

"Most Formidable Candidate."

From The Detroit Free Press (Rep.)

In spite of factional dislike of the nominee, in spite of the ill-feeling generated by the war of the ballots, the San Francisco Convention has chosen the most formidable candidate within its reach. There is nothing in Cox's record that is likely to prejudice the average Democratic voter against him.

"A Plain American Citizen."

From The St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.)

No doubt the wetness attributed to Cox will draw many votes to him, particularly in the urban centres, although he as President would hardly dare to fail in the enforcement of the law. But whether it will not take as many or more votes from him in the country, from the women especially, is at least an open question.

He is neither a radical nor transcendental idealist. He is a plain American citizen of a judicial temperament and disposed to be fair to all interests. There is nothing of the autocrat about him.

Attacks the Bosses.

From The Philadelphia Public Ledger (Ind. Rep.)

Both Senator Harding and Governor Cox are experienced fighters, and both possess public records of clean and capable service on which to make their appeals to the voters.

There is every prospect, happily, that the campaign will be waged on great issues and not on personalities. That is, not on the personalities of the candidates, for it will be impossible to consider the candidacy of Governor Cox apart from the malodorous reputations and records of the bosses who compassed his election. These men are the very antithesis of President Wilson, and Governor Cox must bear the odium that is attached to the names of Murphy and Taggart and their allies, the bosses who won for him the nomination against the opposition of all the friends of the President and against the essential principles of the platform.

"A Strategic Nomination."

From The Boston Globe (Ind.)

The San Francisco convention has made a strategic nomination. It is not probable that even the very delegates realized the availability of the nominee (Cox) until they waked up after agreeing on him.

No doubt the rumor that Mr. Cox is "damp" will have weight in some States like New York and New Jersey, known to be protesting against prohibition, and many ballots will be marked in his favor on this account alone, and yet Governor Cox has been firm for enforcement of the dry law in his own State.

Wont Repudiate Platform.

From The Syracuse Post-Standard, (Rep.)

Governor Cox was nominated at San Francisco because his home is in Ohio and his principles are moist. There were no other reasons. Mr. Cox has not been closely associated with the Administration, like McAdoo, Palmer, Davis, Glass and Cummings. In consequence he received the support of those who are hostile to the Administration. He is nominated upon a platform which gives effusive indorsement to all that the Administration has done and there is nothing in his habit to indicate that he will repudiate any part of it. But he has been associated with no part of the nation's history of which the platform boasts.

Must Assert His Independence.

From The Springfield Republican (Ind.)

Governor Cox emerges from the San Francisco convention as its nominee in some degree less attractive than he entered it as a candidate. His record as Governor of Ohio appears that of a liberal, forward-looking executive. It had, and it will still have, a large measure of appeal to the independent liberal voter. But the fact that he was supported throughout by Tammany and that without that support he could not have been nominated cannot be ignored.

To gain the full and whole-hearted support of the independents, Governor Cox will need to satisfy them that he himself can be independent of the least desirable elements in his party. Such efforts as he may make in this direction will receive close, even anxious, attention.

The nomination of Cox spells for Harding an unexpected opportunity. In view of the circumstances under which Cox was selected, it might be possible for Harding, by taking a progressive and forward-looking stand, if the capacity is in him, to split the independent, liberal vote and to win a larger portion of it than has seemed within his reach. For this reason his speech of acceptance, like the utterances of Governor Cox, will be studied with peculiar attention. The essence of the situation, barring a revelation of great strength by Cox, is that neither convention has named the best of the candidates presented it, and that the independent voter faces a difficult choice, not hastily to be made.

Winner in a Fair Contest.

From The Indianapolis Star, (Rep.)

In one important respect the San Francisco convention is to be preferred to the one at Chicago, because in the Democratic contest there was a genuine test of popular strength. At Chicago the result was the product of crafty and sardonic manipulation, while at San Francisco the winner owes his success to his excellence in an actual trial of strength.

The ability of Cox to make an energetic and effective campaign is not open to the slightest question, as his wonderful career in stressful Ohio politics abundantly proves. It will not be wise for the Republicans to count upon an easy victory or to take the electoral vote of Ohio for granted.

Less Formidable than McAdoo.

From The St. Paul Pioneer-Press (Rep.).

William Gibbs McAdoo would in our judgment have been a more formidable Democratic candidate for President than the man who has been selected—Governor James M. Cox of Ohio.

Governor Cox is a political expedient pure and simple. The reasons for his nomination are perfectly obvious. Ohio is a pivotal State. Senator Harding, the Republican nominee, is an Ohioan. It is good political strategy to make the electoral vote of Ohio debatable. This nomination of Governor Cox is intended to do so.

Wet Issue First.

From The Milwaukee Sentinel.

"The wets won."

That is the popular impression of the meaning of the nomination of Governor Cox.

It was evident early in the convention that the issue which for Mr. Wilson dwarfed all others was eclipsed for the delegates by the prohibition question. Nobody could be got to talk much about the League of Nations; everybody talked a lot about prohibition.

Governor Cox is a good and popular man, who has made an excellent Governor and will give Mr. Harding a hard run in Ohio.

Sees a Blow to "Wilsonian Tyranny."

From The Kansas City (Mo.) Journal (Rep.)

Governor Cox represents more than a compromise. His choice marks a sure departure from Wilsonian tyranny that embraces the hopes of the Democratic Party. Democrats are not all.

"Best Man Was Named."

From The Richmond Times-Dispatch (Dem.).

For President, James M. Cox of Ohio; for Vice President, Franklin D. Roosevelt of New York. There is the combination on which Democracy may reasonably hope to go before the electorate and achieve a triumphant return to power in November. It is the outcome of a convention as earnest, as unbossed, as deeply imbued with the spirit of Americanism and as consecrated to the tenets of the party of Jefferson as any within the history of the organization.

The best man was named, and standing on a platform that in courageous statement compares favorably with any in the party's history. With a party record of unsurpassed achievement, and that party itself united and determined behind him, James M. Cox should lead on to a decisive victory at the polls.

Has Met All Tests.

From The Buffalo Courier (Dem.).

His (Cox's) success came chiefly because of his exceptionally meritorious public service as Governor of one of the foremost States of the Union in times that demonstrated his uncommon capacity and equipment for administrative work.

As war Governor Mr. Cox showed his executive force brilliantly and with ceaseless energy in organizing the resources of the State in support of the Government in the prosecution of the war. In those great days he was among the first in efficiency, in getting things done and in arousing patriotic effort. His leadership was inspiring and masterful.

Would Drop Personalities.

From The San Francisco Chronicle (Rep.)

We may rejoice that the era of the tyrant himself in the White House will pass before the ides of next March. While the Democratic Party has taken over the Wilson policies it has jettisoned Wilson and we can discuss policies and not personalities.

Vantines
The Oriental Store.
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As a distinctive and individual expression of your au revoir sentiment.

Prices according to contents, from $5.00 a basket, as illustrated, which contains a variety of delicacies such as Turkish Delight, Japanese confectionery, Chinese ginger, crystalized fruits, etc., and in addition a delightful assortment of exclusive American sweetmeats.

Orders placed in person or by mail, delivered direct to steamer on day of sailing, if desired, with donor's card enclosed.

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Grape-Nuts

This easily digested food needs no sugar, yet it has almost pleasing sweet flavor, and is full of the sound goodness of wheat and malted barley.

"There's a Reason"

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Straight Type	Reg. Price	Our Price	Revolving Type	Reg. Price	Our Price
Size 12-in.	$22.00	$18.50	Size 14-in.	$47.50	$33.75

Electrical & Engineering Corp.
119 5th Av. (45th), N. Y. Bryant 6173

SOME historians give LaSalle—famed as the explorer of the Mississippi—credit for the discovery of the Northwest; others give the honor to Radisson. Very different in station and temperament, the one a clear-cut cavalier and the other a rugged frontiersman, they were equally brave and fearless. The name of the former is associated in history with the *Niagara* and the *Chicago Portages;* the name of the latter with the *Mackinaw Portage.*

When these bold "voyageurs" plunged into the unexplored regions of the Northwest, there was no word in our language to describe the difficult trails that connected lake to lake. So they called them *Portages*—a word derived from the French—meaning "to carry"—because upon these rude paths the travellers had to bear the burden of the canoes and baggage on their shoulders. The *Portage* then came to mean the hard gruelling "carry," the back-breaking task of burden-bearing that all the pioneers of the North and West experienced.

* * *

THE first Portage Tire was produced ten years ago. It was a big, rugged and muscular tire—designed to stand up under the severest strains, built to deliver abundant mileage in spite of the jolts and jars of rough roads. A dependable tire *then*—it is immensely better *today!*

Every detail of carcass, tread, side-wall and bead is scientifically determined and built to exact specifications to insure correct balance and even wear. Only the stoutest and most carefully tested cotton fabric and cord goes into Portage Tires. That gives them strength to *endure.* A generously thick and tough—but pliable—rubber tread gives them the power to *resist* road abrasion.

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And please remember that our cost means a figure considerably lower than current cost. Suits of equal quality, ordered now for next autumn, are priced higher at wholesale than this remarkable $44 mark. But despite low price, these suits are of a high quality that will satisfy the gentlemen who recognize the best—at any price—and eagerly buy the best at a price so unsparingly reduced.

Plain blue serge, yes! Plain black unfinished worsted, yes! Checks, mixtures, stripes, herringbones—also yes. And in the patterns and shadings that the best tailors choose to use. Single and double breasted styles. Some very conservative—some not so very. But every one is correctly cut and masterfully tailored. And they are typical of Gimbel clothing stocks and Gimbel sale prices.

It is common talk about town that Gimbel clothing stocks are greater than those of any other department store. And that Gimbel stocks are long on the *higher quality* suits. Both statements are true. This sale will prove them.

We sincerely believe that this is the best sale of the season for those men who demand high quality rather than merely a low price. We do urge every man to compare these values—we know what the result will be.

Alterations---No Charge!

We not only want you to buy these suits, we want you to enjoy wearing them. So—all necessary alterations will be made cheerfully—and without any charge.

ALL SIZES FROM 34 to 46 REGULARS and STOUTS

CONVENIENTLY ARRANGED IN THE MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP ON THE FOURTH FLOOR

The Labels Will Tell

their own little tale of quality. The greater part of the suits show the names of five of the most noted manufacturers in this country. You'll know the names—you'll want the suits.

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Character is made by ourselves.

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If we could only make our own reputation how much better it would be.

Cross Silk Bag

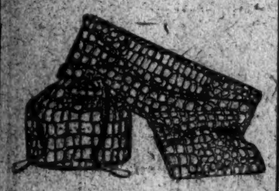
Unusual design. Colored fancy silk; attractive silk lining, mirror, framed bevelled coin compartment in center. Designed metal frame and tab, soft suede bag 8¾ inches deep.....$19.88

Cross Bottle Set

Comprising: 4 glass bottles in removable metal cases. Colored morocco leather case, with border design of gold tooling, velvet lining. Size 7x9½ inches, closed.....$14.50

Tan pigskin case.....$15.50

Cross Travelling Set



For man; tan alligator fluffed calfskin leather, satin lining, 14 kt. gold clasp fastening. Comprising: Tie case 14¼x4¾ inches.....$18.38

Handkerchief case, size 6½ inches square, folded.....$13.13

Collar bag, with extra pocket for button, 7-inch diameter.....$19.95

Cross Refreshment Set

Consisting of pitcher, 6 glasses and saucers. Of hand-cut crystal "clover" design. Sets without trays.....$27.00

Serving tray, as illustrated, extra—solid mahogany inlaid border, glass covering. Size 20x13½ inches. Unfinished.....$13.50

Mahogany, China, Crystal, Wickerware and Lamps displayed on our Mezzanine floor.

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G. G. GLOOM ADMITS CHOICE IS FAIR ONE

Settles Championship Between Collectors of Internal Revenue and U. S. Attorneys, Anyway.

HIS VOTE STILL UNDECIDED

Much Impressed by Harding's Views on Normal Man and Wonders How the Nation Ever Got Founded.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6—Godfrey G. Gloom, the old conventioneer from Indiana, was found today standing in line at the railroad ticket office.

"Is it true, Mr. Gloom," the correspondent asked, "that you were seen in the Palace Hotel at 2 o'clock this morning throwing your hat at the chandeliers in the palm court and yelling for Cox?"

The most unterrified of Democrats removed his gold-mounted quill toothpick from his countenance, folded it up and retired it to his waistcoat pocket.

"I decline either to affirm or to deny the report," he said. "I got married grandchildren in New York, and I don't want to make 'em envious of their old granddad's good spirits. You may say, however, that I am less dissatisfied with the outcome than I might be.

"Now that it's all over, I reckon I may as well admit that I was a specimen of that rare, peculiar and all but extinct animal, the Hoover Democrat. If our candidate hadn't had that unhappy inspiration to be a Republican there is no doubt in my mind that we could have put him over on one of them late ballots Saturday night. But there was no use lockin' the stable door after our dark horse had stolen himself.

"As for Mr. Cox, he has my qualified approval. I want to see what he's got to say for himself. That interview of his on the liquor question sounded a little too much like a platform to suit my notion—one of these 'reversible, double-ended' platforms that are so popular these days.

"However, he's got some exceptional advantages. I suppose he's pretty near an unpledged candidate. He did not have to promise anything to the men that done the heavy work for him; they had their reward in the knowledge of the pain and anguish they was causing in some quarters. Let 'em gratify their vengefulness, was all they asked. But I hereby reserve my judgment till I see what his vocabulary consists of besides that useful but somewhat non-committal phrase, 'But on the other hand.'

"That last day's session was quite a strain on all persons present, I should imagine. It certainly was on me. I'm getting on in years, and when a convention goes into extra innings like this I begin to look at my watch and wish they would wind things up. All through yesterday afternoon I was in hearty accord with that excellent sentiment that Mr. Scheidemann, I think it was, once expressed to the German people—'Better a terrible end than endless terror.'

"Several terrible ends to this convention were possible, and along about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon I was ready to welcome any of them.

"But, I had underestimated the unterrified Democracy. No wonder it's unterrified! It can take as much punishment as Jack Johnson and still come up smiling for more. Even without their justly celebrated Old Guard to do their thinking for them, our Republican friends could never have set through a strain like Saturday or Monday. They'd have sent their proxies to Mr. Penrose by registered mail and gone home in disgust. But this here unbossed convention of ours was not only willing but eager to pay a few days more of hotel bills for the privilege of sticking the stiletto into persons it had grown to dislike.

"No doubt the result was a grave disappointment to some, but, at least it had the effect of settling the championship of the Federal Service. In the semi-finals the Collectors of Internal Revenue defeated the United States District Attorneys in straight sets. After Mr. Palmer withdrew, them as held office under the Treasury Department was quite jubilant. But the behavior of Mr. Palmer's delegates come as the unexpected feather to their cruel pride, as the bard puts it.

"Well, it's all over, and I'm goin' to visit some old friends in Southern California and see what they have to say about earthquakes and kindred topics. My ultimate political allegiance is still undetermined. I think rather highly of Mr. Cox, but I was much interested in Mr. Harding's Fourth of July remarks on the normal man. Never before did I realize how much pleasure could be got out of being just average, or below it if anything. When I contemplate the Revolutionary patriots who founded this Republic I wander how persons slightly above normal like Washington and Franklin and Hamilton could ever have done it. But maybe they didn't know they were establishing such a paradise of mediocrity as this great nation is getting to be. Anyway, be that as it may, I shall watch this campaign with interest and my only comment at present is, God save the United States, as for some inscrutable reason He always has heretofore."

PALMER BIG FACTOR IN BEATING M'ADOO

Cared More for That Result Than for the Nomination of Cox.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer put himself in the position of being the direct cause of eliminating McAdoo and bringing about the nomination of Cox, in entering the combination to defeat McAdoo, after hope was gone that he could do anything for himself. He was not entirely satisfied that Cox was the strongest man in the race, but he told his followers that the future of the party demanded the defeat of McAdoo, without giving his grounds of complaint against the latter.

By Saturday night Mr. Palmer was convinced that McAdoo had been beaten. Then it was that he began to waver as to what course he should take. He knew, then, if not before, that McAdoo forces had injured him in devious ways and that organized labor had sufficient influence on the convention to prevent his own nomination. Those to whom he talked said he did not want to appear to be aiding Cox directly and for that reason he remained in the race until the point where his withdrawal apparently would not aid either contender greatly beyond increasing the number of their votes. But before he took this course the Cox leaders, aided by several Palmer chiefs, had worked so zealously among the Palmer delegates as to impress them with the desirability of throwing their votes finally to Cox.

While Palmer is strong with the younger democracy, he is persona non grata with that group of men who have been behind McAdoo—the Wall Street group. He appreciated that the McAdoo forces, working with organized labor, had sown seeds of opposition that made it impossible for him to get the nomination. On the other hand, Palmer charged the McAdoo people with spreading the report here that President Wilson was displeased with his candidacy and would make his position so unpleasant that he would find it advisable to resign as Attorney General. While Mr. Palmer was sure there was no truth in this report, yet he found that it and the opposition fostered by the McAdoo forces among organized labor had injured his cause among the delegates.

Daniels Sends Congratulations.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Secretary Daniels sent a telegram of congratulation to Governor Cox today, saying:

"Your record for progressive policies as Congressman and Governor gives assurance of a continuation of the measures of progress necessary in our national and international policies."

ROOSEVELT'S MOTHER 'VERY HAPPY' OVER NEWS

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 6.—"I am very happy, indeed," said Mrs. James Roosevelt, mother of Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic nominee for the Vice Presidency, when informed by the Associated Press this evening of the action of the convention. "I am sure that my son did not expect the honor that has come to him, but I am proud of it, and hope that, since he has been nominated, he will win."

Mrs. Roosevelt said that she had heard nothing from her son about his present plans, but he expected that he would return to Washington before coming to the family home in Hyde Park, in order to finish the business which has accumulated at his desk in the Navy Department during his absence at the convention.

Members of the Poughkeepsie City and Dutchess County Democratic committees began plans this evening for a rousing welcome for Mr. Roosevelt when he returns here. The nominee is a member of the County Committee and was the County's delegate at San Francisco.

WOMANS PARTY SEEKS AN ALLY IN GOV. COX

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Governor Cox of Ohio, who this morning became Democratic nominee for the Presidency, will now become the centre of the National Woman's Party campaign in Tennessee.

In a telegram addressed to Dr. Gillette Hayden of Columbus, Ohio, State Chairman, Alice Paul, Chairman of the National Woman's Party, directs that an appointment be made at once, if possible, with Governor Cox for a delegation of suffragists representing every State. This delegation, similar to the one which interviewed Senator Harding after his nomination, will ask that the Governor exert his influence to make ratification by Tennessee certain.

Toilet Goods
SALESMEN'S
Big Opportunity

We expect to largely expand the AIR FLOAT and PAGE line of Toilet Articles within the next few months and will require the services of several salesmen who have had experience in selling Talcum Powder, Perfumery and Tooth Paste. If interested, please mail reply, giving your references. If you have not had actual experience in selling this line please do not reply to this advertisement.

Talcum Puff Co.,
Bush Terminal
67 35th St., Brooklyn, New York

ADVERTISEMENT.

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BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Chauffeurs' Outfits of Palm Beach Cloth

Specially Priced

Style to the last button—and so cool! Made of genuine Palm Beach cloth, they're heavy enough to stand hard service. Wash well, though the color, dark gray, Makes frequent washings unnecessary.

Suit	$19.50
Duster	18.50
Cap	3.00
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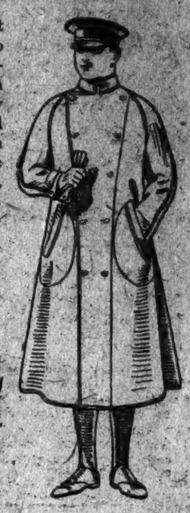

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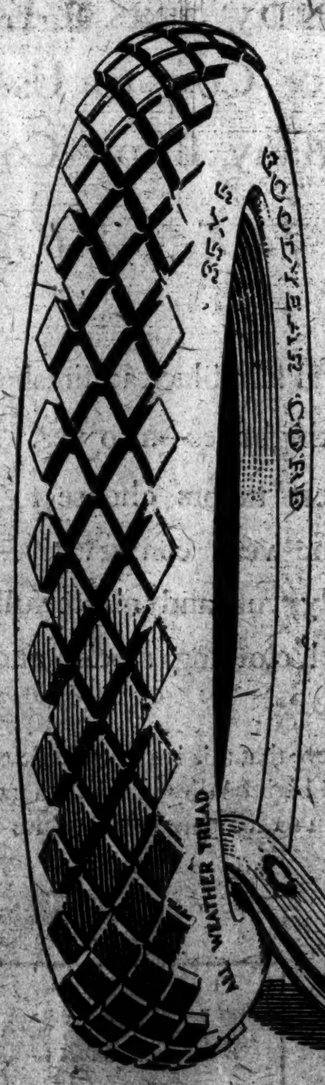

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HARDING WIRES COX HIS CONGRATULATION

Republican Nominee Says He Is Pleased with "Added Honor Accorded to Ohio."

WILL NOT CHANGE HIS PLANS

The Senator Sees No Need for Abandoning His "Front-Porch" Campaign.

INDIANS ADOPT MRS. HARDING

The Rev. Red Fox Names Her "Snow Bird"—Senator Also Becomes a Tribesman.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, July 6.—News of the nomination of Governor James M. Cox of Ohio by the Democratic National Convention was received here early this morning with apparently mixed emotions by workers at the campaign headquarters of Senator Warren G. Harding.

Some relief was expressed that the Democrats had not chosen William G. McAdoo, but on the other hand it was granted that there will be a hard fight in Ohio in the Fall between Senator Harding and Governor Cox for the prestige of carrying their native State.

The sudden shift at San Francisco during the night to Cox, which resulted finally in his nomination, came as a surprise to people of this section of the State when they learned the news this morning. The pride of the citizens of Marion that one of their neighbors had been chosen for the Republican nomination has been almost at the bursting point, but the fact that the other great political party came to Ohio for its Presidential nominee everywhere was hailed with delight, for Ohio citizens cannot refrain from narrating to visitors the virtues of the Buckeye State.

Senator Harding voiced the pride of the people of Ohio in Governor Cox's nomination when he termed it "an added consideration shown to our great State."

As soon as he heard the result of the forty-fourth ballot at San Francisco, Senator Harding sent to Governor Cox the following telegram:

"I recall a much-remarked cartoon which portrayed you and me as newsboys contending for the White House delivery. It seems to have been prophetic. As an Ohioan and a fellow publisher, I congratulate you on your victory."

Governor Cox telegraphed Senator Harding the following reply:

"I accept your message as an evidence of the fraternal impulse which has always characterized the craft to which you and I belong. I heartily appreciate the felicitous spirit which you have expressed."

Will Not Change Harding's Plans.

Announcing that Governor Cox's nomination would not change Republican plans for the Ohio campaign, Senator Harding, in a statement from his office, said:

"Governor Cox's nomination is an added consideration shown to our great State of Ohio, for which I am glad, and it gives reasonable assurance that finally a newspaper man is to be made the nation's Chief Executive. Ohio has accorded Governor Cox very unusual distinction, and he deserved his notable victory at San Francisco.

"His nomination will not change our activities in any way in Ohio. It is a great party contest before us, to be fought on great principles involved, and neither place of residence nor personality will have any marked influence on the result."

Senator Harding was asked today whether Governor Cox's nomination might result in a partial abandonment of the Republican nominee's often-repeated intention of conducting a "front porch campaign."

"No," the Senator replied. "My position remains unchanged by any nomination. Our contest will be to keep the Republican Party in power, and I can't see where the nominee makes any difference."

"But you expect a lively campaign in Ohio, now, that the Democrats have nominated Governor Cox, don't you, Senator?"

"Well, Ohio never gave a Democratic President to the country. She has given a Democratic nominee a majority in some elections in the past, but none of her sons ever have become Democratic Presidents."

The coincidence of two Presidential candidates coming from the same State occurred, it was recalled here, but twice before in the political history of the country. In 1860 Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas, both of Illinois, ran for the Presidency. Lincoln received a popular vote of 1,866,000, Douglas 1,375,000, Breckenridge 847,000 and Bell 590,000. Lincoln carried his home State, Illinois, with 172,000 votes to Douglas's 160,000.

The other instance of two nominees of the two principal parties from the same State contending for the Presidency was in 1902, when Alton B. Parker was the unsuccessful candidate against Theodore Roosevelt, both being from New York.

As soon as news of Governor Cox's nomination was received at Senator Harding's headquarters, election statistics during the years in which the Democratic nominee ran for State office were searched. Cox was elected Governor by a large majority in 1912, when two nominees, a result of the split in the Republican Party, ran against him. In 1914 Willis, a Republican, defeated Cox by 30,000 votes. The same year Harding, running for the National Senate, received 102,000 votes over Timothy Hogan, the Democratic candidate.

In the 1916 Presidential campaign, however, when Wilson carried Ohio by 89,000, Cox defeated Willis with a majority of only 16,000. Again, in 1918, Willis running on a dry platform, was defeated by Cox by 21,000 votes. It was admitted here today that had William G. McAdoo been nominated at San Francisco, and entered upon a whirlwind campaign, serious effort would have been made to persuade Senator Harding to abandon his "front porch" for extended tours of the country. It was felt that McAdoo would have had a remarkably strong organization, recruited for the most part from professional workers of the Liberty loan drives during the war.

Having spoken in all sections of the United States, McAdoo probably was the best known throughout the country of all the candidates before the San Francisco convention.

Hint of Rift in Republican Ranks.

The nomination of Franklin D. Roosevelt leads to the belief here that the Democrats will concentrate in New York and Ohio. With Roosevelt running for Vice President and Cox, who was faithfully supported by Tammany for the nomination, it was admitted here that the Presidential campaign in New York will be a lively one for the Republicans.

As for the Ohio Republican organization, there are indications of a possible lack of harmony between political leaders. Harry Daugherty, Senator Harding's pre-convention manager, was the only Harding candidate for Delegate-at-Large who was defeated in the Republican Presidential primaries this year, and he is unpopular in certain Republican quarters in this State.

Mr. Daugherty and Senator Harding have been associated together politically for a number of years. Mr. Daugherty has been named, according to persistent reports, a member of an emergency or "super-committee" as Senator Harding termed it yesterday, which will have charge of the campaign budget. The other members of this committee are said to be former Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts, A. T. Hert of Kentucky and Charles D. Hilles. Senator Harding said yesterday that should such a committee be chosen, Will H. Hays would not be overlooked among its membership. Mr. Hays is expected here for a few days at the end of this week.

Aside from talks with newspaper correspondents and posing for photographers on his front porch, Senator Harding plunged into the preparation of his speech of acceptance today. It was learned that he is still digesting material and has not begun yet to draft his speech. In the main, it is said, his speech will deal with the necessity for the return to government by parties, and not of individuals, or, as Senator Harding phrased it yesterday, "the concord of many minds" or government by "normal men and back to normalcy."

Mrs. Harding today received word from the Rev. Red Fox Skiuhuahu, head of the Confederated Tribe of Indians, that she had been made a member of the tribe. The Chief wrote her that her husband would be the next "great white father of our native land and you will be honored as the first lady of the land. We also adopt you, as well as your husband, into the Confederated tribe, and your Indian name will be 'Snow Bird,' a worker in its meaning."

The Indian chief closed his message with "May the Great Spirit bless you and the Senator, and may that blazing bring victory in November."

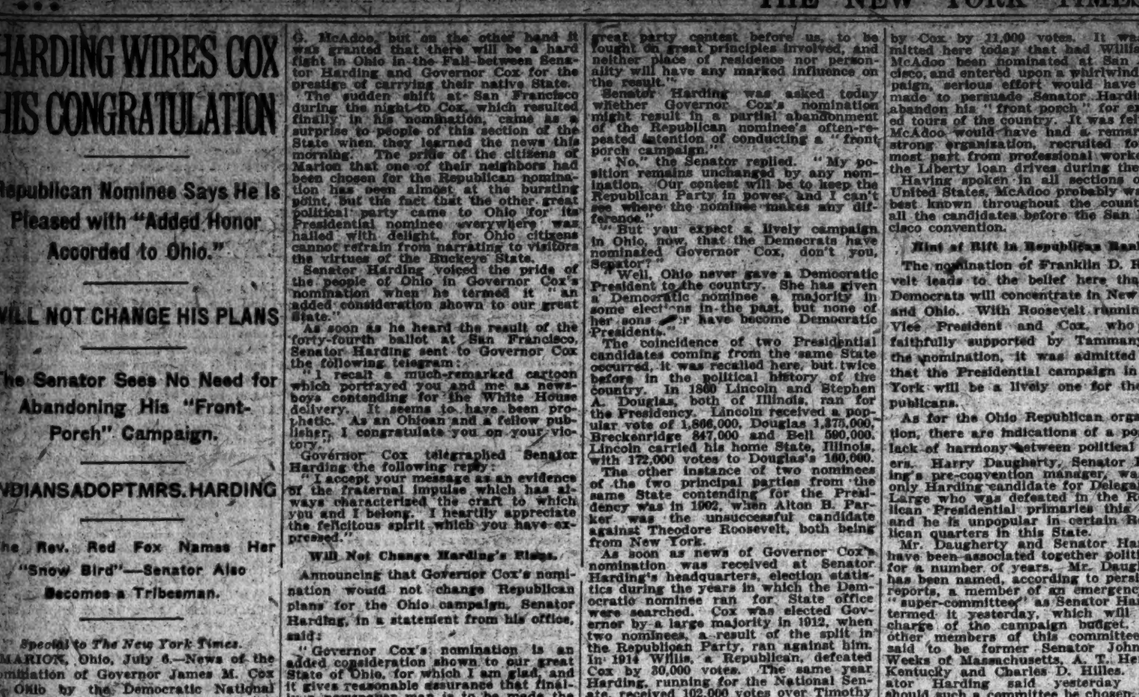
The following comment upon Governor Cox's nomination for President by the Democratic National Convention was printed in this morning's issue of Senator Harding's paper, The Marion Daily Star:

"The action of the San Francisco convention in selecting Governor James M. Cox to head the Democratic ticket will receive, we believe, the approval of the rank and file of the supporters of the Administration.

"While the general trend of the political views of Governor Cox is away from those held and advocated by this paper, we none the less frankly recognize his ability, as demonstrated in business and political life alike.

"The Presidential candidates of the two dominant parties thus being determined, it is pleasing to believe that the campaign will be conducted upon the elevated lines which the high office he seeks, if it is within the power of the nominees to control it."

Chicago's New Monorail



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How Would You Like an Internal Combustion Engine Without Carburetor, Valve or Piston Worries?

That's what you have in the latest invention of the well known inventor Nikola Tesla. It is a bucketless turbine explosively operated by gasoline, alcohol or other fuel. Read about the most remarkable invention in the gas engine field, in the July issue of Electrical Experimenter (Science & Invention).

What would Isaac Newton Say to This?

Imagine seeing heavy metal balls suspended and floating in mid-air with "no visible means of support"—that's what Mr. George S. Piggrott actually did in his laboratory recently. Read this explanation of how it is done in his article "Overcoming Gravitation" in the July issue of Electrical Experimenter (Science & Invention).

What are the Chances of Receiving Signals From Mars?

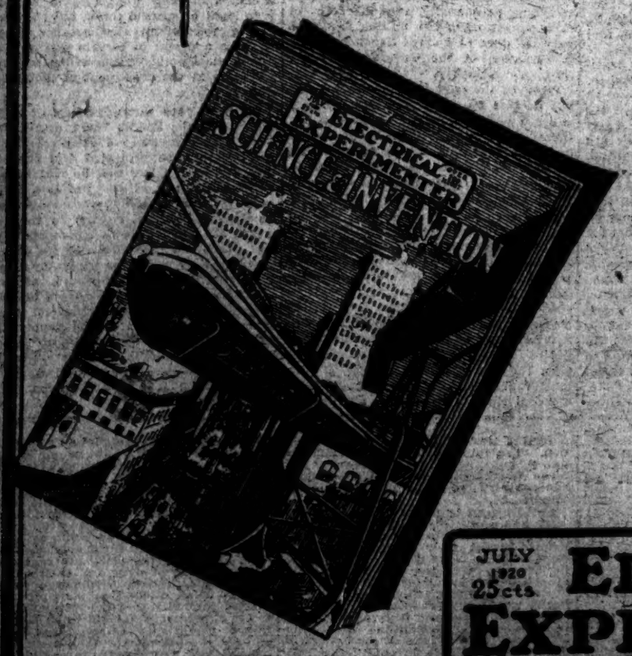
What prompted Dr. Millener to make the experiment in the Omaha station? Why was it conducted during the month of April, 1920? What sort of equipment was used? Read Dr. Frederick H. Millener's own account of it in the July issue of Electrical Experimenter (Science & Invention).

How Does Uncle Sam Foil the Diamond Smuggler?

What were the tricks of the diamond smugglers? How has Uncle Sam made it impossible to smuggle diamonds, no matter how clever the hiding place of the stones? Editor H. Gernsback tells of the methods of smugglers in the July issue of Electrical Experimenter (Science & Invention) and also how the Customs officials are collecting thousands of dollars in duty that they formerly lost.

What Puts the Fire in Fire Works?

How are the sparklers made? What puts the beautiful colors in the pyrotechnics we all witness in the evening of July 4th? Prof. Floyd L. Darrow the well-known chemist gives the answer in the July issue of Electrical Experimenter (Science & Invention)—It's on the newstands today! Read it!



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CENTRAL Thea., 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Next Matinee Sat., 2:20. LAST WEEK IRENE BORDONI IN AS YOU WERE. The Fantastique Musical Revue. With Dick Bernard.

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LITTLE THEATRE W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. T'd'y & Sat. 2:30. EMILY STEVENS NORMAN TREVOR G. P. HEGGIE in "FOOT-LOOSE" By ZOE AKINS. Author of "DECLASSEE."

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY. ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President. B. C. FRANCE, Secretary.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1920.

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THE CAUSE AND THE CANDIDATE.

The Democrats enter the campaign with a candidate worthy of the noble and compelling cause which they are resolved shall triumph through their victory at the polls. Their platform, their purpose, their candidate are in harmony. They seek good government and sound administration at home and such an advance toward the moral regeneration of the world as may be attained by the efforts of brave and sincere men unselfishly devoted to the principles they profess. In the platform they adopted at San Francisco they declare that "the Democratic Party favors the League of Nations as the surest, if not the only, practicable means of maintaining the permanent peace of the world and terminating the insufferable burden of great military and naval establishments." In a comprehensive discussion of the questions of the day written especially for THE NEW YORK TIMES by Governor JAMES M. COX and published in its issue of May 23, he says: "If public opinion in the country is the same as it is in Ohio, then there can be no doubt that the people want the League of Nations, because it seems to offer the surest guarantee against war."

There is an unequivocal pronouncement upon the great issue, there is a candidate fully committed to support of the party's position. Candidate and platform confront a rival candidate who, in the Senate, voted unswervingly with the partisan group opposed to the ratification of the Treaty, and a rival platform adopted at Chicago in which that group of the Treaty's enemies is commended for its successful resistance to the adoption of the plan for preserving the peace of the world. The opposing parties have taken their positions, the field is ready for that "great referendum" which the President said must decide whether the United States shall withhold its aid from this desired consummation.

The Democratic Party enters upon no defensive campaign. Defense, apology, palliation, all this falls to the lot of the Republicans. The Democrats are powerfully armed in the simple justice of their cause. They are resolute in spirit, in the nomination of Governor COX they have a uniting candidacy, by every circumstance of preparation and organization they are equipped for the combat, they will joy in the fight and are vastly more confident of triumph than it could have been predicted three months ago that they would be.

Governor COX combines notable elements of strength as a candidate. He is a man of the people, that fine type of the successful American man of affairs who has risen from humble beginnings by his own unaided industry, native ability and sound judgment to the possession of a competence and to high offices. In his own community, in his own State, he stands well; there is no better test of character. Politically, his strength has been demonstrated; carrying the important State of Ohio in elections has become a habit with him. Three times he has been chosen Governor, and he has justified the confidence of his fellow-citizens by efficiency in the administration of their public affairs. In his first term as Governor a budget system was adopted which saved the State of Ohio millions of dollars a year; even under the strain of war expenditure there was no increase of taxes; no resort to new sources of revenue. He was a great war Governor. His State was always ready to meet the demands made upon her and his executive and organizing capacity were exhibited in many works auxiliary to the purposes of the war. His initiative and his influence contributed to the enactment of salutary laws for workmen's compensation, the regulation of child labor, and the great betterment of the State school system. He was a member of the Sixty-first and Sixty-second Congresses and served on the Appropriations Committee of the House. He has been remarkably successful in his own calling as a newspaper editor and proprietor, and has had experience in public affairs quite beyond the average of candidates for the Presidency. The Democracy has followed a historic custom and practice in choosing the Governor of a great State for the head of its ticket.

The breadth and soundness of Governor COX's views, the habit of his mind in reaching conclusions upon public questions of moment, may be judged by the article already referred to which he prepared for THE TIMES, and which is republished in full upon this page today. Upon the great issue of the League of Nations, Governor COX holds opinions which are embodied in this suggested interpretation of the functions of the League, which in his judgment would be a sufficient reservation accompanying the ratification of the Treaty:

> In giving its assent to this Treaty, the Senate has in mind the fact that the League of Nations which it embodies was devised for the sole purpose of maintaining peace and comity among the nations of the earth and preventing the recurrence of such destructive conflicts as that through which the world has just passed. The co-operation of the United States with the League and its continuance as a member thereof will naturally depend upon the adherence of the League to that fundamental purpose.

To this he would add a clause explaining the understanding of this Government that the League "must "at all times act in strict harmony "with the terms and intent of the "United States Constitution." It is our judgment that to any mind not hostile to the League, or so hostile to the President that it could not tolerate any work in which he had a part, reservations in this sense should be sufficient and satisfactory. At any rate, it is upon the League issue thus presented by the candidate and by the platform that the fight is to be made; the people will judge between destructive amendments and friendly interpretations.

Governor COX is a business man. Senator HARDING is also a business man. Both are of high character, unassailable, held in esteem and confidence by their friends, their neighbors, by all who know them. Neither of them has any radical inclinations. It is of the best augury for the future of this nation that there is no taint of radicalism in either platform. No American, whether he be engaged in big business or in small business, whether he be a toiler for wages or a man following a profession, need fear that in the coming four years the foundations of credit will be disturbed by White House policies or that men engaged in lawful pursuits will be molested. That is comforting. But there is, nevertheless, a very great difference between the two candidates, a difference in their antecedents, in their environment. Governor COX would never be called a reactionary. That imputation has already been made against the other candidate. His nomination resulted from operations of the Senatorial cabal at Chicago; it is known that he was the choice of the elements that are most dominating and reactionary in the Republican Party. There is a very great probability that, should he be elected, the party would revert to its old habits, to that general Bourbon attitude toward public questions which it exhibited in the Administration of President TAFT, a much abler man than Senator HARDING; to that state of mind which looked upon the comfortable days of high tariffs and special privileges as the true golden age and upon suggestions of advance and change as abominable; to that political philosophy and practice which, in short, put it in the power of Colonel ROOSEVELT to break up his party.

Very different will be the outlook if Governor COX becomes President. He is no champion of privilege any more than he is an apostle of revolution. He is a man of affairs, of the soundest common sense and good judgment. In time of peace he would do away with war taxes and, like Mr. TILDEN, substitute for them revenues sufficient for the expenditures of Government economically administered. He would remove the excess profits tax, which burdens business and adds to the household bills of every home in the country, and replace it by a light tax "on the volume of business of going concerns," which has been estimated to yield $2,000,000,000 a year. He would repeal inheritance taxes, since the process of transferring property from one generation to another is safeguarded by the State, not by the Federal Government. He would do what is possible to make farming more attractive, to counteract the unhealthy tendency of youth everywhere to seek the cities, of labor to covet factory employment. His mind surveys the whole national field and he would take counsel with the wisest how and where Government efficiency could be best promoted. He has made an enemy of no class, for he is a national man; he comes naturally and deservedly to the rank of a national figure. With such a candidate upon a platform which even Republicans have found to be in many ways sound and admirable, a declaration of principles to which no Democrat can take exception, and having passed through the fires of convention strife without bitterness or lasting resentment, the Democrats, if they will make the campaign in the spirit in which they started it, may be unusually confident of victory.

ROOSEVELT FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

In nominating by acclamation FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT for Vice President the San Francisco Convention has adhered to a classic political tradition. The combination of Ohio and New York has many favorable historic precedents—HAYES and WHEELER, GARFIELD and ARTHUR, MCKINLEY and ROOSEVELT, TAFT and SHERMAN. Both the personal quality and the political affiliations of the Democratic candidate remove his nomination from any suspicion of being the result of a bargain with MURPHY. FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT—and the same is true of Governor COX—is as far from being a Tammany man as the east is from the west. And the fine record which he has made at Albany and at Washington, together with the impression which he has given to the public of uniting unusual intelligence with sterling character, renders the ticket of COX and ROOSEVELT one full of strength and promise. The convention could not have made a better choice.

The Vice Presidency has proverbially been the "poor relation" of the American political household. The office seems to have fallen into a lower estate than it enjoyed at first after the system of party conventions became established. The reason was that the nomination for Vice President came to be thought of as either a consolation prize or as a means of helping out the candidate for the Presidency in a State or in a region where he was supposed to be politically weak. Too often, moreover, the nomination for the Vice Presidency has been made by a wearied and expiring convention, not disposed to care much about the business except to get it over with. The discrediting of the office which resulted has been unfortunate. Attempts to magnify the functions of the Vice President have never led to anything of consequence. His chief reason for existence must always be as a possible successor to the President; and his eligibility and selection ought to be considered in view of the fact that four Vice Presidents have been called upon to assume the duties of the Presidency. In Governor COOLIDGE the Republicans have named a Vice Presidential candidate who could, if the need arose, become President without causing the country a tremor of apprehension. It is fort nate for the nation that the same can be said of FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT.

ISRAEL NOT A NATION.

The opinion of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, held at Rochester, upon the proposed establishment of a Jewish State in Palestine will be of interest to all who have given attention to the political and economic possibilities of that project. After considering a report concerning the celebration of the issuance at San Remo of a mandate to Great Britain over Palestine, the conference adopted this resolution:

> We hold today what the conference declared anent the Balfour declaration two years ago. We do not subscribe to the phrase in the declaration which says Palestine is to be "a "national homeland for the Jewish "people." We believe that Israel, the Jewish people, like every other religious communion, has a right to live, to be at home and to assert its principles in every part of the world.
>
> In the present circumstances we declare that, while nothing Jewish is alien to our Jewish hearts, and while we are ready to help in the work of rebuilding Palestine for some Jews, we re-emphasize the view of Jewish life for which our conference stands—that Israel is not a nation, but a religious community; that Palestine is not the homeland for the Jewish people, but that the whole world ought to be its home.

AN INCORPORATED UNION.

The Supreme Court has approved the charter of the Brotherhood of Surface Employes of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system. Unions not incorporated, of course, are organizations "not for profit," and privileges are claimed for them in their benevolent activities. Accordingly, it is a surprise that the charter objects of this incorporated brotherhood are "to "take up for adjustment with our "employers questions arising as to "the rate of pay, hours of labor and "working conditions." The brotherhood will rather profit than lose by such candor, for nothing could be more legitimate than the betterment of conditions of employment by collective bargaining, free from duress on either side. It will be surprising if any worker shall be clubbed into membership of this incorporated union, or clubbed out of membership. The courts have a duty in the protection of corporations which is not extended over voluntary organizations.

There is the objection, from the incorporated union's standpoint, that it becomes responsible for its acts. But that objection is accompanied by limited liability of members. It is more difficult to establish responsibility of unincorporated unions for the unlawful acts of their officers, but that has been done more than once. The United Mine Workers are now appealing against an award of $800,000, and in the Danbury hatters' case the award was collected by levy upon the homes of individual unionists. On the point of responsibility there is more difficulty about the facts than about the law. What this brotherhood gains by incorporation is the difficulty its charter places in the way of anybody denying that it is a union, and is not entitled to what the law gives in return for submission to its formalities. In previous labor troubles the presumption has been against the regularity of an "outlaw" union when challenged as to its regularity. This presumption will now be shifted in favor of the union which sets an example for others, such, for instance, as the rival unions in the steel trade. There are pending dissensions within the Federation caused by its renewed attempt to organize the steel trade through the Amalgamated Association, which is not sympathetic toward the Federation's methods, so far as they are exemplified by the assault on the Steel Corporation by the "borers from within," led by FOSTER. The Amalgamated Association stands for the observance of contracts, which some unions think violable at will. Incorporation would sacrifice some freedom in that direction, but there again the unions would profit rather than lose, both in legal position and public esteem, so far as incorporation might make their contracts valuable.

THE NEW INDEPENDENCE DAY.

It is one of the gains of the war that Englishmen may join Americans in celebrating the Fourth of July. Before the war there were Englishmen who sympathized with the rites and ceremonies that were in order on Independence Day wherever waved the Stars and Stripes, but the time had not come to take part in the celebration, officially at least. In future there need be no diffidence or self-consciousness about participation when memories of the great war bring Britons and Americans together. Sir AUCKLAND GEDDES, the British Ambassador, with the facility that seems to be second nature to him, blazed the way for his fellow-countrymen to be articulate and natural on such occasions when he said on Monday in presenting to General JOHN J. PERSHING the sword which was a gift of the Corporation of the City of London:

> In the days of America's birth pangs there were many on both sides of the Atlantic, more perhaps in actual numbers on the other side than on this, who thought the action of the framers of your Constitution right. But we must remember that there were also many on both sides of the Atlantic who thought their action wrong. There is none now, I believe, on either side of the Atlantic who does not think that they were right.

In his equally happy response General PERSHING, who is as generous as he is modest, was not to be outdone by the Ambassador either in historical retrospect or in encouragement to subjects of the King to rejoice that there had been a Revolutionary War:

> The Declaration of Independence of the American Colonies which we celebrate today was but a milestone in the development of the Anglo-Saxon race. It merely gives expression to the spirit of liberty that dominated the minds of the people and moved them to action on both sides of the Atlantic. It is significant that Anglo-Saxon people everywhere whole-heartedly join in celebrating the birth of American independence.

And then General PERSHING, looking forward, said the momentous and inspiring thing of the day: that, while it had been glorious for British and Americans to fight side by side for the cause of freedom, "it will be still "more glorious if, in harmonious co-"operation, they can aid in the resto-"ration of the world and guide the "future of less fortunate peoples into "channels that will insure peace for "future generations."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

No Gates Across Our Roads.

That now, as always, America opens all the doors of opportunity to all her sons, is shown plainly enough by the biographies of the men nominated at both Chicago and San Francisco as candidates for the highest positions in the gift of the American people. Neither of them has owed anything to class privileges, to bequeathed wealth or inherited influence—not anything, that is, except just the sort of help that came to the vast majority of American boys in the young days of these men. They were, indeed, "well born," but only in the sense that on both sides their ancestors, near and remote, were reputable members of their own communities—good citizens, in short.

Their achievements have been the outcome of their own efforts, backed by intelligence and the sort of an education that is offered to every American boy. And one of them is to be President of the United States, an office admittedly equaling in dignity that of any of the world's rulers and in power excelling most of them.

This does not prove, of course, that any American boy who starts out with a firm intention to justify the normal American mother's expectation of seeing her son in the Presidential chair finally will seat himself there. Obviously the conditions are such that only a minute minority can arrive at the enviable destination. What it does prove, however, is that no other insuperable obstacles are put in his way—that with desert and something of good fortune in combination, the young American hopefully can seek the accomplishment of any end on which he fixes his mind.

Times Change Only to Improve.

Lamentations not infrequently are heard to the effect that present-day opportunities in America are not what they were thirty or fifty or a hundred years ago. This is true only in the sense that some of the opportunities have changed. The natural resources of the country are no longer to be had by right of discovery and first taking. The deprivations, however, are more than made up by the recent creation of new openings for enterprise and for service, many of them offering higher rewards than did those of the past.

The American rich have grown richer, but so have the American poor; probably in greater degree, on the average, even as regards actual money possession, while in independence and political power the rich are now at something of a positive disadvantage as compared with those of smaller material resources.

It was not money or the command of money that brought the nomination to either Mr. COX or Mr. HARDING, and that both of them have acquired a sufficiency of it is merely evidence of competence in one of its forms, and not the least important—a competence which those who do not possess it are fond of depreciating, though in their hearts, if they have any sense, they all regret its absence.

Their First and Last Convention.

San Francisco's ambition to be the scene, or "locus," of a national convention of one of the two big parties has been achieved. Why the achievement was allowed by the party managers is something hardly to be explained otherwise than on the theory that, like most Americans, they were willing to try anything once. Other reasons have been given, but they were rather vague and wholly inadequate.

In this case, certainly, the first trial will be the last. In itself, San Francisco is all right. Nobody has a word to say against, and everybody has many words to say for, the way it has lodged, fed, and in general cared for and entertained the delegates and their friends and their guides and guardians. But San Francisco has one great and unpardonable fault as a convention city—it stands on the side of the continent last reached by the sun in his daily journey.

The consequence is that, for the whole country east of the Pacific Coast, news from San Francisco is delayed, and for a large part of the country the delay is of serious extent. Some Californians in their haste have said that their convenience and interest also deserve consideration, implying that they would be bothered as much by a convention in the East as the East is by one in the West. But that is not so. The difference in time favors them to the same degree that it disfavors us in this matter of news gathering and distributing. Had Mr. COX been nominated in New York at 1:38 in the morning, all of San Francisco would have known it at 9:38 in the evening before—by their clocks, anyhow, and it is by clocks that for human purposes time is measured and counted.

Two Parties Are All There Are.

Advice more unwise than that which Mrs. O. H. P. BELMONT is giving the enfranchised women of the country could not be imagined. Not only does she tell them not to join any of the parties she calls "manmade," but she exhorts them not to vote at all or anywhere until, apparently, the existing parties have been replaced by others formed and controlled by women.

But that would be never! There are only two parties in this or any other country and they are not made by men or women—they are the inevitable result of the fact that human beings differ in temperament, some of them being disposed to change things, and others not to do so.

In other words, everybody is more or less conservative or more or less radical, and that is the only real party division, though the varying degrees of conservatism and radicalism give rise to groups with many names. As men divide, so do women, and the latter must be in one or the other of the two camps. It is useless and worse to wait for a change that will never come. A qualified voter who does not vote simply evades the performance of a duty, and by so doing justifies or invites disfranchisement.

The women, fortunately, have better advisers among the suffrage leaders than Mrs. BELMONT.

A CONVENTION IMPRESSION.

The Soul of a Great Liberty-Loving People in Unrestrained Freedom.

San Francisco, July 1, 1920.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The convention is full of interesting happenings, and yesterday's wild scenes in particular following the nominating speeches for Palmer, Cox, Smith, McAdoo will be indelibly stamped on the memory. The frantic struggle of delegates as to whether their State banner should join in the mad procession of States around the convention hall—suddenly the tattered and torn sign of Illinois would appear above this seething mass duly placed in line and cheering would burst forth with redoubled vigor—the roar and crash of fifty brass horns mingled with the mighty notes of a magnificent pipe organ, all playing ragtime—beautiful women throwing kisses promiscuously from the shoulders of perspiring men—society leaders like Mrs. Harriman frantically waving their arms as though in gymnastic exercises and war-whooping like Indian squaws—solemn statesmen bellowing their contentment in unintelligible sound—thousands of our great and glorious flags (for all had them) being waved frantically for no reason in particular—the Chairman pounding his huge gavel and vainly proclaiming that the "convention will be in order"—it was all so humorous and withal so inspiring, as though the soul of a great liberty-loving people were laid bare in its true light of unrestrained freedom of action and expression.

J. O. A.

Two School Cases.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice that Mr. Wolfson of the Commerce High School opposes the loyalty pledge for teachers in the public schools and that Dr. Tildsley's renomination has been objected to by persons with a similar animus. Dr. Tildsley's great service to education is gratefully remembered by thousands of his former pupils, many of whom are ex-members of the A. E. F. It would be wise for the Board of Education to gratefully accept Mr. Wolfson's resignation and reward Dr. Tildsley for his good work.

DE WITT CLINTON ALUMNUS AND AN EX-MEMBER OF THE A. E. F.

Yonkers, June 29, 1920.

THE COMRADE UNSEEN.

The gay young students come and go,
Their laughing faces all alight—
And all that makes their beauty bright,
And all that makes their ardor glow,
How well, how well I know!

They do not count me of their kind;
My youth is where they cannot see,
Concealed behind maturity;
They do not know there is confined
A captive in my mind.

A girl that I have been ignores
The barrier of time, and smiles
Across it at their pleasant wiles;
Their buoyancy her own restores,
Her sympathy outpours.

To every impulse, every aim
That stirs within them now, and still
Their spirit moves her with a thrill
Of passion that she cannot name—
Oh, evermore the same!

Too shy to call, unknown, apart,
She watches where they pass along,
And, dreaming, hums a little song—
Their comrade, hidden in my heart.
Who sighs when they depart.

GRACE AGNES TIMMERMAN.

GOV. COX ON THE ISSUES OF THE CAMPAIGN

An Article Written by Him for The New York Times and Published in the Issue of Sunday, May 23, 1920.

By JAMES M. COX,
Governor of Ohio.

International affairs touch the interest of practically every community now, and until the world-wide confusion is brought to an end the League of Nations will be an issue in the political affairs of this country.

Not long ago I was in the remote southwest part of Kentucky, where what is known as the black burley tobacco is grown. Most of it is sold in Italy. In the local market at Mayfield, Ky., it was bringing about one-third of the price that obtained a year ago. There can be little doubt that the deplorable state of foreign exchange is the cause of the decline. It is perfectly fair to assume that if the treaty signed by the powers of Europe had been ratified by the United States Senate, the five or six leading nations in world trade who form the main structure of the League could have stabilized foreign exchange.

I mention this unhappy experience of Kentucky tobacco growers in order to emphasize the point that the most remote community is affected by conditions that ought to be changed. If public opinion in the country is the same as it is in Ohio, then there can be no doubt that the people want a League of Nations because it seems to offer the surest guarantee against war. I am convinced that the San Francisco convention will indorse in its vital principles the League adopted at Versailles.

Interpretations of the Covenant.

There can be no doubt that some Senators have been conscientious in their desire to clarify the provisions of the treaty. Two things apparently have disturbed them: First, they wanted to make sure that the League was not to be an "alliance" and that its basic purpose was peace, and not controversy. Second, they wanted the other powers signing the instrument to understand our constitutional limitations beyond which the treaty-making power cannot go.

Dealing with these questions in order, it has always seemed to me that the interpretation of the function of the League might have been stated in these words:

> "In giving its assent to this treaty the Senate has in mind the fact that the League of Nations which it embodies was devised for the sole purpose of maintaining peace and comity among the nations of the earth and preventing the recurrence of such destructive conflicts as that through which the world has just passed. The co-operation of the United States with the League and its continuance as a member thereof will naturally depend upon the adherence of the League to that fundamental purpose."

Such a declaration would at least express the view of the United States and justify the course which our nation would unquestionably follow if the basic purpose of the League was at any time distorted. It would also appear to be a simple matter to provide against any misunderstanding in the future, and at the same time to meet the objections of those who believe that we might be inviting a controversy over our constitutional rights, by making a Senatorial addition in words something like these:

> "It will, of course, be understood that in carrying out the purpose of the League, the Government of the United States must at all times act in strict harmony with the terms and intent of the United States Constitution, which cannot in any way be altered by the treaty making power."

The World's Urgent Need.

Some people doubt the enduring quality of this general international scheme. Whether this be true or not, the fact remains that it will justify itself if it does no more than prevent the nations of the earth from arming themselves to the teeth and wasting resource which is necessary to repair the losses of the war.

No one contends that it is a perfect document, but it is a step in the right direction. It would put the loose ends of civilization together now and do more toward the restoration of normal conditions in six months' time than can the powers of the earth, acting independently, in ten years' time. The Republican Senatorial cabal insists that the treaty be Americanized. Suppose that Italy asked that it be Italianized—France that it be Frenchized—Britain that it be Britainized, and so on down the line. The whole thing would result in a perfect travesty.

The important thing now is to enable the world to go to work, but the beginning must not be on the soft sands of an unsound plan. If this question passes to the next Administration there should be no fetich developed over past differences. Yet at the same time there must be no surrender of vital principle. It may be necessary, if partitions and reparation require changing, to assemble representatives of the people making up the nations of the League, in which event revision may not be so much an affair of diplomats. But, I repeat, the pressing task is getting started, being careful, however, that we are starting with an instrument worth while, and not a mere shadow.

Gather together the elements that are opposed to the treaty, and you will find that they are made up, first, of conspiring Republican politicians whose lust for partisan victory has apparently rendered them insensible to public duty; second, certain groups who have been deceived and to whom appeal has been made on racial pleas, and, third, interests which see in the League an absolute bar to German absolutism. The election in Switzerland shows that the opposition to the League in that country, in the main, was in the German cantons.

We are a composite people in the United States, and the belief of students of government in years past that our democracy would not endure was based entirely upon the idea that we could not build a nation from the blood of many races which had old, inherited prejudices. It is very important, particularly at this time when racial impulses and emotions have been stirred world-wide as never before, that we make the utmost effort to prevent division along these lines. In this connection it is well to bear in mind that the armistice which preceded the peace was based upon fourteen cardinal points, one of the most if not the most important of which was the right of self-determination.

For Self-Determination.

Wars in the past have resulted largely from disputes over territory and imposed restraints of racial aspirations. Governmental entities are more apt to last and to live harmoniously with others if groups are bounded by racial homogeneity rather than by the physical characteristics of the earth in the form of mountains, rivers, &c. Individual aspiration is a God-given element, and distinct ambitions possess the soul of racial unity. In harmony with this theory the San Francisco convention should emphasize the Democratic belief in the principle of self-determination in government. Our citizens will not deny to any race of people the right to hold the emotions which stirred the founders of our Republic.

With our international affairs adjusted we should see to it that in the working from a war to a peace base powers conferred on the Federal Government in emergency should be given back. In our social and industrial difficulties we are bound to be impressed by the wisdom which guided our fathers when they established an even-balanced relation between the authority of the Federal and the State Governments. There was a reason for their proclaiming that all powers not specifically delegated to the National Government should be inherent within the States. There was no one thing that Jefferson more vigorously contended for than this, and time after time he insisted that if we departed from this plan we would encounter grave dangers. The men who established our Government did a very unusual thing for their time—in adopting a written Constitution—in specifying what human freedom was in terms that never have invited any question, and in setting up the safeguards for individual rights.

Treatment of Aliens.

If you will follow their reasoning and their prevision, it is apparent that the thing they feared was not encroachment upon Governmental authority by the people so much as the exercise of a Governmental terrorism over the people. There has never been any necessity for our applying European methods to prevent revolution, for the very simple reason that our institutions of Government afford the facility for evolution, and that is the surest preventive of revolution. A human impulse to be guarded against, as experience tells us, is the swinging from one extreme to another, so that there need be no surprise that certain excessive processes have been suggested.

We need have no fear of the mischievous spirits who have been imported from Europe, if we take the simple precaution to educate to our ideals the alien groups which they seek to mislead. Where industrial controversies in the Middle West were maintained by alien elements, we were enabled to observe that the foreign born, once he talks our language, reads our newspapers and comes into intelligent contact with the currents of our life, is proof against the leadership of the irresponsible. Public opinion is the dominant factor in this country, and nothing can live long that runs counter to it. But we cannot expect public opinion to have any effect upon alien groups who do not speak our language. Under these circumstances they are as completely isolated from the thought of the country as though they were three thousand miles away. What we should seek to do is to manifest an interest in the alien and impress upon him that he can not only be useful to us, but that for himself he will find a happiness and an opportunity which are not enjoyed anywhere else. If we make no attempt to adjust him to the new sphere into which he has been thrown, and place upon him an excessive authority which he doesn't understand, he will be a long time in working out in his own mind the difference between America and the place he came from.

Government must be something to inspire reverence—not fear. Its works must reflect not only justice and impartiality, but at all times obvious good faith. When representatives of any cause use it artfully to accomplish even a worthy result, the mere fact of trickery breeds distrust and resentment. The spectacle of changing our character of Government when two million American patriots were in Europe fighting for the preservation of the Government itself, no man can justify.

While in the past Americanization was not desired by all captains of industry because squalid quarters required a low living wage and assimilation of American ideals meant encroachment upon profits, they have seen their mistake. The Federal Government should give more attention to the work of Americanization. It will make no trespass upon the right of the States if it conducts surveys and makes practical demonstration of what can be done—for it was never intended that a task which cannot be worked out by the States in concert should not become that of the Federal authority. For instance, when a crisis develops in the food supply the States are quite incapable of dealing with the problem, and, besides, it is a matter of interstate commerce. Where a moral right is present we are not apt to encounter very serious controver over the legal right of the Federal Go ernment to exercise such control as w prevent suffering and injustice.

This reference to the food proble brings to mind symptoms of an a proaching crisis in the supply of life necessities. The tide from the countr side to the cities is due to the opport nity for greater reward in the factorie and the fact that rural life does n carry with it the opportunities nor t conveniences that can be had elsewher No parent can be blamed for leaving t soil if it is obvious that his children a without the chance to gain an educatio such as is offered in the cities. T Federal Government has done a gre deal to help scientific farming, but would be a sad commentary upon hum character if we were to proceed upon t theory that we will have more farme if financial gain only is guaranteed. great majority of the States are wit out a modern rural school code. Tho which have adopted one have builde temples of education in the fields ar the pupils that are graduated from the can pass into the State universitie Wherever the modern inclination ha been shown, farm lands appreciate value because people desire to live ther Governmental surveys should be mad in order that there might be placed the public mind a proper understandin of the symptoms of decay and deteriora tion in rural life. Population continue to grow, but acreage does not. Preser conditions offer a sufficient warning.

In working out of war conditions ou fiscal system should be readjusted ju as quickly as possible. We will nee approximately $4,000,000,000 a year fo current expenses and sinking fund an interest charges on our debt. Th should be made up along the most care ful and scientific lines, being certai that Governmental tax does not becom an incentive to high costs of commod ties.

Tax on Volume of Business.

The excess profits tax, which wa justified during the war, is not needed now. It should be displaced by a la carrying a tax of from 1 to 1½ per cen on the volume of business of going con cerns. This will yield approximatel $2,000,000,000. The income tax and othe normal sources of revenue should suppl the balance.

There can be no true economy unles the expense of armament be reduced b world agreement and unless a budge system be established. No business en terprise in this country could exist if i were run as the Government is. Ap propriations are made without regard t what the revenues will be, and the sup ply bills prepared for the several de partments are authorized by Congres with very little information as to re quirements.

I served on the House Committee o Appropriations in Congress, and, im pressed as I was then with the wast attendant upon existing practices, w adopted in Ohio, under my first term, a modern budget system. It saved th State millions of dollars a year. Durin the war, notwithstanding the increase expense of Government, we were en abled to keep our fiscal affairs on a stable base without increasing taxes an without invoking any new sources o revenue. Our budget system made thi possible.

The Federal inheritance tax should be given up just as soon as possible. Taxing of inheritances is justified on the principle that since Government trans fers property from one generation to another it should be compensated for the services rendered. We should not lose sight of the fact, however, that the Federal Government does not par ticipate in the matter of service—it is given entirely by local Governmental agencies, and an inheritance tax should be reserved to the States and division made of its revenues between the State Government and the local subdivisions of Government.

Facilities for Foreign Trade.

The period of fiscal reconstruction following the war will bring large demand for our minerals, our crops and the products of our workmen. We will have the ships to meet these trade demands, but the facilities of exchange should be improved. England and Germany before the war made great headway in the world's markets because they established agencies of exchange. To the Federal Reserve Banking Act should be given such elasticity as will make possible the establishment of branch banks in important foreign trade centres.

A symptom that is not reassuring is the response of thousands of bank check books to the call of the Republican National Chairman for funds. In too many instances thousands of dollars have been subscribed for the single purpose of buying industrial peace. The raising of a campaign fund staggering in its size is in itself a harmful thing, but the dangerous phase of this circumstance is that there is a desire in certain quarters to install an Administration which will apply force in the settlement of industrial disputes.

We have gone through many of these troubles in the Middle West, and it has been our experience that person and property can be protected and the supremacy of the law can be maintained without the use of the bayonet. The military arm of the Government must be depended on, of course, in time of crisis, but this should be the measure of last resort, not the first. There should be created a commission which, by direction of the President, would make a careful examination of the facts bearing on industrial disputes which affect interstate commerce. It should report the facts, but submit no conclusion. Upon the evidence public opinion will be formed. It can be depended upon to be fair, and it will always be dominant.

COAL AND CARS.

Blame for High Prices Put on Traffic Regulators.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the general uncertainty of the public mind regarding the cause for the high prices for coal it may be proper not only to attempt to locate the principal cause for the present conditions but also to suggest a possible remedy for them.

If the figures of the Geological Survey are to be accepted, and more coal has been mined and shipped this year than last, why is it that a country-wide shortage exists? Exports alone do not account for it, although they get some figure, and it is not a fact that the railroads or the operators are hoarding coal. A certain amount of profiteering there undoubtedly is, but the proportion of those engaged in it represents but a small percentage of the producers and shippers, and if there were an ample supply of coal the exorbitant prices would automatically cease. Large consumers, too, have helped to make a bad condition worse by bidding against each other at the mines and in the open market for the available supplies, but no one nor all of these things explains the situation. The facts are that the consumption is increasing, that the demand exceeds the supply and that everything has conspired to make this demand an urgent one.

The prospect of an advance in freight rates has prompted consumers, especially those at points remote from the mines, to get their supply early, and some of them have doubtless succeeded in doing so. The fear of a scarcity has caused every consumer to want his coal at once, and the machinery for delivering it is entirely inadequate. The lack of sufficient cars and motive power and the lamentable condition of rolling stock and roadbeds are at the bottom of the trouble. There is coal enough in the ground, and it is ridiculous to suppose that the operators are not anxious to produce as much as possible at the prevailing prices. But many mines are able to work but part time because of the lack of cars, which increases operating costs, cuts down the production and causes labor unrest. High wages mean little to the miners if they can work only three or four days a week, and many of them are seeking more regular employment in other industries. It is a question of cars, cars—and more cars.

It remains for those who are supposed and empowered to regulate these matters to see to it that every car in the country is put to work and also that this equipment should be so employed as to get 100 per cent. efficiency out of it. It is probable that if this could be even approximately accomplished, the situation would be cleared up inside of three months, but to bring it about would not alone call for drastic methods on the part of the railroads regarding the unloading of cars and their return when empty, heavy demurrage penalties for delay where the consignee could not unload promptly and discrimination as to the character of freight to be shipped, but it would also demand that every shipper throughout the land should cooperate with the carriers in putting this program through; that there should be the same concerted and vigorous action in this matter that was shown during the war, when any great things had to be done quickly and efficiently.

It would seem to be a matter for prompt action by every chamber of commerce, board of trade and business association throughout the country, and it is none too soon to begin the campaign if the desired results are to be accomplished.

ARTHUR F. RICE,
Commissioner Coal Merchants' Association.

New York, June 30, 1920.

REPUBLICANS DECIDE ON LEAGUE CAMPAIGN

To Make Treaty Paramount Issue, and Chief Battleground in the West.

SURPRISED COX WAS NAMED

They Had Planned Fight Against McAdoo—Will Avoid Personalities, Hays Says.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 6.—As a result of a series of conferences held here today between Republican leaders from various parts of the country and Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, it was decided to make the League of Nations the "paramount issue" of the campaign of 1920. As a secondary issue they will present an arraignment of "Democratic inefficiency and wastefulness in war and peace." At the same time they decided to frown on any attempt to introduce the "wet and dry" issue into the campaign or to make the personality of the candidates a prominent factor.

Other decisions of importance resulting from the conferences were:

Chicago is to be made the principal headquarters of the party and "from the Alleghanies to the Pacific Coast the principal battleground."

The Republican National Committee and the Republican Senatorial and Congressional committees will work hand in hand, each enjoying independence, but at the same time co-operating to the fullest extent.

The National Committee will keep out of all State rows, such as the ones in Illinois and Missouri, and will lend aid or comfort to none of the belligerent factions in these States.

These policies were outlined at a series of meetings between Chairman Hays and the various State leaders.

Those who talked with him during the day were Senators McCormick and Sherman, representing Illinois; Senator Harry S. New and Joseph B. Kealing, representing Indiana; Willis Cook, representing South Dakota, and John T. Adams, representing Iowa.

Tomorrow Mr. Hays will confer with Harry M. Daugherty of Ohio, A. T. Hert of Kentucky, David Mulvan of Kansas and I. A. Caswell of Minnesota. The following day will be devoted to another group of States.

MISS O'BRIEN A BRIDE.

Weds Thomas D'A. Osborne, Jr., in Notre Dame Chapel.

The wedding of Miss Gladys Elizabeth O'Brien, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Joseph O'Brien of the Hendrick Hudson, and Thomas D'Arcy Osborne, Jr., took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in Notre Dame chapel. The Rev. John Flanagan, Chancellor of the Diocese of Rockford, Ill., a cousin of the bridegroom, and the Rev. Father Martin E. Fahy and the Rev. Father Septer, officiated.

The bride, who wore her mother's wedding gown, was attended by the Misses Grace Hynes and Monica Casey, a cousin. John F. Cavanaugh was best man, and Thomas Wigmore and Albert Sisters were the ushers.

After a honeymoon at Upper Saranac Lake, Mr. and Mrs. Osborne will reside in Rockford, Ill., where they will be at home after Aug. 1. The bride is a graduate of the College of St. Elizabeth, Convent Station, N. J. Mr. Osborne served in the 85th Division and was later attached to the overseas department of the Knights of Columbus.

Miss Eleanor Hushey Weds.

Miss Eleanor Hushey, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Hushey of Shippan Point, Stamford, was married today at noon at the home of her parents to Harlond L. Smith of Dansville, N. Y. The Rev. Gerald A. Cunningham officiated. The bride is a Vassar graduate, class of 1917. Mr. Smith was graduated at Cornell in 1916.

Engagements.

Mrs. Thomas H. Howard of Hyde Park, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Stuyvesant Howard, to Robert Winthrop Kean, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Kean, of 25 East Thirty-seventh Street, this city. Mr. Kean is a nephew of the late United States Senator Kean. He is a graduate of Harvard, class of '15.

Mrs. Dora B. Wettlaufer of the Aphorp announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Christel Marie Wettlaufer, to Frank Cheever Nichols of Boston and Salem. Miss Wettlaufer is a sister of Mrs. H. St. Rutherford, wife of Colonel Rutherford. The engagement of her brother, Jules L. Wettlaufer, to Miss Louise Hill of Boston was recently announced.

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SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin is at Southampton for the Summer, and will open her house there today for a bridge tournament in aid of St. Michael's Mission at Mamaroneck.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Volck of the Chatham are sailing on Saturday for London, where they will visit Mr. Volck's mother, Mme. de Gams, wife of the Brazilian Ambassador.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ziegler are occupying the Stokes camp on Birch Island, in the Upper St. Regis, N. Y., which they have taken for the season.

Mrs. Emily Foster Winslow will be married to Herbert R. Lawrence today, in the Church of St. Philip in the Highlands, Garrison, N. Y. Mrs. Winslow is the widow of Kenelm Winslow.

Lieutenant Commander J. Ogden Hoffman, U. S. N., and Mrs. Hoffman, who are now at Providence, are being congratulated on the birth of a son. Mrs. Hoffman was formerly Miss Anna Hampton Carson of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Abram Elkus will open her estate at Red Bank, N. J., on July 17, for the pageant "The Dream Lady," which is to be given next Saturday afternoon at Dobbs Ferry for the first time, in aid of the Junior Children's Fund.

Mr. and Mrs. Redondo Sutton entertained at dinner last night at Delmonico's.

Washington.

Mrs. McMillan Gibson and Major Morris E. Locke, U. S. A., who are to be married July 13, were the guests for whose honor Mrs. James F. Barbour entertained at dinner last evening at her home on Rhode Island Avenue.

Secretary of the Treasury Houston has returned from a week's visit to Woods Hole, Mass., where Mrs. Houston and her children are established for the Summer.

Mrs. Josephus Daniels has returned from a twenty-four-hour visit to Mrs. Dewey, widow of the late Admiral of the navy, who is spending the Summer at The Brighton, Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wardman have joined the large Washington colony at Virginia Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Addison left Monday for their Summer home at Bar Harbor, where they will remain for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore W. Noyes, who will spend the Summer on the Pacific coast, are now with their son-in-law and daughter, Dr. and Mrs. Ralph W. McDowell. Dr. McDowell is now serving with the Medical Corps of the navy at San Diego Hospital.

Newport.

Mrs. Richard T. Wilson entertained at dinner on Monday evening at Middleton Farm, her Summer home.

Mr. and Mrs. Carter R. Leidy of Philadelphia were among the visitors on Monday. They came over from Narragansett, where they are spending their honeymoon.

Mrs. Thomas Richardson of Washington is a guest of her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. B. Richardson.

The senior class at the War College gave a reception Monday afternoon in honor of the junior class, in Dudley Place, the home of Commander and Mrs. Charles G. Gill. Rear Admiral and Mrs. R. H. Jackson and Captain and Mrs. Edwin Pollock were the reception committee.

Reginald Vanderbilt, who spent the holiday at Sandy Point, returned to New York on Monday evening.

Among those registered at the Casino were Counsellor Francis Pulaski and the Countess Pulaski, of the Polish Embassy, Mr. and Mrs. George Peabody Eustis, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gould Shaw, 2d, and Mr. and Mrs. King Carley.

Lenox.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Degersdorff of New York and George C. Choate of Brookline are the guests of Mrs. Joseph H. Choate.

Mrs. William L. Armstrong and her daughter, Mrs. Albert R. Shattuck, will arrive here in the latter part of this week. They sailed recently from Paris for New York.

Wurtenberg-Nethe.

The marriage is announced of Miss Juliet Wurtenberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Wurtenberg, and Irving Nethe, son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolf Nethe of this city, which took place on June 30, at the home of the bride's parents, 691 West 137th Street. The couple are spending their honeymoon touring the Great Lakes and the Thousand Islands.

KING CONDOLES MRS. GORGAS

British Sovereign Among Those Who Laud General's Public Work.

LONDON, July 6.—Mrs. Gorgas, widow of Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, former Surgeon General of the United States Army, today received condolences from King George. The King lauded General Gorgas's public services.

Newton D. Baker, United States Secretary of War, on behalf of the American Government, and the Cuban, Peruvian and Ecuadorian Governments and many prominent persons in the official and professional world sent expressions of sympathy to Mrs. Gorgas.

LIMA, Peru, July 3.—President Leguia said today that Peru had suffered a heavy loss through the death of Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, former Surgeon General of the United States Army, who recently signed a five-year contract to direct sanitary measures in Peru. General Gorgas had expected to devote several months of each year to Peruvian sanitation.

"General Gorgas' death means a great loss to humanity, and especially to Peru, which was fortunate enough to secure his invaluable services in the direction of the $15,000,000 sanitation project recently inaugurated," President Leguia declared. "To us the death of this great servant of civilization is not only a keen personal loss, but also a heavy loss to the nation."

John Duncan Bruce Dead.

John Duncan Bruce, son of former Lieutenant Governor M. Linn Bruce, died yesterday in St. Luke's Hospital. He was 32 years old, and saw service as a sergeant of Company E, 107th Infantry, Twenty-seventh Division. He will be buried at Andes, N. Y., the home of his mother.

Clarence E. Holt, Actor.

Clarence E. Holt, an actor, died Monday at his home, 535 West 126th Street. He was taken ill in Boston two weeks ago while playing with the Honey Girl company. Mr. Holt was born near Portsmouth, N. H., and was on the stage thirty-six years, having appeared with Nat Goodwin and in many Belasco productions.

Obituary Notes.

FREDERICK AUGUSTUS FARLEY, a cousin of Governor Coolidge of Massachusetts, dropped dead Monday while parading with the Sons of the American Revolution in Summit, N. J. He was 60 years old and a resident of Milburn, N. J. Mr. Farley was in the real estate business.

JOHN J. LANE, division freight agent of the Lackawanna Railroad, died yesterday in Overlook Hospital, Summit, N. J. He was 57 years old.

ALBERT B. RUFF, 76 years old, for thirty years cashier of the National Bank of Washington, D. C., died yesterday at Berryville, Va., after a long illness.

JAMES A. HURLEY, 62 years old, circus clown, died Monday after a lingering illness at Bellevue Hospital.

ROBERT MELICK, 72 years old, a landscape and water color artist, died Monday at his home in Plainfield, N. J.

JAMES FRANKLIN BURKE, a wholesale woolen merchant, died Sunday after an operation. Mr. Burke was 64 years old and lived at 13 Bayard Place, Brooklyn.

Mrs. LOUISE IRENE BROWN ROSE, widow of Gulian Rose, a lumber merchant of South Brooklyn, died Sunday, aged 42 years. She had been living in the Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

LLOYD GEORGE PINS GERMANY DOWN

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

000 cannon. It was plain there were millions of rifles in the country.

The Prime Minister went on to say that there were two dangers in Germany—one from the Right and the other from the Left—and that outrages were due to too many weapons being available. The purpose of the Allies was to prevent these arms being a menace to Germany and the rest of Europe. That was why they attached so much importance to disarmament. They did not intend to be either harsh or cruel, but the menace from either a militarist or a Bolshevist Germany was too great to be endured.

He said that if she were really sincere Germany could have carried out the disarmament by now. He asked the German Chancellor to give a specific plan with dates. If Germany did that and lived up to the bargain better relations between Germany and the Allies would immediately follow, but if Germany did not do that the Allies would assume that she did not wish to carry out the treaty.

Chancellor Fehrenbach then rose. The gap between the treaty and performance of the Germans, he asserted, was due to the extraordinary conditions in Germany. He said strike had followed strike. As for the rifles, they had been taken home by soldiers and it was almost impossible to recover them. Germany was weary of war and did not seek revenge. The great danger in Germany today was the Communists and to deal with them the Government must have force.

Lloyd George asked if the recent elections in Germany had not shown a movement to the Right as well as to Left.

Fehrenbach answered that this result of the elections was largely due to fear of the Communists. He would guarantee that there was no longer any militarist danger in Germany. Recalling that Lloyd George had asked for a plan, he said:

"We will hand over all the material we can. If we have to fulfill the requirements as to rifles we must have more troops. As for dates, it is difficult, if not impossible, to be definite. You can trust us, for our future depends upon the Spa Conference. I am an old man. I have always been an honest man. I hope to appear before the Great Judge as an honest man. I promised the Reichstag I would fulfill the treaty, and I promise you the same thing."

Lloyd George replied:

"I am deeply disappointed at your reply. I do not doubt your word or your honesty, but the fact that you are unable to promise a definite plan shows you doubt the power of your Government to enforce the treaty. Vague promises are no good now. The members of this conference are busy men. They came prepared to make a settlement, but unless the Chancellor can give definite scheme there is no object in continuing the Spa Conference. Therefore I ask you to give me a definite promise with definite dates."

"I am sorry the discussion has reached this stage. I proposed this conference. I thought it was important to meet the Germans face to face. I wish to say emphatically that unless a definite plan is brought forward the Spa Conference must be regarded as a failure."

The Germans tonight are trying to frame an answer to Mr. Lloyd George. They will make some sort of answer, it is sure. The question is whether or not the Allies will accept it.

Military Aid to Poles Refused.

An attempt by the Polish delegation to obtain help from the Allies to fight the Bolsheviki failed absolutely this morning. Their request was blocked by Premier Lloyd George, who recommended to the Poles that their best course was to make peace as soon as they could on the best terms they could obtain. The Polish delegation went to British headquarters early this morning while every one was waiting the arrival of German Defense Minister Gessler and General von Stoecht and asked that they be provided with war material, money and men to stop the advance of the Bolsheviki.

To all they had to say Lloyd George replied that four months ago he warned M. Patek, the Polish Premier, that the British Government did not look with favor on any attempt to make war against the Bolsheviki, and as the British attitude had not changed they could not now expect him to promise any aid. The Poles, having made war contrary to advice, must now make the best of it, and he pointed out to them somewhat warmly that the best of it was to make peace with the Bolsheviki as soon as they could.

The Poles then went to see Premier Millerand, hoping for better encouragement, for it is well known that the French have throughout looked with a more kindly eye on their attempt to carry war into the Bolshevist country. M. Millerand conferred with Lloyd George, but he did not succeed in changing the British Premier's attitude, and it is believed that in consequence no aid will be forthcoming. It is understood that the Polish delegation has communicated this view to its Government at Warsaw.

The Supreme Allied Council held a short meeting this morning to consider the situation in Asiatic Turkey, and on the whole they appear very well content with the performance of the Greek Army and favorably disposed toward Venizelos in consequence.

The Turkish reply to the treaty terms will be handed over to experts to report on before the Supreme Council takes action upon it.

Official Account of Session.

SPA, July 6 (Associated Press).—The text of the official communique issued after the session of the Peace Conference today reads:

"Following upon the arrival of Herr Gessler, (German Minister of Defence) and Major General von Seecht (German Chief of Staff), the conference assembled at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, M. De Lacroix presided.

"With the exception of F. Francois-Marsal, recalled to Paris in connection with parliamentary business, the same membership was present as at the previous sitting, including Marshal Foch and Field Marshal Wilson and a large number of allied military and technical experts. The Presidents of the Interallied, Military and Aeronautic commissions in control at Berlin were also present.

"The Conference proceeded to discuss the execution of the military, naval and air clauses of the Peace Treaty. It heard a report on the execution of the military clauses in general by Herr Gessler, which was supplemented by explanations from the German Foreign Minister Simons.

"From these statements it appears that the German Government invokes the economic situation in Germany in explanation and justification of the delays in executing the military, naval and air clauses of the treaty. Especially regarding the reduction of effectives, it points out how impossible it still finds it to disband too rapidly men who would swell the ranks of the unemployed.

"The President and, after him, Lloyd George, strongly insisted upon the necessity incumbent on the German Government of fixing definite and early dates for the execution of these military obligations if it sincerely wished to insure peace and inspire confidence.

"To this end Mr. Lloyd George requested the German delegates to furnish details to the next sitting and, after having heard Chancellor Fehrenbach, who said he could guarantee the peaceful sentiments of the mass of the German people and their freedom from any idea of revenge, the conference fixed the next sitting for Wednesday afternoon, when it will hear statements from the German Government on the questions asked by Mr. Lloyd George."

HOW THE GERMANS PLEAD.

Not Able to Bear the Burden of a Large Indemnity, They Say.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SPA, July 6.—Atop a wooded hill, overlooking the little watering city of Spa, which for the time being is the capital of Europe, a German delegation of some hundred men is scattered in six villas which scarcely deserve their name. It would be better to call them cottages, and not good ones at that. I spent the morning visiting the guests there in an effort to get the German ideas on reparations in a form concise enough to be put into a news dispatch. I state the German reparation doctrine thus:

"The logic of economic laws is mightier than any arbitrary provision in a treaty drawn up by mere man. Germany is not in an economic position to contract sincerely for the payment of £8,000,000,000, or any similar amount. It would be the easiest way out of the present situation, so far as the German delegates personally are concerned, to agree to any proposition the Allies may lay down. But it would be dishonest and would prejudice our future unless something else were done.

"Germany must produce, and to be able to produce she must have supplies of raw materials and financial resources for foreign arrangements. She must have some ships. She must be free from an ever present threat of a blockade before she may make binding contracts with foreign nations to rehabilitate her trade. She must be free from a threat of further Interallied military action before there is peace of mind at home.

"Until these things are assured us it is impossible to make any definite financial proposals to the Allies."

"Whatever opinion one may hold of the sincerity of the Germans one must be favorably impressed with their frankness and consistency in these arguments.

I talked with Chancellor Fehrenbach at one villa, with Foreign Minister Simons at another and with several German experts at a third, and they all presented exactly the same arguments and each had ready a copy of a document entitled "The Economic Capacity of Germany," drafted by thirty leading Germans. This is their economic Bible. This arrangement makes it go without saying that the arguments they presented to me this morning are the arguments they will lay before the Allied diplomats when the question of reparations is taken up on Thursday or Friday.

Furthermore, I am told that the Germans will lay before the Allies a proposal that such portion of the indemnity as relates to rebuilding northern France be separated from that part dealing with pensions, and that the Germans be allowed to rebuild the devastated regions of France themselves, using their own materials and own labor, which will furnish work for idle hands and will ease the financial situation of their country.

The French will raise objections of two kinds to this proposal. The first objection is of an economic order, the French preferring to give employment to their own industries for this work, and the second objection is political, the French arguing that since all devastation is in France the adoption of the German proposal will tend to drive a wedge between the interests of France and the rest of the Allies.

SFORZA EXPECTS RESULTS.

Italian Foreign Minister Sees Good in Meeting with Germans.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SPA, July 6.—The allied conference will probably be fruitful in actual concrete results. The conference will likely be short. The town is unsuited for a long meeting because the delegations are scattered about and communication is difficult.

I went this morning to visit Count Sforza, the Italian Foreign Minister. He and his chief assistants occupy a country house on the hills five or six miles distant from the Lloyd George headquarters, in the centre of the town. It is a charming villa, but its location is not favorable to intercourse.

Sforza spoke hopefully of the outlook for an agreement among the Allies and of eventual settlement with Germany on the basis of the Versailles Treaty. His conversation reflected none of the disappointment which has been attributed to him.

"A bare 10 per cent. of the reparation for Italy is, of course, impossible," he said. "It would not express the service and sacrifice of Italy in the war. We are a sentimental people, and such inadequate apportionment of the German reparation would be a deep wound to our sensibilities.

"But the division of the reparation is to be considered in connection with other recognition of the value and importance of Italian partnership in the Entente. I look confidently to those with whom Italy is associated for final action substantially in accord with the just claims of all.

"Measures which work an injustice in some particular may be proposed, but there will be an approximation to fairness and equity in the final settlement. Nobody will be entirely satisfied, which in itself will be the best evidence that there has been fair play."

Count Sforza thought the Spa conference would turn out satisfactorily. It was a beginning, he said, to get representatives of the combatants together for the first time. After such a war this was a difficult and delicate matter. Sooner or later it had to be done, however. The ice was now broken and it would be found less difficult to deal face to face than at arms' length.

"There is at least one common ground for us all," he continued. "That is to get back to work. Work is the sovereign remedy for most of our ills. When we are all at work again and producing and exchanging the necessaries of life we can know the war is over. We in Italy are very desirous of putting the mechanism of world industry in motion. We are anxious to avoid all friction, and there is no spirit of militarism among our people. We justly expect to be firmly established in whatever is clearly our right, so that we may turn with confidence to the industrial development in which lies our hope of recovery and prosperity.

"Italy possesses a great advantage in her combination of natural resources and general willingness to work. With the whole world in sore need of every product of human energy, Italy can serve humanity in serving herself. Throughout all the Interallied negotiations of the last year Italian influence has been steadily exerted for a return to normal activities at the earliest possible time. While we recognize the difficulties which lie in the way, we feel that every moment of unnecessary delay increases the waste of war in Europe."

It was remarked that Sforza and Trumbich, the Jugoslav delegate, were walking together in a garden near the conference hall after the adjournment and had a long talk, apparently very friendly.

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Born.

ELIKANN—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Elikann, 609 West 188th St., two sons, July 4, 1920.

GINSBERG—Dr. and Mrs. Charles Ginsberg (nee Mabel Goodman) of 61 Fort Washington Av. announce the birth of a daughter Tuesday, July 6, at Bruner's Sanitarium.

Engaged.

SCHEERER—INGERSOLL—Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Ingersoll of Montclair announce the engagement of their daughter, Jane Bond Ingersoll, to William Scheerer, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. William Scheerer of East Orange.

Died.

ALTON—Blanche Day, beloved wife of Robert Leslie Alton and daughter of Charles Lewis and Lilly MacLean Day, in Chicago, July 3. Funeral services at Christ Church, Winnetka, Ill., Wednesday, July 7, at 2:30 P. M. Burial private.

ANDRESEN—At Larchmont, N. Y., July 6, 1920, Charles A. Andresen, in his 60th year. Funeral private.

BIBBLE—In Philadelphia, Pa., suddenly, on July 5, William Logan, son of the late Thomas Alexander and Julia Bibble, in the 67th year of his age. Funeral services will be held at his residence at Tenlytn, Pa., on Thursday, July 8, at 11:30 A. M. The train leaving Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, Pa., 10:15 A. M., will be met at Tenlyn station. Returning trains leave Ambler station at 12:29 P. M. Interment private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BONEM—July 5, Eleanor Lavater, beloved wife of Joseph A. Bonem. Services The Funeral Church (Campbell Building), Broadway at 66th St., Thursday, July 8, at 10 A. M.

BRUCE—On July 6, at St. Luke's Hospital, New York, John Duncan, son of M. Linn and Lillian B. Bruce, in the 32d year of his age, late Sergeant Company E, 107th U. S. Infantry, 27th Division, A. E. F. Funeral and interment at Andes, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

BUSHAW—Entered into rest Sunday, July 4, 1920, Mabel Bushaw. Interment Canton, N. Y., July 7.

BUTLER—On July 5, 1920, Jane Butler, nee McCammon. Requiem will be taken from her late residence, 1,047 7th Av., Wednesday evening, July 7. Interment in Oswego, N. Y. Kingston, Ontario, papers please copy.

CAHILL—July 4, William F. Cahill. Funeral Wednesday, at 8:30 A. M., from funeral parlors of James E. McCarney & Son, Lexington Av. and 68th St. Requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, East 61st St. Omit flowers.

COHN—On Tuesday, July 6, 1920, Herman Cohn, beloved husband of Effie Cohn and devoted father of Cecil Berlin, Samuel A., Jerome M., Mortimer E. Funeral from his late residence, 408 Crown St., Brooklyn, N. Y., July 8, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

COKELEY—On July 5, Mary E. Cokeley (nee Cahill), beloved wife of William Cokeley, Jr. Funeral from her late residence, 1,533 Merry St., Westchester, Bronx, on Thursday at 9:30 A. M. High mass of requiem at St. Raymond's Church, 10 A. M. Interment, New Rochelle. Automobile cortege.

CONKLIN—On July 4, Dr. Fanny Donovan Conklin, in her 75th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 869 St. Paul Av., Stapleton, S. I., at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning, July 7, 1920. Friends are respectfully invited.

CORNEHLSEN—On Monday, July 5, at Pine Hill, N. Y., Emma Ruckgaber Cornehlsen, beloved wife of Christian Cornehlsen of 224 Cumberland St., Brooklyn. Funeral services at 373 Carlton Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, 10:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

COULTAUS—At Red Bank, July 5, 1920, Harriet, widow of John C. Coultaus, age 80. Funeral service at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John D. Page, 173 Broad St., Red Bank, N. J., Wednesday, July 7, at 2 P. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

COWLES—Hallock Stanley, July 5, Lying in state at the Funeral Church (Campbell Building), Broadway and 66th St. Services at New Haven, Conn., Thursday, July 8.

CUMMINGS—July 5, Edith H., beloved wife of William H. Cummings, daughter of Lillian M. and George T. Hancock. Services The Funeral Church (Campbell Bldg.), Broadway at 66th St. Thursday, July 8, at 2 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

DE LEMOS—Hatti, suddenly, July 5, in Philadelphia, beloved wife of Edward, darling daughter of Bertha Calmann, devoted sister of Millie Brande, Sheepshead Bay, and Rudy Calmann, Philadelphia. Funeral notice later.

DEVAN—Cornelius G. Devan, husband of Dorothy Devan (nee Yochmann). Funeral from his late home, 2,476 8th Av., Wednesday, July 7, 1920, 1:30 P. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery, New York. Automobile cortege.

FARLEY—Frederick Augustus, suddenly July 5th. Funeral Thursday, July 8, at 4 P. M., on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, D., L. & W., 2:03 (daylight saving time), at St. Stephen's Church, Milburn, N. J.

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Died.

FELLOWES—On Monday, July 5, 1920, at Cornwall-on-Hudson, Harriet Davis Fellowes of New York City, the 23d year of her age. Funeral services at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Thursday, July 8, at 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Boston papers please copy.

FORBES—On Thursday, July 1, at his residence, 37 Avenue George V, Paris, France, Hugh de Coursy Forbes, son of the late Paul Seaman and Valeria Wright Forbes of New York.

FOSTER—Suddenly, at Worcester, Mass., Saturday, July 3, 1920, Charles W. Foster. Masonic services will be held at Auburndale, Mass., Thursday evening.

FRANCIS—Suddenly, July 6, Sarah Conrow, wife of John H. Francis. Funeral service at her late residence, 217 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

FUCHS—At Tarrytown, N. Y., July 5, 1920, Charles L., aged 72 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 131 Cortlandt St., Friday morning, July 9, at 10:30. Interment Lutheran Cemetery, Middle Village, N. Y., at convenience of family.

GARGAN—Suddenly, on July 5, Andrew Gargan, beloved husband of Catherine Carolan, native of Dalleboro, County Cavan, Ireland. Funeral from his late residence, 171 East 102d St., on Thursday, July 8, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Cecilia's Church, where a solemn High mass of requiem will be offered. Interment Holy Sepulchre Cemetery, New Jersey. Member of National Council, Friends of Irish Freedom, President of Local Council, Friends of Irish Freedom and President of Brian Boru Club.

GHERTLER—Tilie, nee Welsberger, beloved wife of Dr. Max Ghertler and mother of David and Cora Ghertler, sister of Mrs. Jay Berg, Dr. A. H. Welsberger and Samuel Welsberger, on July 6. Funeral from her late residence, 504 Kenmore Place (East 21st St.), Brooklyn, Thursday, July 8, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GRADENWITZ—On Monday, July 5, Emma Dorothy, beloved mother of Mrs. Elsie Chuck, Mrs. Frank Sanders, Mrs. Jacob Mimmelreich, Mrs. Louis Steinmetz and Alfred Gradenwitz. Funeral from her late residence, 1,910 Homerest Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, July 8, at 2 P. M. Interment, New Union Field Cemetery.

GRAY—Col. William Winborne, Medical Corps, U. S. Army, retired. At home, Forest Hills, Long Island, July 3. Interment Arlington National Cemetery, Nashville, Atlanta, San Francisco, Cincinnati papers please copy.

GREENE—On Monday, July 5, at Middletown, N. Y., Jennie Preston Greene. Funeral services at her late home, 39 Washington St., Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment Hillside Cemetery.

HOLT—Clarence Edwin, husband of Ann Blanche Holt, on July 5. Service The Funeral Church, Campbell Building, Broadway at 66th St., on Wednesday, July 7, at 11 A. M.

LANE—At Summit, N. J., suddenly, on July 6, 1920, John J. Lane, in his 57th year. Funeral services will be held at St. Teresa's Church, Summit, N. J., on Thursday, July 8, at 10 A. M.

LEARY—On July 5, 1920, John T., beloved husband of Lillian Leary. Funeral from his late residence, St. Albans, Long Island, on July 8, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Mary's R. C. Church at Jamaica, Long Island, where solemn mass of requiem will be offered. Interment St. John's Cemetery. Auto cortege.

LEVY—Amelia Jean, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis M. Levy, sister of Helene, Evelyn and Philip, July 5, 1920. Interment at Mt Hebron from her late residence on Wednesday, July 7, 1920, at 1 o'clock.

LONG—On July 5, at his residence, William O. Long, in his 74th year, beloved husband of Leah Long (nee Dann.) Funeral private.

MAYER—At Kalmah, N. Y., July 5, 1920, Rebecca, widow of Alexander J. Mayer, aged 72 years. Funeral private.

MELICK—At Plainfield, N. J., on Monday, July 5, 1920, Robert Melick, in his 7th year. Services at his late residence, 725 Clinton Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Thursday, July 8, at 2 P. M.

MURDOCK—On July 5, 1920, Isadore H., daughter of Warren and Abigail T. Murdock. Funeral services at her late home, 83 Garden Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday at 3 P. M. Interment private.

NORRIS—Suddenly, at Philadelphia, Pa., on June 30, 1920, John D., beloved son of Mary and the late Walter Norris of 2,251 Grand Concourse. Requiem mass was celebrated at Our Lady of Mercy Church and interment was at Gate of Heaven Cemetery, July 6, 1920.

NURICK—Gussie, daughter of Tetta Nurick and the late Abraham Nurick, Tuesday, July 6. Funeral July 8 at 10 A. M. from her late residence, 1,451 Union St., Brooklyn, to Mt. Carmel Cemetery.

MEADE—At Montclair, N. J., Tuesday, July 6, 1920, Horace C. Meade. Private funeral services will be held at his home, 80 Valley Road, Friday afternoon.

PRENTICE—Suddenly, on July 4, 1920, Dudley Hill Prentice, youngest son of Eloise W. and the late Samuel Prentice, aged 18 years. Funeral from her late residence, 1,631 Union St., Brooklyn, N. Y., in the 45th year of his age. Funeral services private at his late home, in Englewood, N. J. Kindly omit flowers.

PROCTOR—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York.—With regret announcement is made of the death on July 4, 1920, of Thomas Redfield Proctor of Utica, N. Y., a member of this society. Robert Olyphant, President.

PUNCHARD—Clifton, New Jersey, on Monday, July 5, Henry Punchard, beloved husband of Sarah J., in his 82d year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services on Wednesday, July 7, at 1:15 P. M., from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. George Mair, 118 Madison Av., Clifton, New Jersey. Interment, Greenwood Cemetery, New York.

ROSBI—James Hurley. Campbell Funeral Church, Wednesday, 10 A. M., auspices Actors' Fund.

SCHUCK—On July 5, 1920, Rosa E. (nee Macks), beloved wife of Christian Schuck and mother of Christian, Jr., Eleanor and Albina. Funeral service Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at her late residence, 1,001 University Av. Funeral private.

SCHUCK—United States Chapter No. 502, O. E. S. It is with profound regret that we announce the death of our beloved sister, Rosa E. Schuck. Members will attend Eastern Star service Wednesday evening, July 7, 1920, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 1,001 University Av., near 174th. Mathilda M. Keller, Worthy Matron.

SIMPSON—On Tuesday, July 6, 1920, Cassie Fowler, age 67 years, widow of John Simpson and beloved mother of Percy W., Edgar F. and John E. Simpson. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 2,084 5th Av., Thursday, 8th inst., 10 A. M.

SMITH—Suddenly, at Montclair, N. J., July 6, 1920, Minnie, wife of Cevin W. Smith, in the 40th year of her age. Funeral private.

SQUIRES—In Ridgewood, N. J., on July 5, 1920, Nellie Squires, widow of the late Thomas Squires. Funeral on Wednesday, July 7, from her late residence, North Van Dien Av., Ridgewood, N. J., at 2:30 P. M.

Died.

STIRN—Max, suddenly, at 937 East 166th St., on July 5, in his 64th year, beloved husband of Leah Long (nee Dann.) Funeral private.

THANHAUSER—On July 5, Ida, beloved wife of Isidor and devoted mother of Benjamin, loving father of Pauline Mayer, Selma Goldman, Abraham, Harry and Amelia Lehrfeld, in her 44th year. Funeral notice later.

THRONE—Sam Solomon, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Throne, brother of Jane and Rachel, July 5, 1920. Funeral to be held at 2 o'clock from St. Nelberg's Chapel, 141 Lasdlow St., July 7. Was graduate from Rensselaer Polytechnical Institute of Troy, June 19, 1920. Albany, Gloversville and Troy papers copy.

TOWNSEND—Warren, Pine Hill, N. Y., died July 5, 1920. Funeral at residence Wednesday, July 7, 3 P. M.

VAN RENSSELAER—At Woodmere, L. I., on Saturday, July 3, 1920, Louisa, widow of Alexander Van Rensselaer and daughter of the late William Fairweal of New York. Funeral services at Grace Church Chantry, Broadway and 10th St., on Wednesday, July 7, at 3 P. M. Interment private.

VILLIAHI—At Des Moines, Iowa, on July 3, 1920, Joseph Villahi, aged 56 years, late of 247 West 101st St., New York City, survived by widow and 3 children. Interment at Woodlawn on July 8. Brooklyn papers please copy.

WATSON—At Goshen, N. Y., July 5, in his 72d year, Lindsay Watson. Interment at Stockbridge, Mass., private.

YOUENES—On July 6, 1920, Brent Youenes, in his 23d year. Services at his late residence, 201 West 87th St., 11 o'clock, Thursday.

In Memoriam.

IN MEMORIAM.

GOLDSTEIN—In fond and loving memory of my dear son and our beloved brother, Abe J. Goldstein, who departed this life July 7, 1919.

KAISER, Jennie. In constant and loving memory of a devoted wife and mother, who passed away on July 7, 1919.
Husband and Daughter.

RAFTER—In memory of our beloved mother, Cecilia Philbin Rafter, who died July 7, 1912.

Unveiling.

MORRIS—Unveiling of monument of my beloved husband and our dear father, Israel Morris, Sunday, July 11, 3 P. M., at Washington Cemetery.

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NEAR BIG LEAGUE RECORD

Fourteen Runs in One Inning Within Four of Mark Made by the Chicago Club in 1883.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—One big inning of run making, the like of which neither major league has produced in many years, carried the Yankees to a one-sided victory over the Senators this afternoon in the finale of a four-game series. The score was 17 to 0, and the victory, coupled with Cleveland's defeat, returned the Yanks to first place. In the fifth frame the Yankees batted around twice and scored fourteen runs, the greatest scoring festival in recent years, but four runs below the major league record, which was established by Chicago against Detroit in the National League in 1883. Every member of the Yankees batted twice in the big inning, which produced seven hits by the Yankees and five errors by the home team, as well as three passes, two sacrifice flies, a hit batsman and a wild pitch.

Three Washington pitchers figured in the disastrous doings that crowded one upon another in the productive inning. Erickson, who had started the game, went out after facing seven Yankees, three of whom had batted safely, while another had walked. Two errors before Erickson had been withdrawn helped to make things easy for the Yankees. Snyder pitched to five batsmen and departed after two had hit safely, two had walked and another had been hit by a pitched ball. Courtney finished the inning and then completed the game.

Up to this afternoon the Senators had escaped a shutout. Griffith's team being the lone major league aggregation that enjoyed such a reputation. When the shutout finally arrived it turned out to be the most decisive of the year. Carl Mays, who blanked the Mackmen in the opening game of Saturday's double-header, gave his best pitching performance of the year and the home team had only one real opportunity to do any scoring. That was in the sixth inning, when Rice got around to third base after a single, a double on his part and a single by Roth. Mays prevented any scoring by grabbing Harris's bounder and retiring the runner at first base.

Mays in Form.

Mays held the Senators under his thumb all the way. Rice was the only home player who passed first base during the contest and he died at second after a steal in the fourth, and at third after Roth's single in the sixth. Mays allowed only three singles, one being a scratch hit off Pipp's shins, and he registered six strikeouts. Only six players got to first base against the splendid pitching of Mays, three on hits, one on an error, one on a pass and one who was hit by a pitched ball.

Babe Ruth again failed to include the Washington batter in his home-run list, but the Yankee slugger collected two singles and a pass in six trips to the plate. He was purposely passed in the fifth when he came up with Vick on third and Pipp on second, but nothing was gained by this alleged strategy, as all three runners scored later. On Babe's second trip to the plate in the busy inning he drove a single to right field, which chased two runs home, and in the next inning he added a single which had no bearing on the final score. Bob Meusel led in the attack on the home flingers with three clean singles and a sacrifice fly. Every New York player got one or more hits except Lucey, the young infielder, who replaced Pratt late in the game and had only one opportunity at the plate. Courtney, who finished the game behind the bat, hit safely the only time he faced Courtney.

A home run by Del Pratt during the big inning furnished some comedy to the outburst. When Pratt tied the plate for the second time in the frame two runners were on the bases and eleven runs were over the plate. Pratt hit to right field, the ball bounded past Roth, and while Bobby was chasing the elusive pill it found a hole in the right field wall and rolled away. Pratt followed Meusel and Bodie over the plate. Thirteen runs were scored in this inning during the interval between the first and second outs.

Start Scoring Early.

The Yankees started their scoring in the second inning after a fast double play had retired them runless in the opening frame. Meusel opened the second with a single to centre, and Bodie sacrificed him along to second. Pratt thumped a single into centre and Meusel rode home with the run that would have been sufficient for Mays in the fine form that he displayed this afternoon.

Another New York run drifted over in the third inning. With Fewster out of the way Vick tapped a double into left field. Pipp popped to Shanks and Harris fumbled a grounder by Ruth. Vick went to third on the misplay and Meusel came through with his second hit, a single to left, scoring Vick. Bob went to second on the latter throw to stop Babe at third and a pass to Bodie filled the bases but there was no more scoring.

There was plenty, however, in the fifth. Vick was safe when Ellerbe made a poor throw to first base, and Pipp's double to left sent Sam around to third. Ruth had his usual experience in such a layout and was purposely walked, filling the bases. Meusel's fly to Milan in deep left allowed Vick to score from third and Bodie followed with a single to left on which Pipp raced home and Ruth galloped to third. When Milan's throw to the plate bounded past Gharity, Ruth also scored and Bodie pulled up at third. Roth dropped Pratt's sacrifice fly to right field and Bodie scampered home. Ruth doubled to right field and Pratt hurried around to third.

A Warm Reception

The figure slowly departing from the scene of conflict is Olaf Erickson and the person moving toward the box is Snyder. Mays greeted the newcomer with a single to centre and both Pratt and Ruel registered at the plate, Mays taking second on the throw-in. Fewster was hit by a pitched ball and Vick, coming up for the second time in the inning, drew a pass which filled the bases. Snyder could not locate the plate for Pipp and another pass forced Mays over the plate. Ruth followed with a single to right which sent Fewster and Vick home, and closed Snyder out of the ball game.

Harry Courtney came on to see if he could retire the side, and he did it eventually. Meusel extended his greetings to the lanky moundsman with a single to centre which scored Pipp and chased Ruth around to third. Babe counted and Meusel raced to third when Bodie's grounder trickled through Harris's fingers. Then Pratt hit the ball past Roth and through the hole in the wall for a home run. Meusel and Bodie scoring ahead of him. Ruel was thrown out on a slow roller in front of the plate. Mays reached first when Rice dropped a fly ball in centre and Fewster, No. 18 on the list of Yankees who batted in this inning, ended it all with a strike-out.

Still another Yank run arrived in the seventh. Bodie opened with a single to centre. Pratt walked and both advanced on Ruel's infield out. Mays singled past third and Bodie scored. Pratt reaching third. After Fewster had been retired, a pass to Vick filled the bases but Pipp forced Sam at second for the final out.

Lucey went to second base and Hofmann replaced Ruel behind the bat when the Yankees took the field in the seventh. The new infielder had only one chance, which he handled cleanly.

The Yankees, now leading the league, left here tonight for New York. Tomorrow will be an off day for the clubs and on Thursday the Yankees open their second home stand against the Western teams at the Polo Grounds.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Fewster,ss	5	1	1	1	5
Vick,rf	4	3	1	4	0
Pipp,1b	4	2	1	11	1
Ruth,lf	5	2	2	2	0
Meusel,3b	5	2	3	0	0
Bodie,cf	4	3	2	1	0
Pratt,2b	4	2	2	1	4
Lucey,2b	1	0	0	0	1
Ruel,c	5	1	1	3	0
Hoffman,c	1	0	1	3	0
Mays,p	5	1	2	1	1
Total	43	17	16	27	12

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Judge,1b	4	0	0	13	0
Milan,lf	4	0	0	4	0
Rice,cf	4	0	1	0	0
Roth,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Harris,2b	4	0	0	4	3
Shanks,3b	2	0	1	1	1
Ellerbe,ss	3	0	0	1	4
Gharrity,c	1	0	0	2	1
Fleisch,c	1	0	0	1	0
Erickson,p	1	0	0	0	1
Snyder,p	0	0	0	0	0
Courtney,p	2	0	0	0	1
Total	30	0	3	27	12

Errors—Milan, Rice, Roth, Harris (2), Ellerbe, Meusel.

New York	0	1	1	0	14	0	1	0	0—17
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits — Vick, Meusel, Pipp, Ruel. Home run—Pratt. Stolen bases—Rice, Courtney. Sacrifice hits—Bodie, Meusel, Mays. Double plays—Ellerbe, Harris and Judge; Fewster, Pratt and Pipp. Left on bases — New York 11, Washington 5. Bases on balls—Off Erickson 4, Snyder 2, Courtney 3, Mays 1. Hits—Off Erickson 8 in 4 1-3 innings, Snyder 2 (none out in fifth), Courtney 6 in 4 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Mays (Shanks), Snyder (Fewster). Struck out—By Erickson 1, Courtney 1, Mays 6. Wild pitch—Snyder. Passed ball —Picinich. Losing pitcher—Erickson. Umpires Moriarty and Chill. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 17; Washington, 0.
Chicago, 5; Cleveland, 4. (11 innings.)
Boston, 11; Philadelphia, 0. (First game.)
Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 1. (Second game.)
St. Louis at Detroit—rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 2.
Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburgh, 2.
Chicago, 13; St. Louis, 8.
Other teams not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	49	28	.636
Cleveland	46	25	.648
Chicago	44	28	.611
Washington	36	30	.545
Boston	34	32	.507
St. Louis	34	38	.472
Detroit	23	47	.319
Philadelphia	18	56	.243

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cincinnati	39	29	.574
Brooklyn	40	31	.563
St. Louis	36	34	.528
Pittsburgh	33	33	.500
Chicago	36	36	.500
Boston	29	33	.468
New York	33	38	.465
Philadelphia	27	41	.397

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at Philadelphia.
Other teams not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.
Other teams not scheduled.

RED SOX WIN AND LOSE.

Overwhelm Athletics, 11 to 0, and Then Drop Second Game, 5 to 1.

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.—Home runs by Walker, Dykes and Welch in the second game of today's double header gave Philadelphia an even break with Boston, the locals winning, 5 to 1, after losing the first, 11 to 0. Naylor scattered Boston's nine hits in the second contest and was aided by flawless support. Jones held the locals in the first game, while Moore and Harris were hit freely.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bailey,rf	6	2	4	5	0
McNally,2b	5	1	1	2	5
Menosky,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Schang,c	4	1	2	4	0
McInnis,1b	4	1	1	10	0
Foster,3b	4	2	2	1	1
Scott,ss	4	0	1	3	3
Walters,c	2	0	0	2	0
Smith,c	1	0	0	0	0
Jones,p	5	1	2	0	2
Total	40	11	18	27	11

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Thomas,3b	4	0	0	0	4
Walker,lf	4	1	2	3	0
Dykes,2b	4	0	1	4	2
Strunk,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Burrus,1b	3	0	0	11	1
Perkins,c	3	0	0	6	0
Myatt,c	1	0	0	1	0
Galloway,ss	3	0	0	2	3
Moore,p	0	0	0	0	0
Harris,p	1	0	0	0	0
Rommel,p	2	0	1	0	3
Total	29	0	5	*26	13

*Schang out, hit by batted ball.
Error—Walker.

Boston	0	2	2	1	6	0	0	0	0—11
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits — Scott, Bailey, Menosky, Dykes. Stolen base—Foster. Sacrifice hits—Walters (2), McNally. Double plays—Foster and McInnis; McNally, McNally and McInnis; Galloway, Dykes and Burrus. Left on bases—Boston 9, Philadelphia 4. Bases on balls—Off Jones 3, Moore 2, Harris 1, Rommel 1. Hits—Off Moore 2 in 2-3 innings; Harris 2 in 3 2-3 innings; Rommel 2 in 4 innings. Struck out—By Jones 1, Moore 1, Rommel 1. Losing pitcher—Moore. Umpires—Messrs. Friel and Dinneen. Time of game—One hour and thirty-three minutes.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt,rf	4	0	2	0	0
Thomas,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Walker,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Dykes,2b	4	1	2	1	4
Welch,cf	4	1	3	5	0
Burrus,1b	4	1	1	7	1
Perkins,c	4	0	1	2	8
Galloway,ss	4	0	1	4	4
Naylor,p	3	0	0	2	2
Total	34	5	12	27	13

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
McNally,2b	3	0	0	2	3
Shanks,3b	2	0	1	1	1
Ellerbe,ss	3	0	0	1	4
McInnes,1b	4	0	1	5	0
Foster,3b	4	1	2	0	1
Scott,ss	4	0	1	4	3
Walters,c	2	0	1	4	3
aEibel	1	0	0	0	0
Harper,p	2	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	9	24	12

a Batted for Walters in ninth.
Errors—Bailey, McNally.

Philadelphia	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Foster, Welch, Burrus. Home runs—Walker, Dykes, Welch. Left on bases—Philadelphia 5, Boston 7. Double plays—Galloway and Burrus; Naylor, Dykes and Burrus. Bases on balls—Off Harper 1, Naylor 4. Struck out—By Harper 2; Nayler 2. Wild pitch—Naylor. Umpires—Dineen and Friel. Time of game—One hour and fifty-six minutes.

TORONTO BEATS GIANTS.

Kauff, in First Game with Leafs, Gets Homer Off Winters.

TORONTO, Ont., July 6.—The Toronto Internationals defeated the New York Nationals in an exhibition game here today, 4 to 3. Benny Kauff, obtained by Toronto from the Giants in exchange for Vernon Spencer, played his first game with the Leafs and made a home run off Winters on the second ball pitched in the first inning. Spencer made a two-base hit.

The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	—4	5	1
New York	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3	8	1

Peterson and Devine; Winters, Banton and Gonsalves.
Umpires—Messrs. Moran and Steckedal.

GIANTS GET ROY GRIMES.

Bridgeport Infielder to Join McGraw's Men on Western Trip.

Roy Grimes, star infielder of the Bridgeport Club of the Eastern League, has been purchased by the New York Giants and ordered to report to the club on its Western trip. It is expected that he will join McGraw's outfit in Chicago before the end of the week. Grimes plays both shortstop and second base. Last year he played with Hartford and Bridgeport of the Eastern League and batted .327 in 106 games. He hit 26 two-baggers, 7 triples and 5 homers, and stole 21 bases. He played short in 82 games and second in 23 last year, but this year has been playing at second exclusively.

Eastern League.

Bridgeport, 7; Worcester, 3.
(No other games scheduled.)

ROBINS GIVE BRAVES A FAREWELL THUMP

Brooklyn Starts for the Golden West After Fleecing Boston by 4 to 2.

BOSTON, July 6.—After having fleeced the Boston Braves out of three perfectly good baseball games in succession, Uncle Wilbert Robinson and his ambitious nephews left this city tonight for their second Western invasion of the season. Robbie and all the little Robins were feeling quite well, feeling quite well in spite of the fact that they were headed for St. Louis. Of course, nothing but an impartial baseball schedule would take any one to St. Louis at this season of the year, and that's what the Dodgers are going to the Missouri hothouse for. The tragedy of a trip to the Mound City in July was tempered to a great extent by the fact that Brooklyn had frolicked with the Braves here this afternoon and emerged from the lawn party with a 4 to 2 victory snugly tucked away for future use.

With first place, in the National League race only a short stride away the Superbas were a happy crew. They had fattened their prospects to an appreciable extent at the expense of Boston, and now entertain fond dreams of being among those present as principals in the world's series. Of course, it's a long stretch of caldendar between now and next October, and lots of things can happen in the interim, but there isn't any harm in entertaining hopes, even if there is nothing more substantial than July ambitions upon which to build the hopes. The Dodgers have had their slump, and feel that they have recovered their best form. The fact that their slump did not relegate them to the scrap heap has immeasurably cheered the Brooklyn players, and they are convinced that from now on they are going to have a great deal to say about the disposition of the pennant this season.

Mitchell in Good Form.

Although they were outhit in the final game of the series by 9 to 7, the Robins still were able to manufacture a victory. This was due to two things. In the first place, Clarence Mitchell, who pitches on days when he hasn't some first basing or some outfielding to do, held the Boston hits pretty well scattered. In the second place, Maranville and Holke were feeling particularly generous and unleashed two wild throws that materially contributed to the Robins' cause. Of course, there was some timely hitting done by the Brooklyns, notably by Griffith and Wheat, and Dana Fillingim inserted a couple of bases on balls that were cashed to good purpose.

Clarence Mitchell was in good form. He had a nice curve working and was particularly effective with men on the bases—that is, until the ninth inning, when the Braves became obstreperous and almost retrieved all the beans they had spilled earlier in the contest. It was then that Uncle Robbie flashed an S O S to the bullpen and Sherrod Smith was hustled to the pitching pinnacle to stem the incipient rising. Incidentally, some very nifty double plays—three of them, in fact—helped considerably to save Brooklyn at critical stages when it appeared as if the Boston clan was on the road to start a flock of trouble.

After a tame and purely uninspired first inning the Dodgers launched their assault in the second inning and, aided and abetted by a wild throw by Rabbit Maranville, scored the first run of the game. Wheat started the inning by walking. He skipped to second while Fillingim was fanning. Myers, Konetchy rolled to Maranville, and would have been an easy out at first, but Rabbit hurled the ball over Holke's head and Wheat scored, while Koney romped to second.

Two More Runs in Third.

In the third inning the Dodgers added two more to their total. Again an error helped them. This time it was a wild throw by Walter Holke. Mitchell had started the inning by flying to Mann. Olson dropped a single in a short right. Johnston grounded to Holke, who saw visions of making a double play. In his haste to retire Olson at second, however, the Boston first baseman threw the ball into the outfield and Olson continued to third, while Johnston did not stop until he reached second. It was then that Tommy Griffith heeded the knocking of Dame Opportunity and thumped a single to centre, which was robust enough to permit Olson and Johnston to score.

The way the Dodgers were playing behind Mitchell made these three runs appear ample. The Braves appeared to be stopped at every turn. In the last of the seventh, however, they found an opening, via a single, a base on balls, a triple, and jammed a run across. This in spite of the fact that Olson and Konetchy injected a fast double play. Sullivan led off with a single to centre. Holke got a base on balls. Boeckel hit into a double play, Olson to Konetchy, Sullivan advancing to third. This cleared the atmosphere somewhat and all would have been well but Ford, sometimes familiary called Jitney, walloped a triple to the far reaches of centre field and Sullivan scored.

In the eighth inning Brooklyn got its fourth and final run. Johnston led off by working Fillingim for a pass. Griffith played according to Hoyle by sacrificing, Fillingim to Holke. Wheat's single to right was enough to pay Johnston's passage to the plate.

Smith Relieves Mitchell.

It was in the ninth that the Braves started a rumpus that grew to such alarming proportions that Mitchell had to be relieved of the pitching assignment and Smith rushed to the rescue. Johnston permitted Sullivan's grounder to trickle through his legs and the runner went all the way to second. He went to third while Kilduff was throwing out Boeckel and Ford also singled. Sullivan scored. Ford also singled. It was a clean blow to centre for a base and Boeckel advanced to third. That was enough for Robbie. It was getting too hot. So he gave Mitchell the remainder of the afternoon off and Smith took up the task. There were two on and only one out. Smith's first official act was to pass Gowdy and the bases were filled. Wilson batted for McQuillan, who had taken up the pitching for Boston at the start of the ninth round. Cruise ran for Gowdy. Wilson fouled to Krueger, and the trouble blew over when Powell popped to Olson.

The score:

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Olson,ss	5	1	1	4	6
Johnston,3b	3	2	1	1	2
Griffith,rf	3	0	1	1	0
Wheat,lf	3	2	1	0	0
Myers,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Konetchy,1b	4	0	2	16	0
Kilduff,2b	4	0	0	2	6
Krueger,c	4	0	1	5	1
Mitchell,p	1	0	0	0	1
Smith,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	7	27	17

BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Powell,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Mar'ville,ss	3	0	0	2	1
Cl'tt'bury,2b	2	0	0	1	1
Mann,lf	4	0	0	5	0
Sullivan,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Holke,1b	3	0	1	11	1
Boeckel,3b	3	0	1	0	1
Ford,2b,ss	4	0	2	0	3
Gowdy,c	2	0	0	5	1
Fillingim,p	1	2	0	1	5
McQuillan,p	0	0	0	0	0
aO'Neil	1	0	1	0	0
Wilson	0	0	0	0	0
cCruise	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	6	27	12

a Batted for Fillingim in eighth.
b Batted for McQuillan in ninth.
c Ran for Gowdy in ninth.
Errors — Johnston, Griffith, Maranville, Holke.

Brooklyn	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hit—Johnston. Three-base hit—Ford. Sacrifice hits—Maranville, Griffith. Double plays—Johnston, Kilduff and Konetchy; Olson, Kilduff and Konetchy; Olson and Konetchy; Fillingim and Holke. Left on bases—Brooklyn 6, Boston 6. Bases on balls—Off Mitchell 2, Smith 1, Fillingim 2. Hits—Off Fillingim 1 in 8 innings, McQuillan none in 1, Mitchell 9 in 8 1-3, Smith none in 2-3. Struck out—By Mitchell 1, by Fillingim 3. Winning pitcher—Mitchell. Losing pitcher —Fillingim. Umpires—Harr and Quigley. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Southern Association.

Chattanooga 5, Nashville 0.
Atlanta 7, Mobile 2.
Little Rock 2, Memphis 1.
(Twelve innings.)
Birmingham 12, New Orleans 3.

American Association.

No games scheduled.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	72	287	50	110	.383
Smith, New York	42	132	10	47	.356
Konetchy, Brooklyn	67	225	25	75	.333
Daubert, Cincinnati	58	215	34	71	.330
Williams, Phila	68	276	44	90	.326

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Sisler, St. Louis	72	290	56	121	.417
Jackson, Chicago	68	289	44	105	.300
Speaker, Cleveland	71	273	68	105	.385
Ruth, New York	69	234	70	90	.385
Weaver, Chicago	72	304	60	111	.365

HOMER BY FELSCH BEATS CLEVELAND

Chicago Gets Eleventh-Inning Victory in Last Game—Score, 5 to 4.

CHICAGO, July 6.—A home run in the eleventh inning by Felsch brought a 5 to 4 victory for Chicago over Cleveland in the final game of the series today. Faber pitched ten innings, but gave way to pinch hitter Murphy in the tenth. Murphy drove out a hit that tied the score again and Wilkinson finished as pitcher. The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,rf	6	0	1	3	1
E.Collins,2b	6	0	2	3	6
Weaver,3b	5	0	3	0	0
Jackson,lf	5	0	1	4	0
Felsch,cf	5	2	2	2	0
J.Collins,1b	4	0	0	15	0
Risberg,ss	5	2	3	0	6
Schalk,c	5	1	1	5	1
Faber,p	2	0	0	0	3
aMurphy	1	0	1	0	0
Wilkinson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	42	5	14	32	17

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	4	2	2	2	0
Chapman,ss	4	0	2	2	2
Speaker,cf	5	0	1	1	0
Smith,rf	4	1	1	4	0
Gardner,3b	5	0	1	2	0
Wamb'ns,2b	3	0	0	2	5
Johnston,1b	4	0	0	16	1
O'Neill,c	3	1	1	2	2
Bagby,p	4	0	1	1	3
Total	36	4	9	*22	17

*Two out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Faber in tenth.

Chicago	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	—5
Cleveland	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	—4

Two-base hits—Gardner, Jamieson, Bagby. Three-base hits—Smith, O'Neill, Jamieson. Home run—Felsch. Sacrifice hits—Jamieson, Smith, Wamsganss, Weaver, Schalk, Faber. Double plays—Risberg, E. Collins and J. Collins (2); Leibold and Schalk. Left on bases —Cleveland 5, Chicago 13. Bases on balls—Off Bagby 5, Faber 3. Hits—Off Faber 9 in 10 innings Wilkinson none in 1. Struck out—By Bagby 1, Faber 2. Winning pitcher—Wilkinson. Losing pitcher—Bagby. Umpires —Messrs. Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes.

REDS DEFEAT PIRATES.

Hit Meador and Wisner Hard and Win by Score of 7 to 2.

PITTSBURGH, July 6.—Cincinnati defeated Pittsburgh today by a score of 7 to 2 as a result of its ability to hit the offerings of Meador and Wisner. Each of the local pitchers let in a run with a wild pitch. Ring held Pittsburgh safe at all times and aided materially with his three hits.

The score:

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath,2b	5	3	2	2	4
Daubert,1b	4	0	1	10	0
Groh,3b	5	1	1	2	0
Roush,cf	5	0	1	2	0
Duncan,lf	4	1	1	1	0
Kopf,ss	2	1	2	4	3
Neale,rf	4	1	2	2	0
Wingo,c	4	0	1	4	0
Ring,p	4	0	3	0	6
Total	35	7	14	27	13

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bigbee,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Carey,cf	5	1	1	1	0
Southw'th,rf	3	0	1	5	0
Whitted,3b	3	0	0	1	3
Cutshaw,2b	4	1	1	3	6
Grimm,1b	4	0	0	10	2
Caton,ss	3	0	1	3	1
Schmidt,c	4	0	1	4	0
Meador,p	1	0	1	1	2
Wisner,p	1	0	0	0	2
aNicholson	1	0	0	0	0
Watson,p	0	0	0	0	0
bLee	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	5	27	16

Errors—Kopf, Ring.
a Batted for Wisner in eighth.
b Batted for Watson in ninth.

Cincinnati	0	0	1	1	2	2	1	0	0—7
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1—2

Two-base hit—Carey. Three-base hit—Kopf. Home run—Neale. Stolen base—Carey. Sacrifice hits—Daubert, Kopf, Whitted. Double play—Ring, Kopf and Daubert; Kopf, Rath and Daubert; Cutshaw and Grimm; Kopf, Rath and Daubert. Left on bases—Cincinnati 5, Pittsburgh 7. Bases on balls—Off Ring 3, Meador 2. Hits—Off Meador 11 in 2 2-3 innings, Watson 1 in 1, Wisner 2 in 2 1-3. Struck out—By Ring 2. Wild pitches—Meador, Wisner. Losing pitcher—Meador. Umpires—Klem and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and 27 minutes.

CUBS LAMBASTE CARDS.

Pitchers Are Pummeled Hard in Game Chicago Wins by 12 to 8.

ST. LOUIS, July 6.—Chicago defeated St. Louis, 12 to 8, in a batting contest today marked principally by the ineffectiveness of the pitchers. Barber hit safely in five of his six trips up.

The score:

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Twombly,rf	5	2	2	4	1
Hollocher,ss	5	4	4	1	4
Terry,2b	5	2	3	2	6
Robertson,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Fribera,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Barber,1b	6	0	5	11	0
Paskert,cf	6	1	3	5	0
Hersog,3b	5	0	0	2	2
O'Farrell,c	5	2	2	6	0
Carter,p	3	1	1	0	2
Martin,p	1	0	1	0	0
aDaly	1	0	1	0	0
Total	46	12	23	27	15

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Smith,lf	5	3	4	1	0
Heathcote,rf	3	1	2	4	1
Stock,3b	5	0	1	1	1
Hornsby,2b	5	0	1	2	3
Fournier,1b	4	0	0	7	0
McHenry,cf	4	0	1	8	0
Lavan,ss	5	2	2	2	2
Dilhoefer,c	5	1	1	6	0
Doak,p	2	0	1	2	2
North,p	0	0	0	0	0
Jacobs,p	0	0	0	0	1
Goodwin,p	0	0	0	0	1
Shardel,p	0	0	0	0	0
bKnode	0	1	0	0	0
Total	40	8	15	*27	15

a Batted for Robertson in ninth.
b Batted for North in sixth.
Errors—Robertson, Paskert, Hersog, Carter, Stock, Fournier.

Chicago	1	0	0	2	3	0	3	0	3—12
St. Louis	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	5—8

Two-base hits—Paskert, Hornsby, Lavan. Three-base hits—Heathcote (2). Dilhoefer. Stolen bases—Twombley, Smith. Sacrifice hits—By Heathcote (2), Carter, Terry, Robertson, Hersog. Left on bases—Chicago 13, St. Louis 10. Bases on balls—Off Doak 2, Carter 1. Hits—Off Carter 12 in 7 2-3 (2 out in 8th); Martin 3 in 1 1-3, Doak 11 in 5 2-3, Shardel 7 in 2 1-3, North 1 in 1 1-3, Jacobs 1 in 1-3, Goodwin 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Carter (Fournier and Knode). Struck out—By Shardel 2, Doak 1. Wild pitches—Carter, Shardel. Passed ball—Dilhoefer. Winning pitcher—Carter.

MAY HAVE TO CUT OLYMPIC ENTRIES

U. S. Chances at Antwerp Endangered by Threatened Failure of Expense Fund.

MOAKLEY APPOINTED COACH

Team Selection Committee Picks Cornell Mentor — Six Runners Chosen for Marathon.

With but two weeks remaining before the scheduled sailing date for the American Olympic team, members of the American Olympic Committee are confronted with a crisis which, if not relieved, will result in a decrease in the strength of the Olympic team. It has been estimated that at least $200,000 will be necessary to defray the expenses of the nation's athletic invaders of Antwerp, Belgium. Of this sum exactly $37,000 is now in the hands of the Treasurer, Julian W. Curtiss. Approximately $25,000 has been positively promised in subscription pledges, making a total of $62,000 which can be regarded as subscribed for the important project of outfitting another triumphant team to uphold the country's prestige in the forthcoming international classic.

Generous calculations lead to the opinion that at least $10,000 will be realized from the final Olympic track and field try-outs, the National A. A. U. championships at Harvard Stadium, Cambridge, Mass., July 16 and 17. From clubs, communities and individuals, which have not yet responded to the call for financial assistance by the committee, enough additional funds are expected to total approximately $30,000 and provide a grand total of $100,000.

This half of the estimated expense total is not absolutely assured. Only sanguine calculations have adduced this figure. With respect to the remaining $100,000—the big half, as Romeyn Berry aptly put it—the officials are entirely at sea. At present this staggering requisite is nowhere in sight. Unless the funds are raised by popular subscription the officials will encounter the necessity of decreasing the number of athletes in each event, thus seriously impairing America's chances of again showing the way to the world in Olympic competition.

An Unpleasant Alternative

Matt Halpin, manager of the Olympic team, disclosed the alternative in the event that the necessary funds are not raised. Mr. Halpin declared that, instead of entering six athletes and actually starting four, the committee probably would be compelled to limit the number of starters and entries to three, or perhaps two in each event. An intensive drive, which will be continued right up to the time of the team's sailing, July 20, will be undertaken to raise the required funds.

This distressing disclosure, overshadowing the selection of the marathon entries, the appointments of coaches for the various sports and one directing coach for the team, was brought out yesterday at an all-day session of the men most directly concerned with the task of assembling and transporting an Olympic team. From early morning until late last evening the officials wrestled with the problem, in joint meetings of the Nomination, Team Selection and Executive Committees, at the New York A. C. When the session had concluded the dominating expression was one of deep concern over the stiff trail leading to the departure of the team.

Jack Moakley, veteran Cornell track and field coach, was selected chief coach of the Olympic team, after a spirited voting session among the nine members of the Team Selection Committee, which for a time threatened to end in a deadlock. The Ithaca athletic mentor, who has developed a number of cross-country and track and field championship outfits in intercollegiate athletic competition in his twenty-one years at the up-state college, gained the appointment over Lawson Robertson, University of Pennsylvania coach, whose familiarity with Olympic competition and all-round knowledge of athletic material made him a popular favorite for the assignment. After the meeting it was learned that the vote stood 5 to 4 for Moakley, and the latter's selection was then made unanimous.

A Departure from Custom.

Moakley's official title will be Chairman of the Board of Coaches, marking a departure from the custom of the past when a single individual coach was appointed for the supervision of the entire team. Robertson, Martin A. Delaney of Chicago, Miss Ryan, Colby College coach; Spike Webb, Annapolis boxing coach; Joseph M. Bateman, army boxing coach; S. M. Pinneo, Gary (Ind.) Y. M. C. A., and Paul Gelas, Washington Fencers' coach, were also appointed to the Board of Coaches. A Pacific Coast coach, to be selected from Harry Maloney, Leland Stamford coach, who conditioned America's team for the Inter-Allied games at Paris, and Dean Cromwell, University of Southern California, who developed Charles Paddock and Schiller, sensational coast athletes, will be named at a subsequent meeting. The selection of the Western representative on the board will probably be made after the final try-outs.

The selection of a Board of Coaches was deemed advisable in view of the fact that America will be represented this year by a greater team than at any other time in history. Whereas, in the past, particular attention has been paid to track and field and swimming, the nation this year is nominating representatives for a majority of the other events which will be contested. President Kirby of the American Olympic Committee declared that 250 American athletes would be included in the team, providing for every branch of sport. For the purpose of maintaining harmony through the familiarity of the coaches with the athletes of the different sections of the country, it was thought necessary to provide a Board of Coaches. Through scattering the work of direction it is expected to make possible a lighter state of competitive perfection.

Mike Kiraly has been selected to coach the marathon runners; Webb as boxing coach and Bateman, assistant boxing coach; Pinneo, wrestling, and Gelas, fencing. George Meintes, Annapolis, has been appointed association fencing coach.

Managers Appointed.

Other appointments included George V. Brown, Boston A. A., assistant to Manager Halpin; Otto Wahle, New York A. C., assistant manager, in direct charge of men swimmers; Miss Charlotte Epstein, Women's Swimming Association of New York, assistant manager, in charge of women swimmers; Roy Moore, manager of gymnasts; Frank Denny, Buffalo, cycling manager. There will be no selections of coaches for men or women swimmers. Bateman will sail on the cruiser Frederick with the navy athletes on July 25 or 26. The other managers and coaches will sail with the track and field, boxing, wrestling, gymnastic, cycling, rowing and other teams, scheduled to leave July 20.

Coach Moakley was apprised over the long-distance telephone of his selection and is expected to arrive here this morning. He will confer with President Kirby, Justice Bartow S. Weeks and Matt Halpin this afternoon, when it is expected extensive plans will be arranged for the actual work of selecting and conditioning the army of athletes. Coaches Moakley, Robertson and Delaney, with the coast nominee, are expected to collaborate in their work and apportion their duties equitably.

Marathon Runners Chosen.

Six marathon runners were definitely selected and a seventh chosen to guard against emergency. The selections are Carl W. Linder, Quincy A. C., Quincy, Mass.; Arthur Roth, St. Alphonse Association, Boston; Joseph Organ, Pittsburgh; Jack Weber, Pittsburgh; Charles Mellor, Chicago, and Frank Zuna, Frank B. Whitney Post, American Legion, Newark, N. J. Edwin White, veteran distancer of the Holy Cross Lyceum, was the seventh runner whose name came up for consideration, and he was included to provide a substitute in the event that one of the six actual entries withdraws unexpectedly, or for some reason finds it impossible to make the trip.

Linder and Roth were the first two American runners to follow the wake of Pete Trivoulidas, Greek marathoner, in the Patriots' Day race from Ashland to Boston. Organ and Weber were the first natives who finished after John Toumikoski, Finnish runner, of Boston, in the New York A. C. marathon. Mellor captured the Detroit marathon and competed in both the Boston and New York A. C. events. Zuna gave a sterling exhibition of endurance under trying conditions in the Sea Gate marathon in Brooklyn last February, but has not since competed over the classic distance. White gave capable performances in the Sea Gate, Boston and New York tests, and his consistency earned him the approval of the Team Selection Committee.

Their endurance under trying conditions was a potent factor in the selection of the marathon runners. Previous to the actual selection the report of President Kirby, who recently returned from a visit to Belgium, disclosed radical variances with the popular conception of the course which will be traversed in the Olympic classic. Instead of running from Brussels to Antwerp, as was originally contemplated, the course has been changed to have the athletes start in the stadium, cover about half of the original route and return, finishing on the stadium track. Ten per cent. of the distance will be over Belgian block, not exceptionally well laid, in the estimation of President Kirby, and part of the race will be over a narrow bicycle path, which probably will force the athletes out onto the main highway. Under the conditions there will be many incapacitated with bruised or lacerated feet unless properly shod.

Teams Still to Sail.

The teams which have yet to sail total 235 individuals, divided as follows: Cycling, 14; track and field, including army tug-of-war, ancient pentathlon and de athlon, 124; boxing, 18; fencing, 10; swimming, men 21, women 12; water polo ists, 7; gymnasts, 4; weight lifters, 2; carsmen, 15; wrestling, 10. In addition about twenty rubbers, handlers and attendants will be included on the journey.

Another meeting will be held July 14 when the swimming, boxing, wrestling, tug-of-war, ancient and modern pentathlon team members will be selected.

The officials who attended the meetings were as follows:

Allison V. Armour, Chicago, and Justice Bartow S. Weeks, New York A. C., of the International Olympic Committee; President Gustavus T. Kirby and Secretary Frederick W. Rubien, of the American Olympic Committee; Frederick R. Fortmeyer, National Association of Amateur Oarsmen; Dr. Graeme M. Hammond, Amateur Fencers' League of America; President Samuel J. Dallas, Amateur Athletic Union; Richard F. Kelsey, National Cycling Union; Dr. G. Randolph Manning, United States Football Association; Commander C. T. Mayo and Commander J. G. Ware, Navy; Colonel A. G. Mills; William H. Cuddy, Boston; Romeyn Berry, Ithaca; Graduate Manager of Athletics at Cornell; Matt Halpin, New York A. C., Olympic Team Manager; Everett C. Brown, Chicago and George Turner, Baltimore.

U. S. PISTOL TEAM SAILS.

Olympic Contestants Leave for Antwerp on the Pocahontas.

The All American Pistol team, which will compete in the Olympic games at Antwerp, sailed yesterday afternoon from Hoboken on the American transport Pocahontas. Colonel Oliver S. Snyder, U. S. A., is in charge of the pistol team, and J. A. Baker of Noroton, Conn., is the team adjutant and supply officer. Other Regular Army men on the team are Second Lieut. L. J. Harant and Sergeant Michael Kelly of the Seventh Engineers. The rest of the team is composed of civilians, including Dr. G. H. Smook, Columbus; Dr. G. F. Fiske, Chicago; Dr. H. A. Bayles, Dorchester, N. J., and B. Lane, K. P. Frederick and R. C. Bracken, all of Manhattan.

Also sailing on the Pocahontas were 304 Boy Scouts and fifty-eight Scout leaders, who are going to the International Convention of Boy Scouts in London.

LION D'OR'S SIRE DEAD.

Heno Was Joint Hero with Africander at Saratoga in 1903.

Heno, joint hero with Africander of the race for the Saratoga Cup of 1903, is dead at William Woodward's Belair Farm in Prince George's County, Maryland. Heno was 21 years old. A son of Henry Young and Quiver, he was a first-class race horse.

Lion d'Or is probably the best horse Heno ever got. Commander J. K. L. Ross paid Thomas Healy and A. J. Joyner $20,000 for Lion d'Or after seeing him beat Motor Cop and Naturalist in the Toboggan Handicap at Belmont Park on Decoration Day. There is a two-year-old own brother of Lion d'Or in the stable of Morton L. Schwartz called Count d'Or, which Mr. Schwartz has named for the Saratoga Special. Heno will be represented in the coming Saratoga sales by half a dozen good looking yearlings.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; five furlongs. Mambi 107 pounds, Hillburn 90, *George Bowes 101, Morning Face 105, Faunus 112, Forneve 112, Frivolous 102, Lady Frapoe 109, Omar K. 109, Rustler 112, Seven Seas 110, The Cook 112, *Magic Heather 96, Polly Ann 112, El Supremo 110, Ballynew 117, Smarty 112.

SECOND RACE—The Handspring Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs. Thunderstorm 98 pounds, Capped 110, Ishkibah 104, Dominique 118, Lem D'Or 125.

THIRD RACE — Conditions; for mares three years old and upward; one mile. Swiftsure, Queen 112 pounds, Resiblum 112, Lady Gertrude 120, Sweet Music 112, Genie W 108, Belleolar 120, Elected II. 120, Light Wine 112.

FOURTH RACE—The Africander Handicap; for three-years-olds; one mile. Fair Gain 107 pounds, Gladiator 121, Royal Duck 98, Lunetta 108, St. Allan 98.

FIFTH RACE—Conditions; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Translate 119 pounds, Thunderstorm 118, Torchbearer 123, Whisk 100, Dream of the Valley 104, Sea Mint 104.

SIXTH RACE—For maidens, three years old and upward; one mile. Ten Can 116 pounds, Double Eye 113, Mystic Queen 116, King Adrigna 113, Farmingdale 113, Sir Grafton 113, Gay Hero 115, Leatherface 115, Gemle 110, Mario Antonette 110, Rinkayous 116, San Diego 118, Irish Dancer 118, Gonsale 118, Lady Freemason 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

JOHN P. GRIER NOW DEFIES MAN O' WAR

Whitney's Colt Wins Easily from Donnacona and Natural Bridge at Aqueduct.

John P. Grier, the runner-up to Man O' War in the Futurity last year and generally regarded as the best of the three-year-olds owned by Harry Payne Whitney, made his first local appearance of the season at Aqueduct yesterday and gave the impression that he had developed into an excellent race horse. He had a smart gallop in front of G. W. Loft's Donnacona and W. R. Coe's Natural Bridge in the Sir Walter Handicap at a mile and a sixteenth and won easily by two lengths, without being extended.

The interest that attached to the appearance of the Whitney colt was not in his victory so much, for that was expected, but in the possibility that he may give Man O' War a tussle when they meet. John P. Grier is the last of the "White Hopes" of the three-year-old division and it seems to be quite up to him to show whether Man O' War can be defeated by any horse of his age.

It is no secret that trainer James Rowe has been aiming at the champion with this son of Whisk Broom 2d and Wonder. He has tried with the other good ones of his stable and failed. When both Wildair and Upset had taken the dust of the champion Rowe remarked that he was going to make one more effort, and it would be with his best horse. John P. Grier has, therefore, been named for the Dwyer Stakes to be run Saturday in which he will meet Man O' War. The Whitney colt ran a wonderful race back of the champion in the Futurity last Autumn and finished second after fighting his way through the field and catching the fleet Dominique.

Now In Tip Top Shape.

John P. Grier made his first appearance this year at Havre de Grace, where he won a mile test from St. Allan and others and had to be hard ridden. He did not train well after that, and was rested until recently, when Rowe began to prepare him for some of the stake events. When he went to the post yesterday there remained only the question of his condition, and he quickly proved that he was ready. The race was a trial for the Dwyer.

The Whitney colt acted meanly going to the post, and Kummer had some trouble getting him to face the barrier. But once there he went away in motion, set his own pace all the way, and won as his rider pleased. Going through the back stretch, he drew away to a lead of three lengths, with Donnacona running second. In the stretch Donnacona did his best, but Kummer was looking back, and never had to extend his mount. Natural Bridge was almost left at the post, and after racing up to the field tired badly in the stretch and was third, eight lengths back of the Loft colt.

The Islip Stable's Arnold ran one of the best races of his long career in the opening event at six and a half furlongs, in which he carried 137 pounds, and took the measure of Lawrence Waterbury's Nightstick, with Youneed third. The Waterbury horse was made the favorite because of the weight on Arnold, but the old sprinter took the track at the start, set a fast pace, and held on gamely in the drive at the finish, to win by a nose.

Dry Moon Leads Juveniles.

The success of the juveniles from the stable of R. T. Wilson, Jr., was continued yesterday, when his youngster, Dry Moon, won the Woodhaven Selling Stakes, at five furlongs. While Dry Moon does not rank with his stable mates, Kirkleyington and Dimmesdale, he has scored more successes than either of them.

Dry Moon broke from an outside position and was following the pace of G. W. Loft's Guy'nor turning into the stretch. Once straightened out he fought his way up gamely, caught the leader at the sixteenth pole and won a close decision by a head. Eye Opener was third among the seven starters.

The Glen Riddle Farm's Dinna Care, which was defeated by a nose a few days ago, was in the hands of a more skilful rider yesterday and easily accounted for the fifth race, at a mile, in which he took the measure of a field of six three-year-olds. He led home Feodor by eight lengths, while St. Allan was third, half a length further back. Dinna Care followed the pace closely, and at the head of the stretch Kummer let him run and he drew away as though he outclassed his rivals. The last half a long was just a gallop, although Kummer took no chances and rode him out to the finish, as Feodor was charging along with a show of speed.

The Quincy Stable, which owns Elmendorf, scored a double triumph when Joan Marie won the five-furlong dash for maiden fillies, which closed the card. She defeated M. L. Schwartz's Fluff by two lengths, with Fright third.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,030. Six and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Arnold	137	Turner	13-5	1nk
Nightstick	115	Schuttinger	8-5	2
Youneed	110	Pease	6-1	3h
Prince of Como	115	Rowan	16-5	4
Pocatello	107	Hamilton	20-1	5
Tattle	110	Fator	12-1	6

Time—1:20.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Arnold, b. h., by Peep o' Day—Victoria M.; owned by Islip Stable and trained by T. O. Webber.

SECOND RACE.

The Barrow Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,330. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Elmendorf	107	Mooney	16-5	1h
Crystal Ford	110	Kummer	11-5	2½
Tom McTaggart	116	Fator	3-1	3nk
Thrift	102	Callahan	10-1	4
Tetley	100	Weiner	12-1	5

Time—1:45.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Elmendorf, b. c., by Ballot—Discipline; owned by Quincy Stable and trained by J. Fitzsimmons.

THIRD RACE.

The Woodhaven Selling Stakes, for two-year-olds; $1,500 added. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dry Moon	112	Turner	2-1	1h
Guy'nor	105	Barrett	3-1	2
Eye Opener	95	Weiner	7-1	3no
Alcatraz	107	Buxton	7-2	4
Explosive	97	Callahan	25-1	5
General Average	119	Johnson	10-1	6
Crimson Rambler	106	Kelsay	12-1	7

Time—1:01 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Dry Moon, b. c., by Chamblade—Honeymoon; owned by R. T. Wilson, Jr., and trained by T. J. Healy.

FOURTH RACE.

The Sir Walter Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; $1,220 added. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
John P. Grier	126	Kummer	3-5	1h
Donnacona	120	Barrett	11-5	2h
Natural Bridge	120	Fairbrother	10-3	3h
Wood Violet	100	Callahan	15-1	4
Recount	112	Rice	30-1	5

Time—1:45 1-5.

Start good for all but Natural Bridge; won easily; place same. John P. Grier, ch. c., by Whisk Broom II—Wonder; owned by H. P. Whitney and trained by J. Rowe.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds; purse $1,050. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dinna Care	116	Kummer	11-20	1
Feodor	116	Kelsay	15-1	2½
St. Allan	116	Rowan	4-1	3h
Carmarvon	116	Fairbrother	8-1	4
Captain Alcock	110	Mooney	40-1	5
Ardito	110	Enos	30-1	6

Time—1:38 3-5.

Start good; won handily; place driving. Dinna Care, ch. f., by Buttermaid—Dinawich; owned by Glen Riddle Farm and trained by L. Fussell.

SIXTH RACE.

For maiden fillies two years old; purse $1,050. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Joan Marie	116	Rice	19-1	1
Fluff	116	Enos	3-1	2½
Fright	116	Fairbrother	2-1	3nk
Laugh Girl	116	Turner	5-1	4
Music in the Air	116	Johnson	8-1	5
Blue Belle	116	Nolan	8-1	6
Mlle. Cadena	116	Schuttinger	6-1	7
Fawn	116	Kummer	12-1	8
Rola	116	Rowe	15-1	9
Vanadis	116	Zoeller	40-1	10
Perfection	116	Fitzpatrick	40-1	11
Twinkle	116	Callahan	8-1	12
Arrow of Gold	116	Kelsay	30-1	13
Peggy Rives	116	Mooney	20-1	14
Brigadna	116	Sutton	40-1	15

Time—1:01 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Joan Marie, b. f., by Friar Rock—Orange and Blue; owned by Quincy Stable and trained by J. Fitzsimmons.

Weather clear; track fast.

WOODTRAP UPSETS FORM AT LATONIA

Wins Broomstick Handicap from Sands of Pleasure, Paying $25.90 for $2.

LATONIA, Ky., July 6.—The Broomstick Handicap at a mile, the feature at Latonia this afternoon, was won by Woodtrap which showed to his best form and defeated Sands of Pleasure and Balgneur, among others. Woodtrap had not shown much in his racing here and his victory was a surprise as was indicated by the price paid by the mutuel machines. Holders of $2 tickets on Woodtrap received $25.90.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,200. Port Light, 113 (Wilson), $4.30, $3.70, $2.40, first; Pullux, 112 (Lunsford), $2.40, $2.30, second; Bringhurst, 112 (Wide), $3, third. Time 1:12 2-5. Equator, Diana, Tim McGee, Eleve, Missed the Time, Tom Pendergast, Humma, Triomphant and Second Cousin also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; maiden colts and geldings; five and a half furlongs; purse $1,400. Judge Budrow, 115 (Erickson), $5.60, $3.00, $2.60, first; Sir Thomas Kean, 115 (Mink), $4.40, $2.00, second; The Virginian, 115 (Wilson), $3.80, third. Time 1:08. Tribune, Rangeon, Alvin T. Hert, All Right Sir, Nick London, Winchester, Hand Sweep, Draftsman and Lough Eagle also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth; purse $1,200. Wamona, 107 (Collins), $42.00, $12.00, $4.70, first; Thinker, 102 (Kennedy), $2.40, $2.50, second; Japhet, 107 (King), $3.60, third. Time 1:47 2-5. High Voltage, Convoy, La Foudre, Buck Nall, Hunterplatt, High Gear, Croix d'Or, and Perugino also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, the Omar Khayyam; fillies and mares; six furlongs; purse $1,500. Mlle. Dazie, 97 (Wilson), $6, $3.40, $2.20, first; Siren Maid, 97 (Collins), $4.20, $2.20, second; Jorico, 105 (Kennedy), $2.40, third. Time 1:12 1-5. Sweeping Glance, Viva America, Jap, Dulce, Tekalon and Lady Fairplay also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; the Broomstick Handicap; one mile; purse $1,200. Woodtrap, 108 (Post), $25.90, $10.80, $5.60, first; Sands of Pleasure 104 (Burke), $5.40, $4.00, second; Balgneur, 101 (King), $7.20, third. Time 1:39 2-5. Fern Handley, Jack Hare, Jr., and Twin also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth; purse $1,200. Walter H. Pearce, 112 (Canfield), $17.50, $5.80, $5.10, first; Shillelagh II., 112 (Ridenour), $5.10, $3.30, second; Grey Eagle, 107 (Heinisch), $3.20, third. Time 1:49 3-5. Mazola, Bemtast, Frank Wilson, Pansy Blossom, Port Drapeau, Zone d'Armee, Mamie Kelly also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a quarter; purse $1,200. Ernest B., 110 (Kennedy), $5.40, $3.20, $3.50, first; Bourbon Green, 115 (Canfield), $6.50, $5.10, second; Captain Rees, 115 (Lunsford), $11, third. Time 2:09 1-5. Arrow Point, Alex, Jr., Harvest King also ran.

Weather raining; track good.

MANCHESTER IS WINNER.

Defeats McAllister and Enters Semi-Finals of North Side Tennis.

Francis T. Hunter and Herbert H. Manchester entered the semi-final round of the North Side tennis championship yesterday afternoon on the courts of the University Heights Club, both winning their fifth-round matches in straight sets. Hunter disposed of Jones W. Mersereau, of the local committee, at 6—3, 6—4, while Manchester put out the famous Captain of the Seventh Regiment team, Samuel Robert McAllister, 7—5, 6—1.

Elliott H. Binzen, the present holder of the title, began his advance in the tournament two days late, getting a bye and a default for a starter, and then defeating Leon Croley in a spectacular three-set match, 6—8, 6—2, 6—2. He will meet H. C. Hubbell in the fourth round today, and the winner of this match faces Percy L. Kynaston for the semi-final bracket. Alfred D. Hammett and William M. Fischer, both of the home club, are the only other survivors of the field of 112 that started play on Saturday.

Manchester's defeat of McAllister began with the loser flashing sensational form, and threatening to make a runaway of the opening set. He was shooting for the lines with every stroke, and shaving them by the narrowest possible margin. Manchester found it impossible to handle these accurate placements, and the score mounted rapidly against him until McAllister led at 5—1. Then the brilliant streak of the regimental star stopped suddenly, while Manchester for the first time secured the confidence necessary to make his own fast drives an asset.

Matters were completely reversed as the home player began to cut down his rival's big lead, and it was not long before the games were tied at 5 all. Not content with this, Manchester went right on to take the set at 7—5, and his streak did not stop until he had added the first four to the second session, making his run ten straight. McAllister picked up one game at this stage by the most desperate playing, but it did him no good, for Manchester was now in top form, and ran out the set and match without difficulty at 6—1.

Mersereau put up a good fight against Hunter, chopping back his terrific forehand drives and rushing up to the net whenever possible. The speed of the Cornell man was too much for him, however, and the sets went against Mersereau at 6—3, 6—4.

Croley showed amazing steadiness and accuracy in his first set against Binzen, and, with the Fordham youngster somewhat off his game, the older player actually scored a whitewash for the opener. Binzen, however, recovered control just in time, and, having tried out his shots recklessly while losing, came back with a wealth of good strokes, smothering his rival in a 6—2 session which tied up the match, and then making sure of victory by the same score.

The summary:

Second Round—Elliott H. Binzen won from Sigmund Spaeth by default.

Third Round—Binzen defeated Leon H. Croley 0—6, 6—2, 6—2.

Fifth Round—Francis T. Hunter defeated Jones W. Mersereau, 6—3, 6—4; Herbert H. Manchester defeated Samuel Robert McAllister, 7—5, 6—1.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,300; for three-year-olds; one mile. Sam's Boy 105 pounds, Tulsa 105, Lord Wrack 105, Bounding Through 107, Harry B. 112, The Leopard 112, Travesty 112, Brotherly Love 112.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,200; the Sir Martin; for two-year-old maiden fillies; five and a half furlongs. Cozette 112 pounds, Dena Lorlotta 112, Bookworm 112, Diamond Dale 112, Bit of Green 112, Fusade 112, Sure 112, Tawesmitha 112, Golden Autumn 112, Dromore 112, Marjorie McKay 112, Horicyte 112. Also eligible: Lady Champ 112, Peppery Polly 112, Lough Maiden 112, Fair Florin 112, Eleanor S. 112, Kate Fraley 112.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,800; Fair Play Handicap; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Pekoe 105 pounds, Bettina 109, Lough Storm 108, Ben Valet 112, Whippet 118, Monsoon 118, Ace High 121.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,300; Kalapa Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Angon 95 pounds, Furbelow 109, Fern Handley 103, Linden 105, Carmarador 107.

FIFTH RACE—$6,000 added; Tenbroeck Handicap; for three-year-olds; one mile and a quarter. Last Indian 97 pounds, Travesty 98, Dresden 108, Sterling 110, Rouleau 110, Lorraine 112, Frank W. 104, Attaboy II. 113, Best Pal 119, Captain Meo 120, Dr. Clark 122, Wuddair 125.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. *Dahabiah II. 100 pounds, *Harlock 105, *Bar One 105, *Jellison 108, *Brymlimah 105, *Courtmast 107, *Trooper 110, Constantine 110, Tom Saunders 110, *Rafferty 110, Buffaker 110, Bombast 110. Also eligible: Kimpalong 110, Lee Ray 110, Gorydon 110, Plenty 108, *Bond 105.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth. *Mazola 100 pounds; *Ruby 100, *Cormoran 105, *Convoy 105, Sea Prince 105, *Louis O. 107, Accelerate 107, Nordeck 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather raining; track good.

Man o' War and John P. Grier Will Meet in Dwyer Stakes

The next appearance of Man o' War will be in the $4,000 Dwyer Stakes, at a mile and a furlong, which will be run at Aqueduct Saturday. This is a race exclusively for three-year-olds, and it appears that if the champion is to be put to a real test this season it will be in this event. The weights in the Dwyer are governed by conditions and the Glen Riddle Farm's racer will have to carry 126 pounds against 108 for John P. Grer, 117 for Dominique and 108 for Donnacona, with equally as good advantages in store for other eligibles which may start. Man o' War yesterday had a sensational trial for the race, covering the mile and a furlong in 1:52 3-5 over the training track at Belmont, which is considered slower than any other track on Long Island. This would mean close to record time at Aqueduct.

RIVAL YACHTS ARE NOW IN DRY DOCK

Shamrock IV. and Resolute Will Be Measured Officially Today in Brooklyn.

Shamrock IV., Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger for the America's Cup, and Resolute, the New York Yacht Club's defender of that precious piece of silverware, are now snugly stowed in Morse's Dry Dock at the foot of Fifty-seventh Street, South Brooklyn, ready to be measured this morning by the official measurer of the New York Yacht Club, that their ratings and the, amount of time that Shamrock will have to allow Resolute may be determined.

The Lipton menage started up from Sandy Hook early yesterday morning, the steam yacht Victoria having the challenger and the 23 meter craft in tow, while the tug Governor Smith had the houseboat Killarney in tow and the motor boat Molly Hawn wound up in the rear of the marine procession. The start was made from inside the Hook at 11 o'clock and at 2 o'clock the challenger was in the dry dock. Fifteen minutes later she was up high and dry in the inner section and later was allowed to float when water was admitted to that section.

Mr. Nicholson, her designer, made a careful observation of the green craft as she floated in the dock and made all ready for the official measurement today. On the way up from the anchorage at Sandy Hook tugs, steamers and other vessels kept continually saluting the fleet of craft that carry as their private signal the four-leaved shamrock and fly the colors of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club.

The Resolute arrived later in the day in tow of her tender, the Montauk, having had a noisy serenade on her passage from Long Island Sound down the East River and on to the bay, where similar arrangements to those for the Shamrock were followed. The two great single-stickers, each representative of the best produceable in its respective countries in the way of sail-propelled craft, were close together for the first time—the green challenger and the white defender, both about to become the centre of attention of the entire world.

It is expected that the findings of the measurer will be announced as soon as possible and then will come the final preparation for the classic of the seas, which starts on Thursday, July 15.

LOCAL FORTIES JOIN FLEET.

Eastern Y. C. Flotilla Reaches Newport on First Day.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 6.—A light southwester gave the racing fleet of the Eastern Yacht Club a long run to this port today, but clear weather and smooth seas made the initial jaunt of the annual cruise an unusually enjoyable affair. The winners in the three divisions were the schooners Constellation and Queen Mab and the sloop Sally Ann.

The fleet found waiting in this harbor five of the New York 40's, so that with the Sally Ann the racing for this class for the remainder of the cruise will undoubtedly be the best for large boats.

The 40-footers at anchor tonight were Sally Ann, Spencer Borden, Jr.; Mistral, P. R. Mallory, Pamparo, H. H. Raymond, Rowdy, H. S. Duell, Shawara, Harold Wesson and Zilpa, J. Hayes.

As the run tomorrow is almost due southwest to the entrance of Great Salt Pond on Block Island, the 40's should have a chance to show their ability in 17 miles of windward work, as the breeze tonight gave every indication of holding for at least twenty-four hours.

The summary:

FIRST DIVISION SCHOONERS.

Yacht.	Owner.	Elapsed Time.	Corrected Time.
Constellation,	H. M. Sears	6:58:15	6:58:15
Ariadne,	F. C. Fletcher	Did not finish.	

SECOND DIVISION SCHOONERS.

Queen Mab,	R. C. Robbins	6:18:16	6:02:02
Water Witch,	A. Winslow	6:38:16	6:26:56
Shawna,	E. J. Bliss	6:30:05	6:27:11
Windward,	E. F. Greene	6:54:05	6:54:05

SLOOPS AND YAWLS.

Sally Ann,	S. Borden	6:18:59	6:04:23
Mindoro,	G. S. McQuesten	7:45:03	7:45:03
White Heather,	E. F. Duncan	Time not taken.	

CHESS EXPERTS IN ACTION.

Play in Masters' Tournament Starts Today at Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 6.—Seven chess experts from New York, Philadelphia, Los Angeles and Burlington, N. J., have entered the masters' tournament which will start at 3 o'clock tomorrow on the Million Dollar Pier. The list includes the following players: Frank J. Marshall, United States champion, and Charles Jaffe, New York; D. Janowski, Paris, the French champion; S. T. Sharp and E. S. Jackson, Philadelphia; Stasch M. Lotkowski, Los Angeles, and George G. Neidich of Burlington, N. J., and Cornell University, who filled the vacancy caused at the last minute by the withdrawal of A. B. Hodges.

At a meeting of the players and committeemen the Atlantic City Chess Congress was organized with the following officers: Archibald J. McClure, Lakewood, N. J., President; Carl Vandervoort, Pittsburgh; Mathew B. Markland, Atlantic City, and Julius Finn, New York, Vice Presidents; Sidney C. Sharp, Philadelphia, Treasurer; P. Helms, New York, Secretary, and umpire; Walter Penn Shipley, Philadelphia, referee.

President McClure, in donating the first prize, announced that it would be known as the Pillsbury memorial prize, in honor of the late American champion who represented his country brilliantly in so many international tournaments.

The first round will be played tomorrow in the following order: Sharp vs. Jaffe, Jackson vs. Meidlich, Janowski vs. Lotkowski, Marshall, a bye.

HARVARD GETS TROPHY.

Silver Football Commemorates Its Victory Over Oregon.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 6.—President W. L. Leischman of the "Tournament of Roses," at Pasadena, where Harvard won its football game from the University of Oregon last January, visited Boston today and presented the Harvard Athletic Association with the official trophy commemorating the intersectional gridiron victory. The trophy, which will be placed in the Varsity Club with the football that was used in the game, is a large silver football resting in kickoff position on a handsome base, and is suitably inscribed.

WOMEN START PLAY AT GREENWICH NETS

Fifty Leading Racquet Wielders on Entry List—Mrs. Lynch In Hard Struggle.

A strong field of fifty entries began play yesterday in the first women's open tennis tournament at the Greenwich Country Club, the first event of the kind to be held there in some years. Mrs. Harry F. Morse, Chairman of the committee in charge, had the six clay courts of the club occupied most of the afternoon, and as a result of this activity most of the matches in the first two rounds were completed. Play in the singles will continue this morning, and the doubles will begin at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Among those who advanced to the third round yesterday were Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Margaret Grove, rivals for the New York State championship; Mrs. Edward Raymond, this year's winner at Pelham and Ardsley; Miss Clare Cassel, a member of the national "first ten"; Mrs. E. V. Lynch, the Eastern New York champion, and Mrs. Helen Bernard Wolff. It was Mrs. Lynch who had the hardest row to hoe, having first to eliminate Mrs. Paul Martin, the better half of the champion husbands' and wives' teams, and then to face Mrs. De Forest Candee of the West Side Club.

The latter has been out of tournament play for some time, owing to illness, and her physical condition made it impossible for her to go through with her second match yesterday. Having first disposed of Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, in straight sets, she succeeded in taking the opener against Mrs. Lynch after a prolonged struggle, by the count of 7—5. Mrs. Candee trailed at 1—5 in the second, when she evidently made up her mind to try to save an apparently lost cause. Working with every ounce of energy, she pulled up to 5—all and then led at 6—5. But here Mrs. Lynch also staged a rally, and once more the games were tied. Mrs. Candee, close to exhaustion, wisely decided to

'BUZZIN' AROUND' IS FULL OF LAUGHS

The Music by Will Morrissey, Who Plays the Hero, Has Charm and Lively Swing.

BARRYMORE SKETCH A HIT

Elizabeth Brice, Walter Wilson, Will Morrissey and Ernest Young Well Received.

"BUZZIN' AROUND," a musical review in two acts and seven scenes. Book and lyrics by Will Morrissey and Edward Madden; music by Mr. Morrissey. At the Casino Theatre.

Principals—Elizabeth Brice, Will Morrissey, Walter Wilson, Violet Ingiefield, Ernest F. Young, Donald Roberts, Harry Masters, Jack Kraft, Helen Gladdings, Aleta, Clara Carroll and Priscilla Parker.

"Buzzin' Around" did a lot of its own buzzing before it opened last night at the Casino Theatre, where it was generously offered to Broadway by Will Morrissey as an antidote for hot weather. The title of the new musical revue might signify anything—bees, electric fans, or rambling maids and men. Whatever it means it is full of pretty girls, sprightly tunes and, two and a half hours of jokes and costume changes.

The dialogue and lyrics, which are both fresh and bright in spots, are by Will Morrissey and Edward Madden. The music in places has charm and a lively swing, and two of the songs will be popular. The program tells you a few things about Will Morrissey, the producer. He wrote the music, personally supervised the staging and played the part of Billy Hope, the hero; and last, but most important, puts the show over.

There are other names in the cast, for Elizabeth Brice plays Betty and sings a number of songs. She is one of the foursome made up of Walter Wilson, Will Morrissey and Ernest F. Young, who play a burlesque in an act supposed to occur at the courtyard of the Barrymore home. It was this sketch which was the hit of the evening, and it seemed for a time that the audience was not going to let the real show continue, until "Lionel," "Ethel" and "John" had acted the "take-off" again. It contains the cleverest lines, the most catchy music and much of the humor which lifted the piece out of the class of the ordinary musical review.

The producer himself must have felt that there were decided weak spots in his music, for he ended the evening with a generous revival of Arthur Sullivan's melodies, set to his own words. He apologized to Mr. Gilbert for this impertinence, and the audience appeared to forgive him.

Morrissey's comiques, if not pure and simple, is one of these Summer shows which goes a little way and then girls, which are prettier than the story, come out and dance and sing a bit for no particular reason. The story is allowed to continue being told only while the chorus is in the dressing rooms frantically hooking up their next pretty frocks.

The plot, if it must be told, is buried to begin with in front of Betty's bungalow at Mortgageville, L. I., and finally unearths itself in a scene in Japan. Here is the plot: A man living at peace, suddenly finds that an actor's colony has sprung up about him. He finds actors to the right of him, actors to the left of him, and wherever he goes he finds himself deeper in the "Valley of Ham." His daughter, of course, loves an actor. Finally it is discovered that the father, who hates actors, is an old member of the profession, and they live happily ever after.

"Next to the Barrymore" skit, Aleta, a new Margaret Clark and Adele Genee, rolled into one, won the audience. She has grace and a decidedly original personality. She danced four numbers alone and brought down the house. As she left Mr. Morrissey was seen in the wings trying to convince her that the applause was for her. He didn't seem to succeed, so he gave her a push out on the stage, and she bowed and acknowledged her surprise.

TWO LINERS BRING 986.

The United States and the Bergenfjord Arrive from Europe.

The Scandinavian-American liner United States arrived yesterday from Copenhagen with 450 passengers, for the first time in five months, having been detained in her home port by the harbor workers' strike. One of the passengers in the first cabin was Dr. Julius Melchior, an exporter, of 72 Fifth Avenue, who spent thirteen months in the Near East.

Another passenger was Count Nicholas de Scrouve, a friend of the late Czar of Russia, and of the Russian pianist Rachmaninoff, who motored from Los Angeles to meet the Count at the pier in Hoboken last night. He said he had lost an estate of 7,000 acres and a castle near Moscow in the revolution and was coming to this country to make a fresh start in life.

The Norwegian-American liner Bergenafjord arrived yesterday from Bergen with 536 passengers and a story of fire which broke out in the engine room when the vessel was 150 miles out from this port on her last eastbound voyage to Norway. The engineers were trapped in one of the stoke holes for an hour and a half while the crew extinguished the flames. The 1,260 passengers remained on deck in the rain while the fire was being fought below. No one was injured and the only damage was in the engine room.

Foreign Trade Hearings Begun.

The Central Foreign Trade Committee, organized by the State Department under an order of President Wilson, dated Feb. 28, 1919, for the purpose of considering and making suggestions concerning questions of foreign trade and commerce with a view to promoting full co-ordination and effort, has resumed its sessions. Hearings have already begun, and at a meeting recently held at the State Department, thirteen different Governmental departments and commissions, which are concerned directly or indirectly in various ways with foreign trade matters, were represented.

Labor More Productive.

Something of an improvement has been noted by one large clothing house in its production standards for the last month. This is ascribed to the effect on the men in the factory of seeing so many out of work. In other quarters production rates are still complained of and a tendency to make the work "stretch out" is seen. The manufacturers seem sincere in stating that in greater production is their only hope of reducing prices. The attitude of labor, as well as the backward character of purchasing, are two factors that are not helping, it is said, to cheapen costs in the industry.

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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ADRIAN, Mich.—Parts Co.; E. L. Germain, piece goods; D. F. Bay, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

AKRON, Ohio—Jaffe's Department Store; Samuel Jaffe, women's ready-to-wear; 636 B'way, 7th floor.

ALBANY—W. M. Whitney & Co.; H. W. Reniver, leather goods, jewelry; G. Lange, notes, rugs; 1,164 B'way.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Gold's Store; J. Leif, women's new Fall dresses; 362 5th Av.; Room 712.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Gerber's; L. Gerber, high-class Fall dresses; 209 5th Av.

AUSTIN, Texas—E. M. Scarbrough & Sons; J. L. Kelley, wash goods; O. U. Lamb, denim, men's clothing, furnishings; L. K. Polk, boys' clothing, furnishings; 120 W. 32d.

BALTIMORE—Klein-Metfett Co.; R. W. Klein, cotton piece goods; H. H. Green, embroideries, laces; 1,270 B'way, Room 710; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE — Americal Wholesale Corp.; G. M. Ettinger, ribbons, millinery; O. A. Miller, silk, cotton, long-sleeved shirtwaists; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; J. E. Hill, flowers, feathers; 53 W. 26th; The Annex.

BALTIMORE — The Hub; A. Snellenburg; men's, boys' clothing; 139 W. 23d; Marie Antoinette.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonnsborn & Co.; S. Makover, woolens; 220 5th Av.; The Annex.

BALTIMORE—M. Lurie & Co.; Phil Daniels, women's wash suits; 37 W. 20th.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; H. Baruch, books, stationery; 120 W. 32d.

BOSTON—S. T. Slattery Co.; H. I. Gilbert, skins, mfg. furs. Care of Specialty Stores Assn., 10 E. 32d.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; W. T. Myers, silk waists, sweaters; F. A. Fuller, furs, cold storage; H. C. Howard, millinery; G. W. Little, rugs, upholstery; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, bathing suits, dress skirts; H. G. Hawkins, rugs, oilcloths, carpets; Miss L. McCarthy, silk waists, cotton waists, children's waists; E. Daley, inexpensive dresses, house dresses, aprons; D. E. Walsh, linings, wash goods; Miss M. Sweeney, women's tailored and high-grade suits; C. T. Sinnott, cotton, French underwear, petticoats; Miss M. E. Mahoney, misses' dresses; F. C. Kendall, women's costumes; W. S. Tufts, mdse. mgr.; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co. Upstairs: Mr. Davidson, inexp. coats and suits; Mrs. C. Phillips, women's costumes and dresses; Mr. Post, women's inexp. dresses. Basement: Mr. Levine, girls' and juniors' dresses, women's and children's bathing suits; Mr. Goldberg, men's furnishings; Miss Berk, children's, girls' and juniors' millinery; Miss J. Callahan, silk and cotton underwear; V. R. Ring, misses' and women's dresses; Miss A. Golding, waists; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; Mr. Haller, men's, boys' clothing; Miss Ludwig, infants' wear; Miss Peck, silk and muslin underwear, aprons, petticoats; 1,164 B'way.

BOSTON—G. F. White & Co.; G. F. White, notions, hosiery, gloves; Breslin.

BOSTON—F. M. Griffin, millinery goods; McAlpin.

BOSTON—W. J. McCarthy, dry goods, furs, goods; Grand.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; F. C. Hall, muslin underwear, waists, knit goods; 45 Leonard.

BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; Mrs. A. Bell, shop, ready-to-wear; A. J. Sutton, bath robes, house coats, boys' furnishings, boys' shoes; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; J. A. Taylor, neckwear, laces, embroideries; 3 W. 57th; Cumberland, 2nd floor.

CANTON, Ohio—Theodore Morris Co.; Mrs. Nathan, dresses; 1,130 B'way; 8th floor.

CATSKILL, N. Y.—Mrs. L. Boughton, Store; Mrs. H. L. Boughton, Miss K. Deady, P. Dunn, general merchandise, glassware; Continental.

CHATHAM, N. J.—Alpheus, Inc.; A. S. Reed, jobs cotton dresses; 40 E. 34th.

CHICAGO—J. R. Friend, jobs cotton and organdie dresses; 1,100 B'way.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. C. Busse, white goods; G. Hill, cotton, silk goods; W. Doty, women's underwear (wholesale); 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. J. Tracy, notions, perfumes &c.; 1,107 B'way; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—Kaufman, Auerbach & Co.; A. Auerbach, silks, ribbons, piece goods; 857 B'way.

CHICAGO—F. P. Hellman Co.; F. P. Hellman, millinery, silks, velvets, ribbons; 707 B'way.

CHICAGO—Maurice Hirsch & Co.; M. Hirsch, ready-to-wear; 20 W. 32d.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; E. J. Dawson, men's underwear, furnishings; E. N. Beale, silks; C. Powell, women's suits, costumes, dresses, intermediate dresses, coats; Mrs. L. Booth, junior dresses; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—The Fair; W. H. Lawrie, furs; C. P. Arnold, house dresses, men's underwear, aprons, negligees; 225 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss R. Thal, children's Fall school dresses; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; M. J. Linger, house dresses, aprons, petticoats, kimonos, bath robes; 320 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Chas. A. Stevens & Son; Mrs. B. H. Collins, dresses; 40 E. 52d.

CHICAGO—Liberty Cloak & Suit Co.; Aaron R. Rosenberg, wash dresses; Pennsylvania.

CHILICOTHE, Mo.—T. W. Hartman, general mdse.; McAlpin.

CINCINNATI—Leon Marks Co.; Miss Freedman, dresses, suits; 404 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—Kline Bros. Co.; Miss Schotte, waists; 404 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—Jos. Loeb Co.; A. Loeb, J. D. Cornell, millinery; 220 5th Av., room 910.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. Kaplan, plush coats, fur trimmed cloth coats; D. Andur, jobs waists, muslin underwear; 37 W. 20th.

CLEVELAND—Lindner Co.; Miss Davis, underwear; Mr. Canning, hosiery, petticoats, gloves, skirts; care Specialty Stores Ass'n, 10 E. 32d.

CLEVELAND—I. J. Stotter, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.

COLUMBIA, S. C.—Bon-Marche; Messrs. McDonald, McCarthy, general mdse.; 452 4th Av.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa. — Wright, Metzler Co.; F. Deming, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

DALLAS, Texas—Perkins D. G. Co.; H. T. Hedges, domestics; 69 Worth.

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; M. Napolean, wash dresses; 225 5th Av.

DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; R. J. Elder, Miss Shotter, dresses, ready-to-wear; 226 5th Av.

DECATUR, Ill.—W. Gushard Dry Goods Co.; J. A. Remley, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs; 108 Orand.

DENVER—Denver D. G. Co.; Miss M. Gabrielson, women's ready-to-wear, basement; 200 5th Av.

DETROIT—Kline Garment Co.; Miss McCarthy, skirts; Miss Landy, coats; 404 4th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Mrs. B. Bowman, dresses; 120 W. 32d.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; P. Rice, dresses, basement; C. Bland, millinery, basement; 200 5th Av.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Mr. Rosenthal, wool dresses, petticoats; K. T. Crockal, millinery, basement; 225 5th Av.

DUBUQUE, Iowa—Roshek Bros. Co.; F. H. Roshek, jobs wash dresses, skirts, serge dresses; 18 E. 23d.

DUNN, Mich.—A. M. Barnes; A. M. Barnes, satin, tricolette dresses; Miss E. Barnes, organdie, voile dresses; Miss R. Hoffman, tricolette, georgette waists; 18 W. 27th, Room 603.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; A. Mangold, cloaks, suits, furs; 1,170 B'way.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Ellis Waist Co.; H. Levy, silks; Breslin.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss A. Simon, dresses; 120 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss M. Oldham, skirts; 225 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY—Burnham-Munger-Root D. G. Co.; W. P. Munger, prints, ginghams, linings, wash goods; 63 Leonard.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Lisbstadter Millinery Co.; L. Deerhofer, hats; E. Hirshorn, flowers, feathers; J. A. Leitch, millinery; A. J. Liebstadter, silk velvets, ribbons; Sherman Square.

MANHAS CITY, Mo.—Lyon Bros. Millinery Co.; C. H. Lyon, hats, flowers, feathers; Sherman Square.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Hager & Bro.; S. W. Dunham, infants' wear, women's, misses' ready-to-wear, furs, sweaters, bathrobes, kimonos; 404 4th Av.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pfeifer Bros.; Mrs. T. Scott, children's wear, underwear, corsets; 358 4th Av.

LOS ANGELES—Lane-Thayer D. G. Co.; J. W. Stickrow, ready-to-wear, millinery, dry goods; Cumberland.

LOS ANGELES—Brodin Millinery Co.; A. Brodin, millinery; Breslin.

LOS ANGELES—D. Hamburger & Co.; Geo. L. Fernbacher, Lester Lobe, dresses, suits; 208 5th Av., Room 1707.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Louisville Jobbing Co.; G. Silver, tricolette waists; 141 W. 33d.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—D. Baird & Son; W. J. Baird, hats; 621 B'way.

MACON, Ga.—Dannenberg Co.; T. A. Jacobs, clothing; W. Dannenberg, hosiery, furn. goods, laces, notions; 111 5th Av.

MACON, Ga.—Dalton D. G. Co.; Mr. Yuhas, gen. mdse.; 1,150 B'way, 9th floor.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—S. Lowenstein & Bros., Inc.; Mrs. M. Tepe, coats, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Summerfield; M. A. Summerfield, ready-to-wear; 46 W. 35th; The Annex.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Blumenfeld-Locher Co.; A. H. Bohman, silks, laces; Miss E. Laubenheimer, pattern hats; J. L. Locher, hats; 640 B'way; Breslin.

MILWAUKEE—Ed Schuster & Co.; G. Greenblatt, jobs dresses; 16 W. 36th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Dayton Co.; Mrs. L. Carsley, girls', juniors' ready-to-wear; N. Cohn, wash dresses, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Young-Quinlan Co.; Mrs. A. Gray, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

MUSKEGON, Mich.—Meyer Bros.; M. Meyer, jobs tricolette dresses, tricolette blouses, khaki skirts; 37 W. 20th.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas & Co.; S. Jonas, women's apparel; 1,140 B'way; Cumberland.

NEWARK, N. J.—L. Bamberger & Co.; L. E. Faut, jobs misses' silk dresses; 225 5th Av.

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; A. Mintzitzky, carpets, rugs, floor coverings, draperies; 120 W. 32d, Room 311.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz Co.; Mr. Mauck, wash goods; piece goods; 40 4th Av.

OAKLAND, Cal.—Marypont & Upright; Samuel Upright, general mdse.; J. Frisch, women's ready-to-wear; 100 W. 32d; J. A. Hershorn Purchasing Co.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—C. H. Wright; C. Wright, fur coats, fur scarfs; 1,170 B'way, Room 610.

OMAHA, Neb.—Eldredge-Reynolds Co.; Miss J. Law, Fall blouses; Miss E. Adams, Fall mdse., infants' wear; A. Furcell, millinery; A. K. Meeder, coats, suits, dresses; Miss H. Peterson, misses' wear; Miss Gardner, silk underwear, sweaters, negligees; care Specialty Stores Ass'n, 10 East 20d.

OMAHA, Neb.—M. Spiesberger & Son Co.; N. A. Spiesberger, ribbons, flowers; 570 B'way.

PEORIA, Ill.—Block & Kuhl Co.; Miss F. Hawkins, dresses, waists; Mrs. Vance, suits; J. S. Elmland, jobs, waists, bathing suits, sweaters; 1,270 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Fuhrman, woolens; Bristol.

PHILADELPHIA—Jamison Bros.; S. A. Jamison, pants materials; Pfanders.

PHILADELPHIA—Largman Bros.; J. Largman, men's neckwear materials; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Franklin Sweater Mills; A. J. Lichtenstein, yarns; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss C. Lowenstein, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way; The Annex.

PHILADELPHIA—Maxwell & Rolin; W. J. Maxwell, dress goods; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; B. F. Montague, gloves; D. S. Scott, men's furn. goods; V. Zauner, candy; B'way and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; H. A. Norwick, piece goods; 1,182 B'way; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—C. S. Tanguay, women's suitings; Grand.

PHILADELPHIA — Frank & Seder; H. L. Bernbaum, cloaks, suits, skirts; 16 W. 38th.

PHILADELPHIA—Boehm & Co.; E. Boehm, dressing sacks, kimonos; 47 W. 34th.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Jonas & Co.; S. Marks, flowers, feathers; 379 B'way; Cumberland.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; D. J. Lit, silk, muslin underwear; 1,201 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Rand & Rand; J. Rand, cotton, serges, silks; Aberdeen.

PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; Miss Balkind, jobs, children's lingerie, organdie, voile dresses; 31 W. 20th.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss K. Sullivan, coats, suits; Miss I. H. Burr, ribbons; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH — Kaufmann's Dept. Store; Mrs. E. Perhan, Miss K. Bond, suits; Mrs. Morton, infants' wear; Mrs. Guggenheim, notions; Mrs. T. L. Hale, Miss Weyman, art goods; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Imperial Skirt Co.; D. Alpern, dress, skirt materials; Herald Square.

PITTSBURGH — Lewin-Neiman Co.; Miss O'Brien, jobs wash and silk skirts; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. H. Frank, sweaters; 16 W. 30th.

PITTSBURGH—Paris Fashion Shops; H. Schlesinger, coats, suits, dresses; 37-39 E. 28th, Room 605.

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Liepshutz Bros.; B. Liepshutz, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way, Room 505.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lowengart & Co.; V. Petrillo, flowers, feathers; 456 B'way.

PORTLAND, Ore.—J. R. Fulops & Co.; J. R. Fulops, dresses; Pennsylvania.

PROVIDENCE—Stanley & McGibbon Co.; Mrs. M. E. Washburn, jobs flowers, georgette, satin dresses; 1 W. 36th.

RICHMOND, Va.—The Dreyfuss Co.; S. B. Hasis; Miss L. Vaughan, jobs waists, silk underwear; 212 5th Av.

RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; L. Kaufmann, sweaters, underwear, infants' wear; 323 5th Av.

ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss F. Salinsky, jobs waists; S. Banks, fancy piece goods; Miss S. Feldman, jobs cotton dresses, muslin underwear; 1,261 B'way.

ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; H. A. Dutton, silks, velvets; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER—B. Forman Co.; A. Rosenberg, bathing suits; 225 5th Av.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock-Lubin Co.; Mrs. H. E. Knight, Mrs. O. W. Noack, millinery; 225 5th Av.

SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; Miss E. Heitz, lingerie, underwear, bathrobes; J. F. Gratens, girls', juniors' ready-to-wear, sweaters; bathing suits; T. Goldie, linens, white wash goods, bedding; Miss A. Downing, infants' wear (2 to 6 years); J. W. Heare, men's, boys' clothing, boys' furnishings; 225 5th Av.

SEATTLE, Wash.—F. M. Wilsin; William Rosen, jobs satin dresses; 1,204 B'way, Room 406.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Rhodes Co.; A. J. Rhodes, mdse. manager; (K. 236) Pennsylvania.

SAN DIEGO, Cal.—S. M. Bingham; G. Schifanie, fancy goods; 4 W. 22d; Prince George.

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss N. G. Stearns, waists, petticoats; Mrs. A. E. Sherwman, misses' sweaters, bathing suits, women's ready-to-wear sport apparel; 225 5th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—Holm & Nathan; H. S. Nathan, hats, flowers, millinery; 621 B'way.

SAN FRANCISCO—F. M. Wilsin; Wm. Rosen, jobs tricolette suits; 1,204 B'way.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; S. Finch, President; 332 B'way.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Macey Co.; Mrs. Louis Silverstein, waists, dresses; 100 W. 32d; J. A. Hershorn Purchasing Co.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Levine & Tann; J. J. Levine, Frank Tann, Fall coats, suits; 1,170 B'way, Room 610.

SUMTER, S. C.—People's Merc. Co.; W. Bost, ready-to-wear; 1,166 B'way.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse Hosiery and Underwear Co.; J. J. Ryan, hosiery, underwear; sweaters, knit goods, piece goods; McAlpin.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Root D. G. Co.; W. O'Boyle, silks, piece goods; 23 E. 26th.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Moyer Brothers; M. Moyer, jobs tricolette dresses, tricolette blouses, khaki shirts; 37 W. 20th.

UNIONTOWN, Pa.—Wright, Metzler Co.; W. L. Browning, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; J. M. Russell, dress goods, cotton goods, linings; J. W. Gray, women's, children's shoes; Mrs. M. McClure, girls' wear; 334 4th Av.

WASHINGTON—Alphen's, Inc.; Miss Dale, satin dresses; 45 W. 34th.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hecht & Co.; Miss B. Rickelman, misses', children's coats, suits, dresses; 120 W. 32d.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—Frank A. Empsall Co.; Mrs. M. E. Bentley, waists, underwear; L. R. Carpenter, millinery; 120 W. 32d.

WILMINGTON, Del.—Topkis Bros. Co.; A. Topkis' mdse. dept., Room 705, 350 B'way.

YORK, Pa.—P. Wiest's Sons; A. Chronister, linens, white goods; H. S. Wiest, dry goods; 1 E. 33d; Pennsylvania.

Summer Waists Will Not Do.

The economically-inclined woman who tries to make her Summer waists last over into early Fall is going to be "up against it" this year if she thinks she can do it and keep up even a pretense of following the mode. Not for a long time has there been such a distinct break in waist styles between two seasons as is the case this year. The rather short sleeves of the Summer waist have been replaced by three-quarter and full-length sleeves for Autumn wear. Waist lines of the new models are long generally, and many of them make use of girdles. Both pointed and rounded collars are seen. Great quantities of embroideries are also seen as trimmings on the more expensive models, both thread and bead embroideries being used.

Spray Mark

Wholesale Only.

FALL SUITS AND COATS
For Misses

Unparalleled in Their Youthful Smartness

Even though you have seen other Spray-Mark showings, you can form no conception of the beauty of the present Fall Line until you see it for yourself.

And, although styles, fabrics and workmanship are at an unusually high level, Spray-Mark prices are just as unusual in their moderation.

You are cordially invited to visit our showroom.

SPRAYREGEN & MARKS
158 West 29th St., New York.
"Garments of Quality and Distinction"

Wholesale Only.

French Inspirations Adapted to American Tastes

That is the keynote of the Fall line of Maid Marion Dresses.

Whether the whole frock is patterned after a Parisian model, or whether the foreign influence shows only in the new line of a collar, the chic draping of a girdle, the novel development of a sleeve, you may be sure that it is new and correct, and that it will appeal to American women.

Beautifully made from exquisite fabrics, and very moderately priced.

MARION DRESS COMPANY
Waldorf Building
2-16 WEST 33RD STREET
NEW YORK CITY

Hosiery Wholesale
Out of town buyers should make this their first call.
LARGE QUANTITIES OF
SILK HOSIERY FULL FASHIONED
LISLE HOSIERY SEAMLESS
For At Once Delivery
Plain and fancy, for men and women.
Full lines also ready.
"ALWIN"
America's Supreme Hosiery
THE ALEXANDER & IRWIN COMPANY
INCORPORATED
151 Fifth Ave., at 21st Street. 925 Broadway, Third Floor
New York City.

WHOLESALE ONLY!
COTTON PIECE GOODS
IMPORTED DOMESTIC
ORGANDIES
ALL SHADES
Immediate Delivery
COHN-HALL-MARX CO.
Tel. Franklin 4800. 93 Franklin St., New York

Wholesale Only
Very Fine
Made of cotton that is used in the manufacture of Women's Wear is better in quality but no higher in price if it comes from
THE HOUSE EXCEPTIONAL FOR COTTON FABRICS OF MERIT
Get ready for your busy season by placing your orders now with
Danger-Nathan Incorporated
211-21 Broadway New York

Wanted: Merchandise for Immediate Sale

BUYERS of a number of our stores now in the market to purchase merchandise for cash—for *IMMEDIATE DELIVERY*

INTERESTED AT PRESENT IN:

SILKS, COTTON and WOOLEN DRESS GOODS, WASH GOODS, DOMESTICS, BLANKETS, SPREADS, SHEETS, BED SETS, COMFORTERS, DRAPERIES, CURTAINS, DOMESTIC RUGS and CARPETS

These buyers do not desire at this time to look at "regular" lines. Special "lots" and "jobs" only are wanted—any quantity.

Call with samples today, WEDNESDAY, between 9.30 and 12.30 A. M. Special propositions may be submitted in writing.

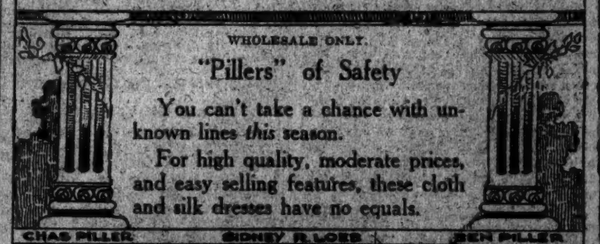
AFFILIATED RETAIL STORES
1382 BROADWAY THIRD FLOOR NEW YORK

The Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The Bailey Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Ed. Schuster & Company, Milwaukee, Wis.
(3 stores)
Frank & Seder Company, of Philadelphia
Bry-Block Mercantile Co., Memphis, Tenn.
The Wolff & Marx Company, San Antonio, Texas
The Ames Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Levy Bros. Dry Goods Co., Houston, Texas
B. Nugent & Bros. Dry Goods Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Lewin-Nieman Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
The Grand Leader, Houston, Texas
The Gus Blass Co., Little Rock, Ark.
Frank & Seder, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Standard Mail Order House, New York, N. Y.
Perry Dame & Co., New York, N. Y.

"A Group of Independent Stores Affiliated for Mutual Co-operation"

WHOLESALE ONLY
ANDERSON
Imported and Domestic
GINGHAM
Imported
ORGANDIE and VOILE
Dresses
On the racks for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
S. Blate & Sons
37-43 WEST 26TH ST.
New York City.

"PILLERS" OF THE INDUSTRY



WHOLESALE ONLY.
"Pillers" of Safety
You can't take a chance with unknown lines *this* season.
For high quality, moderate prices, and easy selling features, these cloth and silk dresses have no equals.
CHAS. PILLER SIDNEY R. LORD BEN PILLER
PILLER BROS. & Co. DRESSES
16-18-20 WEST 32nd ST. NEW YORK CITY.

Wholesale Only
DRESSES
Navy Taffetas
Satins
Right Off The Racks
at very Attractive Prices
To Close Out—Desirable JOBS at sensationally low prices. Fashionable materials.
GINSBERG BROS.
6-8 West 32nd St.

WHOLESALE ONLY
Good Dresses at Lowest Prices.
WE CAN SHIP TO-DAY
Cotton Voiles, Heavy Tricolettes
Printed Georgettes, Silk Foulards
Tricolette & Flowered Georgette
Combinations, Sport Suits
ALL COLORS AND SIZES
Tip Top Waist & Dress Co.
35 West 32d St. N. Y. 34 West 33d St.

Wholesale Only.
THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF
Tricolette Overblouses
All shades and sizes at lowest prices.
Daily Waist Co.
35 W. 32nd St. N. Y. 34 W. 33rd St.

Wholesale Only to Men's Hat Jobbers
OUR LINE OF
BOYS' STRAW HATS
FOR
SPRING 1921
IS NOW READY

Wolf Manufacturing Co.
Hat Dept. 875 Broadway at 18th St.

WILL PAY CASH
All kinds of FUR COATS. Also wish LARGE FUR SCARFS in Wolf & Dog.
CALL BEFORE 10 O'CLOCK
LESSER & WOOD CO.,
Room 610, 1170 B'way,
New York City.

Wholesale Only.
SILK FABRICS
FOR THE
WHOLESALE TRADE
LIONDALE MERCANTILE CO., INC.
Importers. Converters.
24 West 23d St., N. Y. C.
Phone Madison Square 6270.

UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.
FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
WORMSER & CO.
25 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3300

SILK SALESMEN
ATTENTION!
AN UP-TO-DATE PROGRESSIVE FIRM OF SILK MANUFACTURERS FEATURING NOVELTY CREATIONS AND THE BETTER GRADES OF DRESS SILKS, HAS AN OPENING FOR A LIVE WIRE SILK SALESMAN, ONE WHO IS ANXIOUS TO EARN AT LEAST $10,000 A YEAR AND TO LAY A FOUNDATION FOR HIS FUTURE, TO REPRESENT THEM IN THE LOCAL CUTTING UP TRADES. THOROUGHLY COMPETENT HIGH GRADE MAN ONLY, ONE WHO HAS AN ESTABLISHED FOLLOWING AND A FULL KNOWLEDGE OF SILK WILL BE CONSIDERED, PREFERABLY ONE WHO HAS SOLD NOVELTY AND THE BETTER GRADES OF DRESS SILKS BEFORE.
IN ADDITION THERE ARE SEVERAL VACANCIES FOR MEN WHO ARE OPEN TO HANDLE SILK AS A SIDE LINE ON A COMMISSION BASIS, TO COVER THE DRY GOODS TRADES IN THE PRINCIPAL CITIES THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY. AN ACQUAINTANCE WITH THE SILK BUYERS IS ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL. ALL ANSWERS WILL BE TREATED IN THE STRICTEST CONFIDENCE. ADDRESS, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, S 1091 TIMES ANNEX.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION!
Large merchandise distributing organization is open for all lines sold by department, dry goods and specialty stores such as cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts, house dresses, aprons, shirt waists, petticoats, bloomers, corsets, brassieres, muslin and silk underwear, children's dresses, infants' wear, middy blouses, men's shirts, men's and boy's clothing, overalls, men's neckwear, etc., etc.
The following requirements are necessary to receive consideration:
You must be an ACTUAL manufacturer and not a jobber.
You must be willing to give absolute ROCK BOTTOM JOBBING PRICES on account of immense volume of sales.
You must be able to make deliveries and be FINANCIALLY responsible.
You must be strictly on the LEVEL in your business dealings.
This is a wonderful opportunity for live wire manufacturers to connect with a twentieth century sales proposition.
H. H., 25 TIMES.

AUCTIONS.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PUBLIC AUCTION SALE

Beginning on July 7th, 1920, at 11 A. M., and continuing until completed, will be held on the premises of the Nixon Nitration Works, at Nixon, New Jersey, and also surplus materials from Morgan, N. J.; Raritan, N. J., and Edgewater, N. J., consisting of about

7,500,000 Lbs. of Rod and Sheet Brass, Sheet and Pig Lead, Scrap Brass, Copper, Aluminum, &c. 250,000 Pounds of Aluminum Bronze Powder and 250,000 Pounds Barium Nitrate, Oils, Paints, Greases and Chemicals of all descriptions and Various Chemical Storeroom Equipment.

ALSO A LINE OF
ELECTRICAL
AND
PLUMBERS' SUPPLIES

Consisting of Duriron Piping, Castings, Earthenware Fittings, Elbows, Valves, Tees, Unions, Nipples, Flanges, Couplings, Crosses, in Brass and Iron, in all sizes; Packings of all kinds; Copper and Brass Pipings, in all sizes; Wood and Machine Screws of all sizes; Bolts, Nuts, Rivets, Washers; Cold Rolled Steel, flat and round; about 6,000 feet Scandinavian Rubber and Leather Belting; Rumsey Pumps, 4 and 5 inches; Rubber Gloves and Aprons; General Electric Motors (new); 40-H. P. Boiler, Buildings, Lumber, Tanks, Bricks; about 200,000 pounds of Paper and Cardboard; 75,000 pieces of Plain Ribbed Glass; 3-16" thick, 13x16, 14x16 and 14x17; Reels of Copper Cable; Stator Coils, from 10-H. P. up to 100-H. P., and other items too numerous to mention.

For catalogue and full particulars apply to Chairman, Committee on Sales of Materials, Ordnance Salvage Board, 1187 Broadway, N. Y. Telephone Watkins 6400 or

Auctioneers, ALFRED FREEMAN CO., 149 Grand St., N.Y.C.
Telephones Canal 1092 and 8569.

Inspection Days—July 8, Take Penn. R. R

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 per cent. for the best names
Saturday .....6 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Gray Goods Very Quiet.

The local gray goods market was very slow to recover from the disorganizing effects of the holidays. In no line was there any real activity yesterday, about the only things that showed any life at all being printcloths. July business was done on 39½-inch 64-60s at 21 cents, while some spot Eastern 39-inch 60-48s were disposed of at 19 cents. Aside from these, sales of interest were lacking.

***

Not Much Risk Involved.

Buyers, who have announced their intention of buying sparingly and only as they need the merchandise, do not think there is much risk involved in following this policy. To the wholesalers' argument that a shortage may later make it impossible to get goods, the buyer feels that the future will see plenty of merchandise to be had. The idea of the buyer is that, even though the situation is not normal, the manufacturers can be depended upon to produce a certain amount of stock goods and that these will be available when the need arises. If there is any risk, the buyer at present is more apt to consider the one involved in ordering goods that may later decline in price.

***

No "Hanging Up."

A serious feature of mill curtailment, according to mill representative, will be the inability of stores in the mill towns to "hang up" their customers. Ordinarily, when money is not as tight as it is now, the stores have been accustomed to sell on credit until the operatives are once more employed and able to pay off their debts. Tight money will affect those stores now, just as it is affecting other lines of business, and make it extremely difficult to follow the usual custom. For this reason it is thought that the sale of merchandise of all kinds in mill towns is suffering unemployment will be considerably restricted.

***

The Absence of Staple Goods.

It is reported by the representative of a clothing house that, in the many sales he has visited, very few bargains in serge suits and other staples are to be obtained. From this he inferred that the retailers are holding back goods of this character for later sale at so called regular prices. This would explain the cancellations placed on such numbers for the Fall season. The epidemic of canceling started on serge and staple styles, and was not so keenly felt on models in fancier fabrics. It is the feeling in the market that large stocks of staple goods and staple clothing are being held, as the offers of these would be advantages to those who stocked them for price advances.

***

Don't Favor Fancy Styles.

In spite of the decision of clothing designers at Cleveland to feature fancy styles for next Spring and Summer, the sentiment in local manufacturing circles is that there will be but little change in the direction of fancy effects from the conservative order. With conditions as they are, neither the retailers nor the manufacturers, it is pointed out, will want to take a chance with very extreme fashions. The manufacturers might be inclined to put out some new designs, it is said, in the effort to create business if there was not so much money at stake on the usual long chance of a style being successful. The retailers, however, feel very conservative over the outlook, and are not in the mood to accept new and untried ideas.

***

"Tightening Up on Charges."

Not only are several of the local retail stores tightening up on the opening of new charge accounts, but more pains are being taken to be sure that "charge take" purchases are not made by persons who have no right to use an account. One store that formerly was rather lax in this respect, at least in certain departments, now requires the purchaser of the merchandise to sign his or her name to the sales ticket before the charge is sent to the credit office for O. K. As the store in question does not use the comparison of signatures method of identifying its customers, the purchaser is requested by the floor man to identify himself or herself at the time the sales check is signed.

***

Blue and Taupe for Fall.

Among the color combinations that are beginning to loom up as favorites in the race for supremacy in Fall millinery are such shades as blue and taupe. This combination is said to have the stamp of approval of the leading Parisian milliners. It is shown here chiefly in hats of Lyons velvet. One of these is a smart "off-the-face" shape in two colors. A high crown of taupe velvet is circled by spiral rows of lamé as trimming. The brim is also of taupe and is faced with peacock blue velvet and bound with lamé. A fall of natural coque plumage festoons the brim at the back. A Continental effect has a soft, shirred crown of taupe velvet that is corded through the centre. The brim turns up both in front and back and is also faced with blue and bound with lamé. A silver pin pierces the front of the brim, over which taupe ostrich droops.

***

Industrial Towns Are Slow.

Reports that have been brought in by salesmen lately returned from Fall trips and that have reached this market by mail from several of the country's leading industrial centres indicate quite general dullness in the retail stores and a consequent unwillingness on the part of the merchants to "talk turkey" for the new season. Particularly is this true in the textile and knit goods centres of this and adjacent States. The action of the American Woolen Company in closing most of its mills for a more or less indefinite period has caused quite a little pessimism here, not so much because about 40,000 persons will be thrown out of work thereby as for the psychological effect it will have on other large employers who are finding cancellations more numerous than orders. Coupled with this is a fear of wider curtailment of production in other lines that are already restricted in operation because of the inability of the plants, due to the freight tie-up, to get raw materials in or finished wares out.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

THE CRIPPEN CO., INC. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against The Crippen Co., Inc., jobber and retail dealer in pianos and talking machines, at 427 Fifth Avenue, by a group of creditors: Wm. Cabasino, $18,515, Lyman Potter, $2,814, and Amsterdam Sales & Publicity Corp., $9,550. It is stated that the liabilities are about $75,000 and the assets about $15,000. An assignment was also made to Edwin Jaffe. The company was incorporated in 1914. Walter Crippen is its President.

SAMUEL ADELMAN. A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Adelman, jobber in silks and velvets, at 427 Fourth Avenue, by H. Johnson, a creditor, for $612. An assignment was also made to Morris Israel.

COHEN & SERMAN, INC., manufacturers of boudoir caps, &c., at 135 West Seventeenth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $30,732, and assets of $4,615, consisting of stock, fixtures and machinery, $2,500; accounts due, $1,943, and deposit, $126. Among the creditors are State Bank, $7,500; I. Lindenbaum & Son, $2,000; Textile Factoring Co., $1,254, and Lee Manufacturing Co., $1,000.

CHONG DIE, restaurant, at 28 East Fourteenth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $7,674, and assets of $6,000, consisting of stock, $4,000; the creditors are Lanning & Southerland, $1,200; Ely Rosenberg, $2,117, and Chip Kee Co., $660.

JUDGMENTS

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Albert, Louis—I. Hauptman.....$165.91
Bon General Corp. of America—D. Weiss.....
Chase, Harry—Chase Co.....$19.40
Blake, Michael, and John Cenoy's (Blake & Cenoys)—George Lovsene Co.....140.26
Bleckert, Ernest—M. McNiece.....189.70
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm—M. H. Smith et al.....2,963.54
De Graff, Rude—C. F. Miller et al.....
Favorit, Arthur C. and Amelia D.—L. McQuade.....622.97
De Maestro, Francesco—J. Centurrad.....114.87
Del Vicchio, Raffaele or Ralph—C. L. Astor.....308.29
Davis, Clyde M. and Henry F. Coon—F. D. Hayden et al. costs.....107.23
Eugene L. Lesinsky Co., Inc.—O. Hoffman et al.....344.60
Fritz, Chas. M.—H. Berg et al.....500.00
Frank F. Cook Co., Inc.—C. C. Mansfield.....
Friedman, Wm. I., or Wm. F. Isaac—Jay Harcourt.....324.41
Goldstein, Nathan (Universal Co.)—Chisholm Printing Co., Inc.....219.80
Graham, Bernstein & Sale—Binghamton Light, Heat & Power Co.....
Howell, Jenny D.—J. C. Lewis.....601.79
Kelling, Henry, Jr.—P. Barrett.....1,044.20
Koppenstein & Jaffe—Henry A. Dier & Piano Co.....716.30
Levy, Theodore—F. Poly, costs.....108.75
Lindsay Hosiery—Massachusetts Bonding & Ins. Co.....122.80
Levy, Samuel—D. Merritt et al.....3,839.00
Lesser, Benjamin—S. I. Maorin.....122.60
Lieberman, Benjamin—Edmund Wright Ginsberg & Co., Inc.....272.00
Morgan, Wm. E.—W. H. Mandel, et al.....38,461.11
McWilliams, Daniel A.—W. F. Burgess.....
New Style Laundry Co., Inc.—Maryland Casualty Co.....169.50
Posnel, Morris—United Dressed Beef Co.....139.51
Pollock, Morris, Jr.—W. C. Givens et al.....407.78
Reubchers, Henry E., and Geo. S. Jordan—Evance.....147.20
Rosenberg, Max, and Charles Glass—Henselman.....1,324.38
Smith, Arthur G.—E. M. Hess.....217.10
Soldman, Max—M. Cohen et al.....389.95
Schaefer, Joseph—Kramer.....120.85
Schaefer Co., The—J. Roettger.....307.04
Stera Travel Co.—C. L. Limburg.....1,372.98
Survey Associates, Inc., and Russell Sage Foundation—W. McCue.....3,832.20
Sperber & Mallis—Mallis Mills.....1,815.61
Schneider, Peter F.—B. Erickson et al.....327.60
Tawell, Murad, and Joseph E.—Leon.....147.20
Tyler, Herbert—Bottlers Supply Export Co.—Ins. Co. of N. America.....181.40
Van Alen, Florence—S. Hollander.....236.18
World Oil Products Co.—R. H. Connor & Co.....364.36
Wilson Steam Laundry, Inc.—Maryland Casualty Co.....354.20
Zerring, Abraham—Moses Cohen & Son.....
Zahnberg, Henry—Amerikan Prug Sundry Co.)—Emkay Specialty Co.....108.86

In Bronx County.

Forrabito, Crescienzo—City of N. Y.....$140.00
Furiong, Alice—International Fidelity Ins. Co.....275.83
Lefkowitz, Jacob—Bill-Ess Holding Corp.....
Schleisinger, Mark—J. Mathias.....51.12
Simmonds, Charles M.—J. D. Hallock.....43.72
Union Ry. of N. Y. C.—J. Wegmann.....1,076.72
Wiseman, Lafayette—L. P. Avery et al.....256.83

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Newman, Hyman J.—H. Trosdy: Dec. 1, 1919.....$165.66
Shaw, John M.—G. I. Skinner; Jan. 16, 1918.....3,518.62
Eckman, Samuel W.—J. Killeles; Oct. 15, 1919.....5,524.95
Orias, Blake—G. W. Harper, Jr.; April 29, 1920.....147.80
Greengold, Samuel, and Benjamin Greenholtz—Berowsky & Press, Inc.; May 19, 1920.....1,124.95
Wolf, Ferdinand—I. Katz; Feb. 25, 1920.....1,091.55

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

A.—PRINTING.—24 HOUR SERVICE. 500 letterheads, envelopes, cards, $2. Multigraphing, filling in, addressing, envelopes and campaign work a specialty. Folders, circulars, prospectuses reasonable. Unsurpassed art service. HALLMARK PRESS, the printshop with a reputation." 264 West 14th St.

Will sell factory output. Sales engineer looking for up-to-date manufacturing concern in position to build direct connected electric farm lighting plants; has designs of plant; will organize, finance and put up cash deposit guaranteeing sale of output. Address Gilliard, Seaside Heights, N. J.

Broker will sell stock for substantial industrial business desiring expansion. H 100 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

INVESTMENT HOUSE HAS FUNDS TO FINANCE GOING INDUSTRIAL CONCERN NEEDING MONEY FOR LEGITIMATE EXPANSION; MUST STAND RIGID INVESTIGATION; ALL CORRESPONDENCE STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL, BOX 914, 2 RECTOR ST.

Young man will take active partnership with growing firm; have $5,000 to invest. G 120 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Exceptional opportunity offered high-class salesman, head sales department, salary, commission, share profits; $15,000 investment required; investigation invited. S 947 Times Downtown.

A man to invest $10,000 to $15,000 in established concern manufacturing children's outer garments of the better kind; considerable business already booked for Fall. H 103 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

AGENT AND DISTRIBUTOR FOR NEW JERSEY.

Successful State rights, advertised commodity, repeat seller and unlimited opportunity. Small cash payment necessary. E 158 Times.

Hardware, paints and automobile supply store and gasoline station, established 25 years and doing very large business; lease included. Inquire 1,000 New Lots Ave., Brooklyn. NO SALESMEN.

Hotel manager, with fifteen years' experience, would consider leasing or managing on a salary and percentage basis a first-class commercial or family hotel; replies confidential. C 493 Times.

Builders of special machinery have facilities for taking on additional work; factory, Richmond Manor, New York Station, S. I. Manhattan.

Lines wanted, commission basis, for jobbers and departmental stores; Middle West; be plentiful, cloaks, suits or skirts. C 471 Times.

Party going to England and France, middle of July, would accept business commissions. Address F. O. Box 1102, Providence, R. I.

Good rooming house wanted, about fourteen rooms, west side; no less than three baths; straight lease. H 130 Times.

Sailing for England 23d Germany July 17; would accept business propositions. F 90 Times Downtown.

Business man going to Finland wants selling connection with American exporting firm. B 148 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Live, up-to-date department store, within 200 miles of New York City, just finishing addition to present building, will consider propositions from manufacturers, &c., of unsurpassed merchandise, either on memo. or outright sale, to be used for big opening event; do not answer this unless yours are staple, desirable goods and can be retailed at sensational prices. W 25 Times.

British engineer requires inventions ready for commercial manufacture for introduction to British and European interests. G 94 Times.

FOR SALE.

Opportunity to enter an established electrical fixture business with a wholesale and retail trade; present owner retiring through illness; largest business of its kind in city; good location near New York City; distributors for two large manufacturers, with exclusive right; quick action; $5,000 cash required. Z 2379 Times Annex.

A lease that has six more years to run on the most prominent corner in the city of Youngstown, Ohio; suitable for haberdasher, hatter, furs, clothing or ladies' wear; 80 feet of window space. Communicate with Ford, Talbert, Youngstown Ohio.

Country provision route doing $1,000 worth of business per week; operates from New York City; exceptional opportunity; price $1,600, includes Ford delivery auto in excellent condition. Call evenings after 6, 668 East 221st St.

To lease for long term of years, entire block, 200x100, in best part of the Bronx, improved with 3-tenement containing 15 stores and one moving picture theatre with 1,000 seating capacity. For particulars, apply to owner, 290 Broadway, Suite 1313.

Brassieres—A rare opportunity is offered to secure a splendid going manufacturing business of handsome and profitable best grade; very cheap rental; full details in interview. W 28 Times.

Theatre, 1,600 seats, in course of construction, largest and finest; thriving Pennsylvania town; $60,000 cash required; most elegant proposition. Wall, 863 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

A complete steel and wood office, including safe, cabinets, filing; cabinets, desks, chairs, tables, typewriters, &c. Address M. C., 192 Times.

Hairdressing parlor, handsomely equipped and large, exclusive clientele. F 441 Times.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Will discount your accounts receivable; money advanced on notes, trade acceptances and other good securities. V 509 Times Downtown.

Loans machinery; printing plants; automobiles; trucks; rated notes bought. C 83 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Patents—Over 75 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 4th Woolworth Building, New York.

Merchants—Have your windows trimmed regularly by a first-class decorator and save worry. E 150 Times.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Thirteen words per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. S. Meritzer, 389 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2800.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—150 Denier Grade A American Viscose. Spring 7840.

BARONETTE SATINS Wanted—Fantasi, Kumsi-Kumse, in all colors; spot cash. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2973.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens 6140, all shades; American 16015, brown, reindeer and gold tones, copen; Bookman frost glow. Watkins 3763.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Pekin and brown Deland's 3700, spot cash. I. Punt, 143 West 26th. Chelsea 9513.

BOLIVIAS AND SILVERTONES Wanted—31 West 32d., 5th floor.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—White 7022, shade 580, 460, 552, botany 315 taupe; tricotines 6388, 9077, 907; also white French and manish serges. Gramercy 2236.

BROADCLOTHS, SILVERTONED, VELOURS, SUEDINES AND TRICOTINES Wanted—112, 15062, 11050, 544, 15058, 0588. Phone Watkins 4060.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Forstmann & Huffmann, Deering Milliken and similar; also American 112, Madison Square 6363.

BROADCLOTH Wanted — 362 or 315 in brown; also Stevens silvertone 4815, 530. Pennsylvania 3424.

BROADCLOTHS, TRICOTINES Wanted—112, all colors; 09077, 0888, 5618, 907. Stuyvesant 6838.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—American 113, reindeer, brown. Watkins 3378.

BROADCLOTHS AND TRICOTINES Wanted For suitings. 5th floor, 129 West 27th.

CAPES Wanted—Wraps, capes and dolmans, better grade. Lark, 1,161 Broadway; Chelsea 291.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—In all qualities; also 54-inch satin, 22 momme, 2,000 yards. Cash. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2973.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Also satin, satin crepe, peau de cygnes. Schiess, Bauer & Appleton, 435 4th Av.; Madison Square 969.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Open for large quantity of navy and black. Cash. Redfern Costume Company, 22 West 27th.

CHARMEUSE and other Satins Wanted—Worth your while if prices are right. Mohegan Silk, 2 West 28th.

CHARMEUSE Wanted; also crepe back. Fisher & Goldstein, 229 4th Av., Stuyvesant 962.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—In navy, black and browns. Polonaise Dress Co., 111 West 27th.

CHARMEUSE Satin and Taffeta Wanted—Good quality. Prudential Textile, 35 East 20th.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Open for quantity at a price. William Frank, 25 West 31st St.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Empire 1630, Oxford Dress, 25 West 27th St.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Quantity at a price. 58 West 15th, 7th floor.

CHIFFON Wanted—Panama; we are open for this cloth in black. Watkins 9024.

CHINCHILLA Wanted—Blue, grey, Mac-Kays, Raritans; cash for quantities. David Bissoff, 37 Vermont St., Brooklyn. Phone E. N. Y. 9815.

CHINCHILLA Wanted—Navy, gray; Raritans, Mackays; also silvertones, all wool and cotton warp. Holtsberg & Berkman, 38 West 32d.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at popular priced coats; pile fabrics; 10 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M. Room 710, 1170 Broadway.

COATS, Suits Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall samples will place orders on good snappy styles. 43 West 27th, Room 501.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade flapper coats. Call with samples, 11 to 5, 142 West 24th, ninth floor.

COATS, SUITS, Wanted—Placing orders, mornings only. M. B. Kaufman, 6 W. 32d.

COATS AND WRAPS Wanted—Better grades only. 38 West 21st (3d floor).

COATS Wanted—Plush, better grade. Rosengarten, 144 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—High-grade, exclusive styles. 363 7th Av., 11th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—11 West 32d, 5th floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Can use large quantities very fine printed voiles; must be very cheap; will pay spot cash. Spitzer, 1,265 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted — Quantities unbleached and finished sheeting; print cloth in seconds and shorts. W 758 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—3 and 12 oz. unbleached duck, 29 inch; 8 oz. yacht sail twill, 56 inch. Spring 9332.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Sheets and pillow cases; also cambrics. Rice, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 6036.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—White jean, similar to Bernheimer 1660 or D 18. Harben, South 1832.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Will buy for spot cash 1 and 4-thread crepe de chines in any quantity, colors or white. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4941.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Open to buy 3 and 4 thread at a price. Apply Majestic Mfg. Co., 20 West 22d.

CREPE DE CHINE and Charmeuse Wanted; also 171 quilting all shades. Capitol Textile Co., 219 4th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Four thread; if cheap can use quantity. Mohegan Silk, 2 West 28th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—3-thread, all colors. 9 West 20th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will be looking at the samples of tailor-made silk and cotton and wash serges; also novelties in georgette waists, crepe de chine, pussy willow and satin. 24 East 28th St., 2d floor.

Dresses Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on popular to highest grade satins, charmeuses, tricolettes, tricotines, serge and evening wear; submit samples. 9-5 Daily 5th floor, 28 W. 33rd.

DRESSES Wanted—We will buy spot cash job every quantity taffetas, tricolettes, organdies, voiles and sport dresses; submit samples, 9 to 6 daily, 5th floor, 28 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at georgette satin and charmeuse dresses; placing large orders. Call all week, Model Dress & Costume Co., 276 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing Fall orders on serges, tricotines, jerseys and charmeuse; call with samples all week. 25 West 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing quantity orders on better grades satin and charmeuse dresses; bring samples all week. 111 West 27th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on satin, taffetas, georgettes for Fall. Call with samples, 9th floor, 34 West 32d St. See Mr. Salzinger.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on stouts and regular size cloth and silk dresses; open all week. Anchor Dress Co., 5 West 20th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Suits, Winter coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall dresses, velours, serges, satins, tricotines; also models for stouts. 14 East 33d (4th floor).

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall styles; regulars and stouts; silks and wool. Call all week, 3d floor front, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on satin and charmeuse dresses; also looking at party dresses. 6 West 32d, 14th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber needs a big quantity of good tailored satin dresses. Submit samples at 29 West 32d, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall silk, serges and tricotines. Call with samples, Pilgrim Dress, 15 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—Dress jobber wants snappy satins, tricotines; quantity business. Afternoons, 5th floor, 7 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on fall dresses; popular priced line. 276 5th Av., Room 301.

DRESSES Wanted—2,000 voiles; price must be cheap; spot cash. Seventh floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for satin and charmeuse dresses for Fall, to your own or our material. 5 West 20th, Room 708.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall styles tricotines and satins. 2d floor, 15 West 20th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk and cloth dresses. Call with samples. Mohawk Dress, 1140 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular priced satin and charmeuse dresses. Michael Simons, 224 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade Fall dresses; all materials. Call 156 Madison Av., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for new Fall serges, tricotine and satin. 9th floor, 32 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall models, all materials. Call all week, 6th floor, 110 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better line cloth. Call with samples, First Lucky Dress Co., 5 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on serge, tricotine and charmeuse dresses. 2d floor, 11 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash, 5,000 silk and voile dresses, jobs only; big lots; entire stock preferred. Watkins 8154.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk dresses, regulars and stouts. 10th floor, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers looking new styles taffetas. Between 4 and 6, second floor, 275 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders of silk dresses for Fall, 4d floor, 158 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted — Flowered georgette crepe, satin, tricotine; state. Grandewith, 129 West 30th.

BUYERS' WANTS.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs of women's misses' and children's wash and silk dresses; skirts, waists, suits, &c.; large or small will pay net spot cash. Z 2383 Times Annex.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses; call afternoons. 5th floor, 29 W. 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—New Fall styles in silks, popular priced. Call all week, 3 West 32d, 16th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at better class tailored cloth dresses. 8th floor, 5 East 20th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors with Fall samples placing orders. 114 West 26th, 11th floor.

DRESSES AND SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber placing orders for Fall line. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at satin dresses all week. 8th floor, 1,100 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on serge dresses. Furman, 39 Union Square.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs 5,000. 14 East 33d St. (4th floor).

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses. 38 West 32d St., Room 1502.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall line, up to $15 only, 7th floor, 45 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at satin and charmeuse dresses. 39 West 27th. Store.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall dresses; all kinds. 8th floor, 14 West 21st.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—Forstman's Whitman's 778, and Stevens silvertones. Madison Square 8028.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—Gera's 90552, navy, brown, rookie. Davidson & Vorck, Inc., 31 West 20th St.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—Gera's 90555, for cash. Madison Square 7745.

FOULARDS AND SATINS Wanted—At a price for cash. Herman Landes, 31 West 20th.

GARFIELD Wanted—5158, 423 reindeer, M. R. Silverman, 1,572 Broadway. Greeley 3781.

GAUZE Wanted; bleached, large quantities. U. S. Textile Co., Gramercy 4814.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Printed; we pay the highest cash prices for plain or printed georgette; bring samples. N. Y. Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Plain and printed, for spot cash call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2973.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for large quantity 2x2 at a price for cash. National Waist, 158 West 27th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Good quality. 44 East 32d. Madison Square 2696. (5th floor).

HOSIERY Wanted—Open to buy all kinds of full fashioned hosiery. Eigenfeld Hosiery Co., 33 West 33d St. Phone Pennsylvania 1512.

JERSEY Wanted—Light weight preferred; open for quantity at price. Crown Knitting, 27 West 27th. Chelsea 5183.

LEATHER GOODS Wanted—Long Beach cloth, gray and sand. Dalsty Mfg. Co., 29 East 19th.

LININGS Wanted—Fancy foulard and radium; any quantity, small or large lots. Brous Bros., 16 West 25th.

LININGS Wanted—Fancy silks, radiums and satin de Chine. Madison Square 1305.

MARQUETTES Ecru Wanted—For cash. Freydberg, 35 5th Av.

MIGNONETTES Wanted—Good quality. Oxford Dress, 25 West 27th St.

PANAMAS Wanted—Will buy quantity of Whitman's or Pacific brown Panama, also quantity of navy and brown poiret twill. Garfield's preferred. E. Sperling, 230 5th Av.

PANAMA, TRICOTINE Wanted—BPNL 228, navy, black, brown; 227 navy; 174 PPL navy; black 3304, 4718. Watkins 2591.

PEACHBLOOM AND VALDYNE, Wanted—F & H brown and navy; quantity for cash. Madison Square 7338.

PEACHBLOOM Wanted—F. & H., navy only. Watkins 554.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted—And navy taffetas at right price. Mohegan Silk, 2 West 28th.

PEAU DE SOIE Wanted—Black. Phone Madison Square 961.

PLAIDS Wanted—Julliards, Botany or Walters; cash. Stempig Bros., 19 East 24th.

PLUSHES AND VELOURS Wanted—Behring Baffin, peco, 15 & H., 16015, 6960, 5116 and 6988, 09077 tricotine; cash. Stuyvesant 8468.

PLUSHES Wanted—Velour, silvertons tinseltone and Bolivia of all makes; cash or terms. Robert Horowitz, 9 West 35th.

PLUSH Wanted—Peco; can use quantity at a price. Chelsea 4597.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peerless T 16, quantity. Chelsea 5039-3575.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momme, 100 pieces; Rabuet 1 momme, 100 pieces; spot cash; immediate delivery. Canal 3800. Mr. Haines.

PONGEES Wanted—12 momme; spot cash. N. Y. Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

PONGEES Wanted—12 mme; natural; for cash. Madison Square 4540. Ext. 14.

PONGEE Wanted—12 and 14 momme. Capitol Textile Co., 219 4th Av. Store.

POPLINS Wanted—American Woolen Company 09610 or 09077 wool poplin, brown only. Tel. Chelsea 9920.

POPLINS Wanted—Black and navy, all wool. Watkins 5411.

SATINS Wanted—Whanstabs, No. 295, 56 inches; colors, kingfisher, peacock, navy, brown, taupe and ivory. Republic Textile Company, 22 West 32d St.

SATINS Wanted—In all colors, 36 and 40 inches, for spot cash; call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4941.

SATIN Wanted—Washable, any color; spot cash. Call with samples at 10 A. M. Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

SATINS, Crepe de Chines, Wanted—Open for quantities, cheap, cash. Spring 7099. M. M. Bernstein & Co., 537 Broadway.

SATINS Wanted—Open on large quantity of satin. Fairsex Dress Co., 305 Lexington Av., Vanderbilt 8906.

SATIN AND CREPES Wanted; washable Goody Silk Undg. Co.; 124 West 29th St.

SATIN Wanted—Open for 50 pieces 2522 Duplan black satin. Madison Square 634.

SATINS Wanted—Cotton back and all silk in pastel shades to 170. Spring 7934.

SERGES Wanted—104, 9, 99, 235, 0936, 54280, 7120, 4061, 57 WFX, VSL 833, 7130, 6915, 5838; also tricotines 0388, 907, 2906, 10316, 10854 and all other makes. Stuyvesant 8538-8534.

SERGES and Panamas Wanted — 4061, BPNL 228, brown only; 104, 11433, 833, 54298, 9066, 54280, 7120, 9, black only. Schaffran Barham Co., 303 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted—Open to buy quantity; Whitman 87, navy. Davis & Stern, 534 West Broadway. Phone Spring 3163.

SERGES Wanted—54298, 54296, 1464, 11433, 87; can use quantities; pay cash at right price. Manufacturer, Watkins 2423.

SERGES Wanted—Open for large quantity, also tricotines for cash. Atlas, 27 West 27th. Chelsea 5183.

SERGES, Tricotines Wanted—104, 0936, 835, 7130, 4061, 09077, 0388, 5782, 10854. Madison Square 3842.

SERGES Wanted—For quantity of 7512, 7130 navy at a price. Glassberg & Press, Stuyvesant 3394.

SERGES Wanted—Whitmans 87 wanted for cash. May-Bur Dress Co., 132 West 27th.

SERGES and Tricotines Wanted—Standard makes. Madison Square 849.

SERGE Wanted—4061, or similar; all colors. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted—11433, 0056, 104, 54289, 519, 7120; cash. Madison Square 1540.

SERGES, Tricotines, Wanted—9, 104, 11433, 7130, 0388, 10854, 5782. Stuyvesant 4000.

SERGES and Tricotines Wanted — Popular numbers. Prudential Textile, 35 East 20th.

SERGES Wanted—11433, 9, 104, 7130, tricotine 907, 2099, 9708. Chelsea 3924.

SERGES Wanted—119, 7614, 94, or similar, for cash. Spring 5397.

SERGE Wanted—87, 6120, and black cotton warp. Harben, South 1632.

SERGES Wanted—Whitmans 9, 94, 104, 119, 907, 5618, 0388. Watkins 5929.

SERGES Wanted—7120, 519, black and navy, quantity, cash. Watkins 2543.

SERGES Wanted—7301-7614, black only; also 09077 tricotine for Fall. Spring 9699.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash any quantity silk shirtings. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4941.

SHIRTINGS wanted of every description at a price for cash. Piedmont Shirt Co., 29 West 19th.

SHIRTS Wanted—Open for quantity of silk shirts at a price, for cash; submit samples Tuesday, 10:30 to 12:30. 43 Leonard St., room 304.

SILKS Wanted—Satins, messalines, taffetas, shirtings, georgettes; spot cash; bring samples. N. Y. Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

SILKS Wanted—For spot cash, 12 momme rouges, large or small quantities. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2973.

SILK Wanted—Open to buy Crone Meyer 860 in white; also jersey striped, jersey crepe and broadcloth. Livingston & Lieberman, 347 Broadway.

SILK Wanted—Can use large quantities Tussah silks, brocaded and other fancies, at 60 cents per yard net cash. Spitzer, 1,265 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity of fancy silks and peau de cygnes suitable for linings at a price. Mr. Kurnak, Madison Square 1463.

SILKS Wanted — Charmeuse, satin, any quality; spot cash; call with samples. N. Y. Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

SILK Wanted—Shirtings, all quality; also messalines; bring samples. N. Y. Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

SILKS Wanted—Tricolette, in all colors and qualities, for spot cash. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity of 2 and 3-thread georgette, 2-thread crepe de chine, satin de chine, taffetas, messaline and shirtings; quantity at a price. Store, 34 West 32d.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity of crepe de chine; highest quality; Full shades. Madison Square 9796.

SILK Wanted—Artificial, quantities. H. S. Meritzer, 389 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 7586.

SILK Wanted—For spot cash, 4-thread crepe de chine. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

SILKS, JAP AND SATIN Wanted—Natural; all weights. Rice, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 6036.

SILKS Wanted—Japs; can use 100 pieces 4 and 6 momme; Radinewitz Bros., 29 W. 23d.

SILKS Wanted—Jap, natural, in all weights; must be cheap. Gramercy 2098.

SILK, JAP Wanted—Seco, satin and tricotine. M. Kingshner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

SILK SUPLIN, Fields and Sirtpis, Wanted—at price, for cash. Rand, Aberdeen Hotel.

SILK, Jap, Wanted—4 momme for cash. Freydberg, 35 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Open for quantity of light weights all wool and cotton warp in all colors. Joseph F. Cohen, 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 5410.

SILVERTONES Wanted — Raritans 854, brown burgundy, for cash. S. Bierman & Son, 11 West 17th. Chelsea 5866.

SILVERTONES Wanted—All wool, also cotton warp, all shades; no price too high. 27 West 27th Store. Chelsea 5183.

SILVERTONES, Goldtones, Tricotines, Velours Wanted—For export; mail samples with quantities. G 49 Times.

SILVERTONE Wanted — 15030 American Woolen Co's. Phone Chelsea 9419. Bednorz & Miller.

SILVERTONE Wanted — Navy and brown, also navy tricotine. Medina Bros., 17 West 28th.

SILVERTONES Wanted—15032, navy, brown, reindeer, taupe, for cash. Greeley 1084.

SILVERTONE Wanted — American 15030, copen only. Chelsea 2440.

SILVERTONES Wanted—15032, navy and taupe. Watkins 4063.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber looking at jobs and regulars for Fall, 25 W. 31st St., one flight up.

SUEDINE Wanted—American 13058, brown reindeer, taupe. Edward Isaacs Co., Chelsea 6598.

SUEDINE Wanted — American 13061, all shades. Hirschhorn Bros., 15 West 37th.

SUEDINES Wanted—Americans 13058, shade 307; spot cash. Stuyvesant 4672.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking for and placing orders on snappy Fall suits.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LADY'S BLACK LEATHER SUIT-CASE; INITIALED H. J. E.; LOST FROM AUTOMOBILE STANDING 108TH ST. NEAR BROADWAY; REWARD $200 AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED. WARNER, 255 WEST 108TH.

LOST—Lady's platinum wrist watch, surrounded with diamonds, oval shaped; Strand Theatre, Monday afternoon, July 5; liberal reward; no questions asked. Apply The Belnord, Broadway and 86th St., Apartment 809.

LOST—Lady's large dinner ring, gold mesh; platinum top set with large white and yellow diamond, numerous smaller white and brown diamonds; large reward; no questions asked. Phone Lenox 3075.

LOST—Watch fob lost July 3, gold statuette, bull and bear, with green jade seal based, initials E. J. W.; reward if returned to Wm. H. Luiten Co., 513 5th Av., New York City.

LOST—Black wallet, containing $35 and cards of owner, E. O. McDonnell; lost Saturday, July 3, alongside owner's residence, the McKenna cottage, West Broadway, Woodmere; liberal reward.

LOST—Gold link bracelet, with inscription, near the foot of Desbrosses St. Ferry; sentimental reward; no questions asked. Miss Merwick, 16 Far Rockaway Boulevard, Edgemere, L. I.

LOST—Platinum diamond bar pin, Friday, July 2, between 95th St., Park Av. and Long Island train, Penn. Station, via Lexington and 34th St. trolleys; reward. A. B., 30 East 95th St.

LOST—In taxi, brown handbag containing complete outing outfit, between Fort Lee Ferry and Southern Boulevard and Longwood Av.; reward. Matthew Shafre, 457 Broadway, at Broome St.

LOST—Black bag, containing book and papers, on 125th St. crosstown or Willis Av. car, July 5, about 6 P. M., going from ferry; reward. Telephone Morningside 1000, Apt. 2.

LOST—Gold bracelet at Coney Island, last Monday night, made of gold leaves linked together; valued as keepsake of dead father; liberal reward and no questions asked. Return to M. Pecker, 255 West 21st St., city.

LOST—Ladies' leather pocketbook with money and keys, on bench, Riverside Drive, near 72d St., July 5; reward. Mrs. Heston, Robert Fulton Hotel, West 72d St. Columbus 1000.

LOST—Diamond bug with thirty small diamonds set in platinum; emerald eyes, in Far Rockaway or road to Woodmere; reward; no questions. Phone Far Rockaway 1307.

LOST—Gentleman's diamond ring set in white gold in the vicinity of Edgemere, L. I.; liberal reward. Finder please communicate with M. Farnia, 23 West 106th.

LOST—Saturday evening between 96th and 101st Sts., Amsterdam Av., Riverside Park, a diamond horseshoe brooch; suitable reward. Mrs. A. Levy, 312 West 94th.

Lost—July 3, between Singer Building and Hanover Square Station or Wall St., garnet cluster brooch, with three pendants; reward. Young, 3215 Singer Bldg., New York City.

LOST—Bank book No. 640,765, Seamen's Bank for Savings, 78 Wall St., New York; payment stopped and cancellation applied for. Please return to bank.

LOST—Gold Masonic emblem, enclosed in circle, train or Grand Central Station; reward to finder. Alfred Dupont, 233 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 4470 Franklin.

LOST—Package addressed Allen Mica Co., 13 West 20th St., New York, containing 289 pieces mica 2 9-16 in. diameter. The Brunswick-Balke Collender Co., 35 West 32d St.

LOST—Silver handed snakewood cane, initialed F. W. M., left in box at Polo Grounds, Monday, July 5, P. M.; reward. Telephone Vanderbilt 5255.

LOST—Suitcase, July 4, between Riverdale and Yonkers; cold, imitation alligator side; reward. Miss Olsen, 562 West 113th St. Cathedral 7800.

LOST—Brown leather handbag on July 6, between Getty's Square, Yonkers, and Mount Vernon line, Central Av. Please return to Room 816, 30 Broad St., New York; reward.

LOST—Black silk bag, contents bag of jewelry, sum of money and keys, lost at Thwaite's, at City Island Inn. Telephone Vanderbilt 441. Liberal reward.

LOST—Graflex, Jr., camera, with carrying case, Cooke lens, nearly new, 98th St. or Riverside Drive; reward. D. D. Field, Room 1106, 15 Dey St.

LOST—Friday night, probably near Strand Theatre, Brooklyn, horn-rimmed glasses. E. Collins, 316 Clinton Av. Prospect 1915.

LOST—Diamond and platinum scarf pin, containing nine diamonds; liberal reward. Milton Strauss, 16 West 22d St.

LOST—Green vanity box containing money, near 116th St.; reward. Return to Carolyn Lyon, 139 East 39th St.

LOST—Lady's silver vanity, initialed "K. M. K."; reward. Miss Kelly, Bowling Green 1464.

LOST—Gold fountain pen, on third floor of Bloomingdale's; reward. N. Y. 72 East 59th.

LOST—On Croton local 12:10, steel beaded bag, Saturday, Audubon 2627.

LOST—A gold ring, topaz stone, initials inside. Miss Gelvin, Riverside 6900.

LOST—Girl's bracelet, soft gold, with French medal; reward. Q 121 Times.

$50 REWARD.

Lost black and white cameo breast surrounded by pearls, on Friday, between Maiden Lane and 45th St., street or subway; no questions asked. Michael Levy, 9 Maiden Lane.

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN.

Ford 1919, sedan, motor No. 3332789, license N. Y. 32333, taken at 64 West 98th St., right front post and glass and left running board and rear side show accident; liberal reward. Communicate with E. B. Ringwood, 85 John St., N. Y. Telephone Beekman 8067.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Fur, brown Kolinsky scarf, about 8 feet long by 2 feet wide, with tails and head; with brown georgette; last from auto between 111th St. and 11th St., somewhere along Central Park West, Broadway or 8th Av. Reward for return to Mrs. Young, Stuyvesant 1272, Apt. C-E, 44 West 106th St.

LOST—Squirrel scarf, Sunday morning at 10:30, at foot of Cedar St. entrance to Sandy Hook Dock; reward. C. Dave, 43 Tillary St., Brooklyn. Main 3569.

LOST—Fur scarf, Brown and white tail, from 155th St. to Sandy Hook boat, Saturday noon. Return A. Dolan, 1,032 Ogden Av., or will call.

LOST—Two-skin stone marten necklace, Monday night, left in taxi; hired at Claridge Hotel. Balkan, 17th floor, 235 West 58th St.

LOST—Tan cloth cape, brown fur collar, cuffs; baggage room New York Central; July 5; reward. Communicate Mrs. Wolfe, The Griswold, New London, Conn.

LOST—Blue fox neckpiece in taxi, between Pennsylvania Station and 54th St., 7th Av., 1 A. M., July 6; reward; no questions. H. Deuts, 7th floor, 100 West 23d St.

LOST—June 27, between Cunard Line pier and 151 West 38th St., a wide black fox shoulder fur; suitable reward for return to above address.

LOST—Hat box, containing two dresses and one hat, left in taxi from Pennsylvania Station; reward. 512 West 57th, Apt. 32.

LOST—Tuesday, marten sable neckpiece, between Penn. and Claridge Hotels, 6:30 to 7:30; reward. Schuyler 6294.

LOST—Blue jacket on park bench at 59th St.; liberal reward. Lissner, 349 Central Park West.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—White Scotch female poodle dog, June 28, at 184th St. and 3d Av.; four legs and face clipped and freckles on stomach; $25 reward for return. Tapale Phonograph Store, 4,597 3d Av., Bronx. Fordham 8062.

LOST—Dog, fox terrier; right ear black, left ear somewhat lighter; black spot on back; name "Lassie"; reward $25. J. Garsava, 281 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Greenpoint 2820.

LOST—Gray-striped Angora cat, 7 toes on each fore foot; disappeared June 28; reward for return to Lee Creelman, 112 Waverly Place. Phone Spring 7887.

LOST—Blue chow, male, 1 year old; answers to name of Chee-Chee; reward. Kraus, 88 5th St., Brooklyn. Telephone Shore Road 1865.

PERSONAL.

MRS. K. SOLOMON AND MRS. H. M. Silkins have severed their connections with the West End Furnishing Co.; hereafter the said business will be conducted by David Silbern.
Signed WEST END FURNISHING CO.

Notice to creditors of Joseph Kupper, grocer, 262 South 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.: Were sold to Dora Brown. All creditors should apply until the 13th day of July, 1920.

MR. CHARLES COHEN, COMMUNICATE with Mrs. Goldhill of Sydney, at 66 Central Park West, Columbus 1898, Business matter.

TELEPHONE CONTRACT FOR SALE; transfer arranged; highest offer accepted. H 149 Times.

THE HIGH TIDE OF DEMOCRACY

The evolution of democratic institutions in 2,000 years is epitomized in the new Constitution of the Czech Republic. Full text of this historic document, the full text of the Turkish Treaty and official viewpoint of the Albanian, Polish and Greek problems are a few of the forty features in July CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, now on news stands.

SAYS WITNESS LIED IN ELWELL INQUIRY

Swann Asserts Man Concealed His Movements in Hours Just Before Murder.

NOT SUSPECTED, HOWEVER

Prosecutor Thinks Falsehoods Were Due to a Desire to Avoid Domestic Difficulties.

Conflicting statements made by a man who has been examined in connection with the murder of Joseph Bowne Elwell may lead to important developments in the hunt for the slayer. District Attorney Swann admitted yesterday that one of the men examined by himself and Assistant District Attorneys Talley, Dooling and Joyce had been detected in several inaccuracies regarding his movements for the twelve hours preceding the shooting of Elwell in his home at 244 West Seventieth St set on the morning of June 11.

"Although we have gone rather fully into these discrepancies," said the District Attorney, "we have not been able to establish anything which would connect him with the crime. His obviously false statements may have been due to a desire to avoid domestic difficulties."

The District Attorney intimated that the man was in no respect a suspect in the case, but that he would have to explain why he withheld the information from the District Attorney.

James Shevlin, supervising Prohibition Enforcement Agent for this district, said his investigation into the activities of a group of bootleggers had shown that Elwell's interest in the plot was on a larger scale than hitherto indicated.

Officials from Mr. Shevlin's office have been investigating the manner in which Elwell stocked the cellar of his home with gin, whisky and champagne. Mr. Shevlin refused to discuss that phase of the investigation. It was learned, however, that Lord and Mangin, two of his investigators, have obtained information that may lead to the hiding place of thousands of dollars' worth of liquors illicitly acquired by Elwell and his associates.

Mr. Shevlin questioned two men at his office in the Custom House regarding the statement of William H. Barnes, former Secretary to Elwell, that he, as steward of the Studio Club, had received more than $4,000 worth of liquors without Government permit. It was said the witness denied Barnes' statement in detail.

It was expected that Mrs. Josephine L. P. Wilmerding, now residing at Long Beach, L. I., would be questioned at the District Attorney's office, but Mr. Swann and his associates refused to discuss the matter.

Mrs. Elwell, widow of the murdered turfman, said she never had published books on whist under the nom de plume of Florence Irwin, as had been reported.

DANIELS GOING TO ALASKA.

With Secretary Payne, He Will Inspect Navy Coal Land There.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Secretary of the Interior Payne and Governor Riggs, of Alaska, will leave Seattle next Saturday or Sunday on a destroyer to investigate navy coal and possible oil lands in Alaska. Mr. Daniels will leave here tomorrow on the battleship New Mexico, and will be joined at Seattle by Secretary Payne and Alaska's Governor.

"We have an appropriation of $1,000,000 for development of the Matzneska coal fields for naval purposes," said Secretary Daniels, "and we also believe it possible that productive oil fields may be developed. The oil, however, is only a possibility, but we will look into it."

HENRY WINS STAY TILL FALL

Police Inspector Convicted of Perjury to be Sailed Today.

The application of Dominick Henry, ex-Police Inspector, convicted of perjury, for a certificate of reasonable doubt, permitting his release on bail pending his appeal to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court from his conviction, was granted yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Donnelly. It is expected Justice Donnelly will sign an order admitting Henry to bail today, and the Inspector will then leave the Tombs, where he has been since his conviction three weeks ago. His appeal will not be heard until Fall.

"I have nothing to say now, but time will tell," said Henry, when asked for a statement at the Tombs last night. His wife had just left in a cheerful mood.

Justice Donnelly ruled that there was no merit in the contention of Henry that his cross-examination by Special Deputy Attorney General Rand and remarks by Colonel Rand to the jury constituted reasons why the certificate should be issued, because the questions asked by Colonel Rand were proper and for the purpose of developing the motive for the alleged perjury.

As to the point that there was no evidence adduced at the trial that the testimony of Henry was pertinent to any inquiry pending before the Grand Jury, and that Justice Weeks, who presided at the trial, erred in not withdrawing from the consideration of the jury one of the allegations of perjury about which no proof had been presented, Justice Donnelly said that an indictment is sufficient if it charges generally that the evidence was material.

"The materiality of the evidence must be proved at the trial, however," said the court. "A false oath upon an immaterial matter would not support a conviction."

Justice Donnelly grants the certificate because no member of the Grand Jury or the stenographer was called as a witness, and the minutes were not offered in evidence to support the contention of the prosecution that the alleged false testimony of Henry before the Grand Jury was upon a material matter.

Delays Action on Decker Attack.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Secretary Daniels telegraphed Acting Secretary Coontz today that he would take no action in regard to Rear Admiral Benton C. Decker's recent attack on himself and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt until he returned to Washington from San Francisco, probably about Aug. 5. Admiral Coontz had announced that he expected the Secretary, who has received all papers in the case, to act at once.

MISSION FROM DE LA HUERTA

Judge Gonzales Prepared to Answer Questions on Carranza's Overthrew.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Judge Alberto M. Gonsalos, an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Mexico, appointed on a special mission to the United States, the exact nature of which has not been officially announced, arrived here today from Mexico City along with members of Señor Iglesias Calderon's special mission, whose purpose is to take up the question of recognition of the new Government in Mexico.

Señor Iglesias himself arrived here a week ago, and already has made an official visit to the State Department, where he had a long conference last Wednesday with Under Secretary Davis. The other members of his mission who reached here today are Julio Garcia, former sub-Secretary of Foreign Affairs under Madero and said to be one of the best known and most universally respected lawyers of Mexico, and Genaro Fernandez MacGregor, also a well known lawyer, who will be legal advisors of the special mission, and Daniel Garcia, Attaché.

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For Motor and Sports Wear
Reduced to
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Fine out-door coats greatly reduced to close out.
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IN MEMORIAM.

The Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will contain an etching of the heroic bronze group by Augustus Lukeman for the "Honor Roll" to be erected in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, in memory of the 3,700 men and women from that borough who fell in the great [illegible]

TURK NATIONALISTS CAPTURE BEICOS

Report British and Greek Troops Evacuated Town 10 Miles from Constantinople.

THREAT TO SLAY 40 GIRLS

Young Hostages to be Put to Death if Allied Fleet Bombards Brussa.

GREEK ARMY SWEEPS ON

Troops Continue to Land—British Observers Predict Collapse of Nemal Pasha's Movement.

LONDON, July 6.—Turkish Nationalist troops Monday occupied Beicos, on the Asiatic shore of the Bosporus about ten miles from Constantinople and opposite the allied headquarters on the European side, according to a dispatch to the Mail from Constantinople. Fighting with British and Greek troops in the town followed the entry of the Nationalists.

The British fleet, says the report, bombarded the Turkish position. The Nationalists, however, continue to hold Beicos, the allied troops having been withdrawn.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 5 (Associated Press).—British warships bombarding the Turkish Nationalists and arousing the city in the early morning yesterday afforded a salute to the American Independence Day which was the signal for a general scurrying of allied warships to various points in the Sea of Marmora and the Bosporus where the Nationalists are resisting the allied occupation of the straits.

In consequence of the insurgents' activities, Constantinople was crowded today with refugees of all nationalities fleeing from the Asiatic side of the Bosporus. At 4 o'clock this morning the Nationalists raided Beicos, ten miles south of Constantinople on the Adriatic shore of the Bosporus, just opposite Robert College. Another band simultaneously raided Martepe, fifteen miles east of Constantinople, on the Sea of Marmora.

British and Greek troops as well as dreadnoughts and destroyers were rushed to resist the Nationalists, who did some extensive plundering before they were driven back into the mountains.

Beicos a Summer Resort.

Beicos is a popular Summer place, with a gambling casino the management of which has not dared to open it this year because of the danger of raids. The Summer colony here of some 10,000 persons fled to the waterfront when the raiders appeared, crowding all the ferries and available steamers trying to escape from the bandits. Many persons paid boatmen $50 to row them the two miles across the Bosporus. One British officer was captured by the bandits and several Punjabs and many Nationalists were killed and others wounded in the fighting.

The warships were engaged in shelling the mountains all day in an effort to drive the bandits away from the Bosporus, and meanwhile the Stars and Stripes were flying from the mastheads of all the allied ships in Turkish waters in honor of the American holiday. On shore Rear Admiral Mark L. Bristol, commander of the American naval forces in Turkish waters, was assisted by Mrs. Bristol in receiving the members of the American colony in Constantinople at the embassy, where all the allied high commissioners likewise called. As this function was in progress allied airplanes were flying over Constantinople, cooperating with the naval gunners by bombing bandit nests in the neighboring mountains.

Bombardment of the great mosque at Brussa and destruction of the town by airplane attacks are threatened in an ultimatum received by the Governor of Brussa from Vice Admiral de Robeck, British High Commissioner at Constantinople, who has been in charge of British landing parties along the coast of the Sea of Marmora. The text of the document follows:

"Nationalist forces, in violation of the peace terms, have attacked territory occupied by the British on the Sea of Marmora and have hindered the landing of forces from the fleet.

"As a consequence of this aggressive attitude against the British and other allies and in event these attacks continue, it has been decided to bombard the mosque at Brussa and to destroy Brussa by airplanes.

"To avoid such action I ask you to instruct your subordinates to discontinue their aggressive menace and not to prevent our landing wherever landing is deemed necessary."

British prestige has suffered a hard blow by the repulse of landing parties at various points in Turkish waters. Turkish Nationalists, realizing that the British have not sufficient troops available to support their marines, have been defying the navy all along the Dardanelles, the Bosporus and the Sea of Marmora.

British warships are constantly firing at gun nests established by the Nationalists in the mountains near ports in the area to be jointly occupied by the Allies under the treaty, but Nationalist snipers continue operations so close to the shore as to endanger shipping.

Extensive fortifications have been made by the British on the mountain at Beicos.

Turks are holding forty Greek girls and men at Brussa as hostages, and are threatening their execution if the British bombard the city.

Greeks Driving Turks Inland.

Greek troops have swept the country west of Balouhessar clear of Turks as far north as Adremit. They also have flanked large forces at Chardek on the Dardanelles. Consequently, they expect to eliminate the Turks from the province of Biga shortly.

Observers who accompanied the Greeks during their attack on Balouhessar and who visited Panderma after the Greek occupation of the city say the Turkish forces offered little resistance, except at Pergama and outside Balouhessar.

The Greek advance was so rapid and unexpected that the Turks were unable to destroy the railways which, with its rolling stock, was left intact. Dynamite had been placed under some bridges, but the Nationalists were in so great panic that the charges were not exploded. Their retreat was in such disorder that the Greeks easily inflicted great losses upon them and took many prisoners, with few casualties among themselves. It was found unnecessary for the Greek forces to shell any towns, as all hoisted the white flag when they approached.

Turkish civil officers in the territory reoccupied have been continued in office.

British observers predict that the Nationalist movement will collapse within a fortnight. They say the fall of Eskishehr will result in the surrender of Konia and the complete isolation of the Angora Government. The Turkish population has been fleeing from Brussa for several days, and many Turks are asking Greek civilians to protect them in their homes.

Britain Cuts Tax on Wine As Concession to French

LONDON, July 6.—In the House of Commons today, during discussion of the Finance bill, Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, accepted on behalf of the Government an amendment to the bill reducing the ad valorem duty on sparkling wines from 50 per cent. to 33 1-3 per cent. as a concession to French wine growers. The Chancellor promised to take into consideration a similar reduction on cigars.

WARS ON MALARIA TO SAVE 8,000,000

President Vincent Reviews Work of Rockefeller Foundation in Fighting Disease.

MANY NATIONS CO-OPERATE

Public Funds Now Being Appropriated Faster Than Sanitarians Can Be Found to Do the Work.

In a review of the activities of the Rockefeller Foundation during 1919, made public yesterday, President George E. Vincent tells of the campaign for the control of malaria and the elimination of the hookworm. The southern part of the United States, Mexico, Central America and the West Indies, as well as the Northern countries of South America, lie within the malaria belt, and President Vincent said that malaria is threatening 8,000,000 people within that area.

The practical measures for fighting the disease, he said, are the elimination of the anopheles mosquito, which carries the germs; the proper screening of houses and the sterilization by quinine of the blood of human malaria carriers.

"As a consequence of these demonstrations," the report continues, "public funds for malaria control operations are now being appropriated faster than sanitarians can be found to do the work. From the outset the Foundation's International Health Board has entered an area only at the invitation of the Government concerned. All of its work has been based upon at least three primary considerations: co-operation with the authorities, the community's assumption of some part of the expense and an agreement that if the experiment is successful the Government will take over the enterprise as part of its official machinery.

"In June, 1918, a conference was held to plan a concentrated campaign against malaria in the Southern States. Representatives of the United States Public Health Service and of the International Health Board of the Rockefeller Foundation were present, and these men worked out a program which was subsequently approved and adopted in ten Southern States."

President Vincent said that hookworm control has proved a most successful means of convincing communities that health is purchasable. In 1919 hookworm control measures were continued in twenty-five States and countries and the campaign extended into eight new areas.

ROOT PLAN ACCEPTED FOR LEAGUE COURT

Judges Will Be Chosen by Council and Assembly or by Other Judges So Chosen.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, July 6.—The final vote on the question of the selection of judges for the International Court of Justice was taken today by the Commission of Jurists, and as predicted yesterday, the Root-Phillimore plan was carried by an enormous majority. Three plans were put to a vote.

The final draft was not read today, so the vote was taken on the structure of the Root-Phillimore plan. It is quite probable that few of Descamp's ideas will be dovetailed in the final reading. Some few alterations were made in the wording of the plan regarding supplementary judges, but the main principles of selecting judges remain untouched.

The commission still has an enormous amount of drafting work but is making such rapid progress that breaking up on the 20th is anticipated.

Henry White, who has been visiting relatives in the Hague and was going to London today, sailing for America at the end of the month, spoke enthusiastically and hopefully of the way the Court Commission had forged ahead with the work in hand.

THE HAGUE, July 6 (Associated Press).—One real stumbling block in the creation of a high court of nations was passed today when the Jurist Commission to adopt in principle the Root-Phillimore plan for the makeup of the court. Though there will probably be a number of minor changes in the the plan, the Commission by a vote of 8 to 1 accepted Mr. Root's most important principle—his method for the election of the judges by the Council and Assembly of the League of Nations voting separately on lists submitted by the League tribunal.

These candidates who are named by both Council and Assembly will immediately be considered elected, and in the event of conflicts in the conference committees, the Council and Assembly will try to come to some arrangement. In such cases where there is failure to agree the judges chosen by the two bodies jointly will have the power to name the other judges.

The jurists will now take up the Root-Phillimore plan paragraph by paragraph and decide upon the number of judges and their terms.

"We have made great progress," said Mr. Root after the session. "While there is much important work yet to be done it is largely a matter of mere editing and getting drafts of the scheme into proper shape."

BELGIUM WINS REFERENDUM

Only 280 Protests from 62,000 Former German Subjects.

BRUSSELS, July 6.—The referendum at Eupen and in Malmedy, formerly German but now Belgian, thus far shows 280 registered protests against Belgian occupation out of a total population of 62,000.

(The Versailles treaty provided that for six months after the treaty went into effect the people of Eupen and Malmedy should be permitted to record in writing a desire to see the whole or part of Eupen and Malmedy remain under German sovereignty.)

The opportunity to record protests ends on Saturday.

WRANGEL WIPES OUT RED CAVALRY CORPS

Eighteen Regiments Surrounded and Shot Down by Armored Trains and Airplanes.

POLES STILL IN RETREAT

Moscow Asserts Northern Front is Broken—Brusiloff Urges Russian Officers Abroad to Join Red Army.

LONDON, July 6.—Polish forces between the Beresina and Pripet Rivers have been defeated along the entire front by the Russian Bolsheviki, according to an official statement issued at Moscow yesterday, and received here by wireless.

Northeast of Rovno the Poles, the statement says, have been flung back behind the line from Beradna to Kostopol. Further south, near Ostroga, the Bolsheviki have driven the Poles from their positions and have inflicted heavy losses. In the direction of Proskirov, further south, the Soviet forces are pursuing the Poles, the statement declares.

The British War Office today gave out a message, the source of which was withheld, saying that the cavalry of General Wrangel, the anti-Bolshevist commander in Southern Russia, had encircled a Bolshevist cavalry corps, consisting of eighteen regiments, on which the Wrangel forces concentrated fire from armored trains and airplanes. The message declares only 130 of the Bolsheviki escaped, 1,000 prisoners being taken and the battlefield left covered with dead. In addition, forty guns were captured.

The message adds that a second Bolshevist cavalry corps, with its staff, also was captured by Wrangel's army.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—General Brusiloff, one of the better known of the Russian army officers under the régime of the late Czar and who won fame in the great Russian offensive from Pinsk to the Rumanian frontier in July, 1916, has issued a written appeal to all former Russian army officers, wherever located, to join in a defense of the integrity of national Russia against any foreign effort to dismember the country. Brusiloff is now in command of the Soviet Russian armies operating against the Poles.

The Brusiloff appeal, the text of which was received in Washington and made public today, is regarded in Russian and other circles here as constituting further evidence of the manner in which the Polish-Ukrainian offensive against the Bolsheviki has strengthened the Soviets by placing them in position to play the rôle of defenders of Russian national unity and thus possibly bring to their support patriotic Russians who under other circumstances would have refrained from assisting the Soviet forces.

There is a disposition in well-informed official quarters to doubt the full sincerity of the expressions in the Brusiloff appeal, but the opinion is expressed that it evidences the attitude which has been taken by the Bolshevist authorities and through which the claim is made, they have materially strengthened their waning internal control, for the time being at least.

The appeal is signed by the Commander in Chief as Chairman of the Special Military Advisory Council, composed of men, almost all of whom, it is affirmed, were Generals in command under either the Russian Empire or the Kerensky republic. Its text follows:

"An appeal to all former Russian officers wherever they may be.

"The free Russian people have liberated all of the nationalities which were under Russian rule and has given to each of them the opportunity of self-determination and for the organization of their Government in conformity with their desires. So much the more have the Russian people the right to organize their national life in the way that they desire, and it is the duty of every one of us to work for the benefit and for the glory of our motherland, Russia.

"It is especially necessary in this grave moment when the friendly Polish people, who themselves in the past have suffered from foreign oppression, are endeavoring to seize our territories, territories with an essentially Russian population, and to submit them to Polish domination. No matter under what banner or with what promises the Poles are advancing into the Ukraine; no matter what is the official pretext of the present war, we remember that the real aim of the Polish offensive is to annex Lithuanian, White Russian, Ukrainian and South Russian territories with an outlet to the Black Sea, thus accomplishing the scheme of other years for a Polish Empire from the Black Sea to the Baltic.

"In this critical period of our history, we, the undersigned, your older comrades in the war, appeal to your love and devotion to your country. We appeal to you to forget whatever offenses you may have suffered from whatever caused, and to join sincerely and heartily the ranks of the Red Army on the front or in the rear, carrying out the orders of the Soviet Government in order, by our common efforts, to save from dismemberment the Russia that is equally dear to us all.

"If we do not do this Russia will perish and we will be cursed and our descendants will accuse us of having refused to give our knowledge and experience to the service of our motherland, Russia, of having ruined our own people through motives of selfishness and class interests."

The appeal, as received here, was signed as follows:

"Chairman of the Special Advisory Committee to the Commander in Chief, A. A. Brusiloff."

At the close of the document the members of the Special Advisory Committee were listed as follows:

A. A. Polivanoff (former Russian Imperial Minister of War), A. M. Saiontchkovsky, V. N. Klembovsky (former Assistant Chief of Staff of the Russian Army during the war), L. P. Parsky, R. S. Valouieff, A. V. Gutor and M. V. Akimoff.

CHINESE REFORMERS GAIN.

They Succeed in Ousting Militarist Commander in the Northwest.

PEKING, July 5 (Associated Press).—Militarist elements received another defeat late last night when General Hsu Chu-cheng, Resident Commissioner of Inner Mongolia and Commander on the northwestern frontier, was relieved of those posts. The mandate by which he was retired from his duties announced he had been made a retired Generalissimo, and would receive a pension of 1,000 taels monthly, but this is considered here as a step intended only to "save the face" of the General.

This dismissal, it is believed here, demonstrates the strength of the reform party headed by Generals Chang Tso-ling and Wu Pei-fu, and the Anfu group, of which Hsu Chu-cheng was a leader, which suffered a severe reverse on June 30 when Chow-shomo was selected as Premier, will be still further ousted from power by the announced intention of the Government to deprive it of the Ministry of Communications in the new Cabinet.

The dramatic dismissal of Hsu Shu-cheng startled this city and gave rise to apprehensions of an uprising by troops under his command who are still in Peking. Many people have hurriedly deposited their valuables in foreign banks and there is a feeling akin to panic. Officials, however, are not perturbed by the situation.

Kaiser, Still Dreaming of a Return to Power, Wonders Why Germany Has Not Called Him

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 5.—Despite the reports that the ex-Kaiser is resigned to his fate and does not dream of returning to Germany THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent hears from a trustworthy source that he still cherishes hopes of a restoration. When he was visited recently by a man formerly connected with the German Navy he asked for a detailed report of the difficult situation created by the result of the elections and the approach of the Spa conference.

William listened with almost breathless attention and finally exclaimed: "And they're not yet thinking of calling me back!" He then made several suggestions, in his characteristic, overbearing manner, of how he would handle the Spa conference. The imperial remark was reported freely among the small number of Germans who still believe in William's divine mission and who feel outraged that so little notice is taken of the commands of the "All-Highest." Most of the monarchists, however, are heartily sick of him and characterise his latest utterances as part of his heroic pose, believing that he has neither the will nor the courage to come to his country's aid. Even the reactionary Tägliche Rundschau recently pictured with brutal frankness the ex-Kaiser's weakness and deficiencies, calling him names that might make even Vorwärts turn green with envy. But of course the Tägliche Rundschau's candidate for the imperial throne is the ex-Crown Prince.

INTERCHURCH'S FATE HANGS ON MEETING

General Committee Will Debate Continuance or Immediate Closing.

$500,000 IS AVAILABLE

Dr. Fowles, Treasurer, Favors Going On with Funds Recently Subscribed.

The General Committee of the Interchurch World Movement will hold a special meeting tomorrow at the headquarters of the Foreign Missions' Council of the United States and Canada, 25 Madison Avenue, to discuss whether the Interchurch shall continue or close at once. The session will begin at 11 o'clock, and James Speers, Chairman of the Executive Committee, said last evening that it was apt to continue until late. About 200 are eligible to attend. The session will be behind closed doors.

Representatives from the thirty denominations which underwrote the Interchurch have been invited, but it is understood the Northern Baptist Convention, which withdraw a fortnight ago, will not be represented. Whether the Presbyterian Church, North, which withdrew a month ago, will be represented is not known. The Presbyterians appointed a committee to "advise" with the Interchurch workers and pledged $100,000 during this year provided the movement reorganise as "a going concern." The Baptist withdrawal was absolute.

The Rev. Dr. George M. Fowles, Treasurer, said last evening that in his opinion it would not cost the denominations which remain any more to continue than to withdraw and conduct duct their own campaigns. Dr. Fowles, their own campaign. He said $500,000 would be available for another year's work.

BRITISH AND AMERICANS PRAISE COMMON TONGUE

Conference of Professors of English Opens with Messages from Many Scholars.

LONDON, July 6.—A four-day conference of American and British professors of English opened this morning at the University of London. Professors of fourteen American and fourteen British universities and colleges were in attendance. Sir Sidney Lee, Professor of English Language and Literature in the University of London, welcomed the visitors.

"Among the ties binding America and England none is stronger than the joint heritage of one great language and literature," Sir Sidney said. He declared the conference was a good evidence of the non-survival of the bitter antagonisms following 1776, when it was proposed that the Americans signalize their independence by the adoption of a new language.

John W. Davis, the American Ambassador, paid a tribute to the objects of the conference, emphasing the linguistic ties of the two nations and their value in perpetuating friendly relations.

Messages were read from Professor Albert S. Cook, Professor George H. Nettleton and Professor William L. Phelps of Yale; Professor Brander Matthews, Professor Edward Lee Thorndike and Professor John William Cunliffe of Columbia University; Professor George Lyman Kittredge and Professor William Henry Schofield of Harvard; Professor Felix E. Schelling, University of Pennsylvania; Professor John E. Wells, Connecticut College for Women, and Professor Werson of Western Reserve University.

Professor Phelps's message said: "I hope the conference will be a factor toward the goal—where all speaking and writing English will be in spirit one nation, people and family. Next to music, English is the nearest approach to a universal language."

Chicago's Fourth Cost Six Lives.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Six dead and twenty-four injured is the toll in this city from accidents which occurred indirectly from Fourth of July celebrations. The accidents varied from automobile collisions to airplane mishaps. No fatalities are attributed to fireworks. The area covered in the report includes Chicago and cities within a radius of sixty miles.

HADLEY APPOINTED BY PHILHARMONIC

Will Be Orchestra's Associate Conductor Next Season with Josef Stransky.

HIS CAREER AS COMPOSER

"Cleopatra's Night" Sung at Metropolitan Last Year—Has Written Four Symphonies.

President Henry E. Cooper of the Board of Directors of the Philharmonic Society of New York yesterday announced the appointment of Henry K. Hadley, the American composer, to be associate conductor of their orchestra next season, the Philharmonic's seventy-ninth year. Mr. Hadley will serve in co-operation with Conductor Josef Stransky, who has already made public part of his plans for the year, including a proposed December festival on the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the birth of Beethoven.

Henry Kimball Hadley, whose opera, "Cleopatra's Night," was produced at the Metropolitan last Winter and pronounced among the best of ten native works given by Gatti-Casazza in a decade, was born at Somerville, Mass., in 1874, and studied with George W. Chadwick at the New England Conservatory and with Mandyczewski in Vienna. He first came to New York as director of music at St. Paul's School and the Garden City Cathedral.

Hadley's first orchestral work, an overture, "Hector and Andromache," was produced by Walter Damrosch, and his first symphony, "Youth and Life," in 1897 by Anton Seidl. He himself led here his second symphony, "The Four Seasons," which won both the Paderewski and New England Conservatory Prizes in 1902.

Abroad again for five years, he gave his tone poem, "Salome," in many cities of Europe, and on returning a second time, in 1909, he produced his rhapsody "The Culprit Fay," which had won a $1,000 prize, with the Theodore Thomas Orchestra in Chicago.

When the Seattle Symphony Orchestra was founded Mr. Hadley became its conductor, and he later led for four seasons the newly founded San Francisco Symphony Orchestra. In June, 1918, he presented his lone prize, "Lucifer," at the Norfolk (Conn.) Music Festival. He wrote for the Worcester Festival a cantata, "In Music's Praise."

To an early comic opera, "Nancy Brown," he added a more ambitious opera, "Safie," sung under his direction at Mayence, as well as "Bianca," which won both a prize and first performance by the Society of American Singers; "Azora," given here by the Chicago Opera Company, and the Metropolitan "Cleopatra's Night."

BOAT HIT; 2 WOMEN DROWN.

Two Others Rescued—Paddle Wheel Wrecks Skiff on Lake Georgs.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., July 6.—Mrs. Edward Mullowney of 311 Eighth Street, Brooklyn, and Mrs. Alexander Dufion, also of Brooklyn, were drowned in Kattskill Bay, Lake George today, and the Misses Maud and Florence Leavey, sisters, of Hudson Falls, were rescued when the steamer Sagamore struck the boat in which they were rowing.

The Misses Leavey were at the oars, racing to get out of the steamer's path. They managed to escape being hit by the ship's bow, but were caught by the huge paddle wheel, which struck the rowboat, smashing it to bits and throwing the women into the water. Mrs. Mullowney and Mrs. Dufion were unable to swim and disappeared. The Misses Leavey, however, remained afloat, struggling in the water.

After the boat had docked the captain ordered the crew to their assistance. In the meantime, several men in rowboats had set out from Cleverdale and arrived in time to save the Leavey sisters, who were then nearly exhausted from their efforts to keep afloat.

The body of Mrs. Dufion was recovered later.

At the home of Edward Mullowney, at 311 Eighth Street, Brooklyn, it was learned last night that Mrs. Mullowney, and her friend Mrs. Dufion, who lives on Union Street, Brooklyn, had left for Lake George last Friday, where they intended remaining for about a week. The husbands of both women are employed by the New York Title Insurance Company, at 135 Broadway.

Mr. Mullowney's father, accompanied by their neighbor Robert L. Hall left last night for the Summer resort to bring back the bodies.

Full-Page Portrait of Governor Cox

A full-page portrait of Governor James M. Cox of Ohio, Democratic nominee for President of the United States, will appear on the first page of the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.

A large photograph of the Democratic National Convention in session at San Francisco, occupying the greater part of two pages, will be reproduced in the Rotogravure Section next Sunday, and there will be a group of photographs of convention and party leaders.

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance.

OPIUM DEN RAIDED; $5,000 DRUGS SEIZED

Woman and Four Men Arrested in Luxurious Rooms in Clinton Street Tenement House.

FIND CACHE UNDER A RUG

Morphine, Heroin and Cocaine Revealed When Floor Bulge Is Investigated.

One woman and four men were locked up in the Clinton Street Station last night following a raid on an alleged opium den on the top floor of a five-story tenement house in Allen Street, near Division. Several opium layouts and quantities of cocaine, morphine and heroin, valued at $5,000, were seized by the police in the raid. It was said Detectives Higgins and Boylan of Acting Captain Sherb's Narcotic Squad said the place was the most artistically furnished of its kind the police have uncovered in this city in many years.

Acting Captain Sherb received information several days ago that many fashionably dressed young women and Chinese from the Chinatown section were in the habit of visiting the apartment at all hours of the day and night. He assigned Detectives Higgins and Boylan to investigate. They reported that opium fumes permeated the hallway on the top floor of the tenement and Sherb decided to raid the place.

Yesterday afternoon Higgins and several detectives climbed the fire escape in the front of the building to the top floor. Higgins peered into the suspected apartment and shouted up to Sherb, who was on the roof, that the front room of the apartment contained seven bunks, partly concealed by luxurious Oriental drapery.

Sherb then signaled to Boylan and three other detectives in the hallway outside the apartment to break down the door, and at the same time ordered Higgins and his companions to smash in the window leading to the fire escape. The detectives said later that when they forced their way into the apartment they found Edward Biggio, 26 years old, of 456 West Twenty-ninth Street, and Peter Silvio, 19, of 10 Franklin Street, lying in one of the bunks with an opium pipe and an alcohol lamp between them, while in another bunk on the opposite side of the room they said they found Miss Rose Martin, 28, who said she was a manicurist, dozing with her pet dog Peggie lying beside her.

In an adjoining room the detectives said they found Daniel Tazzi, 29, of 13 Mott Street, and Frank Coletti, 20, of 65 Bayard Street. When Coletti was searched, the detectives said, they found about $1,000 in small bills in his pockets.

As the detectives were about to leave the apartment with their five prisoners one of them noticed something bulging beneath a Persian rug on the floor of the front room. Detective Higgins pulled the rug aside and revealed a trap door leading to a cache ingeniously constructed between the beams of the flooring.

Higgins explored the opening and for the next five minutes was busy withdrawing narcotics in various kinds of containers. Among the finds was a five-ounce can of morphine, a can of opium, valued at $100; 100 eight-ounce bottles of cocaine, 100 "decks" of heroin, several hundred tubes of morphine and a scale of Chinese make for weighing chemicals.

When Miss Martin was searched at the Clinton Street station by a matron a hypodermic syringe was found in her handbag. The detectives said she admitted she was the daughter of well-to-do parents on the upper west side and that she swooned when placed under arrest. All the prisoners will be arraigned in the Essex Market Court this morning on a charge of having narcotics in their possession.

BURGLAR AT CARNEGIE HOME

Lame Boy, 17, Armed with Water Pistol, Caught After Fall.

Armed with a water pistol, 17-year-old Raymond Weir of 46 Taylor Street, Paterson, attempted to break into the home of the late Andrew Carnegie at Fifth Avenue and Ninety-first Street early yesterday morning, but was arrested and later held by Magistrate Frothingham in the Harlem Court in $500 bail for unlawful entry.

The boy left his home almost three weeks ago to go to his work in Manhattan, and that, his mother said, was the last she had seen of him. Several days ago she told the Paterson police Raymond was missing and asked them to search for him.

Early yesterday morning he was found lying on the lawn of the Carnegie mansion, where he had fallen from the ten-foot iron fence which he had climbed to make his entry. Mathey Riley, engineer for the Carnegies, heard groans and discovered they came from the boy, who was wounded when he lost his balance. On him was found a water pistol, flash light and a home-made mask.

In court Raymond told the Magistrate his funds were running low and he believed he could get something at the fashionable home. He gave his occupation as that of a typist. He is five feet six inches in height and weighs only eighty-five pounds. He is lame, wearing a high shoe on one foot.

Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, widow of the financier, and their daughter, Mrs. Roswell Miller, and the latter's baby daughter, were asleep in the house when Raymond's alleged attempt to break in was made. Consequently they did not hear of it until later in the morning.

KEEP FOURTH IN PALESTINE.

British High Commissioner Calls On American Consul.

JERUSALEM, July 4.—Sir Herbert Samuel, British High Commissioner for Palestine, today called on the American Consul here as an observance of American Independence Day. The American flag was flying over the Consul's residence for the first time since the break between the United States and Turkey.

Dr. John Peters of St. Michael's Church, New York, preaching at today's morning service, said the occasion was one for emphasizing not too much independence as the interdependence of the Anglo-Saxon races.

Argentina to Stop Sugar Exports.

BUENOS AIRES, July 6.—In view of the rise in the price of sugar, and because its calculations show that the quantity of wheat available for export will be exhausted this week, the Argentine Government will prohibit the exportation of wheat and sugar before the week is over, according to an announcement in La Prensa today.

Prices realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, July 3, 1920, as shipments sold out ranged from 14.50 cents to 23.50 cents per pound and averaged 22.06 cents per pound.—Adv.

Fireman on American Steamer Held as Sinn Fein Messenger

LONDON, July 6.—William Barry, described as a fireman on the steamer New York, was arraigned in Police Court here today charged under the Defense of the Realm act with bringing letters from Sinn Feiners in the United States to members of the organization in Ireland.

It was stated that one of the letters was from Professor Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," to Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein organization.

Barry also had two pistols with nearly three hundred rounds of ammunition. He was remanded for a week.

COLLIER GUEST'S BODY FOUND IN BAY

Empty Canoe Leads Searchers to Clam Beds, Where Actor's Friend Drowned.

NO TRACE OF HIS COMPANION

Victim, Irving Meyer, a Cigar and Cigarette Manufacturer, Missing Since Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

SMITHTOWN, L. I., July 6.—The body of Irving Meyer, a friend and guest of William Collier, the actor, at his estate here, was found tonight by a searching party in St. James Bay. Meyer and Louis Gadliardi, a son of the caretaker of the Collier estate, have been missing since Saturday afternoon when they set out in a canoe for the clam beds. No trace of Gadliardi had been found up to a late hour tonight and it was believed he also had been drowned.

Both Meyer and Gadliardi were excellent swimmers, and friends were puzzled as to why they were unable to reach shore. Mrs. Collier advanced the theory that the canoe was swept out into the bay by the exceptionally high tide of Saturday and that when one of the two started to swim out to it he was caught in a eddy and drowned. The other swam to his assistance, she believed, and met the same fate in trying to rescue the first man.

Leonard Meyer, a brother of the dead man, in telling of the tragedy last night, said that Irving and Gadliardi decided early Saturday afternoon to go clamming. The two embarked in a canoe and paddled to the clam beds some distance away. There was apprehension when they failed to return at a late hour, but it was thought they had stopped somewhere for the night.

Yesterday morning, when no word was heard from the missing ones, a searching party was organized and visited all points in the vicinity of the estate. Just before noon the empty canoe was found. Members of the party then procured grappling hooks and began the work of going over the clam beds.

Meyer was a manufacturer of cigars and cigarettes, with offices at 100 Fifth Avenue, Manhattan. He was single and lived at 151 West 105th Street. He was a member of the Friars' Club. Surviving him are two sisters, the Misses Adelaide and Mabel Meyer, and two brothers, Jerome and Leonard Meyer. Meyer was 35 years old.

POPE FAVORS IRELAND, SAYS CARDINAL LOGUE

He Desires That She Obtain Her National Rights, but Opposes Bloodshed and Crime.

DUBLIN, July 6.—Pope Benedict is most desirous that Ireland's national rights should be recognized, said Cardinal Logue, Primate of Ireland, speaking in Armagh Cathedral yesterday.

He added, however, that the Irish people need never expect to regenerate the country by means of crime or bloodshed and that the Pope is most anxious that they "abstain from anything contrary to God's law."

Three thousand dock workers struck for two hours here yesterday. They marched in procession to the City Hall, where they signed a memorial asking the release of James Larkin, head of the Transport Workers' Union, who is now serving a sentence in the New York State Prison.

BELFAST, Ireland, July 6.—A battery of artillery arrived here today and proceeded to the Victoria barracks.

JAPAN WATCHING FOR EASTERN REPUBLIC

American, French and British Captives Freed When Mikado's Troops Seized Nikolaievsk.

WASHINGTON, July 6 (Associated Press).—Japan is understood to regard the Province of Saghalien as excluded from the territory to be incorporated in the newly founded Eastern Siberian Republic, and it probably will not submit to the entry of any armed force into this province until compensation has been had for the massacre of the Japanese guards and civilians at Nikolaievsk.

Information received here is that the limits of the new Siberian Republic, which already has been recognized by the Soviet Government, probably will include the three Continental provinces of Trans-Baikalia, Amur and the maritime province which includes Vladivostok. These limits, however, remain to be defined by a boundary treaty.

Relations between the Japanese Government and the new Republic, it is said, will depend entirely upon the action of the Siberians themselves and the decision on their part to assume or repudiate responsibility for the massacre at Nikolaievsk.

Advices received here today from Japan say the anti-Bolshevist population has welcomed the Japanese forces which have taken military possession of the upper part of Saghalien and the opposite coast on the mainland as a result of the massacre. On the other hand, an active propaganda against the Japanese is being carried on by the sympathizers with the Soviet Government.

It is stated in well informed quarters here that the Japanese troops will make no hostile move against the new Republic unless attacked. At last advice exchanges were in progress between the military leaders on both sides with the design of arranging temporary boundary lines to separate the two nationalities and prevent hostile collisions.

Ten Americans, three Frenchmen and seven British were found by the Japanese at Nikolaievsk when that place was occupied after the Bolsheviki had fled. They had been held captives. They were transported to Vladivostok on a Japanese cruiser.

PATROLMAN ADMITS KILLING IN AUTO

John Wissel Confesses He Shot Charles Tucker Accidentally Monday Afternoon.

HAD ACCUSED TWO OTHERS

Tells Assistant Prosecutor He Was Afraid at the Time to Take Blame.

EXCUSED BY SWANN'S AID

Hennis Would Not Arrest Man Who Shot Another While Doing Duty, He Says.

After having charged two men with homicide in connection with the shooting of Charles Tucker of 527 West Forty-sixth Street, who was riding with four companions in an automobile in Eleventh Avenue, near West Forty-seventh Street, Monday afternoon, Patrolman John Wissel of the West Forty-seventh Street Station told the desk Sergeant at the station house yesterday that he had accidentally killed Tucker. The police declined to discuss the confession, referring newspaper men to Inspector William Boettler.

According to a story told by Wissel at the police station on Monday, he and Patrolman Hogan, also of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, heard several shots fired from a touring car running south along Eleventh Avenue. Stepping to the running board, he ordered the chauffeur to stop. As the car was slowing down, he said a revolver was suddenly discharged, the bullet striking Tucker in the heart.

Charles Gleason, 24, of 447 West Forty-sixth Street, and Cornelius Egan of 502 West Twenty-ninth Street, two of the occupants of the car, were arrested by Wissel and lodged in the West Forty-seventh Street Station, charged with having killed Tucker. Frank Rutigliano of 432 West Forty-fifth Street and John Cavilore of 500 West Forty-fifth Street, the remaining occupants of the machine, were held on suspicion of grand larceny.

Charge Against Prisoners Changed.

When the four men were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Court, the charge against Egan and Gleason was changed to suspicion of grand larceny. The defendants were held in $2,000 bail each for examination today. Egan was held in additional bail of $500 on a charge of violating the Sullivan law.

Inspector Boettler expressed surprise when told of Wissel's confession. He said that when he was at the station house in the morning at the time the men went out on post no one had mentioned the matter to him. The inspector then went to the station and asked the desk Sergeant about the case. The Sergeant repeated Wissel's statement, adding that the patrolman had gone to the District Attorney's office. Inspector Boettler announced that he would make an investigation.

Wissel talked with Assistant District Attorney John R. Hennis, following which the latter said:

"I have had a long talk with Wissel personally and with Captain McAuley of the West Forty-seventh Street Station over the telephone. According to Wissel's story and our information, which I believe to be the truth, the automobile with Tucker and his companions was coming down Eleventh Avenue when Patrolman Hogan saw the flame of shots and Wissel heard the report of the pistol or pistols that were firing.

"Hogan and Wissel ran for the automobile and jumped on the running board. Tucker was sitting on the right side in the corner. Wissel started to frisk the three men in the rear of the car, with the idea of getting the gun he believed they had on their persons. Both he and Hogan had their own guns out. In the scrimmage Wissel says his own gun was accidentally discharged and the bullet struck Tucker. He declares he was afraid to come out and say so. He now admits he did shoot Tucker, but entirely accidentally.

"Hogan and Gleason admitted to me that they did squirm around. If they had remained quiet it seems to me that this would not have happened. Captain McAuley was present with me last night through the preliminary examination but naturally supposes that Tucker was shot by one of the other occupants of the automobile. The patrolmen were present and, had either of them shot Tucker, I had reason to believe the one would have told of it. There has been no effort on the part of Captain McAuley to shield any one. In fact, he has aided us in every way. The trouble was we were on the wrong track. We did not suspect Patrolman Wissel."

So far as Mr. Hennis could learn, Wissel had not been suspended. He said he was not in favor of arresting or suspending a patrolman who shot a person while engaged in the performance of duty. His personal view of the case was that shooting by the patrolman was excusable.

The Assistant District Attorney said Wissel's revolver was fully loaded when he looked at it. The patrolman, after firing the shot that killed Tucker, had reloaded the empty chamber, he said. He declined to say what action he would take.

Patrolman Wissel served overseas as a Corporal in the 318th Machine Gun Battalion of the 77th Division. He lives at 455 West Thirty-fifth Street.

WALES CALM IN WRECK.

Emerges Smiling and Unhurt After an Upset in West Australia.

LONDON, July 6.—Edward Albert, Prince of Wales, emerged unscathed and smiling through the window of an overturned car, when his train was wrecked yesterday, says a dispatch from Perth, Australia, to The London Times.

The accident occurred near Bridgetown, West Australia, according to the report. The Prince's parior car and one adjoining, which were last in the train, were derailed, dragged for 200 yards and then overturned. Soon after climbing from the wreck the Prince was joking and good naturedly chatting the West Australian Premier and other officials accompanying him. He was cheered by the crowd that witnessed his dramatic escape from the

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

List of Active Stocks Broadens and Prices Advance—Call Money Eases.

A resumption of the buying movement in stocks, with a moderate broadening of the trading list, was in line with market expectations yesterday as last Friday's business had disclosed a somewhat greater interest on the part of speculators than before. It was doubtful whether the nomination of Governor Cox as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency had a real influence upon trading, except that the breaking of the deadlock at San Francisco was welcomed as a step toward the presentation of definite campaign programs. Stocks advanced during the forenoon with considerable strength showing among some of the automobile, rubber, oil and steel issues, gains extending from 1 to about 2¼ points, and realising sales of the afternoon lopped off a portion of these upturns. An easier tendency of call money after most of the day's borrowing had been arranged at 9 per cent. failed to stimulate stocks and at no time was there evidence of concerted efforts to lift particular issues. The lowest quotation for demand funds was 7 per cent. The Government withdrew approximately $22,000,000 from its deposits with local banks.

The fact that stock market quotations moved upward last week and again yesterday in the face of stiff money rates paves the way for debate as to the underlying causes. The thought that short covering has had much to do with the firm tendency is open to criticism because of the generally inert and stable quality of stocks during June and much of May. It may have been, of course, that a stubborn short interest was built up during the Spring decline, but in speculative quarters the feeling prevails that a great deal of covering occurred in process of that decline and that the June market disclosed little besides difficient in and out trading by traders on the floor and in brokerage customers' rooms. It would seem more significant than this discussion of internal market events that the Street has been finding food for thought of late in improved crop prospects, including cotton, and in the belief that what seemed two months ago to be omens of declining business activity have not yet had seeming foreordained effect into fact. It is a question whether real economic events are having more influence upon stocks than the hope of easier credit conditions as affecting the market. Seven per cent. call money is what the average trader would consider nowadays a moderate rate provided that he anticipated good profits in stocks, and the talk of money easement after July 1 has had a wide hearing. Yet the condition of credit does not indicate a really easier tendency. The statement of the Federal Reserve system for last week showed that a development similar to that after the March income tax payment had again occurred. That is, after rediscounts scored a substantial decline on the heels of the large June Government transactions they were quickly increased again. The week's expansion of nearly $114,000,000 in rediscounts, together with the growth of the proceding week, brought the total at the twelve Reserve institutions to a level about $8,000,000 higher than in the second week in June. The decline of the reserve ratio from 42⅜ to 42⅛ per cent. reflected the expansion of borrowing and in the amount as outstanding Reserve notes, and was hardly a harbinger of a strengthening bank position. It is clear that commercial demands for credit continue on a vast scale and the task of gathering the new crops promises a call upon the banks for some time to come.

The receipt of $2,000,000 gold from London supplied fresh comment upon the ability of American bankers to acquire the metal on the auction market. No new information has come in respect to gold shipments here by either the British or French Governments and sterling exchange yesterday merely maintained a firm front. The demand rate advanced three-quarters of a cent to $4.81⅝. The Continental exchanges were steady, as compared with last Saturday's quotations.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

TUESDAY, JULY 6.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
9	7		7

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....6@6¼

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L. ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days.....8¼ Sixty days.....9
Ninety days.....8¼ Ninety days.....9
Four months.....8¼ Four months.....9
Five months.....8¼ Five months.....9
Six months.....8¼ Six months.....9

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days, 7
Liberty Bonds, Victory Notes—
15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6
U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—
15 to 90 days, 5½
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days, 6
Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6¼
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....3 @7

Commercial Paper.

4 to 6 months.....5
Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....5
6 to 9 months.....5

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$3.94	$3.93½	$3.93½	—.00¾
Cables	3.94¾	3.94¼	3.94¼	—.00¾
France—				
Demand	11.70	11.70	11.70	+.01
Cables	11.68	11.74	11.68	+.04

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$3.93¾	$3.94¼
5.1813 Paris	11.70	11.68
5.1813 Belgium	11.12	11.10
5.1813 Italy	16.18	16.16
China—		
Hongkong	72.75	72.87½
Shanghai	103.00	103.50
Peking	111.00	111.50
40.20 Holland	39.37½	39.50
19.30 Greece	12.95	13.00
5.1813 Switzerland	5.27	5.32
23.44 India—		
Bombay	28.00	28.50
Calcutta	28.00	28.50
Straits Settlements	46.50	46.75
49.85 Japan—		
Kobe	51.37½	51.62½
Yokohama	51.37½	51.62½
19.36 Spain	16.40	16.45
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.25	49.50
26.80—Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	16.50	16.62½
Stockholm	22.00	22.12½
Christiania	16.50	16.50
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	41.75	41.87½
23.44 Rio	23.75	23.87½
51.44 Russia (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	1.70	1.75
500 rubles	1.68	1.70

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents Per Kronen. Checks.	Cables.
23.82 Germany	2.62	2.67
22.83 Poland	1.68	1.73
20.30 Austria	.70	.72
20.36 Jugoslavia	1.50	1.62
20.36 Czechoslovakia	3.50	3.62
19.30 Roumania	2.80	2.87½
19.30 Finland	2.90	4.25
19.30 Rumania	2.85	2.87½

*Cents per mark. †Dinarta. ‡Lei. §Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.	Commercial.
Sight	$3.93¾
Clearing House Sterling	
Exchanges, $580,468,819; balances, $169,691,793; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $717,271; Federal Reserve credit balances, $108,868,008.	

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centers: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par.

Canadian Exchanges.

Closing rate for New York funds in Montreal, $141.12; premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $136.56 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 81¼d.; in New York, 99⅜c domestic, 96c foreign; Mexican dollars, 67½d.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	92.46	92.09	92.31	+ .24
25 industrials	114.60	113.60	114.05	+ 1.09
50 stocks	83.03	82.52	82.85	+ .72

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
July 5	Holiday.			
July 6	Holiday.			
July 7	83.34	82.36	82.94	+ .49
July 8	82.84	82.13	82.47	+ .34
June 30	82.46	81.78	82.12	+ .34
June 29	81.99	81.51	81.77	+ .08

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

July.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1920.	83.34 July 7	82.13 July 1	82.94
1919.	90.36 July 17	86.19 July 1	89.69
1918.	72.73 July 9	70.46 July 15	71.67
1917.	82.44 July 2	79.55 July 19	80.50
1916.	87.04 July 1	85.84 July 10	86.59

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1920.	94.07 Apr. 8	70.45 Feb. 18	82.94
†1919.	90.94 July 7	80.45 Feb. 13	89.79

Full Years.

1919.	90.89 Nov. 4	69.79 Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	79.16 Nov. 12	64.18 Jan. 15	71.39
1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	67.47 Dec. 20	80.50
1916.	101.51 Nov. 20	80.94 Apr. 22	86.22

BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.	Dec. 31 Month.	Year.
40 issues	90.21 +.06	—.83	—11.46

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

July 5	Holiday.	June 28	90.20 —.02
July 3	Holiday.	June 26	90.23 —.16
July 2	90.15 +.10	June 24	90.32 —.01
July 1	90.05 +.07	June 23	90.36 —.14
June 30	90.98 —.04	June 22	90.47 —.18
June 29	90.05 —.01	June 21	90.65 +.02
June 28	90.10 —.10	June 19	90.65 —.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1920.	72.51 Jan. 2	95.57 May 21	90.21
†1919.	79.05 June 7	76.00 Mar. 21	77.67

Full Years.

1919.	79.01 Jan. 2	71.06 Dec. 6	72.06
1918.	82.56 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.76
1917.	92.46 Jan. 4	74.24 Dec. 20	76.99

*1920; over Stipendes,1000 at 1/4 +1919 0.2o

FLETCHER LEFT $126,575.

Estate Goes to Harvard After Death of Three Beneficiaries.

Horace Fletcher, author and lecturer on human nutrition and food mastication, who died Jan. 12, 1919, at Copenhagen, left an estate appraised yesterday at $126,575, of which $5,845 was in stocks and bonds and the rest in cash. He gave his wife, Mrs. Grace A. Fletcher of the Hotel Grenoble, an annuity of $3,600 and left $2,400 a year to Helen De Chambray of Brussels, "in appreciation of her services to me in my work of spreading the doctrine of economy in nutrition." An annuity of $1,200 goes to Agnes G. Raamussen of Copenhagen, "in appreciation of her care of me as my nurse."

The residuary estate, which, upon the death of the life beneficiaries, will include the principal of the three annuities and will, accordingly, comprise the entire estate, goes to Harvard University "for the purpose of fostering the knowledge of healthful nutrition."

OFFERS $25,000,000 SWISS BONDS AT PAR

Issue Running Twenty Years and Bearing 8 Per Cent. Placed on Market.

BIG SYNDICATE HANDLING IT

Proceeds of Loan Are to be Used in Electrifying Government Railroad System.

Lee, Higginson & Co., fiscal agents in the United States for the Government of Switzerland, yesterday formally announced the offering of $25,000,000 twenty-year 8 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds for the Swiss Government. The bonds are being offered at par and accrued interest.

Associated with Lee, Higginson & Co. is a banking syndicate composed of the Guaranty Trust Company, the National City Company, A. Iselin & Co., Harris, Forbes & Co., Wm. A. Read & Co., Halsey, Stuart & Co., the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago and the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, also of Chicago.

The proceeds of this loan are to be used in the United States. The loan is part of a program for the gradual electrification of the Government railway system of Switzerland. The country has estimated water power resources of 2,700,000 horse power. The progressive utilization of this water power will effect large economies by substituting hydro-electric power for fuel which Switzerland now has to buy at high prices.

Principal, sinking fund, premium and interest will be payable in New York City in United States gold coin of the present standard of weight and fineness at the office of Lee, Higginson & Co., exempt from any Swiss taxes, present or future.

These bonds cannot be called during the first ten years. On any interest date after July 1, 1930, they are callable at the option of the Swiss Government as a whole or in part at 105 and accrued interest.

A sinking fund of $1,000,000 per annum, payable in quarterly installments, has been created for the purchase of these bonds in the open market at or below 105 and accrued interest. If bonds cannot be obtained in the market, the payments shall accumulate to the credit of the sinking fund. After July 1, 1930, sinking fund moneys not used in the purchase of bonds shall be applied to their calling at 105 and accrued interest. Principal and interest will be payable as well in time of war as in time of peace irrespective of the nationality of the holder.

SEES BIG CHINA MARKET.

President of Peking Commerce Chamber Urges Aid to Industries.

Chi Chen Nieh, President of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and its representative here, was the luncheon guest of Emil H. Schols, American editor of the Trans-Pacific Magazine, in the Bankers' Club yesterday. Among the guests were Francis H. Sisson, Dr. Jeremiah W. Jenks and I. C. Suez, Chinese Consul General.

"If you want to develop the Chinese as buyers," said Mr. Nieh, "you must help develop their industries. You in America spend more than $50 per person each year for clothing, while we in China spend only $1. If we could increase our buying power to $2, we could take the entire output of your New England mills. Such are the enormous possibilities of the Chinese market."

Mr. Nieh praised American business men as sturdy, practical idealists and urged greater co-operation between merchants here nad in China.

HOURS ON INLAND SHIPS.

Seamen's Conference Would Follow Rules Adopted for Other Labor.

GENOA, Italy, July 5.—The International Conference today approved a recommendation to all countries belonging to the International Labor Organization that the hours of work in inland navigation should follow, as far as possible, the general lines of the draft convention concerning hours of work adopted by the International Labor Conferences in Washington and Genoa.

The recommendation was adopted almost unanimously.

Todd Shipyards Surplus $6,617,137

The Todd Shipyards Corporation for the year ended March 31, reports a surplus of $6,617,137 or the equivalent of $66.89 a share after depreciation, Federal taxes and reserve for sinking fund. In the previous year the company earned $11.83 a share.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, July 6.—Bar silver, 81¼d.; bar gold, 104s. 1d.; money, 4½ per cent.; discount rates—short bills, 6¼ per cent.; three-months bills, 6⅝ per cent. Gold premium at Lisbon 140.

PARIS, July 6.—Prices advanced on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 58 francs 10 centimes; exchange on London, 46 francs; 5 per cent. loan, 88 francs 40 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 11 francs 64½ centimes.

SUES FOR $1,100,000 OVER $200,000 DEAL

H. Stanley Chase Alleges Brokers Converted Stock to Their Own Use.

ONCE SENT TO HOSPITAL

After His Release He Sued Commodore Hotel, Charging It Harbored German Spies.

H. Stanley Chase, a broker and oil promoter, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against the Stock Exchange firm of S. B. Chapin & Co. for $1,100,000 damages. Chase alleges that on Nov. 1, last, he had more than $200,000 in cash, securities and Victory notes deposited with the brokers and that he ordered them to buy 1,500 shares of Standard Oil of New York selling at $275 and 2,000 Crucible Steel selling at $80, and that the brokers bought the stock but refused to deliver it to him and converted it to their own use.

Chase brought an action against the brokers in April for $200,000, in which he alleged that he had 200 Victory notes deposited with them on Oct. 1, 1918, worth $200,000, which they refused to return to him. In an answer to this suit the brokers say they bought and sold stock for Chase prior to Jan. 13, 1919, and that they made monthly accountings which he accepted as correct. They say that when he quit dealing with them all his securities had been sold and he had a balance of only $142 due him.

Chase was committed to the Manhattan State Hospital after he was arraigned in court on the complaint of the Commodore Hotel management that he had given a worthless $1,000 check in payment of a bill. His brother, Samuel M. Chase testified that he had been acting queerly and S. J. Bowen, credit manager for the hotel, said that Chase threatened to sue the hotel for $500,000 on the ground that it was harboring German spies. He brought habeas corpus proceedings in February and was released from the hospital. He sued the Commodore Hotel management later.

Fajardo Sugar Co. Dividends High.

The Fajardo Sugar Company has declared a stock dividend of 70 per cent. and a cash dividend of 30 per cent., also the regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. All of the dividends are payable July 30 to stock of record July 12.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Easier Money.

If a decline in the call money rate from a renewal of 9 per cent. to a new loan rate of 7 per cent. can be said to be an evidence of easier money, then yesterday's money market was easier, for the rate on the board moved in just that manner. And that it did so in the face of Government withdrawals of approximately $22,000,000 was highly encouraging to the stock market fraternity, which claimed to see a happy augury in the event. The high reserve of the Clearing House banks and the fact that the June 30-July 1 settlement had been got through with were expected to result in easier conditions with the opening of the current week, but, even as commission houses were happy in the realization of what they had predicted.

***

The Money Outlook.

But it is not at all certain that this joy will be long-lived. Last year the first high rates of the whole war period began in June, when call money rose to 15 per cent., and in July, after a very few days of relative ease, the rate got up to 20 per cent., and stayed around that figure until the first week in August, after which there was more ease, with the rate as low as 8 per cent. in the second week of August, until October, when the rise started again, culminating with the 50 per cent. figure on Nov. 15. This year, with the crops requiring quite as much bank accommodation as they did last year, if not in fact, a good deal more, the chances appear to be that the so-called "cheap money" will not obtain for long. The real, serious crop-strain should begin to make itself felt within the next two weeks.

***

Gold Arrivals.

Arrival of $2,000,000 gold from London, presumably South African gold purchased in London open market, served as a reminder to Wall Street that the money market this Fall may receive a boom which was denied it last Fall. A year ago, between the beginning of July and the ending of December American gold imports totaled only $26,000,000, whereas gold exports were in excess of $370,000,000. In the last half of this year, whatever gold movement there may be promises to be almost exclusively in our favor. Neither the Orient nor South America is now threatening our gold stocks, while American bidders are, as London puts it, in "extremely favorable position," with regard to the Transvaal gold coming to the London market. And, in addition, there still is the chance that more "official" shipments of the yellow metal will be made on account of the maturing Anglo-French loan.

***

Acceptance Buying.

Acceptance dealers said yesterday that there was an unusually brisk demand for prime New York acceptances, and very little demand for anything else, with the result that bills with out-of-town indorsements could be had, but those with New York names were not to be had. By way of explanation it was said that New York savings banks were buying heavily of the local names, the buying being the seasonal event following the turn of the half-year. Savings banks, or most of them, make it a point to be "high in cash" on June 30, but reinvest heavily immediately thereafter. This reinvesting, apparently, was more notable in the acceptance market than in that for bonds.

***

The Annual Call.

Following the custom, the usual June 30 "bank call" has been sent out by the Controller of the Currency and by all State banking superintendents. This is done so that a comprehensive survey of the whole banking field may be made, and generally the result appears in the annual report of the Controller of the Currency. At other times there is no special date set for making these calls," and on the theory that by keeping the exact date a mystery the banks have to keep themselves prepared at all times, probably this is a good system. But there are bankers who believe that at least one more "national" call—national in the sense that all banks throughout the nation would answer it—could be made with profit.

***

Prices Move Forward.

Yesterday's trading on the Stock Exchange brought another advance in prices, gains being recorded by the majority of the issues. There was nothing buoyant in the market action of the stocks—that is, buoyant as compared with days of big business and advances of large proportions such as would prevail as a result of extensive short covering or heavy buying. Still the gains were important since they were a continuation of the price trend which was shown at the close of the preceding week and it was gratifying to those who have taken a position on the long side to see the further display of strength. As a matter of fact the tone was rather better than has been shown for some time. A degree of optimism apparently is interminglingwith the sombre forebodings which shaped the market for several weeks and not a few are beginning now to talk of a substantial rally. It is rather difficult to determine, however, whether the slight rally that has taken place is founded on an improvement in underlying conditions throughout the country of the type that would ordinarily affect stock market prices or whether there is simply a sporadic avidence of gratification that the market has at last been freed from the curb which developed because of the political discussion under way when the conventions were impending and in progress.

***

Tips.

The tipster came somewhat into his own yesterday for the first time stock prices began to decline a long time ago. In many quarters the whispered word was given by those who always pose as experts on the market that this or that stock was a good buy. The steels were included in the list and even United States Steel, which has been out of the running for a long time, came in for its share of the gossip. In point of actual information the majority of the tips were woefully lacking. There were, however, some who read into the increased activity in the rumor mart an indicator of better things in the stock market on the basis that the and rumors are coincident with big advances. Such reasoning is, however, far from being an acid test of conditions.

***

The Copper Market.

A firmer tone prevailed in the copper market yesterday, the price hardening a bit. There is no large buying being done, but inquiries are coming in on a better scale than for several weeks and these may be the forerunner of another buying movement of substantial proportions. Foreign buying of the metal is going on steadily, the orders being so diversified as to indicate that the shortages is beginning to be a pinch on increased industrial activity abroad. This would seem to be predicated on heavier buying in store for the balance of the year.

***

The Wage Settlement.

Apparently the steel industry has tided over what threatened to be a serious situation in the claims put forth by the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. The sheet and plate mills were affected by the demands but the manufacturers have succeeded in arranging a settlement of the differences so that a strike is out of the question. Bridging of the difficulties removes a threatened obstacle to the progression toward normal conditions throughout the industry. The steel industry has had many hurdles this year and even now is suffering from the transportation situation so that the elimination of another factor to cause disruption is a reason for gratification.

Ford a Purchaser?

Foshay, Pratt & Osborn have obtained an option on 5% per cent. of the income bonds and stocks of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railroad. This option is to purchase the income bonds at $600 per $1,000 bond and the preferred stock at $20 a share and the common at $1.50 a share. No word has come forth as to what will be done with the option, which expires Aug. 1. This is causing much speculation. It is believed possible that some big interest which is identified with the steel industry or one which is allied with that industry, may be the purchaser. In this connection the name of Haney Ford has been mentioned. The road runs from Detroit into the iron mining district, tapping a big territory.

A Listed Railroad Bond on a Stock Basis

At a price to yield about 18% we are suggesting to our customers the income mortgage gold bonds of one of the important railroad systems. These bonds have an active market on the New York Stock Exchange. The character and earnings of the Railroad justify confidence in its securities.

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S.W. COR. 28th STREET
LONGACRE BUILDING
E. 42d ST. 42d ST. & BROADWAY
NEW YORK

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

TUESDAY, JULY 6, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	558,391	1,627,929	260,006
Year to date	124,192,948½	147,585,018	75,411,946

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
64	67	200	Advance Rumely pf	64	64	64	64	...
...	...	100	Ajax Rubber	62	62	62	62	...
1¾	1½	100	Alaska Gold Mines	1½	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
2	2¼	1,100	Alaska Juneau	2¼	2¼	2	2	— ⅛
37½	38	600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	38	38	37⅝	38	+ ⅛
92½	93⅜	700	Am. Beet Sugar	92½	95¼	92½	93⅜	+ ⅜
42½	42⅝	4,600	Am. Can	41⅞	42½	41⅞	42⅛	+ ⅛
89	90⅜	100	Am. Can pf	90	90	90	90	+ ⅜
138½	140	1,200	Am. Car & Fdry	139¾	140⅜	139½	139½	+ ¼
11¼	11¼	700	Am. Druggists	11¼	11½	11¼	11¼	+ ⅛
17½	18	600	Am. H. & Leather	17⅞	17⅞	17	17	+ ⅛
93½	94	600	Am. H. & L. pf	92	93⅞	93	93½	+ 1½
88	89¼	2,100	Am. International	85¼	89⅝	88¾	89	+ 1¼
78½	79¼	100	Am. Linseed	79	79	79	79	...
100¾	100¾	9,100	Am. Locomotive	98⅞	100¾	98⅜	100½	+ 2
98	100	200	Am. Locomotive pf	99	99	99	99	...
16⅝	16⅞	2,700	Am. Safety Razor	16¾	16⅝	16¾	16⅝	+ ⅛
24⅞	24⅝	3,900	Am. Ship & Com	23⅞	24⅝	23⅞	24⅛	+ ⅛
60½	60¾	800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	60	61	60	60⅝	+ ⅛
76	76	700	Am. Smelt. & R. pf. A	76	76⅛	74½	74½	+ 1
100	111	100	Am. Snuff	105	105	105	105	— 3½
38⅝	39	700	Am. Steel Fdries	38⅝	39	38	39	+ 1
124	126	800	Am. Sugar Refin	122	124	123	124	+ 1
89⅜	90	2,000	Am. Sumatra Tob	89⅜	90¼	89⅜	89⅝	+ ⅛
93⅞	93½	1,400	Am. Tel. & Tel	93½	93⅝	93	93⅛	+ ⅛
87	89	100	Am. Tobacco pf. new	87½	88¼	88¼	88¼	+ 1
97½	98¾	6,000	Am. Woolen	97	99	96⅞	98¼	+ ⅝
14	14¼	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S	14	14	14	14	...
55¼	56⅜	800	Anaconda Copper	55¾	56⅜	55⅜	56⅜	...
3	4	200	Assets Realisation	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½	+ ⅛
32⅜	33	500	Asso. Dry Goods	32	33	32	33	+ 1
79½	80	2,300	Atch., Top. & S. F	80	80¼	79¼	79¾	...
72⅞	73	600	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	72⅜	72⅝	72⅜	72⅝	+ ⅛
165	166	900	At. Gulf & West I	165½	166	165	166	+ ½
123½	124	34,700	Baldwin Loco	122	124½	121½	124	+ 3
30¼	31	3,600	Baltimore & Ohio	30⅛	31⅛	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
42	44	400	Balt. & Ohio pf	42	42⅝	41⅝	41⅝	+ ⅛
143⅜	144½	500	Barrett Co	143	145	142	144½	+ ⅛
22⅝	22⅞	1,900	Bethlehem Motors	21¼	22⅝	21¼	22⅝	+ 1½
91⅞	91⅝	5,300	Beth. Steel, Class B	91	91⅞	90⅝	91⅜	+ ⅞
107	110	100	Beth. Steel 8% pf	107½	107½	107½	107½	+ ½
8¼	8⅝	100	Booth Fisheries	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅛
12⅞	12⅞	1,400	Brook. Rapid Tran	11⅝	12⅝	11½	12⅝	+ 1
9	9¼	600	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep	8⅞	9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
12⅝	14	100	Butterick Co	13	13	13	13	+ ⅛
18½	19	200	Caddo Cent. O. & R	18⅜	19	18⅜	19	+ ⅛
69½	70	100	Cal. Packing	69½	69¼	69½	69¼	+ 1½
32½	33½	200	Cal. Petroleum	32⅝	32⅝	32½	33½	...
67	68	100	Cal. Petroleum pf	68	68	68	68	...
35½	36	100	Columbian Carbona	36	36	36	36	...
113	114½	900	Canadian Pacific	114½	114½	114⅜	114½	+ ½
13	14	800	Case (J. I.) Plow	14¼	14¼	14	14	— ⅛
66	66¾	2,500	Central Leather Co	67⅜	68⅞	67⅜	68⅛	+ ⅛
98½	101	100	Central Leather pf	99	99	99	99	+ ⅛
43½	43⅝	1,100	Cerro de Pasco Cop	42⅝	43½	42⅝	43½	+ ⅝
50	52	100	Certain-Teed Prod	50	50	50	50	— 3½
104	106	4,100	Chandler Motor	103	103	103	104⅝	+ 2½
52	52¼	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	52½	52½	52⅜	52⅝	+ ⅛
33¼	33½	400	Chi., M. & St. Paul	33	33⅞	33	33⅝	+ ⅛
...	...	100	Do seller 7	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	...
...	...	100	Do pf	49½	49½	49½	49½	...
65¾	65¾	300	Chi. Northwest	65	65¾	65	65⅝	+ ⅛
27¼	27½	2,200	Chi. R. I. & Pac	27⅛	27⅝	26⅝	27⅜	+ ⅛
72⅞	73	100	C. R. I. & P. 7% pf	72⅞	73⅝	72⅞	72⅞	+ 1½
63½	64	100	C. R. I. & P. 6% pf	63½	63⅝	63½	63½	+ 1
15¾	15⅞	500	Chile Copper	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
30¾	30⅞	1,400	Chino Copper	30½	30⅝	30	30⅜	+ ⅛
35⅝	35⅞	400	Coca-Cola	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	+ ⅛
54	54	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	54	54	54	54	...
46	46	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	46	46	46	46	...
54⅞	54⅞	100	Columbia Gas & El	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	+ ⅛
80¾	81⅜	6,000	Columbia Graph	80¾	81⅜	80¾	81⅜	+ ⅝
83¾	83¾	100	Do pf	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	+ ⅛
79	80	500	Consolidated Gas	79	80	79	80	+ 1½
13⅜	13⅝	400	Con. Int. Cal. Min	13⅜	13⅝	13⅜	13½	...
44	44	500	Consol. Textile	44	44	42¾	42¾	— ⅛
88	90	1,000	Continental Can	88	90½	86	89½	+ 3½
9	9¼	2,900	Cor

STANDARD OIL ISSUES

THE EFFECT OF STOCK DIVIDENDS ON STANDARD OIL STOCKS

WE HAVE PREPARED A CIRCULAR NO. 1 T. GIVING A RECORD OF THE MARKET ACTION, OVER A PERIOD OF YEARS, OF STOCKS OF STANDARD OIL COMPANIES WHICH HAVE DECLARED STOCK DISTRIBUTIONS.

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The Chain Store Stocks

One of our regular Weekly Letters this week is an interesting, informative analysis of the chain-store stocks.

That these issues merit the attention of investors seems to be indicated by the numerous reasons presented in our letter.

A copy of this letter will be sent to the first inquirers. Mention your name and business address and enclose two cents postage for Circular No. 523.

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PATTEN UPHOLDS MAILLESS HOLIDAY

Post Office Official Declares Pearsall's Office Received Advance Notice.

NEWS ARTICLES ARE CITED

Advertising Man Who Complained to Burleson Denies He Got Word.

An investigation was made by the New York City Post Office yesterday of the complaint of W. Montague Pearsall, an advertising broker, 41 Park Row, who declared in a telegram to Postmaster General Burleson Monday evening that he had received no mail on the holiday and had not been informed previously that there would be no delivery.

Charles Lubin, Superintendent of Delivery, said the investigation showed a letter carrier of the City Hall station had told one of Mr. Pearsall's employes last week, that no delivery of mail would be made, Independence Day having been made a legal holiday for postmen by a recent amendment to the postal laws. This employe was also told that if Mr. Pearsall wanted to call at the Post Office for mail on Monday he would have to inform the postman before that day, so that the mail would be ready for him, Mr. Lubin declared. As the carrier was told that the firm would not want mail on the holiday, it had not been sorted, said the Superintendent. It was for this reason, he added, that Mr. Pearsall was subjected to the delay.

Postmaster Thomas G. Patten expressed regret at the inconvenience which had resulted, but he felt, he said, that the Post Office officials were not to blame. Notices that regular deliveries would be suspended had been published in the press, he said, and large placards setting forth the same information had been hung in every Post Office and substation throughout the country. Furthermore, Mr. Patten said, every carrier had been instructed to inform the persons to whom he delivered mail.

Mr. Pearsall denied that any of his employes had been informed of the postmen's holiday, but admitted he had employed a stenographer last Thursday, with whom he had not yet been in communication. He learned on Sunday night that there would be no deliveries the following day, he said; so he sent an employe to the Post Office to make arrangements to get his mail, but he got no satisfaction.

CHILE COPPER SHOWS LOSS.

Increased Cost of Operation Blamed for Deficit of $2,290,658.

The Chile Copper Company in its annual report for last year shows a deficit of $2,290,658 after all charges and taxes. In 1918 there was a surplus of $3,440,220, or 90 cents a share. The operating revenue was $10,350,167, or slightly less than half of what it was in the preceding year.

In discussing conditions, the report says, in part: "Upon the signing of the armistice large stocks of copper were left on the market and coincidentally sales for about four months practically ceased. This condition necessitated a curtailment in production. For the year ended Dec. 31, 1919, your company produced 38,359 tons, compared to 51,063 tons for 1918. Capacity of the plant during 1919 was approximately 60,000 tons. In spite of the small production for 1919, actual cash cost of producing this copper, including the estimated cost of selling and delivering, was 13.01 cents a pound, compared to 13.30 cents for 1918. During 1919 Chilean exchange was more favorable than in 1918, which helped to reduce the cost of production. On the other hand, it is estimated that nearly all other factors entering into the cost of production were considerably higher in 1919 than in 1918."

Calls for June 30 Bank Statements.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The Controller of the Currency today issued a call for the condition of all national banks at the close of business on June 30.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 6.—A call for a statement of the condition of State banks, trust companies and individual banking institutions at the close of business Wednesday, June 30, was issued by Superintendent McLaughlin of the State Banking Department today.

A general international commercial banking business transacted.

Principal Branches
Brussels, Belgium
Buenos Aires, Argentina
Harbin, Manchuria
Havana, Cuba
Manila, Philippine Islands
Panama City, Panama
Port au Prince, Haiti
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic

Agents and correspondents in all the other important commercial centers of the world.

AMERICAN FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION
53 Broadway, New York
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits Over $5,000,000

Your Share in the Prosperity of the Southwest

One of the most satisfactory ways to share in the present or future prosperity of any territory is by investing in the bonds of its railroads.

We offer a 6% bond of a road serving a fast developing district in the Southwest at a price yielding over 12½%.

For particulars ask for Letter No. T-152

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Members New York Stock Exchange
66 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Rector 9060
Uptown Office—51 East 42d St.
Ralph H. Dunn, Manager

Varied Investment Opportunities

Investors having funds at their command and those desirous of rearranging their holdings should find our Circulars on—

The railroad situation
and
July 1st reinvestments

of material assistance in making investment selections.

Copies A-1 and A-4 on request

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Secor, Bell & Beckwith
Members New York Stock Exchange
We invite your inquiry on
Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Com. & Pfd.
Toledo Machine and Tool Stock
And all local securities.
Circular "T-49" on request.
Gardner Bldg. Toledo

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JULY 6, 1920.

	1920.	1919	1918.
Day's sales.....	$11,076,500	$11,980,000	$5,270,000
Year to date.....	2,010,322,350	1,663,681,289	780,512,000

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-47 14..... 91.04 2..... 91.06 2..... 91.08 15..... 91.10 102..... 91.12 10..... 91.14 6..... 91.16 26..... 91.18 10..... 91.20 1..... 91.22 58..... 91.24 1..... 91.26 8..... 91.28 1..... 91.30 2..... 91.32 2..... 91.34 2..... 91.36 65..... 91.38 16..... 91.40 18..... 91.42 12..... 91.44 4..... 91.46 2.3.. 91.48 7..... 91.50 6..... 91.48 56..... 91.46 7..... 91.44 22..... 91.42 23..... 91.40 2..... 91.38 65..... 91.36 46..... 91.34 1..... 91.32 110..... 91.30

$961,950 1st conv 4s, 1932-1947 10..... 86.10 10..... 86.18

$30,000 2d 4s, '27-42 4..... 85.80 2..... 85.70 3..... 85.90 2..... 85.70 6..... 85.80 4..... 85.90 4..... 85.80

$26,000 1st cv 4½s, 1932-1947 23..... 86.12 10..... 86.16 8..... 86.22 16..... 86.24 6..... 86.28 1..... 86.30 4..... 86.32 5..... 86.28

$760,000 2d cv 4½s, 1932-47 1..... 95.00 2d conv 4½s, 1927-1942 80..... 86.00 25..... 86.00 20..... 85.90 19..... 85.80 2..... 85.90 10..... 85.80 2..... 85.70 4..... 85.80 5..... 85.90 1..... 85.80 10..... 85.84 60..... 85.90 2..... 85.96 1..... 85.94 15..... 85.90 31..... 86.00 20..... 86.06 37..... 86.08 10..... 86.10 5..... 86.08 44..... 86.10 31..... 86.08 4..... 86.10 1.5.. 86.12 2..... 86.10 2..... 86.08 2..... 86.10 1..... 86.12 10..... 86.10 5..... 86.08 45..... 86.10 24..... 86.08 21..... 86.10 53..... 86.12 5..... 86.14 5..... 86.16 30..... 86.14 4..... 86.16 13..... 86 27..... 86.14 8..... 86.12 2..... 86.10 10..... 86.12 1..... 86.10 1..... 86.16

$2,515,000 4½s, 1922-33 291..... 86.90 93..... 86.80 10..... 86.88 499..... 86.90

$976,000 4½s, 1922-33 28..... 86.86 2..... 86.90 13..... 86.88 25..... 86.92 19..... 86.90 1..... 86.92 2..... 86.94 1..... 86.96 1..... 86.94 2..... 86.96 1..... 86.94 2..... 86.96 1..... 86.94 2

Canadian Northern 5½s, 1922
Canadian Northern 6s, 1922
Dan., Champaign & Dec. 5s, '38
Island Refining 7s, 1929
Jones & Laughlin 5s, 1939
Mobile Gas 5s, 1924
Monon Coal 5s, 1936
Nevada Cal. Elect. 6s, 1946
O'Gara Coal 5s, 1955
Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945
Sinclair Cons. 7½s, 1925
Union Elect. Lt. & Pr. 7s, 1923

Falls Motors
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Pfd.
Guantanamo Sugar Old & New
Metrop. 5 & 50c Stores
Packard Motor Pfd
Schulte Retail Stores

Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
42 Broad Street, New York
Chicago DETROIT PHILADELPHIA PITTSBURGH

Instantaneous communication between our offices is made possible there their interconnection by private wires.

FINAL ATTACK BEGUN ON 80-CENT GAS LAW

Judge Hand Hears Arguments on Motion to Confirm Master's Findings.

LONG FIGHT IS REVIEWED

Temporary $1 Rate Depends on Outcome—Hylan Orders Contest in Brooklyn Borough Case.

Final arguments in the case of the Consolidated Gas Company against Attorney General Charles D. Newton, the Public Service Commission and District Attorney Edward Swann, to set aside the 80 cent gas rate law, were begun yesterday before Judge Hand in the Federal District Court. They will continue today and tomorrow.

The arguments were upon the motion of the gas company to confirm the findings and report of Special Master Abraham S. Gilbert, who sustained the contentions of the company. If the court refuses to approve Mr. Gilbert's findings, it will nullify the order permitting the increase in the price of gas to $1, which apparently was based on statements in the report.

John A. Garver, for the gas company, reviewed the history of the litigation.

William L. Ransom, also of counsel for the company, presented a brief in which he said that the complainant's efforts to go to trial before midsummer last year were frustrated by the defendants' demands for time.

The increases granted by the court last week run only until the final determination of the suits instituted by the gas companies to have the 80-cent rate declared unconstitutional.

Mayor Hylan wrote to Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien yesterday directing him to take legal proceedings to prevent the charging of $1.40 per 1,000 cubic feet of gas by the Brooklyn Borough Gas Company, as authorized by Acting Public Service Commissioner Alfred M. Barrett. In his letter the Mayor said:

"This action on the part of Commissioner Barrett is directly in conflict with the ruling of the Court of Appeals in the case of the Municipal Gas Company of Albany, which held that the Public Service Commission may not increase gas rates beyond the limit specified in the statute.

"Will you please take immediate steps to secure from the courts such remedy as is possible under the law and do so as speedily as possible. Use every means in your office to protect the interest of the people."

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21,'22	98	98¼	7.50
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sept. 1,'24	89	90½	8.50
Am. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	93	93½	6.40
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	92¾	93¼	8.50
Am. Thread	6	Dec.15,'28	93	96	6.70
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1920	99¾	100¼	6.25
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1921	99¾	99¾	7.20
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1922	99½	99¾	7.20
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Anacon. Co.	6	Jan., 1920	97	97½	7.98
Am.-A.O.Lcl.	7½	Apr., 1925	99¾	100	7.65
Armour & Co.	6	1920-1924	95	100	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	98	98½	7.85
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 19,'23	96½	96¾	8.30
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar.1,'24	95¾	95¾	7.00
Cent. Agr. Ry.	8	Feb., 1927	81	85	9.55
Chi. Pd. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	97	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1922	96	98	7.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99½	100	6.00
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15,'23	97¾	98¼	7.55
Del. & Hud.	6	Aug. 2, 20	99¾	100	6.00
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1924	91½	93¼	7.75
Grit'h, B.F.Co.	7	Apr., 1925	94¾	95¾	8.50
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	99¼	99¾	9.50
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	96	96	7.90
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	88	91	8.60
Int. R. T.	6	Sep., 1921	65	68	..
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	94½	95¼	8.50
Lacledе Gas.	7	Jan., 1920	99	99½	8.40
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	99¾	99¾	8.15
N. Y. C. pf.	6	Sep., 1920	99¾	99¾	8.25
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'24	97	97¾	6.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.10
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	91¼	92¼	11.50
Pub. S. Corp.	6	Mar., 1923	82	85	15.60
R. J. Reyn.	7.6	Aug., 1922	93½	93¾	8.20
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	91¾	91¾	15.10
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	97¾	98	6.15
Texas Co.	7	Mar., 1922	97¾	98	7.90
Utah S.Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	94¼	96	15.75
Wn. Elec. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	98¾	99¾	7.40

A BRONX HERO.

Krotoshinsky, a Bronx man, who saved the lost battalion by carrying a message through the German lines, becomes a student at the National Farm School at Doylestown, Pa. The incident is the subject of a photograph in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

KAHN SELLS 'CEDAR COURT'

New Jersey Country Estate to Become Diabetes Sanitarium.

Otto H. Kahn has sold Cedar Court, his million-dollar country estate at Normandie Heights, Morristown, N. J., to a New York and Philadelphia syndicate, headed by Dr. F. M. Allen, a specialist in diabetes. The estate will be used as an exclusive research and curative sanitarium for the treatment of this malady.

The estate was laid out originally by Abraham O. Wolff, who built two large houses of Spanish type of architecture for his two daughters, Mrs. Henri Werthein and Mrs. Otto H. Kahn. One of the two houses burned down, and Mr. Kahn then took the whole place over, reconstructed it and made one large dwelling. With all this work and the original amount spent by Mr. Wolff the property cost more than a million dollars.

There are over fifty rooms in the main dwelling. Besides this, there are six cottages, a large stable which will be converted into a nurses' home, farm buildings, dairy, squash court, two tennis courts and an eighteen-hole golf course. The grounds were laid out by Brinley & Holbrook and they are famous in that section of the country for the specimen trees and shrubs which abound. The property adjoins the Morris County Golf Club, the H. McK. Twombly estate and the property recently sold by Pease & Elliman for the estate of W. V. S. Thorne to T. H. Symington.

The sale was negotiated by Pease & Elliman.

Mr. Kahn and his family for some time have been spending part of the Summer at their new country estate at Woodbury, L. I. This is one of the finest estates and houses on the north shore of Long Island, located on an elevation overlooking the countryside, about a mile from the Cold Spring Harbor Railroad Station.

Immense terraces flank the house on three sides, one being made up of pools and a fountain. The house is approached by a long drive through cedar trees, and entrance is made from a great stone paved courtyard. One wing of the structure has a clock tower. There is a large greenhouse on the grounds.

Mr. Kahn's town house is at 1,100 Fifth Avenue.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	8.50	7.80
Beth. Steel	1920-'30	7	8.50	7.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.75	7.00
Canadian Pacific	1920-.32	4½@6	7.75	6.75
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'29	4½	7.50	6.50
C., R. I. and P.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.50	7.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'34	5	7.57	7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	6.90	7.00
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.75	6.75
Erie R. R.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.75	7.75
Grace Steamship	1920-'24	6	7.25	7.00
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.50	6.75
Int. Products	1920-'26	7	8.25	7.50
L'ville & N'ville	1920-'23	5	7.50	6.50
Michigan Cent.	1920-'22	5 @6	7.75	6.75
Minn. & St. Louis	1920-'27	5 @6	8.12	7.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1920-'24	5	8.50	7.80
N. Y. Central	1920-'35	4½@5-7	7.75	7.00
Norfolk & West.	1920-'26	4½	7.50	6.75
Northern Pacific	1921-'30	7	7.20	6.90
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.50	7.35
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	7.75	7.25
Penn. Gen. Pgat.	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.50	6.50
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.50	6.75
Seaboard A. L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'24	4½@7	7.50	6.75
Southern Ry.	1920-'26	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Union Pacific	1924-'15	7	7.00	6.75
Virginian Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.00	7.10
White Oil Corp.	1920-'22	6	8.50	7.50

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-French 5s	99¼	99½
Belgium 7½s	99	99½
Belgium 6s, 1921	98	98½
Belgium 6s, 1925	97¼	98½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	97¾	98¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97¼	97¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	88½	89½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	90¼	90¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	80¾	80½
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	54	..
Chinese Government 5s	43	44
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	90¼	91
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	80½	82½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	71¾	73
Dominican Republic 5s	86¼	88½
City of Bordeaux 6s	64½	65½
City of Copenhagen 5½s	75½	76½
City of Lyons 6s	84¼	85¼
City of Marseilles 6s	84½	85½
City of Paris 6s	93½	93¾
Japanese 4½s	76¼	76¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	74¼	74½
Japanese 4s	56¾	57¼
City of Tokio 5s	32½	37
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	96¾	96¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	93	93
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1920	89	89
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	85¾	85½
United States of Mexico 5s	37½	38¼
United States of Mexico 4s	27¼	28
Italy 6½s	91	93

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c. 1930	100¾	101¼
4s, r. 1925	104¼	105½
4s, c. 1925	104¼	105½
Pan 2s, r. 1936	100¼	101¼
Pan 2s, c. 1936	100¾	101½
Pan 2s, r. 1938	100¾	101¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex. 3d	35	..
Ad Rumely 3d	35	..
Alb & Sus.	130	140
A. A Cables	100	108
Allis-Ch. M. pf.	75	80
Am S 1st pf	98½	103
Am Ag Ch. 6s	87	90
Do pf.	85	90
Am Bk N.	43½	45
Do pf.	41	45
Am B Sug pf.	82	85
Am B M.	116	116¾
Am B S & Fdy.	89	93
Do pf.	220	235
Am C & F pf.	104¾	107
Am Cot O.	44	44¾
Do pf.	80	90
Am Exp.	139	145
Am Ice	42¾	45
Do pf.	86	90
Am La. pf.	..	..
Am Ling.	10¼	11
Am Lin pf.	90	93
Am M & G.	33	37½
Am Shipb.	..	125
Am S & R pf.	91	93
Am Sn pf.	77	87
Am Stl Fds pf.	87¾	88
Am S Bat pf.	106¾	108½
Am S Tob pf.	85	91
Am T & C.	47	50
Am Tob.	215	221
Do, B.	200	221½
Am Wh pf.	87	95
Am W Pa pf.	94	97
Am Wr. Pa. pf.	42¾	43
Am Z. pf.	48	50
Ann Arbor.	13	14
Do pf.	26¼	40
Asso D G 1st pf.	57	60
Do 2d pf.	63	65
Assoc. Oil.	89	95
Atl Ref.	1,150	1,250
Do pf.	103½	104½
A. B & A.	..	..
Atl G W I.	84	85
A. G & W I pf.	62	64
Aus Nich.	23	24
Do pf.	81	88
Auto Sales.	10	..
Do pf.	..	22
Bald L pf.	96	98
B'dall, A.	40	41
Do, B.	39	40
Bar Leath.	55	60
Do pf.	85	90
Barrett Co pf.	103	110
Bishop Min.	1	1¼
B'ch Cr'k.	28	30
Beth Steel.	88	90
Do 7% pf.	99	103
B'klyn Ed.	83½	90
B. U Gas.	46	51
Brown Sh.	75	83
Do pf.	92	97
Brums Ter.	6	6½
B. H. & F.	70	..
Do pf.	75	..
Buff & S.	..	65
Do pf.	..	45
Burns Bros.	108	111
Do pf.	100	115
Bush Ter.	..	85
B C & Z.	7½	7¾
Butte & S.	21¾	22¼
Can So.	40	50
Case Plow 1st pf.	..	90
Do 2d pf.	..	65
Case (J. I.) pf.	93	95
C R I & P N J.	180	205
Chi & Alt.	6¼	9
Do pf.	10	15
C & E Ill.	6½	7
Do pf.	6¼	7
Chi Gt W.	7½	8
Do pf.	21¼	21½
pf.	98	99
Chi Pn T.	89	92½
Chi, St P, M & Om.	56	58
Do pf.	80	90
C. C. C & St L.	50	53
Do pf.	90¾	93
Cl & Pitts.	57	62
Clu-Peab.	75	77
Do pf.	90	100¾
Col & So.	22½	23½
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Comp T R.	45	50
Con Clg. ex div.	65	66½
Do pf.	79	80
Cont C pf.	99	105
Cont Candy	11¾	12
Cont Ins.	68	75
Corn P R. pf.	10	..
Cr. ex d.100	101½	..
Crex Carp.	52	55
Crus S pf.	90	95
C-Am Sug pf.	100	..
De B M.	31½	32½
D & Co pf.	94	98
D, L & W. ex div.	190	192
Det Ed.	97	100
Dia Match.	100	110
D, S S & A.	¾	4
Do pf.	8	10
Dur Hos'y.	50	52
Do pf.	92	95
Elk H Coal pf.	36	38½
Em Brant.	15	20
Do pf.	78	82
End-Johns.	87	88
Do pf.	96	97
Erie 2d pf.	..	12¾
Erie a. pf.	45	58
Fairbanks.	55	70
F M & S.	10¾	13¾
Do pf.	34	37
Fisher Bdy.	115	130
Do pf.	102	106
Gen Ch. pf.	93	95½
Gen Clg pf.	82	100
Do c. pf.	82	85
Gen M pf.	75½	78
Do 7% pf.	85	88
G'drich pf.	86½	89
Granby C.	32	33
G, M & N.	12½	13¾
Do pf.	28	30
Gulf S S.	61	61¾
Hartman.	83½	85
Hender M.	51	53
Homestake	53	55
Ill Cent.	81¼	81¾
Int-Cons pf	11¾	13
Int-Ag pf.	61	65
Int H pf.	100	105
Int Mot Tr 2d pf.	65	67½
Int N pf.	86½	90¾
Int. Pa. pf.	95	100
Int Salt.	60	..
Iowa Cent.	4	6
Jones B T.	22¾	24
K. C. Ft S & M pf.	50	..
Kan C So pf.	43	46
Kayser (J)	88	96
Do 1st pf.	110	115
Kelly S T pf.	83	84½
Do 8% pf.	98	99
Kelsey Wh.	75	79
Do pf.	84	89
K & D M.	3½	5
Do pf.	20	30
Kress(S H)	86½	110
Do pf.	100	..
Lacl Gas.	37	40
L E & W.	9	11
Do pf.	14¾	18
Ling & M.	146	155
Do, B.	130	145
L-W Bisc.	48	50
Do 1st pf.	96½	102
Do 2d pf.	105¾	125
Lorill'd Co pf.	93	100
M'kay Cos.	62	64½
Mallinson.	20¼	24
Do pf.	50	74
Mnn H'ch.	¼	¾
Man Elev.	38¼	41½
Man Sug.	119	120
Do pf.	87¾	88½
Marlin R.	19¼	22
Martin-P.	19¼	22
Math Alk.	31	40
M M 1st pf.	38	43
Do 1st pf ctfs.	30	45
Do 2d pf.	15½	20
Do ctfs.	10	35
M Dep Stk pf.	94	102
Mich Cent.	75	85
M, St P & S S M pf.	32	36
Do 1 l.	50	54
Mon P pf.	60	61
Do pf.	96	97
Mor & Es.	38	45
Mul B pf.	95	..
N C & St L.	104	110
Nat Acme.	34½	35
Nat C & S pf.	95	96
Nat Enam.	93	95
Nat L pf.	102½	105
N Rys of M 1st pf.	8¾	14
Do 2d pf.	5¾	6½
N. O. T & Mex	31½	33
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	59	58
N Y Dock.	32	33
Do pf. ex div.	47½	51
N. Y. L & West.	73	85
Norf So.	19	23
Norf & W.	89	90
Ohio Body.	..	20½
Ohio P S.	47	50¾
Otis El pf.	..	93
Otis Stl pf.	..	98
Pac Coast.	20	40
Do 1st pf.	60	100
Do 2d pf.	45	60
Pac Mail.	30	32
P T & Tel.	44	46
Pa S Steel	25	25½
Peo & E.	8	11
P Marq pf.	..	47
Pett-Mgll.	30	32
Do 1st pf.	90	110
Phila. Co.	37	37½
Pierce-A pf.	88	93
P. Jones.	50	57
Do pf.	84	88
Pitts C pf.	86	88
P, Ft W & C pf.	115	120
Pitts S pf.	89	91
P & W Va. pf.	72	74
Pond C C.	17	18
Pr. Stl Car pf.	96	99
P S, N J.	..	83
Rand M.	28	29
R It Sec, I C stk ctfs.	..	49
Ry Stl Spr pf.	98½	105
Rem Type 1st pf.	..	96
Do 2d pf.	88	99
Rens & S.	95	105
Rep I & S pf.	92	95
R Reis.	15	17
Do 1st pf.	77	82
St J Lead	15½	16
St L S F pf.	31	33
San C Sug.	21	22
Savage A.	47	48
Sears-R pf.	109	112
Shat-Ariz.	8¾	9¼
S-S S & I pf.	87	89
So P R S.	230	309
Do pf.	100	108
St'd Mill.	120	155
Do pf.	75	85
Studeb Co pf.	92	93
Stern B pf.	96	100¼
Sup Stl 1st pf.	93½	..
Temtor, A.	40	45
Tex. Pac. L Tr.	300	500
Third Av.	12	13
Tide W O.	209	210
Tob P pf.	87½	91½
St L & West pf.	8	12
Do ctfs.	4	15
Do pf.	13	21
T C R T.	27½	30
Do pf.	..	95
Und T pf.	105	117
Un Clg Sts.	150	175
Do pf.	100	104
Un Drug.	113	120
U Rys Inv.	9½	10¾
U S C I P.	16	17
U S Cast I pf.	43	45
U S Exp.	6½	7
U S Ind A pf.	94	97
U S Sm pf. ex div	43	44¾
Utah Sec.	8¼	9
Va I C & Coke, ex d102	110	..
Va R & P pf.	..	46
Wab pf, B.	14	15
W F Exp.	54	55
West Md 2d pf.	15	20
West Pac.	27	28
W U Tel.	81	82½
West, A B.	103½	107¾
W & L E pf.	16½	19
Wis Cent.	25	27
Wr'th.	106	107½
Do pf.	104½	108¾
Wor Pump pf, A.	80	90
Do pf, B.	66	68

We own and offer subject to prior sale

Marks 500,000

Chemnitz 4s

@ $26.50 per Marks 1,000

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Wire orders our expense

The bonds are a direct obligation of the city of Chemnitz, Saxony (population over 300,000). The city guarantees the payment of interest and principal with its entire present and future property and its full tax-levying power.

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Two Attractive Issues
Credit Finance Co. (Commercial Manufacturers) 7% Debenture Gold Bonds with bonus of Profit Sharing Certificates.
Pays 1¾% Quarterly.
Write for Circular G.
Felt & Co. (Chain Jewelry Stores) 6% Debenture Preferred Stock participating up to 20%.
Pays 1½% Quarterly.
Write for Circular F.

An offering in blocks of three shares {2 Shares Preferred / 1 Share Common} for $300

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company
of Akron

In the fiscal year ending October 1, 1919, this company did a business of more than $168,000,000. Comparing the business done in the six months to May 1, 1920, it is found that this exceeded that of the preceding year for the same period by 59.3%.

The progressive increases this year are further shown as follows: May, 1920, sales exceeded those of April, 1920, by $2,469,844; and June, 1920, sales, as indicated by figures so far available, have been running ahead of May, 1920.

Percentages of individual increases in 1920 business as of May 1, over last year, are as follows: in passenger car casings, 79%; tubes, 107%; export, 115%; in mechanical rubber goods, due to rapidly advancing industrial and agricultural demand, 80%; in Goodyear Cord Truck Tires, 577%; Neolin Soles, 49%; production of rubber heels has increased 215%.

The wide scope of Goodyear's distribution is shown by the fact that this company has over 70,000 accounts, through which its various products pass to consumers.

In twelve years both the business and the assets of the Company have increased more than one hundred times; earnings on outstanding common stock, after preferred dividends, have averaged 54%.

During this period cash dividends of 12% have been paid annually on the common stock and stock dividends have been paid as follows: 1909, 100%; 1910, 100%; 1912, 100%; 1914, 20%; 1916, 100%; 1920, 150%.

We are offering the unsold portion of $20,000,000, 7% Cumulative Preferred and of $10,000,000 Common Stock in blocks of three shares (2 Preferred and 1 Common) at $300 per block.

The above offering will cease with the close of business July 15, 1920, unless sooner terminated by the sale of this issue

Borton & Borton Cleveland
Hemphill, Noyes & Co. New York
Jelke, Hood & Bolles New York
Kelley, Drayton & Co. New York

The information contained in this advertisement is obtained from sources we believe to be reliable although we do not guarantee its accuracy

We Recommend For Investment

Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes

We deal actively in these issues and can offer same at the market in amounts to suit.

Security.	Rate	Interest Payable	Due	Yield About
†Liberty First	3½	J-D 15	June 15, 1947	4.05
*Liberty First conv.	4	J-D 15	June 15, 1947	5.00
*Liberty First conv.	4¼	J-D 15	June 15, 1947	5.24
*Liberty Second	4	M-N 15	Nov. 15, 1942	5.19
*Liberty Second conv.	4¼	M-N 15	Nov. 15, 1942	5.42
*Liberty Third	4¼	M-S 15	Sept. 15, 1928	6.04
*Liberty Fourth	4¼	A-O 15	Oct. 15, 1938	5.56
*Victory	4¾	J-D 15	May 20, 1923	6.45
†Victory	3¾	J-D 15	May 20, 1923	5.41

† Exempt from Federal Income Tax, both normal and surtax.
* Exempt from Normal Federal Income Tax only.

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We own and offer, subject to prior sale and change in price

$250,000

Missouri Pacific Railroad Company
First & Refunding Mtge. Gold 5s, Series "B," due January 1st, 1923

A first lien on 3854 miles of road and secured by a direct mortgage on a total of 6692 miles at the low rate of $6,900 per mile.

Total Outstanding: $13,641,000

Listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Price to Yield 11 Per Cent.

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Fla. Cent. & Peninsular 5s
Fort Worth & Rio Grande 4s
Puget Sound Tr., Lt. & Pr. 7s
Danville, Urbana & Cham. 5s
Laclede Gas 7s.
General Gas & Electric 6s
Packard Motor Preferred
Willys Corp. 1st 8% Pfd.
Habirshaw El. Cable 8% Pf.
Indiana & Illinois Coal Pfd.

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to principal cities of United States & Canada

FOREIGN BONDS

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Hamburg 4s-4½s
Munich 4s-5s
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German Gen'l Electric 4½s
Badische Anilin 4½s
French 4s-5s
Italian 6th War Loan 5s

Foreign Exchange selling at 1/3 to 1/30 normal value. Large profits possible on bonds bought at present prices.

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NOBLE & CORWIN
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New Issue

$900,000

City of Cleveland, Ohio

5½% Public Hall Bonds

Dated June 1, 1920 Due June 1, 1970

Principal and semi-annual interest (June 1st and December 1st) payable at the American Exchange National Bank, New York City. Coupon bonds in the denomination of $1,000 with privilege of full registration.

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Massachusetts and Connecticut

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Valuation, 1919	$1,389,051,200
Total Bonded Debt, including this issue	77,631,705
Water Debt	$13,950,039
Sinking Funds	7,396,431
Net Bonded Debt	56,235,235
Population 1920 (U. S. Census)	796,836

Price 103½ and interest, to yield 5.30%

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SEVEN WALL STREET NEW YORK

WE RECOMMEND

Eisemann Magneto Corporation

Pref. & Com. Shares

as attractive investments

The Eisemann is one of the oldest and largest manufacturers of magnetos in the United States.

Eisemann Magnetos are standard equipment used by 167 manufacturers of Trucks, Tractors, Marine and Gas Engines including

GENERAL MOTORS NASH CO.
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Circular T-1 and Price on Application

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85 POUNDS OF SUGAR

is our per capita consumption—by far the largest in the world. Sugar is high—demand greatly exceeds supply.

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UTAH IDAHO SUGAR CO.

First Mortgage Serial 7% Gold Bonds

This Company produces 10% of all American beet sugar.

Price to yield about

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Investment Securities
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RATE HEARINGS END WITH RISE OPPOSED

Thirty Per Cent. Advance in the East Is Too High, Shippers Tell Commission.

CARRIERS TO ASK MORE FARE

Unified Operation of Railroads Is Urged by Thorne—Sees Government Control Likely.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Hearings were closed before the Interstate Commerce Commission today on the railroad application for increased freight rates, which has been described by shippers and carriers alike as the greatest single proposition in its effect on the American people ever submitted to the commission.

Decision by the commission on the application is expected early in August, in order that the new rates may be effective when the Government guarantee expires Sept. 1. It is generally assumed that the forthcoming award of the Railroad Labor Board in the employes and carriers wage controversy will be taken into consideration without further hearings in adjusting the new schedules.

The railroads, under the provisions of the Transportation act, asked rate advances which would yield an added yearly income of $1,017,000,000 to provide the 5 per cent. return permitted by the law. In addition, the expense to be created by the expected award of the Railroad Labor Board, estimated at between $500,000,000 and $1,000,000,000, must be met by further increases, the carriers maintain.

Opposition on the part of shippers was confined mainly to the amount of the increases asked by the carriers, 30 per cent. in the East, 121 per cent. in the South and 24 per cent. in the West, which it was argued were too high. The necessity for some advance was generally conceded. Many shippers disapproved of a general advance on the strict percentage basis as advocated by the carriers and suggested flat increases on certain commodities.

To Ask Higher Fares.

Closing argument for the railroads today, A. P. Thom, general counsel for the Association of Railway Executives, told the Commission that when the Labor Board's decision was handed down the carriers would ask that part of the further rate advance made necessary should be borne by the passenger traffic. The carriers heretofore had asked that the entire advance be placed on freight.

Inadequate service is more costly than high rates, Mr. Thom contended, adding that the public desires proper transportation for the commerce of the country above all else. The question of the amount of the rate increase is a public one, he declared, and must be determined by the test of what is best for the public interest.

Clifford Thorne of Chicago, in the final argument in behalf of the shippers, declared that an adequate transportation service was an absolute prerequisite to the commercial development of the United States and that nothing should be done which would unnecessarily shock or disrupt existing trade conditions or place an undue or unwarranted burden on American industry.

Mr. Thorne declared that the total increase in freight rates would aggregate 35½ per cent. if the railroad corporations and railroad labor were successful in getting all they are seeking, and that if labor got one-half of its demands and the carriers all of theirs the freight advance would be approximately 41.55 per cent.

If shippers' computations are correct, Mr. Thorne contended, an advance of 16½ per cent. on freight would take care of the present necessity and reduce the burden in freight traffic by $388,000,000 annually.

Asks Unified Operation.

He recommended unified operation of the railroads "under some plan analogous to that created by the railroads in 1917."

"In that way, and in that way only, will the carriers be able to function," said he.

While Government operation has been condemned by both railroads and shippers as an extravagant and costly burden, Mr. Thorne said that within three months after the return of the roads to private control they had fallen down in operation.

"And they are here begging for the most stupendous rate increase ever known in this country or any other country on the face of the earth," Mr. Thorne declared. "Further, they state that they have reached a place in their operations which might be called a condition of 'saturation,' where more business means a loss in net revenue instead of a gain. That is the most astounding confession of inefficiency that I have heard from the lips of a railroad man in recent years."

Private operation is on trial, Mr. Thorne argued, and if the roads do not function the people will be forced to take them back, although they do not wish to do so.

Whatever the trouble confronting the carriers, whether it be the labor situation, shortage of equipment or other difficulties, the remedy proposed is invariably an increase in rates, declared Mr. Thorne.

Cites Prosperity Under Supervision

"The uncontradicted evidence in this case," he added, "shows that during the last three years of private operation under the supervision of this commission and over forty State commissions, the railroads of the United States were experiencing the most prosperous three-years period in their history since railroads accounts have been kept for the United States as a whole. This record shows that during the three year period the gross earnings and also the total net income above all operating expenses and taxes were greater than during any other three-year period in their history, and that the ratio of their net income to their total book cost or so-called property investment was the greatest in their history."

Arguing that the rate increases demanded by the carriers are entirely too high, Mr. Thorne said:

"If you folks want to sound the death knell to private operation, grant these demands in their entirety, and, after you have done that, then please watch the effect on American industry and watch the effect on the thought of the rank and file of the American people."

MRS. BEMIS LEFT $2,000,000.

Widow of Standard Oil Man Had Jewels Worth $200,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 6.—Appraisers have fixed the value of the estate of the late Mrs. Frances L. Bemis, widow of Edward Bemis, a Vice President of the Standard Oil Company, at about $2,000,000. The report will be filed with Surrogate George A. Slater this week. It was first reported that Mrs. Bemis had left an estate worth $5,000,000.

The value of the jewels was placed at $200,000. Experts were engaged to examine a necklace of 82 pearls with a diamond clasp. This was valued at $175,000. The pearls, which graduated in size, each one matching another, were perfect in shape, and the necklace was reported to be one of the most beautiful of its kind ever seen. Mrs. Bemis also left rubies, diamond rings and diamond bracelets, many of which she purchased abroad.

The will is being contested by a relative, and for that reason the appraisal was hurried along. It was reported today that the contest may be settled within the next few weeks.

No Bread Cards for France.

PARIS, July 6.—The Council of Ministers today rejected a proposal to reestablish the issuance of bread cards. The Ministers said they hoped soon to overcome the bread shortage.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 6.—Fifty-five new corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $2,045,050 were chartered today. They include:

Traver Blair Co., Oneonta, make motors and machinery, $100,000; W. J. Blair, R. A. and A. Traver, 315 West 25th St., Manhattan.

Hendrix Hudson Apartments, Manhattan, realty, $247,000; M. Blaine, J. S. Raymond, C. R. Duque, 562 West 122d St.

Rubin & Kanovitz, Manhattan, dress goods, $30,000; B. Rubin, S. Kanovitz, J. Jarrett, 1,112 Forrest Av., Bronx.

Maxwell Electric Specialties Co., Manhattan, $50,000; M. J. and L. and S. Gallubier, 903 Whitlock Av.

Best Service Wet Wash Laundry Co., Brooklyn, $30,000; F. Rusalem, W. Paul, S. Kaplan, 180 Snediker Av.

Broadway Bookbinders, Manhattan, $5,000; H. and D. Brookman, D. Abrams, 835 West 238th St.

Harris Rabinowitz Realty Co., Mt. Vernon, $10,000; M. and A. and M. Rabinowitz, Mt. Vernon.

Arco Transportation Corp., Buffalo, $25,000; W. P. Goodnow, J. W. Van Allen, O. B. Harrell, Buffalo.

Rock Hill Corp., Manhattan, make railway cars, &c., $25,000; P. P. Beck, W. Forsthof, J. M. Mack, Pleasantville.

Fahn Hechstin, Manhattan, women's apparel $5,000; A. Fahn, W. and A. A. Hechstin, 110 Lenox Av., Bronx.

Marine Productions, Manhattan, motion pictures, $50,000; H. Horne, A. W. Narck, E. M. Evarts, 140 Broadway.

Paper and Ink Publishing Co., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Reich, H. B. Moore, R. D. Phillips, 2 East 123th St.

Royal Cravat Corp., Manhattan, neckwear, $30,000; H. J. Schwartz, B. S. Pulitzer, I. Schaffer, 13-21 Park Row.

Kenhington Baths, Brooklyn, $40,000; C. Klarna, J. and L. Machson, 2,068 West 24th St., Manhattan.

E. J. Collins Co., Brooklyn, motor vehicles, $5,000; E. J. Collins, W. H. Bachmer, H. J. Fogarty, 12 Onderdonk Av.

U. S. Cut Rate Shoe Store, Buffalo, $20,000; L. Levey, W. and R. Casper, Buffalo.

John Kiamopoulos, Brooklyn, groceries, $5,000; J. Kiamopoulos, B. Horowitz, A. Bracco, 98 East Houston St., Manhattan.

Ritz Manufacturing Co., Rochester, orthopedic appliances, $75,000; E. L. Chapin, C. and J. Ritz, Rochester.

Fradus Contracting Co., Manhattan, $10,000; T. Curtis, J. and O. Fragus, 504 River, side Drive.

M. A. Beane Trading Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. A. Beane, W. H. Thomas, R. C. Matthews, 220 West 139th St.

Ford Epp, Brooklyn, machine shop, $20,000; R. E. Ford, O. W. Adams, W. H. Epp, 96 Hendrix St.

Model Glue Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; F. Auerman, M. Spiwak, M. H. Sherman, 241 West 144th St.

Marishort, Muscill, Manhattan, women's apparel, $10,000; S. Friedlander, M. Soupp, L. Cohen, 705 Forest Av.

Hillhurst Garage, Brooklyn, $35,000; H. T. Phillips, S. Sumeare, H. C. Nilsson, 514 West 125th St., Manhattan.

Mead Rubber Co., Brooklyn, $100,000; J. F. Mead, J. L. and A. P. Hagan, 114 Prospect Place.

H. C. Zaun Tire and Rubber Co., Manhattan, $100,000; H. C. Zaun, R. Forma, F. Fischer, 309 Broadway.

Louis Harrison & Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $5,000; B. Kirschner, L. and M. Harrison, 704 Elsmere Place, Bronx.

Lask Mfg. Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $200,000; I. E. and C. Lask, S. J. Bernstein, 115 West 30th St.

Bordette Silks, Manhattan, textiles, $50,000; W. Kaufman, S. Rosenthal, K. Herma, 1,482 Broadway.

Abingdon Chemical Works, Manhattan, $35,000; G. Prentice, W. A. Ryan, M. I. Rappaport, 56 Pine St.

Tiger, Dresben & Massof, Manhattan, wood turning, $18,000; B. Levew, H. Dresben, H. Tiger, 53 Mangin St.

Litwek Schults Ink Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $50,000; P. Schults, B. Jacobson, P. A. Litwek, 427 East 35th St.

M. J. Meehan, Manhattan, publishers, $10,000; M. J. Meehan, R. H. Breninger, E. W. Hammett, 118 Quincy St., Brooklyn.

Haddock Fuel Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; J. C. Haddock, F. P. Griffith, John Gaide, Jr., 125 East 46th St.

B. and S. Bronze Foundry, Bronx, $5,000; V. E. Bietry, L. Landa, R. Schermeyer, 162 Morris Av., Manhattan.

Garcia Fieres Cigar Co., Manhattan, $60,000; J. A. Leviton, E. J. Schoenbred, A. Freeman, 125 West 104th St.

Binewood Corp., Manhattan, realty, $20,000; C. and T. Nebauer, W. H. Thacher, 68 Hudson St.

H. S. Meinhard Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $100,000; R. Schoddby, J. Herzfeld, H. S. Meinhard, Woodward Hotel.

Vis Trading Co., Manhattan, liquors and food products, $50,000; F. Pagliare, F. Ingegnieres, C. Laueritano, 22 6th Av.

Hough Estate, Albany, realty, $60,000; J. E. Hough, E. H. Taylor, W. H. Machin, Jr., Schenectady.

Freed-Tar Garage, Manhattan, $10,000; S. & E. Tartero, J. Freed, 523 East 169th St.

Thiman Co., Manhattan, manufacturing, $25,000; E. G. Tniman, L. W. and E. Leveau, 165 East 49th St.

Tecor Holding Corp., realty, Brooklyn, $5,000; M. F. Mulligan, J. T. Quinn, R. A. Field, 32 Cambridge Place.

197 East 75th Street Corp., Manhattan, realty, $60,000; A. E. C. Weber, P. E. Adame, R. M. White, 619 West 136th St.

Atlantic Convertible Auto Body Corp., Jamestown, $50,000; P. C. Cosgrove, J. T. Morrison, J. D. Curtis, Jamestown.

Hartman, Wiggins & Rathers, Manhattan, commission merchants, $5,000; G. Weinstein, I. Wiener, J. Goodstein, 160 Broadway.

Crown Distributing Co., Brooklyn, make chemicals, drugs, &c., $5,000; B. S. and M. S. and J. S. Hanellin, 368 41st St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

J. L. Gumpert & Sons, Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

Kalt Lumber Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $250,000.

Copeland Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

Roy Press, Manhattan, $100,000 to $250,000.

Carolin Laundry, Manhattan, $26,000 to $58,000.

Eclipse Braid and Trimming Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $18,500.

Seaman Hat Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $10,000.

Brett & Goode Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

McNab & Harlin Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $1,500,000.

Sinclair Rubber Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000.

Superior H. B. & P. Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $12,500.

Tate Electrolytic Water Proofing Co., Manhattan, 10,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 20,000 common, no par value; active capital, $1,100,000.

Wendell Towel Supply Co., Bronx, $10,000 to $50,000.

Gasau Thompson Co., Brooklyn, $40,000 to $150,000.

Canojaharie Supply Co., Canojaharie, $10,000 to $50,000.

S. Alfred Seelye Co., Spencer, Tioga Co., $52,500 to $75,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Rattle Watch Association, Manhattan, $25,000 to $500.

DESIGNATION.

Bateman & Co., Del., make farm implements, $7,000,000; rep., J. F. Hillman, 347 Madison Av.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Bunbeam Chemical Co., Ill.

NAME CHANGE.

E. Kirstein Sons Co., Rochester, to Shur-On Optical Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Cornhill Agency Corp., Manhattan.
Bonta Hotel Co., Manhattan.
Guilford Drug Co., Manhattan.
Parmelee Realty Corp., Manhattan.
Pennsylvania Rubber Co. of New York, Manhattan.
Progress Advertising Agency, Manhattan.
Yorgs Realty Co., Manhattan.
Selma Realty Co., Manhattan.
New England Cotton Yarn Co., Manhattan.
Chapman Knit Goods Store, Manhattan.
Aviadon Realty Corp., Manhattan.
Bateman & Co., Manhattan.
Charles L. Barkhahn Corp., Manhattan.
Epp & Ford, Brooklyn.
Erie Distilling Co., Buffalo.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 6.—New charters filed: Navajo Oil Corp., $75,000; J. O. Galloway; W. M. Bonner, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Ralph M. Langley, Kansas City, Mo. C. H. Wiah Co., $40,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Lactic Products Corp., $5,000,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

National Pharmacal Corp., $4,100,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Warren Development Co., $1,200,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Victory Oil Production Co., $1,000,000; John H. Frazer, U. N. Wilkoite, George A. Macconnell, Little Rock, Ark.

Southern Gas and Fuel Co., $2,000,000; P. L. Tindale, Galland, Tex.; George P. Low, Los Angeles, Cal.; M. M. Lucey, Wilmington.

Paley Engineering Co., $800,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, S. E. Aberle, Wilmington.

Canadian Sugar and Fruit Co., $750,000; M. M. Lucey, M. A. Dorsey, V. P. Lacey, Wilmington.

Penn Fabricated Concrete Co., $300,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Myrrohl Chemical Co., $137,500; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Profitt Oil Co., $100,000; E. R. Hay, James Profitt, A. D. Rich, Winchester, Ky.

United Bureau of American Steamship Owners, $50,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Sterling Drug Co., $25,000; N. J. Dempsey, B. J. Dempsey, W. B. Wisberger, Scranton.

Crawford's Lathering Drilling Co., $5,000; H. S. Crawford, H. A. Marsh, Elmer Lather, Fixer, Ky.

United Syndicate, $3,000; W. M. Wall, David M. Flanders, Vernon G. Swope, New York.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Columbia Discount Corp., Detroit, Mich., $5,000,000 to $20,000,000.

Permanent Mortgage Corp., Brooklyn, N. Y., $3,500,000 to $7,500,000.

Turman Oil Co., Okmulgee, Okla., $1,500,000 to $35,000,000.

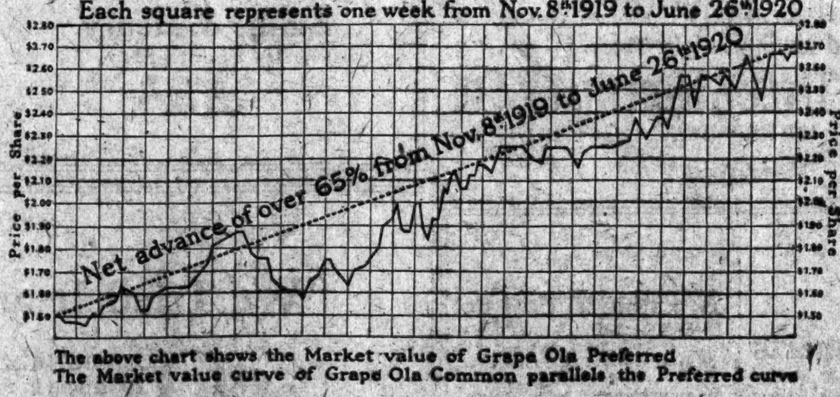
New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, July 6.—New charters: Smith's Garage, Newark, $10,000. Hyman Smith, Florence Smith, Edward Citron, Newark.

The Chart Below Shows the Upward Tendency of Grape Ola Shares Since November, 1919.

Each square represents one week from Nov. 8th 1919 to June 26th 1920



The above chart shows the Market value of Grape Ola Preferred
The Market value curve of Grape Ola Common parallels the Preferred curve

Compare This Market Record With Any Other of Twenty-five Industrials During a Like Period.

Accounts Invited for Grape Ola Shares.

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The investor who is invited to place his money in any investment is entitled to ask of the seller the most searching questions regarding the responsibility, good judgment and experience of the house which recommends the security.

When you are considering the purchase of any security, the House of S. W. Straus & Co. suggests that you ask these two questions—

1. Did the house which markets this security ever recommend and sell a security upon which there has been a default?

2. Has it done a large enough business, over a sufficiently long period, to make this record really significant?

An investment house may do a small business for many years, or a large business for a few years without meeting conditions which really test its strength. But when a house has transacted a very large business over a long period of years, without a single case of loss or delay, there must be some very good reason for its record.

The House of S. W. Straus & Co. is a nationwide institution. It has underwritten many hundreds of bond issues amounting to many millions of dollars. In the 38 years of its history there has never been a single case of loss or even of delay in payment to holders of bonds underwritten by this House. You cannot afford to overlook the significance of this record. Write today for our booklet, "Safety and 6%," which tells the story in detail. Ask for

BOOKLET A-440

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Thirty-eight years without loss to any investor

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$300,000
(Total Issue)

S. S. Stafford, Inc.

First Refunding Mortgage Twenty Year 8% Gold Bonds

Dated June 1, 1920 Due June 1, 1940

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1, in New York.

Coupon bonds in denominations of $1,000 or $500, registerable as to principal.

Redeemable as a whole or in part at the option of the Corporation after 60 days' notice on any day at 110% and accrued interest.

Columbia Trust Company, New York, Trustee.

Interest payable without deduction for Federal Income Taxes now or hereafter deductible at the source, not in excess of 2%.

For further information concerning these bonds we refer to a letter addressed to us by Mr. W. S. Stafford, President of the Corporation, the salient features of which we summarize as follows:

Business: The Corporation is one of the largest manufacturers of writing inks, adhesives, carbon papers and typewriter ribbons in the world. Business was established in 1858 and has enjoyed a steady and progressive growth. Products are marketed throughout the world.

Purpose of Issue: The proceeds of these bonds will be used to retire all floating indebtedness, to furnish additional working capital and to provide extensive additions to plant and equipment.

Equity: Upon completion of new financing, net quick assets will be equivalent to about 165%, and net tangible assets will approximate 300% of present issue. Corporation agrees to maintain net quick assets at not less than 150% of amount of outstanding bonds.

Reserve Fund: The Corporation agrees to set aside annually, as a Special Reserve Fund, an amount which shall be equal to 5% of the average amount of bonds outstanding during preceding twelve months.

Earnings: Earnings for the last five years have averaged more than four times the interest charges on this issue. Economies of operation which will follow the extension and improvement of plant should result in annual savings equal to total interest charges.

Legal matter incident to the issuance of these bonds have been under the supervision of Mr. Charles E. Kelley for the Corporation, and Messrs. Barry, Wainwright, Thacher & Symmers for ourselves.

Bonds are offered for delivery, when, as and if issued and received by us.

We recommend these bonds for investment.

Price: Par and Interest, Yielding 8%

Circular upon request.

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The above information is not guaranteed, but has been obtained from sources we believe to be accurate and reliable.

A Study of Railroad Bond Values

WE have made a careful analysis of several hundred long-term high-grade railroad bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange. Each bond has been tested from the standpoint of security, growth and character of territory served and ability of road to maintain its earnings even under adverse conditions and without Government aid.

We have selected six issues which seem to meet the most exacting requirements. All six bonds are legal for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and other States.

We have prepared and will send upon request a summary of our analysis together with a comparison of market prices for 1920, 1913, 1910 and 1907. Ask for Analysis No. 10.

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Replies will be received in strict confidence. State experience fully and salary desired.

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American Institute of Finance
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TWO-CENT TRANSFER CHARGE CONTINUED

Privilege Granted to New York Railways Company for an Indefinite Period.

99 POINTS ARE AFFECTED

Acting Commissioner Barrett Reserves Right to Withdraw Order at Any Time.

Alfred M. Barrett, Acting Public Service Commissioner, signed an order yesterday continuing indefinitely the permission given a year ago to the New York Railways Company to charge two cents for transfers at 99 of the 113 points of the system throughout the city where free transfers once were issued. In continuing the privilege Commissioner Barrett acted upon a report by officials of the commission that an additional charge for transfers was still necessary for the prosperity of the company. Instead of extending the privilege for a year, however, the Commissioner made it for an indefinite period so that it could be withdrawn at the will of the commission.

One year ago today Commissioner Nixon signed an order granting the New York Railways Company permission to charge two cents for transfers for one year. In allowing the transfer charge Mr. Nixon expressed the opinion that it was necessary to save the company from financial ruin and the transportation system from disintegration.

Two weeks ago Job E. Hedges, receiver for the company, applied to the commission for a renewal of the order for another year. With his application he sent a report of income and expenditures to show that the company still was not paying a fair return on investment.

This report was forwarded to Dr. A. F. Weber, the commission's chief statistician, and to Terrace Farley, chief counsel. Both made an exhaustive investigation of the company's affairs, and it was on the strength of their reports that yesterday's action was based.

Both investigators reported in favor of the application, but Mr. Farley recommended that instead of extending the privilege for a fixed period the order be continued in effect until changed by the commission. It was felt that if the order was signed for a year and that if conditions improved so that a charge of only 1 cent was needed, the commission would be powerless to act until July 7, 1921. Now, however, the commission has a free hand to take action with changing conditions.

A public hearing on the matter that was to have been held today was declared adjourned subject to the call of Commissioner Nixon.

MRS. CAVANAUGH IS FOUND GUILTY

Jury Out 25 Minutes Convicts Woman of Theft of $2,197 from Tenants.

SHE HANDLED 43,000 CASES

Testifies She Received $357,000 in Landlord Disputes, but Kept No Books.

Mrs. Alice J. Cavanaugh of 690 Union Avenue, the Bronx, formerly a volunteer worker attached to the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, was found guilty of grand larceny by a jury before County Judge Gibbs in the Bronx yesterday. She was charged with the theft of $2,197 which tenants said they paid her pending the adjustment of disputes and for which it was alleged she made no accounting. The jury was out twenty-five minutes. She was remanded to jail and will be sentenced tomorrow.

The verdict was received by Mrs. Cavanaugh with complacency. She appeared to be the calmest person in the room. Her attire caused a stir. She was dressed in white crepe de chine, white chanticleer hat, white slippers and white stockings.

Earlier in the day she testified in her own behalf. She said she had handled approximately 43,000 cases.

"I kept no books, but I handled $357,000, which represented eleven months' collections," she declared. "During that time I was assigned to adjust matters between tenants. I worked from 7:30 A. M. to 2 o'clock the following morning. I had no time to keep books. I kept memoranda, but it would take three weeks to go over such memoranda and straighten matters out."

Rentals paid into her hands, she said, made up a "general fund" which she kept in her pocketbook, her only depository. She said she kept some part of the money in the safe of a Bronx clergyman, but refused to give his name.

Three hundred landlord and tenant cases in the Second District Municipal Court in the Bronx caused so much confusion that an extra detail of police from the Morrisania Station had to be called out to maintain order.

VOTE SCHOOL REPAIRS FUND

Aldermen Appropriate $400,000 for Vacation Work.

The Board of Aldermen, on the report of the Committee on Finance, yesterday passed an appropriation for $400,000 for repairs to school buildings. In pressing the resolution, Henry H. Curran, President of the Borough of Manhattan, said that the school buildings were badly in need of repairs. He cited instances where stair railings were broken, ceilings were falling down and window panes were out.

Several weeks ago the Board of Estimate passed a similar resolution, and the matter now goes to the Mayor for his approval. It is hoped to complete the repairs during the Summer vacation.

EXPLAIN GLASS SHORTAGE.

Manufacturers Say War Conditions and Labor Shortage Are Causes.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 6.—The Directors of the National Association of Window Glass Manufacturers, in a meeting here today, preparatory to the annual convention which opens tomorrow, declared the existing shortage of glass, particularly of commercial grades, prevalent throughout the United States and Canada, reflects a worldwide situation.

This condition was attributed by some of the largest manufacturers in the country to these contributing causes:

"A reduction of window glass output by 50 per cent. in this country during the duration of American participation in the World War, or practically two years.

"An almost total suspension of glass making in western European countries while the allied nations were fighting the Central Powers and slow recovery from a practically complete paralysis of the glass trade there.

"Shortage of labor and decreased production in consequence throughout the United States during the last year."

W. H. Flood of Philadelphia, one of the best-known manufacturers in the Eastern States, is now in Europe studying the glassmaking situation in England, France and Belgium. Upon the strength of his preliminary reports, it was asserted in the Directors' meeting this afternoon that American makers had no cause to fear European competition for 1920 at least. Practically all of the allied countries are clamoring for glass in their reconstruction programs, and production is lagging. Devices are being used in lieu of machinery destroyed by the Germans, which were accounted antiquated in the United States twenty or even thirty years ago.

3 Questions

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Are its various departments properly coordinated?

Are your plans for expansion the best that can be conceived?

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Warehouse Receipt and Fire Insurance Policy
—both in one document

ANOTHER INNOVATION in storage warehousing—*Insured* Warehouse Receipts!

Perfecting the feature of Automatic Commodity Insurance which it originated last year, Independent Warehouses, Inc. has just put into operation a plan under which the warehouse receipt issued to the customer is, at one and the same time, the fire insurance policy.

The *Insured* Warehouse Receipt contains a clause, *printed on the face of the receipt*, certifying that the commodities are insured for a specific sum, based on the value declared by the customer.

The cost of the insurance under this *new* plan is no more than the cost of separate policies under the *old* method.

The insurance is automatic—it takes effect *immediately* upon the arrival of the commodities at the warehouse platforms, bulkheads, or in the streets adjacent thereto.

Another vital feature: the insurance passes current to the holder of the receipt for value immediately upon its negotiation, as his interest may appear.

Full details on request.

MEMORANDUM FOR BANKERS

This plan obviates the usual trouble and risk involved in obtaining, scrutinizing and caring for separate insurance policies as necessary documents incident to loans made against warehouse receipts.

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415-427 Greenwich Street New York
(Corner Hubert Street)
Inaugurated by GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK *and* LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

A large part of these bonds having been sold we offer the unsold balance approximately $200,000.

Atlantic County (New Jersey)
6% Road Bonds

Dated June 1st, 1920 Due June 1st, 1926

Free of Federal Income Taxes *Tax Free in New Jersey*

Net indebtedness including this issue less than 1½% of the assessed valuation

Legal opinion by George S. Clay, Esq., New York City

Price 101.25 and interest, yielding 5.75%

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New York Telephone Bowling Green 6078.

"We Tried It and It Didn't Pay"

OCCASIONALLY we meet business men who sometime in the past "have tried advertising, and found it didn't pay."

In the cases we have been permitted to study and analyze, we have found the reason to be not the impotency of advertising, but a faulty conception of what advertising is, and what it can do, or plans poorly laid, or an organization not ready to take advantage of the advertising.

Advertising is a power which if properly planned, wisely directed, and adequately supported by sales organization will put even a poor food on the breakfast table of every home at least once. If the product is good, and lives up to the expectations the advertising creates for it, the product will repeat, and remain the family favorite until some better product equally well advertised comes on the market.

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Mercantile Stores, Inc.
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Watch—OKLAHOMA

Recent drilling operations in Northwest Oklahoma are proving the contention of oil men that the next oil boom will be in that state.

We have just prepared a circular entitled "WATCH OKLAHOMA," which describes in every-day language the progress being made, together with map showing new oil fields being opened up and drilling trend. Further, the circular points out those large companies most likely to benefit from the present activities.

Ask for circular 36.

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FRENCH HONOR COLUMBIA.

University Receives Elaborate Certificate for Ambulance Work.

The faculty of Columbia University has received an elaborately inscribed certificate of service in recognition of its co-operation with the American Field Service in France. The certificate, sent at the request of the French Ministry of War, reads: "Ambulance No. 571 left for the front in July 1917, to form part of Sections Sanitaire No. 2, operating in the Verdun Sector, on the left bank of the Meuse, with postes de secours at Mort Homme and the famous Hill 304. When the American Field Service was federalized, this car was turned over to the United States Army Ambulance Service with the French Army."

Accompanying the certificate was a statement that the thousand or more ambulances in the American Field Service carried more than 500,000 wounded during the war.

Col. Bell, G.A.R. Chief, Left $60,000

The net estate of Colonel James D. Bell, Commander in Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, who died in November last, is valued at $59,966.05, according to an appraisal filed in the Surrogate's Court, Brooklyn, yesterday. The apportionment gives $58,441 to his widow, Matilda. Historical books are to go to the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences and to the Long Island Society. Other beneficiaries include Judge Frederick E. Crane of the Court of Appeals, who will receive the Colonel's law books, and his children, Alfred M. Bell, M. D.; Viola, and Ida Bell and Mrs. Clotilde de Zaux Herb.

Hermann Runkel Estate Apportioned

Yesterday's appraisal here of the estate of the late Hermann Runkel, of the Runkel Brothers chocolate manufacturing concern, who died at his home in West End Avenue, in March of 1918, showed its value in the gross to have been $651,887, and in the net $529,864. His total holdings in the manufacturing company were $358,000. Among the other assets were $35,792 in insurance and $10,000 in Liberty bonds. His widow, Victoria Lopez Runkel, receives the insurance and personalty, aggregating $37,544, the residue of $46,210 and a life estate in $854,107; his daughters, Claire Grab, of 370 West End Avenue, a life estate in $25,000 and a surviving life estate in one-half of the trust funds; her sister, Daniella Levy, of 219 West 81st Street, a life estate in $25,000 and the other half of the trust funds to Maurice Fleux and Sigismund Fleux, his nephews, of 405 West End Avenue, a life estate in $18,396.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	†Acme Coal	2⅞	2½	2⅝
100	†Alum pf	94	94	94
700	†Am Candy	7⅛	6¾	7⅛
100	†Am Chicle pf	64	64	64
100	†Am Cyanamid pf	94½	94½	94½
103	†Borden	108	103	108
100	† Do pf	99¾	99¾	99¾
100	†Brit-Am Ch	7	7	7
300	†Brit-AmTob, coupon	14¾	14	14¾
25	†Carbon Stl	82	82	82
100	†Caracas Sug	150	152	156
3,000	† Do rights	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5,000	†Chi Nipple	10¾	9¾	10¾
200	†Cont Mots	10	10	10
100	†Empire Stl	30	30	30
100	† Do pf	71	71	71
500	†Empire T&S	7¾	7¾	7¾
600	†H H Frank	51	48	48
2,500	†Gen Asph	75	74	74½
200	†G'dwn Pict	16¾	16¼	16½
2,700	†Grape-Cola	2½	2½	2½
2,300	† Do pf	2¾	2¾	2¾
500	†Guanta Sug	23	23	23
1,000	†Hercu Paper	23½	23	23½
100	†Hydraul Stl	20	20	20
100	†Hydraul pf	90	90	90
6,000	†Kay Co Gas	2	1⅝	1⅝
800	†Libby	12¾	12¼	12¾
100	†Liggett Int	106½	106½	106½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

10	†St Oil, Cal.	310	310	310
10	†St Oil, N Y.	385	385	385

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

10,000	†Allied Oil	28	26	27
700	†Arcadia Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1000	†Calu-N G'ts	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	†Atl Gulf O	80¾	80½	80¾
500	BighsartP&R	10¾	10⅝	10¾
2,900	†Boone Oil	3⅝	3½	3⅝
40,000	†Boss-Wyo	1¼	1¼	1¼
500	†Cit Service B T Sh	36¾	36½	36¾
800	†Col Emer'd	8	7⅞	8
1,500	†Cosden & Co	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,600	†Cushing Pet	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,100	†Domin Oil	10¾	10½	10¾
200	†DuquesneOil	4	3¾	4
300	†Elk R Pet	8	8	8
400	†Engin Fed	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,500	†Esm O & G	¾	¾	¾
500	†Federal Oil	2¾	2½	2¾
300	†Fensland Oil	9¾	9	9
1400	†Gilliland Oil	20	18	18
100	† Do pf	81	81	81
1,200	†Glenrock Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,500	†Hudson Oil	4¾	4¾	4¾
400	†IndianRef pf	6¾	6¾	6¾
800	† Do new	19½	19	19
300	†Inter Pet	35½	35	35
4,500	†M'caibo Oil	28	24	27
700	†Merritt Oil	16¼	15¾	16
400	Mex-Pan Oil	15¾	15¾	15¾

MINING STOCKS.

2,800	†Alas-BCMet	1⅛	1	1⅛
150	†Am Mines	1	1	1
500	Ariz Globe C	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,000	†Atlanta	2	1⅞	2
2,000	†Bal Div. p	3	3	3
2,000	†Bel Exp. p	2	2¼	2
2,500	Big Ledge	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,700	†Booth	5	4⅞	5
650	†Caledonia	24	22	24
1,800	Canada Cop	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,800	†CandelariaS			
2,700	†Cashboy	6	5½	6
1,000	†Con Cop M	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
2,300	†Con Vis Stl	2½	2¼	2½
4,600	†Cortez Stl	61	60	61
2,100	Div Ext. p	27	25	26
300	†El Sal Stl	2	2	2
2,500	Emma Stl	7¼	7	7
1,000	†Eureka C M	½	½	½
1,800	†Eureka H	1	1	1
3,200	Gold B Div	14	12½	13
300	†GoldenGate	½	½	½
1,500	†Goldf Con	10	9¾	10
2,200	†Goldf Dev	7½	6¾	7
3,200	†GoldfMerg	1½	1	1
585	Hecla Min	4¼	4	4⅛
3,300	†Jim Butler	14	12	13
750	†Jumbo Ext	5½	4¼	5
2,300	†Kewanaa	1½	1	1

BONDS.

$7,000	†A'd'P 6s	70¾	70	70¾
20,000	†AT&T '24	93½	93¼	93⅜
10,000	†Ang. Am '25, w i	90¾	90¾	90¾
20,000	†Belg Gov 6's '21	99	98	98½
20,000	†Bel 6's'25	96	95	96
30,000	†Chi N W 7s '36, w i	99¾	99¾	99¾
$100,000	†Fch 4s	59	59	59
100,000	†Fch 5s	75	75	75

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks.		Marks.		
700,000	†Berlin4's	25¼	24¾	24½
200,000	†G Ber 4's	25	25	25
50,000	†Colog.4's	27¼	27¼	27¼
100,000	†Frank4's	28½	27	28
600,000	†Ham4½'s	25½	24¾	25
100,000	†Leip4½'s	28	28	28
200,000	Do 5s	29	28	29
100,000	†Nur. 4's	26½	26¼	26½

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
4½s	July, 1967	92	93	92
4½s	June, 1965	92	93	92
4½s	Mar., 1963	92	93	92
4½s	Nov., 1957	92	93	92
4½s	May, 1957	92	93	92
4½s	Apr., 1966	88	87	88
4½s	May, 1964	88	87	88
4½s	Mar., 1962	86	87	86
4½s	Sept., 1960	86	87	86
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	86	87	86
4s	May, 1959	81½	83	81½
4s	Nov., 1958	83	83	81½
4s	May, 1957	81½	83	81½
4s	Nov., 1956	80¾	82½	80½
4s	Nov., 1955	80¾	82½	80½
4s	Nov., 1954	72	74	72
4s	May, 1954	72	74	72
4s	Nov., 1953	72	76	72

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1824-1931	6.00	6.00
4½s	1940-1963	5.25	5.00
4½s	1936-1939	5.50	5.00
4½s	1925-1929	6.00	5.00
4½s	1929-1931	6.00	5.00
4s	1940-1955	5.50	5.00
4s	1932-1936	6.00	5.00
4s	1936-1938	6.00	5.00

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
420	Cities Service	336	327	320	334
1,895	Cities Service pf	65¾	65	65¼	65⅝
1,131	Cities Service pf. B	6	5¾	5½	6⅜
4,866	Cities Service bk. shares	36¾	36	36¼	36⅝
$39,100	Cities Service deb. C	95½	93½	93½	96½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec Power	10	11	Federal Light & Trac	8	10
Albron Elec Pow pf	40	42	Federal Lt & Trac pf	40	42
Am Gas & Electric	105	110	Galveston-Hous Elec	17	22
Am Gas & Elec pf	36½	37½	Galveston-Hous El pf	82	86
Am Light & Trac	120	125	Miss River Power	105	120¾
Am Light & Trac pf	70	83	Miss River Power pf	30	40
Am Power & Light	50	53	North States Power pf	78	81
Am Power & Light pf	64	67	Northern Texas Elec	60	67
Am W W & Electric	2	4	Northern Tex Elec pf	57	67
Am W W & El 1st pf	30	34	Pacific Gas & Elec	80	84
Am W W & Elec partic	5	8	Puget Sd Pow & Lt	14	16
Appalachian Power	1	2¼	Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	53	56
Appalachian Power pf	15	18	Republic Ry & Light	4	10
Carolina Pow & Light	30	32	Republic Ry & Light pf	32	36
Colorado Power	9	12	Southern Cal Edison	82	85
Colorado Power pf	80	90	Southern Cal Edison pf	95	97
Columbus Electric pf	53	60	Standard Gas & Elec	13½	15
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	17	19	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	34
Com-Pow, Ry & Lt pf	39½	41	Tampa Electric	108	113
Comm Power pf	80	84	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	7	8
Eastern Tex Elec	60	65	Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	2	10
Eastern Tex Elec pf	60	70	United Light & Ry	19	22
El Paso Electric	70	73	United Light & Ry pf	57	59
Elec Bond Sh pf	79	81½	Western Power	14	16
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	87	88	Western Power pf	88	90

Bonds

Am W W & E col 5s	49¼	49¾	Miss Riv Pow 5s, '51
Ark Val Ts, '30	69½	70½	Nor States Pow 5s, '41
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	73	75	Nor States Pow 6s, '28
Col Gas & El deb 5s, '27	75	85	Seattle Elec 5s, '23
Conn Power 5s, '63	90	95	Stand. Gas & El 6s, '26
Dallas Elec 5s, '22	100		Stand Gas & El 7s, '31
East Tex El 5s, '43	72	77	Stand. Gas 6s, '26
El Paso El con 5s, '32	77	82	Utah Securities 5s, '22
Empire Gas & F 6s, '24	83¼	84½	West St G & E 5s, '41
Midwest Util 6s, '25	84	86	

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	23	23¼	22
Atl Lobos Oil Co.	33	35	33
Do pf	95	105	93
Atlantic Ref Co.	1130	1200	1130
Do pf	104	105	104
Borne-Scrymser	435	475	435
Buckeye Pipe Line	84	90	84
Chesebrough Mfg	230	240	230
Do pf	103	108	103
Continental Oil	115	118	113
Crescent Pipe Line	27	30	27
Cumberland Pipe Line	140	145	140
Eureka Pipe Line	100	105	98
Galena-Signal Oil	42	45	42
Do pf, new	90	93	90
Do pf, old	90	93	90
Illinois Pipe Line	150	155	150
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	100	105	100
Indiana Pipe Line	84	87	84
Int Pet Co, Ltd.	34	36	34
National Transit	29½	30	29½
New York Transit	153	160	153
North Pipe Line	90	95	90
Ohio Oil	275	280	275
Penn-Mex Fuel	42	43	42
Prairie Oil & Gas	555	570	550
Prairie Pipe Line	195	200	194
Solar Refining	340	360	340
South Pipe Line	120	125	120
South Penn Oil	265	270	265
S W Pa P	84	88	84
Stand Oil of Cal	310	314	310
Stand Oil of Ind	630	640	630
Stand Oil of Kan	530	540	530
Stand Oil of Ky	300	320	300
Stand Oil of Neb	430	450	430
Stand Oil of N Y	194	200	193
Stand Oil of Ohio	440	445	440
Do pf	104	107	104
Swan & Finch	70	90	70
Union Tank Car	105	110	105
Do pf	90	95	90
Vacuum Oil	310	320	310
Washington Oil	27	32	27

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	50	60	55
Central Aguirre	119	121	119
Central Sugar	110	115	110
Do pf	99	101	99
Fajardo	240	245	240
Federal Sugar	110	113	110
Do pf	110	114	110
Godchaux	37	39	37
Do pf	87½	90	89
Great Western	410	430	410
Great Western pf	114	117	114
Guantanamo, new	22¾	23⅛	23⅛
Do, old	114	115	114
Holly	17	20	17
Do pf	86½	89	86½
Nat Sugar Ref	157	160	157
Santa Cecelia pf	72	78	72
Savannah	77	80	78
Do pf	88	91	88
W India S P pf	90	94	90

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am Best Sug	95¾	92¾	92¾
1,075	Am Can	43¾	41	42½
100	Am Car&F	140¾	140	140
150	Am Drug	11	11	11
115	Am D G	32¾	32¼	32¾
450	Am Int'l	90	88½	89¼
1,610	Am Locomo	100¾	99	100
745	Am Safe Ras	17	16	16⅝
140	Am Ship&C	34¾	34¼	34¾
100	Am Sm&Ref	90¼	90¼	90¼
855	Am Sum Tob	90¾	89¾	90¼
130	Am Woolen	99½	97¾	99½
100	Am Zinc	14¾	14¾	14¾
960	Anaconda	58¾	56¾	56¾
145	Atchison	80	80	80
7,620	B'klyn Loco	124½	121¾	124
170	Balt & Ohio	31½	30¾	31½
160	Barrett Co	144¾	144¾	144¾
770	Beth Motors	22¼	21½	22¾
840	Beth Stl, B	92	91	91½
135	Booth Fish	81¼	81¼	81¼
360	B'klyn R T	15¾	15¼	15¾
100	Can Pac	114	114	114
130	Cerro de Pas	43¾	42¾	43¾
850	Cent Leath	68¼	67½	68¼
100	C'dier Mot	104¾	103	104¾
120	C, M & St P	28¾	28	28¾
100	Do pf	50	50	50
850	C. R I & P	37¼	36¾	36¾
130	Chile Cop	15½	15½	15½
500	Chino Cop	32¾	32¼	32¼
530	Colum Graph	31¾	30¾	31¼
120	Con Int'state Calhahan	13¾	13½	13½
130	Con Gas	80¾	79¾	80
100	Con Textile	62¾	62¼	62¾
100	Cont Can	86¼	87¾	86¼
520	Corn Prod	96¾	96¼	96¼
850	Cruc Steel	136¾	135¾	135¾
490	Cuba C Sug	54¼	54¼	54¼
120	Cuban-A Sug	53¾	53¾	53½
150	Den & R G	5¾	5	5¼
160	Erie 1st pf	19¼	19¼	19¼
150	Famous Play	82¼	82¼	82¼
435	Fisk Tire&R	33½	32¾	33¼
130	Gast'n, W&W	11¾	11¾	11¾
100	Gen Cig Strs	66¼	66¼	66¼
1,570	Gen Motors	22¾	21¾	22¾
380	Goodrich Rub	62¾	62¼	62¾
140	Gt North pf	70	69¾	70
220	Haskell-Bar	76¼	74½	75½
310	Hupp Motor	16¾	16¼	16¼
250	Inspira Cop	56¾	56	56¼
130	Int Mer M pf	93¼	92	93¼
100	Int'l Nickel	17¾	17¼	17¾
335	Int'l Paper	78	77¾	77¾
490	Invincible Oil	40¾	39¾	39¾
1,420	Island Oil	7	6¾	7
300	Kelly-S Tire	108½	107¼	108¼
100	Kenne Cop	26¾	26¾	26¾
700	Key T & R	30¾	29	29¾
880	Lack Steel	74	71¾	74
60	Loft, Inc	15¼	15¼	15¼
820	Mex Petrol	194	189	192¾
354	Midvale Steel	42¾	41¾	42¾
480	Mid Sta Oil	30¾	29¾	29¾
100	Mo, K & T	5¾	5¾	5¾
50	Do pf	15¾	15¾	15¾
135	Nat Aniline	76¾	74¾	76¼
100	Nat Conduit	9¾	9¾	9¾
410	N Y Central	68¼	67¾	67¾
830	NY, NH & H	30¾	30	30
326	Okla F & R	4	4	4
125	Otis Steel	28¾	28¼	28¾
1,400	Pan Amer	107¾	105¾	106¾
135	Pennsylvania	39	38¾	39
100	People's Gas	35¾	35¼	35¼
120	Para Marq	25	25	25
210	Phillips Pet	44¾	43¾	43¾
1,845	Pierce-Arrow	54¾	53	54¼
150	Pierce Oil	15¾	15¼	15¼
100	Punta Al S	100	100	100
445	Pure Oil Co	42¾	41¾	42
810	Ry Stl Spgs	97¾	97¼	97¼
100	Ray Con Cop	16¾	16¾	16¾
1,140	Reading	86¾	85	86½
2,145	Replogle Stl	91¾	89¾	90½
1,650	Repub I & S	95¾	93¾	95¼
570	Royal Dutch	114¾	112¾	114¾
380	Sinclair Oil	32¾	32	32
520	So Pacific	93¾	92¾	93
420	So Railway	23¾	23¼	23½
620	Stromberg Carb	79¾	77¾	79
2,045	Studebaker	74¼	72	74½
515	Texas Co	49¾	47	47
350	Texas & Pac	41¾	40¾	41¼
1,410	Tobacco Pr	53¾	51¾	51¾
545	Teb Prod	71¾	70¾	71¼
420	Transcon Oil	16¼	16	16¼
130	Union Oil	21¾	21¾	21¾
100	Union Pac	113¾	113¼	113¾
360	Un Food Pr	69½	67¾	69¼
120	Un Ry Inv pf	22¼	22¼	22¼
1,040	Un Retail S	81¾	80½	81
680	U S Ind Al	95¾	93¾	95¾
120	U S Realty	50¾	50¾	50¾
1,485	U S Rubber	90¾	86¾	90¼
5,640	U S Steel	94¾	93¾	94¼
120	Utah Copper	68¾	68¾	68¾
3,410	Vanadium	35¾	35¼	91½
100	Wab pf A	22	22	23
100	Westing El	50	50	50
240	White Mot	53¾	52¾	53¾
350	Willys-Over	19¾	19¼	19¾
180	Worth Pump	70	67¾	70

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Arundel	31	31	31
10	Con Power	96½	96½	96½
100	Cosden pf	3¾	3¾	3¾
25	Dav Chem	37	37	37
30	Fidel & Dep.	116	116	116

Bonds

$5,000	United Rialways 1st 4s	62	61¾	62
2,000	Do fdg 5s	60	59½	59½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Ahmeek	61¾	61¾	61¾
20	Ariz Com'l	10¾	10	10
2,425	Bigheart	10¾	10¼	10¾
825	Butte & Sup	5	5	5
215	Cal & Ariz	59	58	58
115	Cal & Hecla	310	310	310
125	Carson	27¼	27	27
10	Centennial	12	12	12
150	Cop Range	39	38	39
40	Daly-West	4½	4½	4½
280	Davis-Daly	9¾	9	9¾
225	East Butte	12¾	12¼	12¾
20	Franklin	3	2	2
10	Helvetia	2¾	2¾	2¾
200	Island Creek	57½	57½	57½
20	Isle Royale	30	30	30
70	Lake Copper	3¼	3¼	3¼

Railroads.

11	Bost & Alb	123	123	123
80	Boston Elev	63½	62¾	63½
20	Do pf	83¾	82	82¾
55	Boston & Me	33	32	32

Miscellaneous.

10	Am Agricul	86	85	85
28	Amoskeag	80	80	80
389	Am Pneu	1¼	1¼	1¼
14	Am Sug pf	108	108	107
460	Am T & T	93¼	93	93½
78	Am Wool pf	95¾	95	90
20	Angio-Am	6	6	6
40	Art Metal	16	16	16
75	Atlas Tack	29	29	29
100	Bos Mex Pet	2¼	2¼	2¼
110	Eastern Mfg	32¾	32¾	32¾
650	East Boston	5	5	5
25	Edison	148	147¼	147¼
145	Gray	21	20¾	21
6	Greenfield	40	40	40
400	Int Por Cem	24¼	24¼	24¼
515	Island Oil	6¼	6¼	6¼
25	J T Conner Co	13½	13½	13½
171	Libby	12¾	12	12¾
10	Loew's	10	10	10
61	Mass Gas	81¼	80½	80¼
36	Do pf	58½	58	58½

Bonds

$1,000	Atchison 4s	70¾	70¾	70¾
2,000	A G & W I 5s	70	70	70

CHICAGO.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Arm'r Leath	15¾	15¾	15¾
31	Do pf	94½	94½	94½
700	Armour pf	94	93	93½
	Chi City & Con	1	1	1
250	Com Edison	101¾	101¾	101¾
	25 Consum pf	82	82	82
	90 Dia Match	100	100	100
300	Hupp	16	16	16
500	Cass Plow	14½	14	14
1,200	Libby	12¾	12¾	12¾
7,300	Do rights	1	⅞	⅞
75	Do war'ts	1¼	1¼	1¼
290	Lindsay Lt	8¼	8¼	8¼
75	Mont Ward	33¾	33¾	33¾
40	Do pf	101	101	101

Bonds

$1,000	Chi Gas 5s	66	66	66

DETROIT.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
950	Continental	10¾	10¾	10¾
85	Det Edison	98	98	98
75	Ford	394	385	392

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
815	Am Stores	44¼	44	44
10	Do 1st pf	90	90	90
505	Elec Stor	124	124	125
235	L Sup Corp	13¾	13⅜	13½
14	Lehigh Nav	57½	57½	
306	Phila Elec	22¼	21¾	22
325	Phila R T	20	19	19

Bonds

$1,000	El & Fee 4s	53	53	53
1,000	Midvale 5s	75½	75⅝	75
1,000	Ph El 1st 5s	82¼	82¼	82¼

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,820	Ark Gas	13	12¾	12½
20	Carbohydr pf	3½	3½	3½
50	C

FRENCH TOBACCO DEAL AWAITS SPA

Sale of Monopoly Not to be Considered, It Is Believed, Except Under Pressure.

NEW DENIALS ARE MADE

Revenue and Commerce Officials Admit an Offer Has Been Made Indirectly.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 6.—The same denial is given today as was given two months ago, when the story was first circulated that the French Government was willing to sell its tobacco monopoly to meet the October bond payment due to America. All officials, both in the Revenue and Commerce Departments said today in reply to inquiries that there was no such intention on the part of the French Government. They admitted that an offer has been made indirectly and even considered, but they said that no decision had been arrived at and that it was highly unlikely that the proposal would be accepted.

At the time the rumor was first current the same denials were made, and it was then stated emphatically that even if the offer should be made it would be refused. The possibility is, however, that the French Government is waiting to see what results are obtained at the Spa conference before having recourse to what must be considered from their point of view a rather desperate measure.

SILENT ON TOBACCO OFFER.

Whelan Refuses to Discuss Negotiations for French Monopoly.

George J. Whelan, who has been conducting negotiations between the American tobacco interests and the French Government, with respect to the purchase of the French tobacco monopoly, refused to comment on the state of the plans yesterday. It is understood, however, that no agreement providing for the sale has been reached.

In banking quarters there was some doubt as to whether France was considering a sale of the tobacco monopoly to provide funds to meet her share of the Anglo-French loan. It is the understanding here that arrangements to meet this obligation will be made through Great Britain. However, the monopoly has been mentioned as one of the assets which could be sold in the endeavor to raise money.

Efforts to get France to sell the tobacco monopoly have been going on for a long time, and Mr. Whelan has made two trips to Europe with this end in view.

DECRIES INTERCHURCH DRIVE

Yale Dean Says It "Left a Dark-Brown Taste" in Protestant Mouths.

BOSTON, July 6.—The Interchurch World Movement was described as a noble dream which had become a nightmare, and this and other similar movements were declared to have "left a dark brown taste in the mouth of Protestant Christianity in this country," in an address delivered by Dean Charles R. Brown of the Yale School of Religion before the International Congregational Council today. Dean Brown was one of the last speakers of the council's decennial session, which came to a close today after a week of meetings.

"We have sore need," he said, "of getting away from the tyranny of big things, back to the ultimate significance of the regenerate man wisely striving in his particular station to do the will of his Master. The Interchurch World Movement, for example, was a noble dream which ought to have become true. It did not, as we all know now. It became to a large extent a nightmare. This was due mainly to the lack of wise heads to accompany the warm hearts, furnish more judicious plans and sounder financial methods. We cannot get far on the basis of a cold and worldly prudence, nor can we go far if we allow hollow enthusiasm to usurp the place or atone for the lack of sound judgment.

"If our recent unhappy experience stood alone it might not deserve remark. But it is a symptom of tendency which in my judgment has brought hurt and loss to our American Protestantism. The Men and Religion Movement,' the Laymen's Missionary Movement, the Interchurch World Movement and all the rest have resulted in disappointment. They all accomplished a certain amount of good. It would have been impossible to invest the amount of time and money and prayerful effort which went into each one of them without accomplishing something. But they all left a dark brown taste in the mouth of Protestant Christianity in this country. They all made more difficult, rather than less, the work of the regular pastors and disheartening segment in carrying forward those agencies upon which Protestant Christianity must continue to rely for its life.

"The generous people of our Church have to be taken in before they realize that they cannot always safely follow the leadership of small groups of religious promoters whose good intentions no one doubts, but whose judgment every one questions."

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$67,670	$67,670
Internal revenue:		
Income and profits tax	2,437,220	2,437,220
Miscellaneous	8,450	8,450
Misc. receipts	658,257	658,257
Total	$3,171,629	$3,171,629
Excess of receipts over disbursements, exclusive of principal of public debt	582,552	582,552
Expenditures	2,589,076	2,589,076

Boston Bank Statements Compared.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 6.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with last week's statement:

	July 2, 1920.	Week's Ch'ge.
Circulation	$ 2,973,000	$ 28,000
Loans, discounts and investments	404,338,000	*7,150,000
Individual deposits	408,727,000	5,753,000
Due to banks	110,656,000	7,594,000
Time deposits	17,002,000	* 406,000
U. S. deposits	22,296,000	4,013,000
Exchanges	7,753,000	4,558,000
Due from banks	54,172,000	* 691,000
Cash in banks and in U. S. banks	29,628,000	1,227,000
Cash in bank and in U. S. Decrease.	26,827,000	637,000

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday.		Friday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	7.62½	7.87½	7.50	7.75
Quicksilver	$80.00		$80.00	
Aluminum	32.00	*35.00	*32.00	35.00
Iron, No. 2X, Silliman	49.15	50.15	49.65	50.65

*Nominal.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday.		Friday.	
	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	
Copper, spot	89 5 0		87 5 0	
Copper, futures	90 0 0		88 15 0	
Tin, spot	262 10 0		254 10 0	
Tin, futures	265 0 0		254 0 0	
Lead, spot	42 10 0		42 0 0	
Lead, futures	42 15 0		42 5 0	
Zinc, spot	84 0 0		83 0 0	
Zinc, futures	86 5 0		85 0 0	

RESUME INQUIRY INTO FUNDS

Senate Committee Gathers for Hearings in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 6.—Senator William S. Kenyon, Chairman of the Senate Committee investigating campaign funds, arrived in Chicago today for the first Chicago meeting of the Committee tomorrow. The session is expected to last only two or three days, as only the first task of the committee, that of completing the inquiry into the pre-nomination activities of the candidates, will be taken up at this time.

Senators James A. Reed and S. P. Spencer, of Missouri, are expected to arrive tomorrow morning. The other members are Senators W. A. Pomerene, of Ohio, and Walter E. Edge, of New Jersey.

The activities in behalf of Gov. Lowden in Missouri will first be taken up by the committee. Subpoenas have been issued for both J. L. Babler, the Missouri Republican National Committeeman, and Henry Lincoln Johnson, the colored leader of the Georgia Republicans. Several witnesses from Missouri other than Babler have been called.

William Loeb, former private secretary to President Roosevelt, has also been served with a subpoena and is expected tomorrow. Mr. Loeb, as Wood campaign manager in the East, was to have been questioned at Washington, but was unable to attend the session there.

It was also announced that certain phases of Attorney General Palmer's pre-convention activities will be investigated at the meeting here.

LABOR DELEGATES READY.

Party in New York State to Send 100 to Chicago Convention.

One hundred delegates from New York State will attend the national convention of the Labor Party in Chicago July 11-12, according to William Kohn, Chairman of the American Labor Party of this city. He said yesterday that seventy-five delegates will go from this city and twenty-five from up-State cities. Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the Central Federated Union and also Secretary of the American Labor Party, will leave Saturday.

"The times are ripe for a political party of hand and brain workers," Mr. Kohn declared. "Neither of the two old parties can appeal to the organized labor vote or to the unorganized white collar workers, who are beginning to wake up."

Labor Party officials at their headquarters, 123 East Twenty-third Street, asserted that the Labor Party will not give up its name or lose its identity in any third party movement. It was said, however, that in many instances, farmer, labor and liberal forces might nominate the same candidate, and that this might occur in the case of a candidate for President, who is to be nominated at the Chicago convention.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Arg'tine (unlisted)	6	Sep., 1945	68¾	69¾
Belgium (Rest'n)	5	1934	83	86
†Belg'm Ln. of '20	5	....	85½	89
Belgium, 1-year	6	Jan. 1921	98	99¾
Brazilian funding	5	1960	77¾	79¾
British Victory	4	1920	800	815
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1922	387	397
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	391	391
Canada	5½	Dec., 1922	87¼	87½
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	86½	87½
Canada	5	Dec., 1925	82	85
French Victory	5	1932	73	76
†French loan, '17	4	1945	58	62
†French loan, '18		1945	58½	62
French loan, '20	5	1928	82	85
Italy, Treas., 3-yr.	5	1923	89	92
Italy, Treas., 5-yr.		1925	59	62
Russia	5½	Dec., 1921	24	27
Russia, ruble, bds.	6	Feb., 1926	28	32
Sweden	6	June, 1939	84½	85½
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	83½	84½

*Par £100. †1,000 francs.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.63¾	1.58¾	1.61¼	1.66¼	1.03¾
September	1.62¾	1.57½	1.60¼	1.65⅝	1.02¾
December	1.50⅝	1.43	1.46⅞	1.54⅝	1.01¾

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	96	93	93½	99¼	71¼
September	81¾	79¼	81¼	83¾	72
December	79	76¼	78⅝	80¾	73¾

In the local market oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, 1.28@1.30; No. 2, 1.28@1.30; No. 3, 1.28@1.30; No. 4, 1.28@1.30; fancy, 1.33.

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.20¾	2.18¼	2.23	2.16¼	1.46
September	1.99¾	1.80½	1.90	1.82¼	1.49

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	19.60	18.15	18.45	19.20	32.20
September	20.05	18.75	19.22	19.55	35.30
October	20.15	19.25	19.80	20.40	35.15
Ribs—					
July	16.47	16.40	16.45	16.90	29.75
September	17.72	17.00	17.37	17.40	29.75
Pork—					
July	26.30	27.10	27.80	29.25	54.00
September	30.75	29.40	30.00	30.50	51.30

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	....	....	....	14.00
July	14.99	14.65	14.63	14.23
August	15.47	14.65	14.63	14.30
September	15.85	14.70	14.75	14.75
October	15.77	14.69	14.95	14.67
November	15.20	15.20	15.20	14.35
December	15.26	14.45	14.45	14.30
January	15.75	14.43	14.48	14.46
February	....	....	....	14.40

Total sales, 24,600.

COFFEE.

Range of prices—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.60	12.50	12.50	13.00
September	11.90	11.50	11.61	12.15
December	11.85	11.65	11.74	12.23
March	11.85	11.73	11.82	12.32
May	11.85	11.75	11.80	12.35

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—The receipts yesterday were 6,798 packages. The demand was moderate and with pretty free offerings and the market lower and unsettled. A good deal of foreign butter is due shortly and this is having its effect. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 57½@58¼c; extras, 92 score, 57@57½c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 52@56½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 52½@54½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 47@51½c; lower grades, 44@46c; unsalted, higher than extras, 61@61½c; extras, 89¾@90½c; firsts, 53@58½c; seconds, 49@54c; State, dairy tubs, finest, 56@57c; good to prime, 53½@55c; common to fair, 44@52c; renovated, extras, 49@50c; firsts, 46@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 45@46c; seconds, 41½@42c; lower grades, 40@41c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 42@43½c; No. 2, 41c; lower grades, 37@40c.

EGGS—Yesterday's receipts were 15,121 cases. The market showed greater strength on the highest grades, which are making up a smaller part of the current receipts; fancy nearby eggs also shared in the improvement; fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 50½@51c; extra firsts, 46@50c; firsts, 42¾@46c; seconds, 37@41c; poor to fair, 29@36c; storage packed, No. 1, 39@40c; No. 2, 38@39c; checks, good to choice, dry, 30@32c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, extras, 60@61c; firsts to extra firsts, 52@58c; gathered whites, fine to extra, firsts, 52@55c; undergrades, 46@51c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 59@61c; extra firsts, 56@57c; firsts, 51@55c; undergrades, 46@50c; small, 45@46c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 44@55c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery, browns extra, 53@56c; brown and mixed colors, gathered, graded, extras, 50½@51c; firsts to extra firsts, 44@50c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Thayer, Drew & Co. and Redmond & Co. are offering a new issue of $380,000 City of Tonawanda, N. Y., bonds at prices to yield from 5.15 and 5.25 per cent. The issue consists of $260,000 5 per cent. water bonds, maturing 1921 to 1950, and the balance 5½ per cent. street improvement bonds, maturing during the same period.

Leo J. Burnes and George A. Kuss have been appointed Assistant Vice Presidents of the National City Bank. They were formerly assistant cashiers connected with the foreign exchange department.

Frederick A. Yard, formerly Vice President and Director of the Union Trust Company of Chicago, has become associated with P. W. Chapman & Co.

Chandler Bros. & Co. announce the opening of a branch office in New Haven, at 42 Church Street, with William C. Cashin as resident manager.

OUTSIDE UNIONS FORM CENTRAL BODY

New United Labor Council Declares War on the American Federation.

25 LOCALS ORGANIZE HERE

Members Must Indorse Declaration That Conflict Exists Between Workers and Employers.

The labor unions in New York not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, including clothing, textile and metal workers, have formed a central body to be known as the United Labor Council. David Glenday, Secretary of the International Carpenters' Union, one of the organizers of the new central body, said yesterday that about twenty-five locals, representing about 60,000 workers, already had joined with the movement.

Among the unions connected with the new central body, he said, were the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, the Amalgamated Textile Workers of America, Amalgamated Metal Workers of America, Hotel Workers' Federation, Journeymen Bakers' International Union, International Carpenters' Union, International Furniture Workers' Union, United Automobile, Aircraft and Vehicle Workers. Mr. Glenday said that the main groups represented and on which the council intends to concentrate its efforts are the building, metal, food, needle and transport industries.

Mr. Glenday said that many unions had withdrawn from the American Federation of Labor and had joined the independent group and that with the amalgamation of the Brooklyn and Manhattan central bodies of the American Federation of Labor there would be other desertions from the ranks of that organization. He declared the American Federation of Labor central bodies had been for years only rubber stamp organizations.

Miss Dora Lohse is Secretary of the United Labor Council, which has headquarters at 208 East Twelfth Street. The purposes of the new central body are set forth in an official statement as follows:

"The United Labor Council is a delegated body, elected from the rank and file of the various independent unions. Its aim and principle is to concentrate the efforts of all unions forming the council in order to exert the maximum power of the working class against organized capital, thereby shortening the industrial conflict.

"No union can be affiliated with the United Labor Council unless it indorses these two cardinal facts: (1) That there is a conflict of interests between the employers and the workers, and (2) that the policies of the American Federation of Labor are unprogressive and harmful to the best interests of the working class."

PAGEANT AT DOBBS FERRY.

Benefit Play Will Be Presented Saturday by Cardiac Committee.

A pagean play, "The Dream Lady," will be given by the Junior League of the Cardiac Committee of the Public Education Association on Saturday afternoon at Beacon Hill, Dobbs Ferry, and the following Saturday, July 17, the performance will be repeated in Red Bank, N. J. The play is to be staged out of doors, with natural lighting. Elaborate costuming has been designed with an eye to the landscape setting of the place.

The funds from the performances will be used in furthering work among cardiac children who need special educational provision and special supervision in school and after hours. The Cardiac Committee was founded by Mrs. Lewis B. Levy, who is Chairmana. Through the work of this committee three special classes for cardiac children have been established in the Children's Aid Society Building. Rooms have been utilized for the care and instruction of the children in the Federation Settlement Building, at 240 East 105th Street. An all-day play centre has been established at Eighth Street.

Among the women who have been prominent in the work of the Cardiac Committee and are in charge of the forthcoming production are Mrs. Leonard Schofield, Mrs. Lamar Hardy, Mrs. Leopold Bache, Mrs. George McAneny, Mrs. Percy Straus, Mrs. Monroe Rothschild, Mrs. Lindley M. Garrison, Mrs. Milton Klein, Mrs. Henry Sametz, Mrs. Felix Warburg, Mrs. Joseph R. Swan, Mrs. Eli Winkler, Mrs. William Washams, Mrs. Simon W. Straus, Miss Sylvia Bartlett and Miss Helen Sloan.

FEAR TYPHUS CONTACT.

1,517 Italian Immigrants Will Be Detained on Hoffman's Island.

On account of the typhus scare at this port raised by the arrival of immigrants from the disease-stricken districts in eastern Europe, the 1,517 steerage passengers on the Italian steamship Belvedere will be sent to Hoffman's Island for five days' observation. The twelve first and 136 second cabin passengers were examined by the Public Health doctors and were permitted to land in a tender at the Bush terminal, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon.

CORDAGE MEN FORM TRADE INSTITUTE

F. C. Holmes Chosen President of Organization Modeled After Iron and Steel Men's.

BIG CONCERNS AFFILIATED

Purpose Is to Prepare and Disseminate Information as to Materials and Labor.

A number of prominent cordage companies have organized a cordage institute, with headquarters at 52 Broadway. In announcing the new organization yesterday J. S. McDaniel, Secretary, said that it was modeled on the lines of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the Textile Alliance, the Rubber Association of America and similar trade groups, one purpose being to make the association national in scope. The articles of organization state that the institute will prepare and disseminate among its members information regarding raw materials, labor supply, credit, cost accounting, transportation problems, Government regulations and other matters of interest to makers of cordage products.

Among the companies affiliated with the institute are the Plymouth Cordage Company, the Whitlock Cordage Company, the New Bedford Cordage Company, the Columbian Rope Company, the Wall Rope Works, Inc., the Consumers Cordage Company, Ltd., the R. A. Kelly Company and the Hoover & Allison Company. The officers elected at a meeting on June 17 are F. C. Holmes of the Plymouth Company, President; H. A. Whitlock, Vice President. These men, with F. A. Bryant of the New Bedford Cordage Company, compose the Executive Committee. Mr. McDaniel was formerly with the National Terra Cotta Society. Gilbert H. Montague will act as attorney for the institute.

CANDIDATES MEET.

Senator Warren G. Harding and Governor Calvin Coolidge meeting for the first time since they became their party's standard bearers at Harding's Washington home, illustrated in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

THE STATE BANK

NEW YORK

at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1920.

RESOURCES

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities		$6,823,282.34
Private securities		6,446,020.57
Banking houses		810,961.00
Real estate owned		none
Mortgages owned		1,483,159.63
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		43,770.11
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		16,764,042.50
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		54,406,602.47
Overdrafts		6,312.89
Due from approved reserve depositaries less amount of offsets	$3,618,067.98	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	298,050.00	
		3,916,727.91
Specie		953,908.48
Other currency authorized by the laws of the United States		2,600,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$2,085,409.41	
Other cash items	998,048.73	
		3,083,548.14
Due from The Federal Reserve Bank of New York, less offsets		120,089.16
Customers' liability on acceptances (see liabilities, per contra)		679,889.24
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$97,213.20	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	293,034.87	
U. S. Thrift and Documentary Stamps	2,078.93	
		392,327.00
Total		$78,541,459.90

LIABILITIES

Capital stock		$2,500,000.00
Surplus:		
Surplus fund	$1,500,000.00	
Undivided profits	507,085.32	
		2,007,085.32
Deposits:		
Preferred as follows:		
Deposits by the State of New York	$90,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	27,322.16	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	287,121.50	
Not preferred as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	29,218,055.57	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	37,400,246.03	
Demand certificates of deposit	118,598.67	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	4,097,595.90	
Cashiers' check's outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	872,752.20	
Certified checks	407,976.79	
Unpaid dividends	180,000.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	252,427.83	
Total deposits		73,063,359.91
Bills payable including indebtedness for money borrowed, represented by notes, certificates of deposit or otherwise		none
Rediscounts		none
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		679,889.24
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on banking houses	$85,000.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc.	35,022.24	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	7,631.72	
Estimated unearned discounts	217,812.50	
		346,066.43
Total		$78,541,459.90

OFFICERS

HAROLD C. RICHARD, President

ALBERT I. VOORHIS, Vice President — WILLIAM B. ROTH, Vice President
WALTER L. BURCKETT, Vice President — CHARLES A. SMITH, Vice President
JOHN KNEISEL, Vice Pres. & Cashier — HARRY W. VOGEL, Vice President

THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JAN 30, 1920

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$113,037,415.49	Capital	$7,000,000.00
United States Bonds (Market Value)	7,014,000.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	7,470,174.22
Other Bonds (Market Value	3,954,329.36	Unearned Discount	954,272.73
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	360,000.00	Reserve for Taxes and Interest	581,556.32
Other Stocks (Market Value)	70,251.92	Circulation	4,645,897.50
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances	3,663,939.28	Acceptances Executed for Customers (After deducting $28,908.84 held by Bank)	3,718,964.57
Loans Held for Customers	5,469,500.00	Loans Held for Customers	5,469,500.00
CASH & EXCHANGES	37,192,582.69	Bills Payable Federal Reserve Bank	None
		Rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank	None
		DEPOSITS	140,921,653.40
	$170,762,018.74		$170,762,018.74

Main Office, 149 Broadway, corner Liberty St.

Branches: Battery to Bronx

Broadway and Howard St.
Bowery and Grand St.
Ninth Ave. and 14th St.
Broadway and 18th St.
5th Ave. and 33d St.
57th St. and 3d Ave.
Broadway and 61st St.
86th St. and Lexington Ave.
Broadway and 105th St.
Lenox Ave. and 116th St.
125th St. at Lenox Ave.
Broadway and 144th St.

The complete facilities of OUR FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT are at the service of our customers

One Hundred Years of Commercial Banking

Condensed Statement as of June 30, 1920

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

80 BROADWAY NEW YORK

FIFTH AVE. AT 60th ST. MADISON AVE. AT 42nd ST.

ASSETS

CASH on hand, in Federal Reserve Bank and due from Banks and Bankers	$40,997,927.99	
UNITED STATES TREASURY CERTIFICATES	2,421,000.00	$43,418,927.99
UNITED STATES BONDS	22,346,535.00	
Loans and Discounts	146,417,320.56	
Bonds and Other Securities	26,476,166.87	
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	825,000.00	
Real Estate	4,189,725.20	
Customers' Liability Account of Acceptances	8,879,860.36	
Other Assets	1,416,349.93	210,550,957.92
TOTAL		$253,969,885.91

LIABILITIES

Capital	$12,500,000.00
Surplus	15,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	2,521,936.01
DEPOSITS	213,271,109.51
Reserve for Taxes and Interest Accrued	1,316,592.68
Unearned Discount	480,387.35
Acceptances	8,879,860.36
TOTAL	$253,969,885.91

ORGANIZED 1859

NASSAU NATIONAL BANK OF BROOKLYN

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS June 30, 1920.

RESOURCES			LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts		$15,160,328.78	Capital Stock Paid In	$1,000,000.00
United States Bonds		1,597,997.08	Surplus (Earned)	1,000,000.00
Municipal Bonds		350,769.16	Undivided Profits $400,487.94	
Other Bonds and Securities		731,912.24	Less Dividend 30,000.00	
Exchanges	$771,775.88			370,487.94
Cash and Reserve	2,832,943.06		Reserved for Unearned Discounts	130,507.57
Due from Banks	421,446.30		Reserve for Taxes	23,500.89
		4,026,165.24	National Bank Notes Outstanding	49,550.00
			Due Depositors	16,976,359.34
			United States Deposits	782,480.42
			Rediscounts Secured by Liberty Bonds	1,534,286.34
Total		$21,867,172.50	Total	$21,867,172.50

OFFICERS

G. FOSTER SMITH, President

CROWELL HADDEN, Vice-President — H. P. SCHOENBERNER, Cashier
T. SCHENCK REMSEN, Vice-President — ANDREW J. RYDER, Asst. Cashier
B. P. VAN BENTHUYSEN, Vice-President — HOWARD M. JUDD, Asst. Cashier
Member of the New York Clearing House — Member of the Federal Reserve Bank

COTTON REGAINS MORNING LOSSES

July Option Rallies to Highest Point Since April, Carrying List with It.

BAD NEWS FROM ABROAD

Liverpool Spot Hits New Low of 25.30, or 12 Cents Under February Price.

After the three days' holiday the cotton market was uncertain at the start of business yesterday, and for a short time there was no definite trend. Then prices started downward. The weather news was again very favorable in most parts of the cotton belt, but there were some rains, and in trade circles there was a little apprehension that the weather would not continue as favorable as it has been for the past month. However, this was not a serious factor in yesterday's market, at least not in the beginning.

Added to the favorable weather reports, the foreign trade news was not good, advices from England again laying stress on the unsettled condition at Manchester and at other trade centres. Then, too, the Liverpool spot market was down again, to 25.30, which is a new low for the year, and the equivalent of nearly 12 cents a pound from the high prices of last February. This decline, which has come on top of declining receipts of American cotton, has been rather discouraging to some of the spot and exporting interests here.

Yesterday's exports, which totaled 8,223 bales, made the shipments for the week to date 19,256 bales, against 7,333 bales in the same days of last week, but last week there were some fairly heavy exports in the last two days, which brought the total up.

But the bearishness of yesterday morning was dissipated by the early afternoon. The July option, which seems to be absorbing under a much greater short interest than generally was supposed, rose 65 points yesterday, to the basis of 39.75, the highest it had been since the end of April, when it sold above 40 cents, and the rest of the list turned up with it. The rally carried prices for the far options up 30 to more than 40 points, where they closed. This was about the same amount of net gain as they had lost net in the forenoon.

COTTON.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day
July....	39.70	39.75	38.70	39.06@39.75	38.90
Oct.....	32.96	33.43	32.70	33.40@33.43	33.04
Dec.....	1.45	32.15	31.38	32.08@32.09	31.74
Jan.....	31.02	31.46	30.80	31.45	31.15
March...	30.35	30.80	30.10	30.76@30.80	30.47
May....	29.85	30.00	29.65	30.23	29.90

The local market for spot cotton was steady, up 25 points to 40c for middling upland; sales 1,000 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 38.75c, New Orleans 39.00c, Savannah 41.50c, Augusta 41c, Memphis 40c, Houston 39c, Little Rock 40c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	4,061	4,975	18,770
Exports	5,223	1,843	.....
Exports, season..	6,203,654	5,157,743	5,656,684
New York stocks.	35,462	36,620	91,905
Port stocks	887,522	932,495	1,301,139
N. Y. arrivals....	257	4,785	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 25.30d for middling. Sales, 3,000 bales, of which American 1,000. Imports 16,000, sales of which American, 6,000. Futures opened steady, 45 to 6 points up, and closed steady, unchanged to 24 points down from Friday. Prices: July, 24d; October, 22.22d; December, 21.10d; March, 20.20d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were easier.

BURN 2 NEGROES AT STAKE.

Texas Mob Slays Pair Charged with Killing Two Men.

PARIS, Texas, July 6.—Irving and Herman Arthur, negroes, aged 19 and 28 years, charged with having shot and killed their landlord, U. H. Hodges, and his son, William Hodges, were burned at a stake here tonight by a mob.

The negroes were captured last night at Valiant, Okla., and were brought to the jail here this afternoon. Late in the day a crowd gathered, which quickly increased and finally stormed the jail, on the top floor of the Court House, breaking down the iron outer door.

There was no disorder, except the yelling of the crowd as the negroes were brought out. The prisoners were taken to the fair grounds, north of the city, where a stake and fuel had been prepared.

The killing of Hodges and his son was said to have resulted in a dispute over money.

IDABEL, Okla., July 6.—U. W. DeWitt, Sheriff of McCurtain County, Oklahoma, tonight quoted Sheriff C. D. Clarkson, of Paris, Texas, as declaring one of the two negroes burned at Paris tonight was "not the right one," and that he was doubtful whether the "other was the right party."

The Paris sheriff went into Arkansas tonight on the trail of the two negroes he believes killed the Texas farmer and his son.

OUTING FOR JERSEY GUARDS

State Troops Will Occupy Camp Edwards for Four Weeks.

CAMP EDWARDS, SEA GIRT, N. J., July 6.—Orders have been issued from the office of the Adjutant General directing the encampment here this month of the Sixth New Jersey Infantry and the New Jersey Cavalry Squadron. Officers have been detailed here for duty in connection with the preparation of the camp.

The Sixth Infantry will come on July 11 and will remain for a two weeks' period of instruction and training. The regiment is commanded by Colonel Howard C. Berden of Oceanic, and is composed of units from Newark, the Oranges, Paterson, Passaic, Hackensack, Jersey City, Hoboken and Morristown. The Cavalry Squadron, commanded by Major Lewis B. Bellantyn of Newark, will come immediately after the departure of the infantry organization on July 25. The squadron is made up of Troops A and C of Newark, Troop B of Red Bank and Troop D of Westfield, with a machine gun troop from Montclair, and a headquarters troop from Newark.

PATIENT KILLS ANOTHER.

Hudson River Hospital Inmate Dies from Shovel Blow.

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 6.—It was learned today that John Devlin, 63, a patient at the Hudson River State Hospital, died yesterday at the institution as the result of being hit on the head with a shovel by Richard Delaney, another patient, in a fit of religious mania. Both men had been working in the stone quarry at the hospital on Thursday, when suddenly Delaney attacked Devlin. The latter did not lose consciousness at once, but asked Delaney: "Why did you do that?"

Delaney replied: "God told me to hit you and hit you quick."

Sports Carnival for Colorado.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., July 6.—Automobile races from the base of Pike's Peak to the summit, airplane races from Denver to Colorado Springs, circling Pike's Peak, and a polo tournament, with a dozen teams of national fame, are some of the features of the Colorado Sports Carnival to be held in the Pike's Peak region at Colorado Springs and Broadmoor during the second week of September. The Pike's Peak automobile races, for the $3,000 silver and gold cup, presented by Spencer Penrose, will take place on Monday, Sept. 6. The airplane and polo events will cover several days.

Mexico Movie Censorship Abolished.

MEXICO CITY, July 6.—Provisional President de la Huerta has abolished the moving picture censorship, and the censorship department of the Ministry of the Interior will hereafter be used "to foster rather than hinder the industry," the Excelsior says.

Mexico Congratulates Venezuela.

MEXICO CITY, July 6.—Provisional President de la Huerta yesterday sent his best wishes to the President of Venezuela on the anniversary of Venezuela's independence.

LAWYER IN WAR RISK NET.

Accused of Retaining $380 from $1,500 on Sailor's Life.

A. J. Olshei-Hoschek, a lawyer, of 309 Broadway, was arraigned before Federal Commissioner S. M. Hitchcock yesterday to answer a complaint charging him with having violated the War Risk Insurance act prohibiting counsel from demanding or collecting fees in war insurance cases. It was said to be the first prosecution under the War Risk Insurance act. The lawyer was held in $500 bail for a hearing.

According to the complaint, made by Florence Posse, the lawyer retained $380 as a fee for his services out of insurance money amounting to $1,500 paid by the Bureau of War Risk Insurance and intended for relatives of a sailor, Fernando Posse, who perished when the steamer Tyler was torpedoed by a German submarine off the Azores.

Olshei-Hoschek furnished bail and was released. United States Attorney Reynolds conducted the case for the Government.

HARDING PLEDGES REDRESS FOR LABOR

Washington Leader Gives Out Letter Promising to Take Up Grievances.

SEEKS AN UNDERSTANDING

Declares That Maintained Transportation Is Vital to Great Mass of Workers.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 6.—Rights of union labor are to receive the most serious consideration at his hands if he is elected President in November, Senator Warren G. Harding, the Republican nominee, has written James L. Feeney, a former President of the Central Labor Union of Washington, a visitor here. The letter is under date of June 30.

Mr. Feeney campaigned for Mr. Hughes and a Republican Congress with Senator Harding in New York State four years ago. In congratulating Senator Harding recently upon being made the Republican nominee Mr. Feeney reminded him that Mr. Hughes made votes for the Democrats by assailing the Adamson law in 1916 and suggested that if he had nothing good to say in behalf of the unions he had better "say nothing at all." Senator Harding replied:

"I appreciate all you say about the handling of the labor question in the campaign which is before us. I do not think we shall make some of the mistakes which characterized the campaign of four years ago. I do wish to make a strong appeal to the confidence of the thinking American wage earner. I want him to know of the concern which the Republican Party feels for the American workingman. I am not only an employer of union labor myself, but have always had the cordial support of the men who work in our printing office, and I have been a wage earner myself and know some of the things about which they think and some of the aspirations which they entertain.

"I want to be able to talk to labor sincerely and appealingly. I think the country needs understanding more than anything else, and I think the American workingman needs to understand to be understood.

"I don't think we can leave the railroad question entirely without consideration, as it touches the most important problem in our present-day American life. No one is so deeply concerned with maintained transportation as the great forces which constitute the ranks of American labor.

"You can be perfectly confident in saying to your friends that, if the Republican ticket succeeds, there will be a chief executive who is ever ready to hear the grievances and to know intimately concerning the problems of the great mass of American wage earners. It is not possible to do all that they want, but I mean to do my part in reaching that understanding which I think is essential to the industrial tranquillity of the country."

300 BOY SCOUTS SAIL.

Representatives of 32 States Will Attend London Celebration.

Three hundred happy Boy Scouts from thirty-two States sailed at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon under the command of Colonel L. R. Gignilliat on the transport Pocahontas to take part in the international celebration of their order, which is to be held this month in Olympia, London, under the direction of General Sir Robert Baden Powell, who founded the Boy Scout movement twenty years ago. Arrangements for their departure from the pier in Hoboken were made by Lieut. Colonel Robert Shannon, U.S.A. Hundreds of their friends went to see them away.

The senior scout was Eagle Scout, who travelled all the way from Honolulu. The largest delegation, which came from Denver, included the famous Boy Scouts band of forty-seven pieces. Boy Scouts were stationed at all points down the harbor to Sandy Hook to signal farewells to their departing comrades. Through the courtesy of the United States radio stations, messages will be sent out from the transport every night so long as she remains in touch with this side.

The boys will be away about two months. They will visit the Olympic games at Antwerp after the celebration in London is over.

SPANISH SOCIALISTS SPLIT.

One Wing for Bolshevist Theories, the Other Trade Union Methods.

MADRID, July 5.—Division of the Socialist Party of Spain into an Extremist wing, favoring Bolshevist ideals, and a Moderate wing, following trade union methods, has become imminent following the recent congress held by the party.

The party was formerly under the control of workmen, led by Pablo Iglesias, whose activities were aimed to produce better working conditions. The recent illness of Iglesias, however, and the consequent weakening of his power, has brought control of the party into the hands of a group of politicians and intellectuals, who have no direct connection with the workers.

The Socialists, in the course of the Congress of the Socialist General Union of Workers here, voted to retain membership in the International Federation of Labor.

PERU CELEBRATES THE 4TH.

President Breaks Precedent by Calling on Our Ambassador.

LIMA, Peru, July 5.—American Independence Day was celebrated here today with the greatest ceremony ever witnessed in Lima, the date coinciding with the first anniversary of President Legula's induction into office.

The street was crowded with thousands of spectators when hundreds of school children, headed by children from Tacna and Arica, marched to the American Embassy to present a petition to William E. Gonsales, the American Ambassador, requesting American aid in the return of the two provinces to Peruvian sovereignty. The children brought flowers to Mrs. Gonzales.

For the first time in the diplomatic history of Peru the President personally called on the representative of a foreign country on an occasion of this character. He arrived at the American Embassy reception with high officials and a military escort in state coaches.

FIRE SWEEPS OKHOTSK.

$4,000,000 Damage in Siberian Fishing District Controlled by Japan.

TOKIO, July 6.—Fire has swept the entire fishing district on the western shore of the Sea of Okhotsk, which was leased to Japan under the treaty of Portsmouth. The area burned over includes the City of Okhotsk, according to a wireless report received by the Hokkaido Fisheries Company from the steamer Kamchatka. The financial loss is estimated at $4,000,000, and so far the fate of the fishermen along the coast is unknown.

The company has asked the Government to dispatch warships to the scene to investigate the origin of the fire, which is believed to have been set by Bolsheviki.

8,000 START AT COLUMBIA.

Large Cosmopolitan Element—Many from Orient and British Empire.

The twenty-first annual Summer Session of Columbia University began yesterday with an enrollment of about 8,000 students. The Registrar's office said last night that the total registration, counting students who enter late, when completed will be in excess of 10,000 students, which was the number attending the university last year.

This year's Summer class is characterized by a large cosmopolitan element. There are more Oriental students than ever before and several scores of students from Dominions of the British Empire, who have organized a British Empire Club.

The Summer session convocation, the most important event of the opening week, will be held tomorrow night in the university gymnasium. Professor Goss will preside and Professor F. J. E. Woodbridge, Dean of the graduate Faculties, will deliver an address.

The Goldman Band will give an open-air concert on the university green at 8:15 tonight, to which the public is invited.

Quicksand Fatal to Boston Autoist.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 6.—Frederick G. Bradley, son of Peter Butler Bradley of Boston, President of the American Agricultural and Chemical Company, banker and financier, died last night from injuries sustained in an automobile accident at Pablo Beach. He was a passenger in his racing car, which was being tuned for speed contests on the beach, when it struck quicksand and turned over.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York, at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business June 30, 1920.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	$98,206,043.93
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	750,000.00
U. S. bonds and ctfs. of ind.	9,011,108.00
U. S. bonds deposited with Supt. of Banks, N. Y. State, in trust	400,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c.....	7,045,065.77
Banking house	4,675,000.00
Due from banks and bankers..	4,148,358.83
Checks and other cash items..	709,025.63
Exchanges for Clearing House.	54,617,897.70
Specie held	4,188,836.50
Other cash in vaults	1,385,846.32
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	19,417,852.19
Redemption fund and due from U. S. Treasurer	21,000.00
Customers' liability (acceptances executed by other banks under letters of credit).....	325,535.21
Interest accrued	114,247.50
	$205,110,600.62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....	$5,000,000.00
Surplus fund	14,000,000.00
Undivided profits. $5,995,701.24	
Discount received but not earned.. 602,605.90	
	6,088,397.14
Reserved for interest accrued..	133,980.43
Reserved for taxes.....	787,050.42
National bank notes outstanding	100,000.00
Due to banks and bankers.....	398,237,704.83
Individual deposits subject to check.....	55,945,908.09
Dividends unpaid.	600.00
Demand certificates of deposit..	9,545.10
Certified checks..	20,056,624.40
Cashier's checks outstanding	4,722,164.01
U. S. deposits.....	354,312.32
	179,527,206.83
Letters of credit and travelers' checks	533,649.50
Letters of credit (acceptances executed by other banks thereunder)	328,515.21
	$205,110,600.62

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: I, WM. E. CABLE, JR., Cashier of The Hanover National Bank of the City of New York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WM. E. CABLE, JR., Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of July, 1920.

W. I. THOMAS, Notary Public, New York County.

Correct—Attest:
WILLIAM WOODWARD,
HENRY R. CARSE,
JOHN F. STEVENS, } Directors.

PROPOSALS.

Office of the Commissioners, District of Columbia, June 30, 1920.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners, Room 500, District Building, until 3 o'clock P. M., July 14, 1920, for constructing an addition to, and making alterations in, the Deanwood School, No. 182, located on Whitlatch Place, Deanwood, D. C. Blank forms of proposal, specifications, plans and all other necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required from bidders to insure the return of the plans and specifications. Louis Brownlow, Charles W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

DIRECT FROM THE NAVY!

MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALERS, RETAILERS, EXPORTERS, JOBBERS and other buyers can still purchase hundreds of items of surplus

MANUFACTURED MATERIALS

direct from the

UNITED STATES NAVY

at exceptional prices. On larger orders the Navy Department is continuing the following big

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS

20% ON $100,000 OR MORE - 15% ON $50,000 OR MORE
10% ON $25,000 OR MORE - 5% ON $10,000 OR MORE

The items include:

Hardware	Electric Heaters	Bolts, Nuts, Rivets
Hand Tools	Ovens	Hotel and Restaurant Chinaware
Electrical Supplies	Valves	Lamps
Cooking Utensils	Electric Cable and Wire	Flags
Mess Gear	Chemicals	Miscellaneous Stationery
House Furnishings	Steam Fittings	Radio Equipment
Woolen Textiles	Rain Clothing	
Boat Equipment	Canvas	

All materials NEW, A-1 NAVY QUALITY. Everything examined and accepted by Government inspectors. Original packings. DELIVERIES IMMEDIATE.

NOTE:—DIRECT SALES. NO BIDS. Small buyers can take advantage of the bigger discounts by POOLING ORDERS with other buyers.

For prices, terms and complete information—call, write or telephone. (Sunset 8100, Ext. 755.)

LIEUT. COMDR. EUGENE H. TRICOU, S. C., U. S. N.
U. S. NAVY STORE (Wholesale Dept.)
30TH STREET AND 3RD AVENUE BROOKLYN, N. Y.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF MEETING TO ELECT A NEW TRUSTEE UNDER THE TERMS OF TRUST DEED FROM THE CHICAGO RAILWAY TERMINAL ELEVATOR COMPANY TO ILLINOIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, DATED MARCH 1, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the holders of the Six Per Cent First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Chicago Railway Terminal Elevator Company, dated March 1, 1904, and secured by deed of trust to the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, will be held at The Agency, Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall St., in the City of New York, in the State of New York, in the United States of America, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1920, at the hour of three o'clock P. M., for the purpose of the appointment of a new trustee or trustees under the trust deed securing the said bonds, dated March 1, 1904, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Cook County, Illinois, on the 4th day of January, 1905, in Book 3185 of Records on page 129 thereof, to fill the vacancy created by the death of John S. Goodwin, who had theretofore been appointed Trustee to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the said Illinois Trust and Savings Bank as Trustee under the said trust deed, at which time and place you are entitled to be present and to vote for the appointment of a new Trustee or Trustees.

BANK OF MONTREAL,
By W. Turner, Manager.

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO,
By H. E. Smith, Asst. Cashier.

Holders of more than $50,000.00 in amount of the said First Mortgage Bonds.

To the Holders of Webster Coal and Coke Company's Consolidated First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Article Fourth of the Consolidated First Mortgage dated March 1st, 1902, securing the above bonds, that on the Fifteenth day of July, 1920, at twelve o'clock noon, at Room 418 Stephen Girard Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, there will be a meeting of the holders of the outstanding bonds issued under and secured by said Consolidated First Mortgage for the purpose of voting on the proposed release from the lien and operation of said mortgage of the following parcels of land included in said mortgage:

Three tracts or parcels of surface in Summerhill Township, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, aggregating about 340 acres 82 perches, proposed to be sold to Conrad Weiderseen.

Twenty-eight tracts or parcels of coal situate in Cambria, Croyle and Summerhill Townships, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, aggregating about 6,407 acres and 63 perches, with 97 acres and 25 perches of surface, proposed to be sold to the Mevia Coal Company.

Eight tracts or parcels of coal situate in Summerhill, Portage and Munster Townships, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, aggregating about 181 acres and 40 perches, proposed to be exchanged with the Summit Water Supply Company for two tracts of coal in Munster and Summerhill Townships, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, aggregating an equal acreage.

WEBSTER COAL AND COKE COMPANY.
By A. G. EDWARDS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Dated, New York, June 15, 1920.

CONSUELO SUGAR COMPANY.
NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the CONSUELO SUGAR COMPANY has been called by order of the Board of Directors, to be held at the office of the Company, Room 1708, 17 Battery Place, City, County and State of New York, on the 20th day of July, 1920, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of taking action upon a proposition, recommended by the Board of Directors, to dissolve the said Consuelo Sugar Company forthwith, pursuant to the provisions of Section 321 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York; and to take action upon such other matters as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated June 29th, 1920.

SETH W. FOX,
Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of Gorham Manufacturing Company's Seven Per Cent. First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Dear Sirs:

The Gorham Manufacturing Company hereby gives notice that in accordance with the provisions of Section 4, Article Three of said Mortgage, it intends to call and redeem on August 1, A. D. 1920, and does hereby call for redemption on said date, payable, however, on Saturday, July 31, 1920, as said August 1, 1920, falls on Sunday, the following designated Bonds, secured under said Trust Mortgage to you, dated February 1, 1918:

Bonds No. M-1001 to M-1700 (the first and last mentioned numbers both included) aggregating $250,000 and maturing February 1, 1925.

Total amount of Bonds to be called and redeemed, $250,000.

Very truly yours,
Gorham Manufacturing Company
By JAMES S. UTLEY, Treasurer.

Providence, June 28, 1920.

The Gorham Manufacturing Company in pursuance of its notice to the said Trustees, of which the above is a copy, hereby notifies the Holders of the Bonds designated in the above notice that it has called said Bonds for redemption and upon the surrender of said Bonds so called for redemption, with the Coupons due August 1, A. D. 1920, and with all unmatured Coupons, at the Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, in Providence, Rhode Island, on or after Saturday, the thirty-first (31st) day of July, A. D. 1920, (as said August 1, 1920, falls on Sunday), payment of the same will be made to the amount of 102% of the principal sum of said Bonds, with interest to the first day of August, A. D. 1920.

Interest on all said Bonds so called for redemption ceases on said first day of August, A. D. 1920.

Gorham Manufacturing Company
By JAMES S. UTLEY, Treasurer.

NO. 11715.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, D. C., May 10, 1920.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that

"THE NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK"

in the City of New York in the County of New York and State of New York has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JOHN SKELTON WILLIAMS, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK," in the City of New York in the County of New York and State of New York is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in Section Fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

CONVERSION of The New York Produce Exchange Bank, New York, N. Y., with a main office and nine branches located within the limits of the City of New York, County of New York and State of New York.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and seal of office this Tenth day of May, 1920.

(Seal) JNO. SKELTON WILLIAMS,
Comptroller of the Currency.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
FIRST MORTGAGE 7% FORTY-YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF
O'GARA COAL COMPANY

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Successor to Colonial Trust Company, Trustee under O'Gara Coal Company Mortgage dated September 4, 1900, hereby gives notice to the holders of the above-mentioned Bonds that it has received and holds the sum of $22,947.80, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph four of an Agreement between said Trust Company and the O'Gara Coal Company, dated as of August 2, 1919. Sealed tenders of Bonds of said issue to exhaust said sum will be opened by the undersigned at its office, No. 37 Wall street, City of New York, at 12 o'clock, noon, July 28, 1920; preference being given to Bonds tendered at the lowest price. The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

Dated, New York, July 7, 1920.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the LOUVRE DRESS CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 25th day of June, 1920, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this 25th day of June, 1920.

(Seal.) ELIOT H. WYATT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

J. Kenneth Clarke announces that the stock brokerage firm of Clarke & Hubbard, located at 40 Exchange Place, New York City, has been dissolved as of June 30, 1920, and that J. Kenneth Clarke is no longer connected with the firm. That the dissolution agreement, Edward W. Hubbard will continue alone in business under the name of Clarke & Hubbard until Jan. 1, 1921.

J. KENNETH CLARKE.

DISSOLUTION—WOLF & RUBIN.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership has dissolved, July 2d, 1920. JULIUS WOLF will continue the business under his own name, at same address. Dated July 2d, 1920. Signed JULIUS WOLF, ADOLPH J. RUBIN.

SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Dividend July 1st, 1920, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum on all sums of $5 and over allowed thereon under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST.

WILLIAM FIELDINGER, President.
CLARENCE L. BLAKELOCK, Treasurer.
WALTER E. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

FOR YEARS WE HAVE PAID
6% TO SAVERS
on our Systematic Savings Plan. Our 24th year. Under N. Y. State Banking supervision. Descriptive Booklet on Request.

BANKERS LOAN & INVESTMENT CO.
63-65 Wall St.
A SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

DIVIDENDS.

CARTIER, Inc.

Dividend No. 3

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held in the offices of the Corporation, at 653 Fifth Avenue, New York City, on June 10th, 1920, the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the par value of the Preferred Stock was declared payable on July 30th, 1920, to shareholders of record July 13th, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

PAUL A. ROSIER, Secretary.

FISHER BODY CORPORATION

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Fisher Body Corporation held on Wednesday, the 23rd day of June, 1920, it was resolved that a dividend of 1¾% be declared on the Preferred Stock of the company, payable on August 2, 1920, to the holders of preferred stock of record at the close of business on July 20th, 1920, and that the transfer books be not closed.

It was further resolved that a dividend of $2.50 per share be declared on the no-par common stock of the company, payable on August 2, 1920, to the holders of no-par common stock of record at the close of business on July 20th, 1920, and that the transfer books be not closed.

A. MENDELSON, Secretary.

THE VULCAN DETINNING COMPANY

DIVIDEND NOTICE
PREFERRED STOCK A

The Board of Directors has this day declared the following dividend on the Seven Per Cent. (7%) Cumulative Preferred Stock A of the Company, payable July 20, 1920, to stockholders of record at 3 P. M., July 14, 1920.

For the twenty (20) days ending July 20, 1920, a dividend at the rate of seven per cent. (7%) per annum. This dividend approximates thirty-nine cents (39c) per share.

The transfer books will be closed on July 14, 1920, at 2 P. M., and will be re-opened on July 15, 1920, at 10 A. M.

THE VULCAN DETINNING COMPANY.
By CHARLES E. CHITTAM, Secretary.

Sewaren, N. J., July 2, 1920.

DIVIDEND NOTICE OF THE AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION COMPANY

The Board of Directors of the above Company, at a meeting held July 6th, 1920, declared a CASH dividend of 1½ per cent. on the Preferred Stock, a CASH dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the Common Stock, and a dividend at the rate of 1¾ shares of Common Stock on every One Hundred (100) Shares of Common Stock outstanding, all payable August 2d, 1920.

The transfer books will close at 3 o'clock P. M. on July 15th, 1920, and will reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. on July 20th, 1920.

C. N. JELLIFFE, Secretary.

LIMA LOCOMOTIVE WORKS, INCORPORATED,
30 Church Street,
New York.

June 28, 1920.

The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. upon the Preferred Stock of this Company for the three months ended June 30, 1920, payable July 31, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business on July 15, 1920. Transfer books do not close.

L. A. LARSEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
STANDARD MOTOR CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
172-180 Whiton Street, Jersey City, N. J.
July 6, 1920.

The directors voted today that a quarterly dividend of 2½% on the Capital Stock of the company be and hereby is declared, payable August 2, 1920, to stockholders of record at 12 o'clock noon July 6, 1920.

LEWIS SPINKS, Treasurer.

SUPERIOR STEEL CORPORATION

June 28, 1920.

At the regular meeting of the Directors of the Superior Steel Corporation a quarterly dividend of 1¾% was declared on the Common Stock, payable August 2, 1920, to stockholders of record July 15, 1920.

H. D. SARGE, Secretary.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

43 Exchange Place, New York, Managers.
Matanzas American Sugar Company.

The Board of Directors of Matanzas American Sugar Company has declared a dividend of Seven Dollars ($7.00) per share on the preferred stock of the Company, payable Thursday, July 15th, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business Saturday, July 10th, 1920.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

SAVANNAH SUGAR REFINING CORPORATION
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 8.

The Directors of the SAVANNAH SUGAR REFINING CORPORATION have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the preferred stock of that Company, payable August 2nd, 1920, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on July 10th, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

W. S. FAIRBONNER, Treasurer.

Savannah, Ga., July 1, 1920.

FEDERAL SUGAR REFINING CO.
July 6, 1920.

The regular quarterly dividends of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Common Shares and One-Half Per Cent. (½%) on the Preferred Shares and an extra dividend of $5.00 on the Common Shares of this Company will be paid August 2nd, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 10th, 1920. Transfer books will not close.

PIERRE J. SMITH, Treasurer.

THE WHITE INVESTING CO.,
120 Liberty Street, New York.

Michigan Limestone & Chemical Co.

The Directors of the Michigan Limestone & Chemical Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the preferred stock of the corporation, payable July 15th, 1920.

W. FOSTER WHITE, Sec'y.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.
Philadelphia, June 5, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share) on the Common Stock of this Company, payable July 15, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

L. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

Accounting Machine Co.

Dividend at the rate of 8% per annum has been declared on the preferred stock of the Company, payable on July 15 to the stockholders of record of June 30, 1920, from date of issuance.

NATHAN LANE, JR., Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, June 30, 1920.

A Special Meeting of the stockholders of the BROADWAY CENTRAL BANK will be held on the 15th day of July, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of such bank at 2,574 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from One hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars, consisting of One thousand (1,000) shares of the par value of $100 each, to Two hundred thousand ($200,000) dollars, to consist of a further amount of One thousand (1,000) shares of the par value of $100.

FRANK WILLIAMS, President.

PROPOSALS.

Office of the Commissioners, Washington, D. C., June 30, 1920.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, Room 500, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M. on July 20, 1920, for the construction of superstructure, Rock Creek Pumping Station, 27th and K Sts. N. W., Washington, D. C. Forms of proposals, specifications and necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building, Washington, D. C. Louis Brownlow, Charles W. Kutz, Commissioners, D. C.

SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.

EMIGRANT INDUSTRIAL BANK SAVINGS

51 CHAMBERS STREET, NEW YORK.

The Board of Trustees has declared a Semi-Annual Dividend at the rate of

Four Per Cent. Per Annum

ON ALL DEPOSITS ENTITLED THERETO. DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JULY 10TH, 1920, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JULY 1ST, 1920.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS FROM $5 to $5,000 *UNDER AMENDED BANKING LAWS*

JOHN S. DALY, Comptroller. JOHN J. PULLEN, President.

ASSETS $200,000,000

THE EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION

291-3-5 Broadway, N. W. Corner Reade Street
New York

ESTABLISHED 1848. *Deposits over $33,000,000*
Par Surplus over 5,000,000

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of

Four Per Cent. Per Annum

has been declared on all deposits entitled thereto.

Deposits up to $2500 will be received and interest paid thereon.

Amounts deposited on or before July 12 will draw interest from July 1, 1920.

HENRY T. NICHOLS, President. LESTER VAN BRUNT, Secretary.

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK

INCORPORATED 1827
Pierrepont and Clinton Streets
ENTRANCES
Pierrepont St. and 300 Fulton St.

Interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum

will be credited to depositors July 1, 1920 (payable on and after July 20th), on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before July 10th will draw interest from July 1st.

CROWELL HADDEN, President
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Comptroller
ARTHUR C. HANE, Cashier
CHAR. G. PUTNAM, Asst. Comptroller

The Bowery Savings Bank

128 and 130 BOWERY.

NEW YORK, June 14, 1920.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $5,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of July next, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 19, 1920.

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1920.

Under a new State Law, Savings Banks may now receive deposits up to $5,000.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WM. E. KNOX, Vice-Pres. & Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

The Bank for Savings

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
280 Fourth Avenue, June 9, 1920.

202d Semi-Annual Dividend

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the six months ending June 30, 1920, at the rate of

Four Per Cent

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$7,500,000

Building & Permanent Loan Money
FOR WALK-UP APARTMENTS
Hughes & Hammond
84 Fine St. Phone John 4162.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

Private residence, must be 30th Streets, must sell; will take long lease. American basement preferred. For exclusive client.
B. EDWARD CROSBY,
Room 1505, 70 Pine St.
Telephone 2100 Murray Hill.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Downtown Business Buildings

We offer for sale, with immediate possession, together or separately, several five-story buildings south of Cortlandt Street in rapidly developing financial district, near proposed Curb market site and new Barrett Building. Suitable for export, shipping, advertising, brokerage, chemical or general office use.

Markham Realty Corporation
CLARENCE W. ECKARDT, President
31 Nassau Street. Tel. Rector 1865

TO LEASE

A 4-story 20-ft. private house, West 70th St.
Also
a 4-story 20 ft. private house, West 85th St.
Both suitable for altering to apartments. Long term lease given. See
Mr. Hoffer, or Mr. Gregory.
LLOYD WINTHROP CO. 171 MADISON AVE. (or 330 E. 57TH STREET.)
Phone Vanderbilt 466.)

Greatest Sacrifice—Bargains!!!

Lexington Ave., near 59th, 4-story dwelling, immediate possession. Price only $25,000.
126th St., near Columbus, 4-story dwelling. Immediate possession. Price only $22,500.
94th St., near Columbus, 4 story dwelling. Immediate possession. Price only $21,000.
138th St., near 7th Ave., 3 story dwelling. Price only $15,000.
BUSINESS BUILDINGS.
In Yorkville (near 6th Ave.): 7-story loft-building. Investment. Price only $110,000.
96th St., adjacent 5th Ave., 5 Stories. Immediate possession. Price only $57,000.
82d St., adjacent 6th Ave., 4 story. Immediate possession. Price only $60,000.
JOHN FINCK, 198 BROADWAY.

BARGAINS IN PRIVATE HOUSES

Two five-story American basement houses, No. 340 West 85th Street; 15x70x100.6; price $32,000 each; immediate possession possible; seen by permit only from
WILLIAM B. MAY & CO., AGENTS.
No. 717 Fifth Avenue.

NO. 38 EAST 73D STREET.

Four story high stoop dwelling. Size 17x60x82.
Possession October, 1921.
Price $65,000.
Seen by permit only from
WILLIAM B. MAY & CO., AGENTS
No. 717 Fifth Avenue.

Comfortable three Dwelling to story lease
Edgecombe Avenue at 136th St.
10 well arranged rooms, bath; convenient to transit lines; possession on August 1st. $125
Samuel H. Martin, 1974 Broadway. Columbus 907.

A COLD WATER FLAT

at less than original first mortgage; Park Ave. above 116th; rents $2,712; price, $18,000; easy terms.
ROBERT M. FULTON, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
Immediate Possession
RICHARD CROKER'S FORMER HOME
AT WHITE PLAINS
House contains 14 rooms, including 3 acres of ground, and is remodelled with all modern improvements. PRICE $30,000.
APPLY
ELY J. RIESER, OWNER
28th St. and 1st Ave., N. Y.
Telephone Madison Square 3350

The BEST in WESTCHESTER
HOMES—FLOORS—ESTATES—FARMS
ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 7120

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE OR RENT,
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED,
GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY HOME

Now occupied by owner who is leaving New York on account of business; 40 minutes from Penn. Terminal (electric service); 5 minutes from station. Large corner plot, 250 ft. street frontage. COLONIAL type house, in perfect condition; 10 rooms, 2 baths and extra lavatory, sun parlor, glassed screened dining porch, 2 butler's pantries, 3 wood fireplaces. Laundry in basement. Hot water heat; hardwood trim, oak floors and all improvements.
Large garage; old fashioned flower and rose gardens; large trees, evergreens, flowering shrubs, etc.
FOR SALE $20,000 unfurnished.
For Rent $285.00 furnished.
For Rent (or 5-year lease).
$200 per mo. unfurnished.
$270 per mo. furnished.
Above terms not subject to commission or discount.
A first mortgage of $12,500—6% interest—can remain indefinitely.
Inspection by appointment only.
No agencies dealt with or given.
Write A. H. W., owner, Room 604, 1,300 Broadway, New York.

10,000 SQUARE FEET

Immediate possession; one-story brick building, 100x100, at Long Island R. R. Station, Jamaica; electricity, steam heating plant; suitable for garage or manufacturing; price and terms reasonable. T. E. PIERCE, 162 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. Phone Stuyvesant 5.

WESTBURY

Up to five acres, near Lacustrine estate and village.
CHARLES CROSBY, 41 West 56th.

WEST SIDE BANK BUYS BUILDING

Savings Institution Acquires Southeast Corner of Sixth Avenue and Ninth Street.

OCCUPIES CORNER STORE

Another Valuable Fifty-seventh Street Private House Is Claimed by Trade.

Typical post-holiday quiet prevailed in the real estate market yesterday. A comparatively limited volume of business concerned itself with several commercial building deals and a fairly well sustained demand for moderate priced residential properties.

The West Side Savings Bank bought the seven-story elevator apartment house with stores at the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Ninth Street, in which it has occupied the corner store space for many years. The sellers were Ennis & Sinnott, who acquired the property last January. The building occupies a plot 43.7 by 77.6, and was valued at $175,000.

Trade Claims Costly House.

The residence of Mrs. Emma H. Rose at 12 East Fifty-seventh Street has been leased to the newly formed 22 East Fifty-seventh Street Corporation for a period of twenty-one years and is to be altered for business. The incorporators of the new company are B. Simon, T. P. Hebron and H. Unterweiser. The Rose house is six stories in height and stands on a lot 27 by 100.5, located 43 feet west of the southwest corner of Madison Avenue.

It is one of the largest side street residences in that section and has an extension running back the entire length of the lot. The house had been in the possession of the selling family since 1903 and contains an elevator. It is assessed by the city for taxation purposes at $200,000.

With the passing of the Rose house there remain less than half a dozen dwellings on Fifty-seventh Street, between Madison and Fifth Avenues, used for private purposes, namely, the Huntington mansion at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue, the L. Lewisohn residence at No. 14, W. S. Wells's home at No. 16, and 3 East Fifty-seventh Street, occupied by A. Van Horn Stuyvesant.

Recently the abutting six-story residence at 21 East Fifty-sixth Street, was leased by Frank Burton to T. M. and J. M. Fox for twenty-one years.

Other Business Building Deals.

Clara Roth sold the four-story garage, on plot 100 by 100.4, at 229 to 245 East Fifty-sixth Street, near Second Avenue, to Benjamin Silverman, who in turn resold the property to the Fifty-sixth Street Garage Company, subject to a mortgage of $143,000.

The Cruikshank Company sold for the Merchants Refrigerating Company to the Markham Realty Corporation, Clarence W. Eckhardt President, 291 Greenwich Street, a three-story building, on lot 36 by 97, with a rear line of 18 feet.

Adams & Co. sold for the William Fox Association, the seven-story loft building at 64 University Place to S. Solomon for investment.

APARTMENT HOUSE SALES.

Minaret Company Resells the Brayman, Held at $120,000.

The six-story elevator apartment house, known as the Brayman, at 3 and 5 West Ninety-second Street, on a plot 50 by 100, has been resold by the Minaret Building Company to an investor. The property has been held at $120,000. Allan T. Haight and F. R. Wood negotiated the deal. The Minaret Company bought this house about six weeks ago from the French Church du Saint Esprit, which had owned it about fifteen years.

G. Tuoti & Co. sold for Joseph L. Buttenwieser the two five-story flats 205 and 207 East Thirty-ninth Street, on a plot 50 by 98.9.

Charles A. Weber sold for the estate of Anton Faust the four-story tenement at 321 East 110th Street, on a lot about 20 by 100 feet, to Antonio Butti for investment.

The Seal Realty Company, Irving Bachrach, President, sold to the lessee 207 and 209 East Fortieth Street two four-story flats on plot 50 by 98.9.

Daniel Casey sold for the estate of Nicolas Bethamen 770 Third Avenue, northwest corner of Forty-eighth Street, a five-story store and flat, to Mrs. Sarah J. Lynch. This is the first sale of the property in thirty years. Mr. Casey also sold for Mrs. Elisabeth Smith the four-story flat 228 East Fifty-second Street to an investor.

Big Seventh Avenue Lease.

The Regent Realty Company leased four floors, containing 80,000 square feet, in the building in course of construction on the west side of Seventh Avenue, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first Streets, to the J. C. Penney Company for ten years at an approximate yearly rental of $35,000. The company, which operates a chain of 197 stores in the West, will use the space for its executive offices. Recently the Standard Oil Company leased space in the same building.

ACTIVE SUBURBAN MARKET.

Westchester and Long Island Dwellings in Demand.

Theodore L. Brantly sold his residence in Walworth Avenue, Greenacres, Scarsdale, to Thorne Baker of Cincinnati, Ohio. Maxwell Smith was the broker.

Burke Stone sold a residence in the Longvale section of Brownsville for William D. Kraft to M. Graven of New York City.

Prince & Ripley, Inc., sold for Mrs. Annie Meyer her house on a large plot at 226 Highbrook Avenue, Pelham Heights, N. Y., to J. W. Hullhan, New York City.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for Charles L. Blatchley his plot in the Woods of Larchmont to Clinton E. Fowler; also sold for the estate of William B. Rice some plots in the Bryn Mawr section of Yonkers to George Williams.

James D. McCann sold for Ida H. Perrine her residence on Hillside Avenue, New Rochelle, held at $17,500, to Mary E. Stafford; for the Alice S. Townsend estate a plot on Russell Avenue to Celestino D'Ioso of New Rochelle; for Margaret M. Troy a one-half acre plot in Highland Park, New Rochelle, to Marie C. Hargrove, and for Harry W. Yeager his residence in Larchmont Park, with about one-half acre of land, held at $30,000, to George Howard Dean of New York City.

At Woodmere, L. I., William Kerr Macdonald sold for M. Katz a plot at corner of Woodmere Place and Narrow Lane to R. Bruelle; also for Leopold Stern four lots on Woodmere Place to R. Bruelle, and at Cedarhurst for S. J. Feron a house and plot on Maple Avenue to P. Fitzsimmons.

Samuel Mabon of Mabon & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, purchased through the Garden City Development Corporation the Colonial house, on a large plot, at the corner of Roxbury Road and Newmarket Road, Garden City Estates, Nassau County, L. I., belonging to I. Osgood Carleton. Mr. Mabon purchased also, through the same corporation, two large plots adjoining, and will erect a garage.

At Montclair, N. J., F. M. Crawley & Brothers sold the Colonial residence on the east side of Erwin Park Road, Erwin Park, for Christian A. and Lynette C. Luhnow to William L. Batt. It was held at $27,500.

PRIVATE DWELLING DEALS.

College of Chiropractic Buys West Side Home.

J. B. English sold the five-story and basement dwelling 245 West 73d Street for Maria Piel to Max Carnot and Alfred Timen, officers of the New York College of Chiropractic. The premises will be altered and used exclusively as a college of chiropractic. The property has been in the Piel family for a number of years and was held at $110,000.

The five-story residence at 303 West Seventy-fourth Street, facing the Schwab mansion, has been sold by the Ewen McIntyre estate, which held title upward of twenty-five years. It occupies a plot 30 by 85 feet, adjoining the northwest corner of West End Avenue. The buyer, John E. Chatfield, paid $65,000 for the property.

Bryan L. Kennelly sold for Mrs. Mary H. Wood of Red Bank, N. J., the four-story dwelling 1234 West 81st Street, for $39,000. The purchasers will occupy.

E. Sharum bought from the 210 West 56th Street Company 41 West 97th Street, a four-story dwelling, 20 by 100.11. D. Kampner & Son were the brokers.

W. J. Huston & Son sold for Ennis & Sinnott to a client who will occupy, the three-story dwelling at 460 West 156th Street, 16.8 by 94.

George W. Brettell sold for the Fanning estate to Mrs Jennie Clark 155 East 117th Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 18.8 by 100. This is the first sale in thirty-five years.

Buyers in the Bronx.

Bryan L. Kennelly has resold to Adam E. Volz seventeen lots on Kingsbridge Avenue, near West 230th Street, running back to Godwin Terrace, with the three-story frame building known as the Godwin homestead. This property was sold at the auction sale of the Godwin estate holdings on June 9 by Mr. Kennelly.

Charles A. Weber sold for Frederick Bihler and Lillie Jackel the five-story flat at 625 East 141st Street, on a plot 27 by 100 feet, to Frank Casper for investment; also sold for M. L. & C. Ernst 329 Concord Avenue, a two-family house, on a lot 20 by 80.

Arthur Weyl & Co. sold for Mrs. Mary J. Cuddy two three-story buildings with stores at 1,008 and 1,010 Jackson Avenue.

Mrs. H. A. Fredricks Roos sold to Eva Greenfield the dwelling at 517 East 147th Street, 23 by 90.11.

A Brooklyn Sale.

G. Tuoti & Co. sold to Antonio Lamacchia 1,651 Eighty-second Street, a two-story dwelling.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.
AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

STANTON ST, 67, e. s. 68.6 ft. w. of Allen St, 22x50, 3-story frame tenement & stores; Title Guarantee & Trust Co., trustee &c., vs. Max Gross et al.; Frank G. Wild, attorney; Philip J. Sinnot, referee; due on judgment, $8,525.54; taxes, &c., $194. Adjourned to July 15.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Residence for Sale
IN
MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Twelve rooms, 3 baths, 3 lavatories, gas and electricity, hot water heat, tennis court; garage for two cars; about 2 acres highly cultivated land; strawberry and asparagus beds; fruit trees and bushes; 5 minutes' walk from Erie station; 9 minutes from D., L. & W.; possession now or later; can be seen by appointment. Price $22,000. No reasonable offer refused.
Owner, C 752 Times Downtown.

DO YOU PAY TAXES

on Bergen or Hackensack real estate? Protect your duplex against any possible future litigation by insurance. We specialize in the above counties, have expert knowledge and every facility for the examination and insurance of real estate titles. Write or phone for booklet.
North Jersey Title Insurance Co.
HACKENSACK, N. J.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Owner Going Abroad—Must Sell

seven room house, bath, electricity, running water, telephone, furnace heat. Double garage; barn, henbery. Ground, 2-3 acre, partly laid out in lawns, shrubbery, fruit trees, &c. Six minutes to station; good commutation. Excellent roads; three lakes afford good fishing and boating.
Everything in first class condition and no repairs necessary. Price $8,000. Terms. (Buildings alone could not be replaced for less than $10,000.) Buyer could have option on household furniture, Dodge touring car, gardening equipment, &c. Winter's supply of coal now in the cellar. Immediate possession. Property located in Congers, Rockland County.
(Owner) S. SCHLESINGER,
186 Liberty St., N. Y. City.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE

Complete 414 acre dairy farm, valuable stock and machinery; beautiful mansion, tenant houses, modern barns, near depot, high school, theatre, &c.; 600 acre hunting preserve, included 70 acres private lake and private trout streams.
Worth Over $1,500,000. Price $100,000.
Will sell mansion, farm and hunting preserve separate if wanted. Information direct from owner. Box 92, Hewlett Park, N. Y.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Baton Rouge, La., June 22, 1920.
In accordance with the provisions of Paragraph A, Section 1, of Article 234 of the Constitution, and the resolution adopted by the Board of Liquidation of the State debt under date hereof, the following described bonds of the State of Louisiana are hereby called in for redemption: Fifty-two bonds of one thousand dollars each, numbers M 16469 to M 16,106, both numbers inclusive, all dated January 1, 1914, and maturing August 1, 1964. The holders of these bonds are hereby notified to present them with all coupons subsequent to August 1, 1920, attached, either to the Hon. Lionel Morgan, State Treasurer, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, or to the State fiscal agent banks in the City of New Orleans or to Harris, Forbes & Company in the City of New York who will pay the same at face value, plus a premium of 3 per cent., interest on these bonds will cease after August 1, 1920.
JOHN M. PARKER,
Governor and President of the Board of Liquidation.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the Matter of Freitman, Watson & Co., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, July 7, 1920, at 10:30 A. M. at 217 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture such as desks, chairs, tables, typewriter, safe, cabinet, carpet, fixtures, &c.
ALBERT C. COMB, JR., Receiver.
GAY & GODDARD, Attorney for Receiver, 52 Wall Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STRACHER & WIELDER, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, July 7, 1920, by order of the bankrupt, at 2 P. M. at 225 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, miscellaneous and merchandise used in the fur manufacturing business, fixtures &c.
HENRY H. KAUFMAN, receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorney for Receiver, 280 Broadway, New York.
MACOMBER COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 261 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY

is the Beneficiary through the will of the late Lawrence E. Sexton. Mr. Sexton was one of the original owners of the Eastchester Company's property, purchased by a group of prominent New Yorkers twelve years ago. This property must now be sold to settle the estates of some of the original owners.

HAVE YOU $20? THINK
$20 Secures a $200 CITY Lot ACT
HAVE YOU $50? BUY
$50 Secures a $500 CITY Lot
10% on Day of Sale—10% in 30 Days— 80% On Mtge
GO TO THE

Absolute Public Auction

Next Tuesday, July 13th

at 12 o'clock noon, in Exchange Salesrooms, 14 Vesey St.,

1492 NEW YORK CITY EAST BRONX LOTS

TO BE SOLD SEPARATELY

On Allerton Ave., Eastchester Road, Gun Hill Road, Burke Ave. and adjacent Avenues, between Pelham Parkway Station and Gun Hill Road Station (on the property) of the N. Y., Westchester and Boston R. R., which runs through the property. The Gun Hill Road Station of the White Plains Road Subway is convenient to the property.

EXCEPTIONALLY LIBERAL TERMS

10% on Day of Sale, 10% in 30 Days, Balance (80%) in 24 EQUAL MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS

Anderson & Anderson, Attorneys, 15 Broad St., New York.
Harris & Harris, Attorneys, 68 William St., New York.
Louis B. Hasbrouck, Attorney, 256 Broadway, New York.
Elmmet, Marvin & Roosevelt, Attys., Representing Harvard University 52 Wall St., New York.

80% at 6%
70% at 5½%
60% at 5%
50% at 4½%
80% on Mortgage
May remain on mortgage for three years.

Send for Bookmap
Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer

Title Guarantee & Trust Co. Policies Free
67 Liberty St. Cortlandt 744

INSPECT THIS PROPERTY AT ONCE

HOW TO GO—Take the Bronx Park Subway to E. 180th St., transfer on same platform to White Plains Road Extension, get off at Gun Hill Road station. Auto buses meet trains. Take the Bronx Park Subway to E. 180th St., or West Farms station or Lexington Ave. Subway to Hunts Point Ave. station, or Third Ave. Elevated to 129th St. station. From any of these stations transfer to N. Y., Westchester & Boston R. R., get off at Gun Hill Road station on the property. Representatives at both stations.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

100% Co-Operative OWNERSHIP PLAN

Woodrow Court
565 West 169th Street, N. E. Cor. St. Nicholas Ave.
Suites of 3, 4, 5 and 6 Rooms

Spencer Apartments
523 West 121st Street, opp. Horace Mann School
Suites of 5 and 7 Rooms

Enjoy a perpetual lease on your apartment at about one-half of the rentals asked in buildings of this character with all the advantages offered in high class, well-conducted, modern elevator apartment houses.

For Full Information
Phone, call or write Co-operative Dept.
Spotts & Starr, Inc.
Times Building Bryant 4000

Apartments may be inspected daily between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M. Representative on premises.

OWN YOUR OWN APARTMENT
in the
CONCOURSE APARTMENTS
Just Completed.
S. W. cor. Grand Concourse & 183rd St.
Two Blocks from Subway, 6th & 9th Ave. L

No rent or assessments. Rented portion of the house pays all running expenses.

A sound business investment. May be sublet, making 20% return on invested capital.

Business and social references required.

CONCOURSE APARTMENTS
527 Fifth Ave. Phone 2127 Vanderbilt
183rd St. & Grand Concourse Phone 2288 Fordham

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE IRVINGTON, N. Y.
22 Miles From 42d St.

THE SELIGMAN ESTATE, ADJOINING WASHINGTON IRVING HOME, 22 ACRES, WITH 8-STORY FRAME RESIDENCE, CONTAINING FIVE MASTER BEDROOMS AND TWO BATHS ON SECOND FLOOR; HOT WATER HEAT, GAS AND ELECTRICITY; GARAGE, GARDENER'S, CARETAKER'S AND SUPERINTENDENT'S COTTAGES; ALL IMPROVEMENTS. ASKING PRICE $200,000. WRITE FOR BOOKLET.

Joseph P. Day
Agent.
67 LIBERTY ST., N. Y. CITY. Phone Cort. 744.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

For Rent
ADIRONDACK CAMP
Blue Mountain Lake, N. Y.
1,000 Ft. Lake Front.

Living room 18x36, 7 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms; 3 open camps. Launches, boats, canoes. Tennis court, vegetable garden; pure spring water. Membership in nearby golf club and supply of ice and wood included in
RENT $3,000
MARCUS M. MARKS, Owner.
200 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

A chess expert will describe the Chess Masters' Tournament at Atlantic City on the sport pages of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

580-590 Park Ave.

In the Heart of the Social Centre of New York

To occupy the West block front between 63rd and 64th Sts., on Park Ave.

Near the Colony, Knickerbocker and Metropolitan Clubs. Opposite to the proposed new Fifth Avenue Baptist Church and The Church of Christ Scientist.

This new 13-story building, designed by McKim, Mead & White, Architects, will be built and sold

On a New Co-Operative Plan
MORTGAGE FREE
With Completion Guaranteed by a Surety Company Bond

You purchase your share of free and clear land and building—no interest or amortization charges to be paid yearly—no mortgage to be paid, renewed or reduced.

Ready for Occupancy Oct. 1st, 1921

Simplex and Duplex apartments, with extra servants' rooms, two passenger and two service elevators.

A restaurant, of the highest order, will occupy a portion of the entrance floor—service to apartments, if desired—extra domestic service also provided for.

Douglas L. Elliman & Company, Inc., Managing and Sales Agents, now offer to subscribers this free and clear capital stock in the safest of all co-operative plans.

Best of References are Indispensable.

Floor Plans and Details from Co-operative Department

Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
15 East 49th Street
Bet. 5th and Madison Aves. *Telephone, Plaza 9200*

John K. Turton Corporation, Builders
101 Park Avenue

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Immediate Possession
Light Corner Loft
131 West 38th St.
Corner Broadway
Modern in every way
Just painted and decorated
Light on all sides
About 2500 square feet
Apply on premises or your broker

NEWLY FURNISHED OFFICES
Suitable for resident buyers, Showroom, stock brokers, or any high class business
Good location; apply on premises
1393 Broadway,
Corner 38th St.
Tel. Greeley 2447 to 2450

45 E. 34TH ST., N. Y.
FOR RENT OR FOR LEASE
next to Altman's; four lofts 25 by 100, light, airy, modern elevator loft, offices for light manufacturing or jobbing. Apply Orange, 729 Seventh Ave., N. Y. Phone Bryant 197.

263 SIXTH AVENUE
Store, Basement and 1st Loft
ABOUT 7,500 SQ. FEET TO FLOOR; SEPARATE DELIVERY ENTRANCE ON 17TH ST.
Elevator, Steam Heat.
WILL LEASE SEPARATELY OR TOGETHER. POSSESSION ABOUT SEPTEMBER.
MERCER, 266 W. 23d St.

TEMPLE BAR BUILDING
44 Court Street, Brooklyn
2,000 Sq. Ft. to Sublet.
William A. Stewart,
183 Remsen St., Brooklyn.
Main 6480.

LOFT TO SUBLET
ABOUT 38x100
suitable for manufacturing office, stock room and textiles; new, fireproof building; 4 elevators; rent $4,000; immediate possession; lease 5 years; 30th St. near 4th Ave. Write J. R., 529 Presbyterian Bldg.

HEES *Business Property*

The Roxborough, N.W. Cor. 92d St. & B'way
AN INNOVATION
We have a most attractive proposition.
Apartments of 6, 7, 8 Rooms for Sale
FREE RENT & INCOME
12-Story Fireproof Apartment Building
For details call, write or phone
Sharp & Co., Broadway & 92d St.
Phone River 917-4914-4081-7511.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY
To Own Your Own Home
at 180 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn
Between Flatbush & Seventh Aves.

Amount of Cash Required **$2,000** Co-operative Plan

You can forget about lease expiration dates and landlords. You can enjoy a perpetual lease on your apartment at less than half of the rentals asked in buildings of this character. Investigate our plan of co-operative buying.

REALTY ASSOCIATES,
162 REMSEN ST., BROOKLYN. PHONE MAIN 6480.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

The Busiest Downtown Corner
In AKRON, O.,
For Lease
SEVERAL stores, ideal for chain stores; drug, candy, millinery, cigar or clothing stores. Basement and upper floors also available.
Wire or Write Immediately
Sarbey & Rosenfeld
509 Mercantile Bldg.
AKRON, OHIO

Very desirable light floors, containing 2,000 square feet; suitable for high class retail trade. Apply on premises. Wheeler Realty Corporation, 9 East 57th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TIMES SQUARE

Three upper floors, with direct entrance to street. Will alter to suit tenant.

PRINCIPALS ONLY.

C. Bertram Hubbard, Inc.
489 5th Ave. Tel. 3339 Murray Hill

CORNER BUILDING.
25x80, store and lofts, below City Hall, near Broadway. Long term lease.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Steam heat, elevator, fine light.
A. E. MATHEWS, 11 Maiden Lane.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Choice—Compact—Complete—Cheap

ESTATE ON NORTH SHORE, LONG ISLAND, FOR SALE.

Modified mission type, adapted year-round living; 14 rooms, 5 baths; Gardener's house, 5 rooms and bath; Garage, 3 cars, chauffeur's housekeeping apt., with bath; Stable, 3 horses; Greenhouse, Poultry house, extensive pergola; Tennis Court; all substantial and modern. Beach rights. Two golf clubs near by. Grounds highly developed. Wealth of choice evergreen and deciduous trees; also about 200 fruit specimens. Price $98,000; with equipment $110,000. Value vastly greater. Few estates of this size in commuting zone are its equal in attractiveness.

OWNER, S 379 TIMES.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PRIVATE HOME AT A REAL BARGAIN.

House is only four years old and built of better material and by better labor than can be obtained today. It is fine big rooms, 2 tiled bathrooms; plot 150 ft. x 150 ft.; price includes garage, garden and beautifully planted grounds; many fine trees and shrubs; in the heart of an established, purely residential section; accessible to markets, schools, churches; easy commuting to N. Y. City. Title and immediate occupancy can be had for $5,000, balance on two easy-term mortgages totalling $13,500; title has been guaranteed; carrying charges very light. Elevation almost 1,000 ft. GEO. G. BLACKWELL, Sherman Sq. Hotel, 71st St. and Broadway, N. Y. City. Tel. 8400 Col.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

THE NEW 16-STORY

LOEW BUILDING

"HEART OF THE WORLD"

Broadway at 45th St.

TIMES SQUARE

CORPORATIONS

Requiring

Large Executive Offices

STORES FOR RENT.

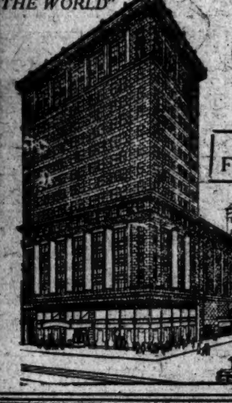
Inquire Immediately.

REAL ESTATE DEPT.

1493 BROADWAY

6th Floor—Phone 2900 Bryant

For Most Desirable Space



Applications for entire floors will receive preference.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—For Sale or To Let.

FOR LEASE

Immediate Possession, New Building

40,000 square feet, all on ground floor; corner building; located in mid-Harlem; suitable for heavy machinery, manufacturing, storage, garage, service station, &c.; will divide.

LEO SCHLOSS, 81 E. 125th Street.

PHONE 1680 HARLEM

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE

DOWNTOWN—EAST SIDE

GROUP OF BUILDINGS

FRONTING ON THREE STREETS

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

NOW OCCUPIED WHOLESALE BAKERY.

Capacity 1000 Barrels Weekly

Ample Storage and Delivery Equipment Space.

WALTER T. SCOTT 666 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn Phone Williamsburg 3700.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—East Side.

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

No. 237 West 74th Street

Near West End Ave.

A High Class Fireproof Apartment House.

7 rooms—2 baths 8 rooms—3 baths

Exceptionally large rooms. Every apartment has southern exposure. A few apartments are offered for sale at very attractive prices.

Free Rent and Dividends

may be obtained.

Full Details Will be Mailed Upon Request.

SLAWSON & HOBBS

162 West 72d St., Near Broadway

Telephone 7240 Columbus.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

15 West 36th Street

Adjoining 5th Avenue.

Modern 14-Story Building.

Offices & Showrooms

4,200 Sq. Ft. Per Floor

LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES.

Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.

18 East 41st St. Vanderbilt 1971.

NEW JERSEY.

125,000 SQ. FT.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION WILL DIVIDE TO SUIT

One-story building, 100% light.

Sprinklered

Railroad Siding

400 H.P. Boilers. 400 H.P. Engines

Any Kind of Labor Assured

Suitable any manufacturing.

Gross & Gross 120 Market St. Newark, N. J.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORY FOR SALE.

186,000 Square Feet Ground, large one and two-story buildings, railroad siding, location Hawthorne, near Paterson, New Jersey.

A. J. GALLIEN,

504 Grand St., New York

WALTER BAKER CO.

FACTORY BUILDERS

750 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Factories—factory sites with or without R. R. sidings and dock facilities, New Jersey, Brooklyn, Queensboro and vicinity.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—West Side.

2 Rooms, Kitchenette

All Improvements

301 West 57th St.

$75 Per Month Up

Also, 2 Room Studio.

P. H. Zagat. Vanderbilt 2121.

A writer in The Annalist this week describes the organization of the new Labor Union Bank at Cleveland. He thinks the new institution should inject a greater sense of responsibility into the ranks of all workingmen's organizations. —Adv.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LUMBER BARGAIN.

A new ceiling lumber, $35 per M; windows, sash, doors, roofing, pipe, screens; all kinds lumber very cheap.

LEWIS WRECKING CO., Westchester 1313.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

2-FAMILY HOUSES.

We have several 2-family houses, Washington Heights section, vicinity 170th; prices as low as $10,000; you will pay a few thousand more for these in October. Call RYAN & CO., 142 West 125th.

97TH ST., NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

Private dwelling, 3-story and basement, 20 ft. front, butler's pantry, extension, 11 rooms, 2 baths, 5 master bedrooms, hardwood finish, newly decorated; possession Oct. 1; price reasonable; terms. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 433.

THREE-STORY DWELLING, 21x92, with basement, West 17th St., 8th and 9th Ave.; 13 rooms, 3 baths, electricity; might exchange for private house on upper west side or Washington Heights; free and clear. Mercer, 266 West 23d St.

A GOOD BUY.

West 70th, 5-story brownstone, 15 rooms, 5 baths, electricity, extension; price $36,000, including furniture; immediate possession; $14,000 cash; others, 80th-90th, Dunack, 176 West 72d.

A SMALL 3-STORY AND BASEMENT brick dwelling; nine rooms; steam heat; West 119th St., between 5th and Lenox Ave.; price, $9,000.

RYAN & CO., 142 West 125th St.

$3,000 CASH.

A three-story and basement dwelling, on West 122th St.; private house block; ten rooms and bath; price, $11,000; mortgage, $8,000. Ryan & Co., 142 West 125th St.

AN EXCEPTIONAL WELL-BUILT HOUSE on west 152d St., 15 rooms, 2 baths, $7,000 cash, balance first mortgage; this house is in fine condition.

RYAN & CO., 142 West 125th St.

A little gem; four story and basement, 10 rooms, 2 baths, electric light; on West 122d; asking $12,000; possession October; permit. RYAN & CO., 142 West 125th.

Washington Sq., section, 3 four-story houses; each to be purchased fully or together, independently or in co-operative association; terms to right party; full details. Lowns-bery-Gage, 507 5th Av.

Private dwellings for sale, east and west sides, between 57th and 96th, in choice residential locations. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 433.

$10,000 CASH!!

balance mortgage, buys beautiful west side four-story dwelling, finely located; no brokers. Address "Owner's Agent," 21 Times.

125th Av. (below 23d St.)—21 years' lease on five-story stores and loft building for sale; immediate possession. Irving K. Meltzer, 1,019 Broadway.

72d, 250 East—11 rooms, 2 baths, 1 or 2 family; only high-class tenants considered; immediate possession. Phone Rhinelander 9857.

A seven-story elevator corner, with four stores; rent, $20,000; price, $110,000; cash required, $15,000; principals. Apply Ryan & Co., 142 West 125th.

For rent, 161 East 71st St., entirely renovated; immediate occupancy; two baths; nine rooms; $4,000. H. C. Snow, 20 Vesey St., Barclay 9095.

Greenwich Village—30 Perry St., $15,500; 278-280-282 West 4th St., $14,500; 251 West 11th St., $15,500. Williams-Dexter Co., Inc., 80 Grove St. Spring 5518.

West 12th St., between 5th and 6th Avs., 4-story house, suitable for apartment or private house. Telephone Spring 1652.

Ten-room dwelling, 3½ stories, good location Harlem; bargain. SHARUM, 170 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. MANHATTAN—West Side.

315 Central Park West

Northwest Cor. 91st St.

14 Rooms and 5 Baths

10 Rooms and 3 Baths

150 West 79th St.

9 Rooms and 3 Baths

Also one Duplex apartment of the same size, suitable for physician or dentist.

140 West 58th St.

5 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths

4 Rooms and Bath

157 West 57th St.

3 Rooms and Bath

Possession in some instances may be obtained prior to Oct. 1st.

Apply on Premises or to

EDGAR A. LEVY LEASING CO.,

565 Fifth Ave. Murray Hill 6900.

Own Your Apartment In the City

130 124 128 Convent Ave. Cor. 133d St.

High-class non-elevator apartment house.

$3,000 to $6,000

Open for inspection. Possession Oct. 1

One Very Desirable Doctor's Apartment.

Full particulars of

SLAWSON & HOBBS

162 West 72nd St. Tel. 7240 Col.

7 ROOM APARTMENT

Two flights up; no elevator.

72 West 89th Street.

Completely redecorated; electric lights; new hardwood floors; tiled bathroom; new plumbing; immediate occupancy. Rent $1,800 annually. (Summer concessions). Apply on premises or phone, Hanover 793.

314 WEST 94TH ST.

Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive, High-Class Elevator Apartment.

7 Large, Light Rooms } $2100

Bath & Extra Lavatory.

6 Large, Light Rooms } $1400

Possession Immediate.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

STUDIO APARTMENTS 2 ROOMS AND BATH

740 Lexington Ave.

Rent $70 and $80

MODERN—COSY—AIRY

Leased only to responsible tenants. Inquire Mr. Weiss, 9th Floor, Bloomingdales, 59th St. and Lexington Ave.

BRONX.

FOR RENT 3 and 4 Room Apartments

Just Completed.

Open for Inspection.

Concourse Apartments

183d St. and Grand Concourse.

Two blocks from subway station.

BROOKLYN.

109 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

4 rooms and bath $118

5 rooms and bath 90

4 rooms and bath (housekeeping) 125

Clinton Trading Corporation

188 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Main 3840.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS

309-311 WEST 95TH ST.

Newly furnished suites consisting of from two to five rooms, with or without kitchens, by the day, week or month, as arranged for; complete hotel service included. Apartments rent from $10 monthly up.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

34TH STREET.

3-story and basement, 10 rooms and 4 baths; electric lights; parquet floors throughout; immediate possession.

S. L. PAKAS,

Phone Barclay 9795. 21 Park Row.

48 EAST 49TH ST.,

BET. MADISON AND VANDERBILT AVS. (FIFTH AVENUE'S FINEST SECTION). FOUR STORIES AND BASEMENT. SIZE 25x100.

EXCELSIOR ESTATES COMPANY, 135 BROADWAY. RECTOR 295.

Opposite Mount Morris Park—Madison Av., 3½-story brownstone, 13 rooms; price $17,500. V 852 Times Downtown.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE or to lease, 2-family detached house, 11 rooms, all improvements, 2 baths, electric lights; adults only; 1,539 Grand Concourse; Jerome Av. subway, near Belmont St. station.

Estate must sell large apartment houses; perfect condition, latest improvements; rents $17,600; price $100,000. W 57 Times.

Nine-room house, grounds, garage; two blocks Broadway subway; price $7,500; 2-year lease. Telephone Kingsbridge 541.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain in 2-family limestone front dwelling, 13 rooms, 2 baths and separate toilets; electric lights, parquet floors and steam heat; directly opposite Sunset Park; perfect condition; price $16,500; cash required $5,000, balance on agreeable terms; buy now, you will easily be worth $2,000 more before Sept. 1; can be seen any time; as same is owner's residence. 550 44th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Bedford Av.—Brooklyn's Automobile Row. Two 4-story modern brick apartment houses, two sixes each floor; ground floor easily convertible into stores; for sale at about 5½ times the rent; excellent investment; principals only. Irving K. Meltzer, 1,019 Broadway, New York City.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Modern 8-room stucco house, corner, 100x100, steam heat, electric lights, hardwood trim; fine shade trees and shrubs; 2 blocks station, 45 minutes Battery; newly decorated; immediate occupancy; $5,000 cash, balance mortgage. Inquire Owner on property only. 144 Guyon Av., Oakwood Heights, Staten Island.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE

at Rye, year round country house, on two acres of land; six master's bedrooms, five baths, hot water heat, electric light, gas, open fireplaces; sleeping porches; garage for two cars, with housekeeping quarters for chauffeur; convenient to station, clubs and shore. Room 2201, 60 Wall St. Telephone Hanover 7340.

Greatest bargain, Yonkers; owner leaving State; 2-family cottage, 6x16x16, 2-car garage, electricity, large porch, fine view, shade, exclusive section, thoroughly renovated, decorated, finest condition; sacrifice for $12,000; take Park Av. trolley from 242d St., Richmond Cherries, 50 sweet cherries, 200 Baldwin, Greening and Ben Davis apples; sold $5,100 of fruit in 1919; come at once; big bargain, clear title; price $5,000, one-half cash. L. M. Hallenbeck, Greendale-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Westchester County.

Bronxville—Furnished for Summer. Good location, convenient to station, 8 rooms and bath; part of house; acre of ground; July 15 to Oct 1. Phone Bronxville 1460.

Long Island.

For rent, Long Beach, Long Island, house, furnished, eight rooms, bath, lavatory; block from ocean. Telephone Hinkel, Bensonhurst 2000.

Long Beach—Five-room furnished bungalow; rent $450; bus from station. New York Av., Beech St., H. Lawlor.

Arverne—Seven large furnished rooms, block ocean; reduced price. Telephone 1180-W Belle Harbor.

Will rent for two months at nominal price furnished 9-room house. Phone Forest Hills 6830-M.

Airy rooms, private cottage; season; gentlemen preferred. 2,420 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway.

New York State.

Long Lake, Adirondacks—Nine-room furnished cottage, ice, boathouse; altitude 1,800 feet. Phone Mansfield 5704, Brooklyn, evenings.

New Jersey.

New bungalow at Atlantic Highlands; fully furnished; 4 rooms; toilet, electric lights, gas, running hot water; 300 feet from shore; ideal location; 5 minutes station; immediate occupancy; $250 until Oct. 1. Address W. T. Devlin, 44 Broad St., New York City.

Morsemere—Attractive 6-room house, furnished, all modern improvements, 2 porches, glassed and screened; awnings; convenient to trolley and train; reasonable rent. Phone Morsemere 558.

Short Hills—Ten-room furnished house, secluded, shady; near station; large stone veranda, sleeping porch; planted garden; garage; $200 per month. Short Hills 713.

Crawford, N. J.—Five rooms, furnished, all conveniences; 3 porches; piano; 5 minutes to station; boating, fishing; 18 miles out, Tremont 5105.

Maplewood, N. J.—8 rooms, all improvements; garage; Stafford Girard Place; furnished for Summer. G-086 Times Downtown.

West End, Long Branch—Furnished in fine condition, house, 12 rooms, 2 baths and garage. Telephone Beekman 6092.

Maine.

4-room furnished bungalow, Boothbay, Maine; season, $160. Phone Audubon 4904-R.

Connecticut.

Darien (Near Tokeneke)—Large eight rooms, bath, completely furnished, porches, shady lawns; ten acres, wooded hills; garage; convenient to shore; two months, $600; three months, $800.

MARSHALL P. RICHARDS, Darien, Conn.

$350—Country seashore place, Saybrook, Conn.; 11 rooms, electricity, garden, garage, Oriental rugs; half price; owner wishes to board. Converse, 29 Broadway, New York.

Summer Homes Wanted.

Furnished cottage, 7 or 8 rooms, modern improvements, seashore or country; reasonable. Advertiser, 700 Amsterdam Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Two rooms with telephone extension; one 200, other 300 sq. ft.; light and airy; immediate occupancy; reasonable terms. Pearson, 735 Broadway. Phone 7640 Spring.

Building, 453-455 West 17th St.; 25,000 square feet; 40c per square foot; elevator; long lease; possession Aug. 1. Forster, 724 8th Av.

Architect will share or divide office space, Murray Hill section; telephone and stenographic service included. Telephone Vanderbilt 2018.

Store and basement complete with fixtures in best location on Madison Av.; immediate possession; reasonable. Z 2280 Times Annex.

VERY DESIRABLE OFFICE on 42d St., between Broadway and 6th Av.; rent $55. Apply Sidney L. Warshawer, 812 West 42d St.

LARGE, LIGHT STORE, 63x100; RENT REASONABLE. A. M. Druckman, 140 West 28d.

Loft, 5,000 square feet; exceptional light, power; suitable any manufacturing. Plans & Kline, 21st St. and 2d Av.

Desk room and space to rent in light store in University Place. Box E. E., 1214 Wilson Building.

Corner store, 25x60; 6 years' lease. Apply on premises. May & Finn, northwest corner 44th and 8th Av.

To Let—About 10,000 feet heavy mill construction building; long lease; City Packing Box Co., 634 East 19th.

Lofts, factories, within or beyond metropolitan district. Factory Exchange, 17 West 44th. Vanderbilt 5810, Extension 7 or 16.

Offices and lofts, all sizes, any location. Chester D. Clark (real estate broker), Park Row Building. Barclay 6366.

Front office, about 400 square feet, 44th St. next to 5th Av.; switchboard service. Murray Hill 8242.

Office space or showroom, 1,400 or 800 sq. ft., for rent, furnished on 45th St., off 5th Av. Phone Plaza 380.

OFFICE, STOCK ROOM, 600 FT. OR LESS; LIGHT; TELEPHONE. M. JAY, 75 5TH AV., STUYVESANT 7445.

For rent, a large office room, with 5 telephone lines. Call at Room 407, 1,416 Broadway.

BASEMENT, 15,000 SQUARE FEET; GOOD FOR STORAGE. BEN. RHINELANDER 2540.

Store, 900 West 59th, Columbus Circle, to January only; $500 month, any retail line. Rowantree, Gramercy 1587.

Loft, Broadway north Canal, highest type, 5,000 ft.; $7,500. Rowantree, Gramercy 1587.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

With sacrifice new year-round cottage. One of suburban country home, with garage; only $3,000 needed to secure title, balance on easy terms, almost like rent, buys it; ready for occupancy; has eight large rooms, tiled bath; splendid studio, 25 ft. x 35 ft.; parquet floors, running water, electric light; every convenience; beautifully situated on plot 100x180 feet; fine garden, shrubs and flowers in profusion go with the place; close to pretty lake, stocked with fish; select, congenial neighbors; good markets, school and churches nearby. This is a chance of a lifetime to obtain a home at fraction of real worth; could not be duplicated at less than $15,500. Ideal commuting to New York City. Address Owner, Post Office Box 748, City Hall Station, New York City.

For Rent, Atlantic City, N. J.—Have just secured twelve of the finest cottages in exclusive Chelsea and Ventnor sections which I am offering for rent at attractive figures; these cottages are all handsomely furnished and ready for immediate occupancy. For terms, &c., apply to William H. Yorke, 4,803 Winchester Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

ONE AND TWO FAMILY HOUSES, $4,875. Two-family in Bronx; one-family, old fashioned, in Astoria; also cottage in New Jersey, all improvements, large plot, garage, $6,500. Spencer, 154 Nassau. Beekman 2685.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

A PLACE TO LIVE.

Wanted, within an hour and a quarter of Trinity Church, by family of four, who like to keep a home in as good or better condition than when they take it; New York suburb preferred; we owned our home in Boston; wish to rent with view to buying. Address J. G. N., Allange House, 200 West 44th St.

From Oct. 1, strictly modern house, seven or eight rooms, good neighborhood, in Jersey, Westchester or on Long Island, within an hour of New York City. Send for full particulars, description, rent, &c., to Walter Ilsley, 224 4th Av., New York City.

PRIVATE DWELLING OR APARTMENT HOUSE, suitable for sanitarium, for division into 1 or 2 room suites with bath; long lease or purchase. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 9744.

Commuter wants 5 to 8 room modern house, Long Island, New Jersey, Westchester; will give New York City business property for same. E. M. Simmonds, 206 Broadway, New York City.

$5,000 CASH

for detached stucco, stone or brick house, at least 12 rooms, with garage; prefer near Prospect Park. Schwartz; Phone Penn. 6254.

Wanted to rent, unfurnished for year, house 9 rooms or over, suburbs of New York; occupancy beginning now or Autumn. Reply Davis, 58 Shepard St., Cambridge, Mass.

City properties; submit lowest price; cash immediately. Clifford Van Schurman, 50 East 42d St.

$50 bonus for unfurnished house. C 438 Times.

FARMS.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

TWELVE-ACRE FRUIT FARM, located 2½ miles south of City of Hudson; 5-room house, barn, hen house, garage, good water supply; creek runs through property; 500 Clapp and Bartlett pear trees, 300 Montgomery and Richmond cherries, 50 sweet cherries, 200 Baldwin, Greening and Ben Davis apples; sold $5,100 of fruit in 1919; come at once; big bargain, clear title; price $5,000, one-half cash. L. M. Hallenbeck, Greendale-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Westchester County.

Bronxville—Furnished for Summer. Good location, convenient to station, 8 rooms and bath; part of house; acre of ground; July 15 to Oct 1. Phone Bronxville 1460.

Long Island.

For rent, Long Beach, Long Island, house, furnished, eight rooms, bath, lavatory; block from ocean. Telephone Hinkel, Bensonhurst 2000.

Long Beach—Five-room furnished bungalow; rent $450; bus from station. New York Av., Beech St., H. Lawlor.

Arverne—Seven large furnished rooms, block ocean; reduced price. Telephone 1180-W Belle Harbor.

Will rent for two months at nominal price furnished 9-room house. Phone Forest Hills 6830-M.

Airy rooms, private cottage; season; gentlemen preferred. 2,420 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway.

New York State.

Long Lake, Adirondacks—Nine-room furnished cottage, ice, boathouse; altitude 1,800 feet. Phone Mansfield 5704, Brooklyn, evenings.

New Jersey.

New bungalow at Atlantic Highlands; fully furnished; 4 rooms; toilet, electric lights, gas, running hot water; 300 feet from shore; ideal location; 5 minutes station; immediate occupancy; $250 until Oct. 1. Address W. T. Devlin, 44 Broad St., New York City.

Morsemere—Attractive 6-room house, furnished, all modern improvements, 2 porches, glassed and screened; awnings; convenient to trolley and train; reasonable rent. Phone Morsemere 558.

Short Hills—Ten-room furnished house, secluded, shady; near station; large stone veranda, sleeping porch; planted garden; garage; $200 per month. Short Hills 713.

Crawford, N. J.—Five rooms, furnished, all conveniences; 3 porches; piano; 5 minutes to station; boating, fishing; 18 miles out, Tremont 5105.

Maplewood, N. J.—8 rooms, all improvements; garage; Stafford Girard Place; furnished for Summer. G-086 Times Downtown.

West End, Long Branch—Furnished in fine condition, house, 12 rooms, 2 baths and garage. Telephone Beekman 6092.

Maine.

4-room furnished bungalow, Boothbay, Maine; season, $160. Phone Audubon 4904-R.

Connecticut.

Darien (Near Tokeneke)—Large eight rooms, bath, completely furnished, porches, shady lawns; ten acres, wooded hills; garage; convenient to shore; two months, $600; three months, $800.

MARSHALL P. RICHARDS, Darien, Conn.

$350—Country seashore place, Saybrook, Conn.; 11 rooms, electricity, garden, garage, Oriental rugs; half price; owner wishes to board. Converse, 29 Broadway, New York.

Summer Homes Wanted.

Furnished cottage, 7 or 8 rooms, modern improvements, seashore or country; reasonable. Advertiser, 700 Amsterdam Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES TO LET.

Large and small offices; light and attractive, high ceilings; newly decorated, facing Broadway; most suitable for manicuring and hairdressing parlor; also chiropodist, photographer, architect, lawyer or doctor's office; showroom; immediate possession; directly at Manhattan St. subway. Superintendent on premises, 3,197 Broadway (128th St.) Phone Morningside 9064.

Garage, storage, laundry, chemical or other business, 17,500 square feet, one floor, high ceilings, siding, new dock, strong walls, unrestricted; also corner business building near Fulton Ferry; fine light, strong; possession unrestricted; $30,000; easy terms. Owner, Room 1226, 194 Nassau. Beekman 2800.

AUTOMOBILE CENTRE.

New building, 110-121 West 634 St. OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS.

1,000 sq. ft. and up. Convenient subway and L. Adaptable also light manufacturing. Rent reasonable. Immediate possession. THE HAGISTROM-CALLAN COMPANY, 1,974 Broadway, corner 67th St.

FIRST LOFT (STORE FRONT), SO. ¼ OF 20TH TOP, LIGHT FROM 2 LARGE EXTRA LIGHTS AND 4 SIDES; LOFTS 60x80 OR SMALLER, STORES 50x80 AND CONCRETE MODERN BASEMENT; NOW VACANT, 30,000 SQ. FT.; MAY DIVIDE; HEAT, ELEVATORS; AT 229-234 WEST 20TH, NEAR 7TH AV. PHONE SPRING 3671.

Light loft to sublet, 50x60, equal to 3,000 square feet; rental $5,000 per year (37 West 28th); also showroom and fixtures suitable for manufacturing or jobbing in ready-to-wear line; will also sell showroom and fixtures; immediate possession. Call Mr. Silverstein, 58 West 32d.

Basement space, 5,000 sq. ft., suitable for tire concern or excellent for storage; also 10,000 sq. ft. garage or service station; West End Avenue section; immediate possession. Brown, Wheelock Company, Inc., 10 East 45th St. Telephone Murray Hill 3100.

Two top floors, 25,000 feet; immediate possession; excellent light; carrying 200 lbs.; will alter to suit for manufacturing; excellent for warehouse; 122-28 West 30th St.; brokers protected. BRETT & GOODE CO., 552 6th Av. Bryant 695.

Furnished office, reasonable, to firm having stenographer; convenient to Custom Houses, piers. Apply Room 1, 3d floor, 53 Greenwich, below Rector, near Battery Place, Broadway.

Desk room, light, newly furnished, immediate possession; low rent, telephone service included; suitable for real estate surveyors, stock brokers; showroom, 1,393 Broadway, 1st floor. Telephone Greeley 2447.

Five telephones, three trunks, with six hundred feet office space subdivided, Times Square, for five months; completely furnished or unfurnished; terms reasonable. B 287 Times.

New rolltop desk, $20; private furnished office, $30; telephone operator will take your messages; no charge for service; every convenience. Duane, 59 4th Av., at 9th St., opposite Wanamaker's.

Completely furnished office, divided; three separate rooms, five hundred feet; immediate possession; all modern equipment; will sell reasonable, quick action. Room 35, 1 East 42d St.

Three fine new lofts, 2,000 square feet each, 57 Walker St.; rent $100 per month each. Apply Niebuhr & Mayfield, Attorneys, 220 Broadway, New York City.

STORAGE OR MANUFACTURING.

2,500 to 30,000 square feet; possession immediately; long lease; elevator, watchman. John A. Power, 220 West 42d St. 9370 Bryant.

Suits high-class offices, overlooking 5th Av., Madison Sq., Fifth Av. Hotel; 2 private, large reception room, 2 telephones; immediate possession. 17 West 44th. Vanderbilt 7686.

Light loft, 2,000 feet; elevator, heat; newly renovated building, exceptional light; manufacturing permitted. Hammarlund, 144 West 18th St. Telephone 6th and 7th Avs.

To let to high-class firm, 1,200 feet office space on 5th Av., near 42d St., telephone included; principals only. Call Murray Hill 284.

To sublease, about 300 square feet on Liberty St., near subway and elevated; two years' lease. Metropolitan Advertising Co., 120 Liberty St. Phone Rector 450.

Store, 1,286 St. Nicholas Av., 10x80 ft.; excellent business location; immediate possession. Apply Axel G. Lober, 615 5th Av. Phone Plaza 3022.

Store to let, suitable restaurant, druggist, hardware, jewelry, novelties, any business; wonderful location; long lease. Bowling Green 9152.

Airy loft, 2,500 square feet, immediate possession; light on all sides; low rent and lease. 131 West 38th St., 1st floor, or your broker. Greeley 2456.

Share part of my cool office; suitable two persons; $30 monthly; 42d St. near Grand Central Terminal; also desk space, $40. Telephone Vanderbilt 826.

Offices at 145 West 45th St. Particulars 503 World Bldg. Phone Beekman 8366.

Loft 20x75, immediate possession. 142 E. 25th St. To inspect telephone Greeley 4740.

Large, small offices, newly renovated; 57 Whitehall St.; rent low. Bowling Green 9152.

Desk room to rent, telephone, stenographer. Room 405, 126 Liberty St., N. Y.

Office, light, private, furnished; also desk room. Mondell, 280 Madison Av. (40th).

Desirable Wall St. office space, about 350 feet. S 648 Times Downtown.

Desk room, corner office, telephone. Call, be convinced. Room 605, 109 Broad.

Part of office to let, suitable for showroom for waists. 225 5th Av., Room 816.

Automobile shop, 10,000 feet best floor space; very light. 115 East 75th.

Large, light office to let, reasonable. 206 Broadway, Room 907.

Floor, 25x75, to let, for business or storage. 421 East 75th St.

Floor to let for business. Apply at 151 East 27th St.

Bronx.

Stores to rent, corner stores, 945 East 163d, corner Kelly. Supt. on Philip Meyrowitz, 105 Broadway, Cortlandt 3681.

Manufacturing lofts or entire building, five-story and basement, elevator, steam heat; reasonable. 2,605 3d Av., near 187th.

Brooklyn.

Storage space to let, Greenpoint section; 10 months' lease; brick building, 40x100, with yard space adjoining of 40x100; no heat. Call Greenpoint 2291.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.

5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy or will build to suit. ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY, Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

New Jersey.

Factory to let, 11,000 square feet; 2 floors, with lots of light; suitable for light manufacturing, convenient to Lackawanna station and freight yard, also to many trolley lines; immediate possession; rent $6,000. Apply E. A. Poling, 60 Nassau St., Newark, N. J. Phone Branch Brook 5041.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED—PLOT 100x100 or 50x200, suitable for garage; west side, above 30th St. Room 400, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 9744.

Wanted—Factory loft with 7,000 square feet floor space; must be very light, modern improvements; new building preferred. M. Raupp, 610 West 150th.

Wanted—7,000 to 10,000 sq. ft. for light manufacturing; good light; N. J., L. I. or Jersey City; principals only. Y 866 Times Downtown.

Wanted—5,000 to 5,000 sq. ft. for light manufacturing; elevator and heat necessary; principals only. Y 857 Times Downtown.

Buildings and factories; any size, anywhere; clients waiting; principals only. 154 Nassau St. Beekman 9110.

Wanted—About 600-800 square feet, Times Square section; will take long lease. Address S. S., Room 503, 110 West 40th.

Loft, 5,000 or 6,000 square feet, for factory; Brooklyn preferred. L. Jacobson, 300 5th Av.

Wanted, by an accountant, private office of a lawyer's suite preferred; telephone service. C 753 Times Downtown.

Doctor wants office with privilege of waiting room. A 954 Times Harlem.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

47TH AV., near 29th St. (4TH AV. HOTEL)—2 sunny rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; SUMMER RATES: $15 weekly; $60 monthly.

147TH ST., 312 EAST—Artist's 2-room apartment, kitchenette; newly decorated; cool; for single person, $25 monthly.

27TH ST., 20 EAST—(HOTEL SENTON)—APTS. 2 ROOMS AND BATH, FURNISHED AND ALL LIGHT; FULL HOTEL SERVICE; BLOCKS FROM SUBWAY; $17.50 WEEKLY.

50TH (Corner Lexington Av., 168)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

40 EAST 51ST ST.

One, two three room apartments, by month or year.

44TH ST., 141 EAST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, beautifully furnished, July 15 to Oct. 1; maid and valet service optional; silver and linen included. Apartment 7A. Nutting, or Superintendent.

45TH ST., 147 EAST—Summer months; parlor, bedroom, bath; $60 per month. Helm.

48TH ST., 25 EAST (corner Madison Av.)—Two corner rooms, immense bath, shower, luxurious furnishings, maid and restaurant service, southern exposure. Murray Hill 7504.

53D ST., 124 EAST—Young woman will share attractive apartment with lady. Phone Plaza 2900 evenings; Plaza 400 days.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

60TH ST., 18 EAST—Sublet, Summer rates; one-three rooms; October selections; also three rooms, exquisitely furnished, piano.

67TH ST., 138 EAST—Beautiful two-room, bath and real kitchen for Summer months or longer. Phone Lenox 165.

72D, 136 EAST—Two beautiful rooms, bath, from July 10 to October; $65 month. Tel. Rhinelander 8120. References.

84TH ST., 322 WEST—Attractive 2-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; large closets; river view. Gen 2-5.

83D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartments; beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath; $30 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON

Madison Av., southwest corner 83d St. Newly decorated apartments; 1 room and bath, $50 up; 2 rooms, bath, $75 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

APARTMENTS — ALL SIZES; PRICES RIGHT; SUMMER BARGAINS; OCTOBER LEASES. HAILING REALTY CO., 270 PARK AV. 7014 MURRAY HILL.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & COMPANY, 6 East 45th St., Vanderbilt 626.

Choice selection apartments and houses, furnished and unfurnished, for Oct. 1; season or year; Park Av. and vicinity.

Four-room apartment, 2 living rooms, kitchen, bath, completely furnished, between Park and Madison Avs., until Oct. 1. G 102 Times.

MADISON AV., 1,310 (88th)—Six rooms, bath; extra bowl and toilet; elevator, telephone, electricity, fireplaces, parquet; October; $2,000.

MADISON AV., 961—Two beautifully furnished rooms, kitchenette, bath; also one large room, kitchenette; must see to appreciate.

MADISON AV. (near 57th)—Two rooms and bath, kitchenette, piano, until October; $100. Telephone Murray Hill 7261, Fuller.

MADISON AV., 667—Large, airy apartment, 12 rooms, 3 baths, to Oct. 1. Guild, 48 Front St., Broad 5161.

Near Park—Completely equipped 6 rooms, 2 baths; $300 to Sept. 27; references. Phone Plaza 6746 or X 2313 Times Annex.

Furnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 2,040 (Apt. 28)—To sublet for 2 months, 2 rooms, kitchen and bath; $75 monthly.

9TH ST., 10 WEST—Attractively furnished 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; Summer rates until October 1. Telephone Stuyvesant 4522.

22D, 449 WEST (London Terrace)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence; electricity; steam heat; telephone; $90; references.

30TH ST., 1 WEST—Two rooms and bath; corner apartment, furnished; June to October; maid service.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $60-$125 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

46TH ST., 21 WEST—Comfortable 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; reasonable. Bryant 9270. Pillsworth.

49TH ST. AND 5TH AV.—Housekeeping apartment, two rooms, kitchenette and bath; luxuriously furnished; special Summer inducements; $125 per month; immediate occupancy; can be seen today. Plaza 645.

51ST, 333 WEST—Three rooms, bath, furnished, housekeeping; elevator, Circle 6640.

55TH ST. AND 5TH AV.—Furnished apartment of 3 bedrooms, living room and bath to sublet during July and August to responsible party at $110 monthly, although worth much more, so that present tenant may not lose good lease. Phone 793 Hanover.

55TH ST., 37 WEST—Apartment, exquisitely fur

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

104TH ST. AND MADISON AV. (Northwest corner)—A 7 and 8 room apartments to lease from Oct. 1; annual rental $1,200 to $1,800. Apply 23 East 124th.

GRAMERCY PARK Section—This week will close balance 3-2 room, kitchenette, studio apartments; cooperative basis; saving over 40% rental; investigation invited; references required; terms to responsible parties. Lownsbery-Gage Co., 507 5th Av.

LEXINGTON AV., (624 St.)—Five-story, 14,000 feet; also East 86th St., 8 rooms, bath; $1320. Phone Plaza 3974.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,085—6-room apartment, all improvements; janitor.

MADISON AV., 961—Entire floor for doctor or business; also 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; near 76th St.; reasonable.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8TH AV., 606—FLOOR FOR BUSINESS OR HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT. AP-PLY ON PREMISES.

9TH AV., 736—Six rooms at $40; no steam heat.

10TH, 129 WEST—Fifteen minutes from downtown; one, two room suites; studio lockers; electricity, steam, fireplace; trees, grass.

10TH, 668 WEST (The Chimes)—Splendid location, unobstructed view, 5 rooms, bath, steam; $75; will be redecorated throughout.

10TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; new building. Donovan, Cortlandt 4636.

10TH, 87 WEST—Two rooms and bath, housekeeping. See agent, on premises.

10TH ST., 17 WEST—Studio and bath, north light; part furnished; possession; no objection; open fireplace. See Superintendent.

10TH, 214 WEST (Subway) — Five-room apartment, electric light, hardwood floors; $100.

11TH ST., 157 WEST—Elegant 5-room apartment, newly renovated; $65 monthly.

11TH ST., 140 WEST—Parlor floor, steam heat, electric light, 12-foot floor, bath, telephone; suitable for physician.

12TH, 107 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; reasonable; immediately. Mrs. Gorbals.

12TH ST., 137 WEST—3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $1,000. Apply Owner, 280 Madison Av., Room 810. Phone Vanderbilt 857.

13TH, 214 WEST—Two and four room fully equipped housekeeping apartments; extra large rooms; elevator; chef in building; also maid service, if desired; all conveniences; most residential location; rent $1,000 and up. Inquire on premises.

13TH, 137 WEST—Leases from July 15 and Aug. 1; 2 and 3 rooms and bath; high class; seen afternoons, including Sundays. Mr. Eckhring.

14TH ST., 67 WEST. (2,345 Broadway)—Immediate possession, 8 rooms 3 baths, Duplex; first floor; $2,800; concession for Summer. Owen L. C. Earle, Agent, phone Schuyler 2700.

14TH, 9 WEST (Near Park)—Entire parlor floor, suitable for physician; lease 3 years; electricity; rental $2,800 per year. Cusack, 176 West 72d St.

15TH ST., 211 WEST—Beautiful entire floor, kitchenette, bath; now vacant. Riverside 2437. Also one large room, kitchenette, alcove.

15TH, 317 WEST—Five or seven rooms and bath; possession immediately and Oct. 1. Apply Apt. 3C.

16TH ST., 307 WEST (Corner Riverside Drive) —Ready for occupancy Aug. 1, one and two rooms and bath, kitchenette. Agent on premises. Tel. Academy 2884. Slawson & Hobbs.

16TH ST., 321 WEST (Drive)—Two rooms, kitchenette; every convenience; $100; Sumner rate.

16TH ST., 306 WEST.

Two large, light rooms and kitchenette; all improvements; exceptional value; seen between 3 and 5 P. M. Hayward, Broadway and 100th St.

17TH ST., 534 WEST (Between Morningside Drive and Amsterdam)—Eighty elegant two, three, four, five room apartments to be sold on co-operative basis; prices, $1,600 to $5,200; large loan if unobjectionable; references required; investigation invited. Lownsbery-Gage Co., 507 5th Av.

18TH ST., 534 WEST—Seven rooms; sixth floor; elevator, telephone; all modern improvements; near Broadway, subway, Columbia University.

18TH, 418 WEST—High-class elevator; 5 rooms; $90; possession. Cortlandt 3061.

18TH ST., 416 WEST—Have lease for one year for modern 6-room apartment, 2 doors from Riverside; rent on lease $80; present rent $120 per month. Call Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

19TH, 601 WEST—Choice four-room front elevator apartment; immediate possession.

19TH ST., 716 WEST—6 rooms and bath, top floor; $90; all improvements; immediate possession.

19TH ST., 736 WEST—3 to 6 rooms, $65 up; possession. Wadsworth 9236.

20TH, 540 WEST (Corner Audubon Av.)—High-class house, 3-rooms and bath; $40; 2 floors; immediate possession.

Apartment Bargains—We offer apartments all descriptions, reasonable rentals, whose owners, leaving city, will sell, lease and furniture, cheap. Pierre, 220 West 42d St.

1ST WASHINGTON AV., 454—Nathan Hale, 181st, high class, elevator; 7 rooms, suitable for physician, $175; 6 rooms, newly decorated, $200; possession. Wadsworth 9236, Cortlandt 8961.

MANHATTAN AV., 512 (Corner 121st St.)—Seven large rooms; all improvements; $100.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40 (Corner 118th)—5-6 large, light rooms, elevator; 7 rooms, suitable for physician, $175; 6 rooms, newly decorated, $200; possession. Wadsworth 9236, Cortlandt 8961.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 40 (Corner 118th)—5-6 large, light rooms, elevator; 7 rooms, suitable for physician, $175; 6 rooms, newly decorated, $200; possession. Wadsworth 9236, Cortlandt 8961.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790—6 beautiful outside rooms, strictly fireproof, building; block from subway, bus; to small refined family; must be seen to be appreciated; for immediate possession. Odell, Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, CORNER 135TH ST.—Six-room apartment, all rooms, including kitchen and bath, facing river and Drive; also three rooms; possession now.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—High-class 8 rooms, 2 baths, corner apartment, facing Drive; immediate possession. Phone Orchard 9770.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE — High-class 6-room apartment; immediate possession. Phone Orchard 9770.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 704 (168th)—Suitable physician; six rooms, ground floor, $175. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452—Three rooms, elevator apartment. See Superintendent.

SHERMAN AV., 221—Three, all outside rooms, kitchenette, elevator, modern improvements. Supt.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—One 4-room apartment left in association of high-class owners on co-operative plan, saving 30 per cent; comfort, privacy, with every convenience private home; references required. Lownsbery-Gage Co., 507 5th Av.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—2, 3, 4 & 5-room apartments, $1,800 to $4,000; new fireproof house; elevator; hall service; business and social references required. See Superintendent on premises, Van Voorst Apartments, 123 Waverly Place.

WEST END AV., 738 (86th)—6 outside rooms, all light and airy; electricity, telephone; express subway; $125.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,408 (at 170th St.)—3 and 4 desirable rooms in Crystal Dwellings. See agent.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

8TH AV., 704—Six-room apartment, all modern improvements, facing Prospect Park; immediate possession; lease. Superintendent, on premises.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

Will rent one apartment in two-family house, New Rochelle, to American family of adults; seven rooms, bath, all improvements; garage; lease $125 month; no agents. D 764 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Apartment wanted, married couple, Christian; preferably three rooms, bath; kitchenette; electricity, gas, furnished or partly furnished; Washington Heights, Fordham, Long Island; wanted September, but will take sooner if reasonable price; references exchanged. H 110 Times.

Gentleman, 31 years old, would like to share small apartment or two-room suite with refined American bachelor of about same age; permanent; location, West 82d to 87th St.; state particulars. B 286 Times.

Beginning October, young business man and wife desire two rooms, bath and kitchen; nicely furnished; references given. J. R. Hall, 1 Broadway.

WANTED — Two or three-room furnished apartment for middle-aged couple and son. Upper Manhattan section preferred. Address F 1365, Times Annex.

Want to buy, cash, completely furnished apartment; reasonable. Answer W 67 Times.

Mother and adult son desire small furnished apartment for Summer; west side preferred; reasonable; references. C 96 Times.

Three adults want 6-8 room apartment; below 110th; $100. Columbus 1378.

Will purchase large furnished apartment or house for roomers. G 68 Times.

Unfurnished.

List your apartments and houses for sale or rent with us for quick results; extensive lists of reliable tenants waiting. J. Clarence Davies, 34 E. 42d St. Vanderbilt 4613.

Apartment wanted on lease; four or more rooms; west side, preferably Drive section. S 2280 Times Annex.

Couple wishes 6-room apartment, West Side, below 110th St.; rent about $1,500; three to five-year lease. W 86 Times.

Seven-room apartment or small private house. A 283 Times Harlem.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

80TH (Corner Lexington Av., 168)—Exclusively for women; $9 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $11 weekly up; room with private bath, $15 weekly up; cosy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 133 EAST—Front parlor with alcove; running water, bath, telephone; $12.

30TH ST., 40 EAST—DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHEN PRIVILEGES.

32D ST., 108 EAST—Well furnished room; call after 5 P. M. Darling.

34TH, 48 EAST—Attractive single rooms, newly remodeled; Summer rates. Vanderbilt 5915.

37TH, 18 EAST—Large front room, all conveniences, private bath; central location.

41ST, 6 EAST—Small rooms, convenient to bath, $8 and $10 week; also large airy room, running water, $15 week; business people; references.

44TH, 9 EAST—Unfurnished or furnished, lease 15 months, half floor, by Delmonico's; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen; enormous closets. Payson Merrill, Murray Hill 5300.

60TH, 118 EAST—Bachelors; large rooms, running water, electricity; subway; $10-$12.

90TH, 15 EAST—Room, adjoining bath, $45; also two rooms. Jasinto Hotel.

84TH, EAST—One, two or three, baths; references. Telephone Plaza 7079.

89TH ST., 128 EAST—Parlor, with bedroom, twin beds; running water, telephone; subway.

91ST ST., 102 EAST—Large room, running water, electricity; refined; private house; references.

93RD, 1 EAST—Unfurnished or furnished, lease 15 months, half floor, by Delmonico's; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen; enormous closets. Payson Merrill, Murray Hill 5300.

96TH, 118 EAST—Bachelors; large rooms, running water, electricity; subway; $10-$12.

96

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, $30 TO START; POSITION OFFERS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY CAPABLE OF TAKING ENTIRE CHARGE OF SET OF BOOKS AUDITED EVERY SIX MONTHS; OFFICE IS PERMANENT; INSURANCE MORE FAVORABLE CONSIDERATION; PLEASANT, QUIET OFFICE; MAKING GOOD BRINGS SURE INCREASE IN SALARY. S 668 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, young lady for stock books in large wholesale houses; must be neat, bright, with good education; rapid, accurate and good penman; address in own handwriting, giving age and experience; high grade position required; good chance for advancement. F 673 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, EXPERIENCED IN DOUBLE ENTRY, KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY REQUIRED; GOOD REFERENCES AND PLEASING PERSONALITY REQUIRED. MEIGS FULFWOOD COMPANY, 10 EAST 46D ST.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; must understand double entry bookkeeping; excellent chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting stating age and salary expected. Box 256 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, and stenographer and general office experience preferred; office assistant employed; state age, experience and salary, or call 9 a.m. Fulitiss Bros., 47 Broadway, near Spring.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, and stenographer, capable of taking charge of small office. Answer in own handwriting. W 66 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced in sheet house, to begin; getting charge of office. Stamonis & De Mots, 6-8 East 13th St.

BOOKKEEPER; must be thoroughly experienced trial balance, controlling accounts, correspondence; none others need apply. 16 West 37th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER for woolen house; good position. Herman Alexander, 112 East 19th.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; must have experience in controlling accounts. T. L. Florin, 400 Broome St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and TYPIST, with experience in general office work. A. Butler & Co., 512 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER. Competent to take trial balances; state salary required. C 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced by importing house; salary $50. W 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, assistant for branch office of large corporation; good opportunity; $30 to start. W 64 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, for insurance broker's office; good position for right party. S 601 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, of steamship, steady position. I. Berger, Broadway at 146th St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Must have executive ability; dress line. Skudowitz, 130 West 29th.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of checking accounts; write, stating age, salary and experience. S. C., 320 Tribune Building.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, typist. Apply Birgany & Sloat, 65 Washington St., N. Y. C.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; call Wednesday. International Audit Co., 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer. Irving Judia, 108 Park Av., Room 2064; call 10-11.

CAFETERIA MANAGER.
CAPABLE WOMAN MANAGER FOR HIGH-CLASS CAFETERIA SEATING 100; ABOUT TO BE OPENED BY A COMMERCIAL AND TOURIST HOTEL OF 300 ROOMS IN A NEW ENGLAND CITY OF 45,000 POPULATION; MUST HAVE EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE AND BE ABLE TO SECURE AND ORGANIZE COMPETENT FORCE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. Z 2305 TIMES ANNEX.

CASHIER, for high-class apartment hotel; must be thoroughly experienced and competent. See Mr. Hawley, Hotel Ashton, 53d st. and Madison Av.

CASHIER—ONE WITH CLERICAL EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. WALLACH BROS., BROADWAY AND 30TH ST.

CASHIER, EXPERIENCED RETAIL CLOTHING STORE. APPLY JOS. HILTON, 343 BROADWAY.

CASHIER wanted; must have A1 references. Apply A. S. Beck, 2,561 3d Av.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS wanted; competent white person for small family in Bronxville, Westchester County; state age, references and wages expected. Address O. M., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York.

CHAMBERMAID for one lady; must have best of references. Apply after 10 a. m. 987 5th Ave.

CLERICAL WORKER in office of large manufacturing concern; must be neat and bright; salary to start $18, with quick advancement; good hours; closed all day Saturday during the Summer. Call F. Jacobson & Sons, 580 Broadway.

CLERICAL WORK—Intelligent woman for interesting clerical work; experience unnecessary; exceptional opportunity for educated woman willing to start at $15 weekly with every chance for advancement. C 767 Times Downtown.

CLERK and typist, experienced, of neat appearance; splendid chance for advancement. Call Current History Magazine, Room 1796 Times Building, Times Square, N. Y.

CLERK-TYPIST—Young lady who has had some experience; $20 to start; required at once; give telephone number if possible. G 935 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE STUDENT or Teacher for vacation volume library work position; splendid experience, healthful; $182 for 2 months. Write S., Box 29, 125 East 34th.

COMPANION for lady, permanent, very light duties, refined surroundings; salary $16 monthly. 579 Broadway, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y. Telephone Hastings 781.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR—Large automobile company, near Columbus Circle, wants experienced operator; permanent position, good salary for conscientious, intelligent worker. W 62 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, with billing experience preferred; permanent position; good chance for advancement. Mill Factors Corporation, 254 4th Av.

COOK.

Young woman not over 35, to do plain cooking in employes' lunch room for girls; salary $18 per week to start.

Apply at
MANHATTAN,
1,158 Broadway, cor. 27th St.,
8 A. M. to 3 P. M.
BRONX,
370 East 150th St.,
9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

COOK and assist with housekeeping, Woodmere, Long Island; high wages; permanent; two in family. Call 10 to 4. Sailing, 310 West 86th St., New York.

COOK and Working Housekeeper—One who can thoroughly manage a home for small adult family. Apply Leonard Miller, 16 Whitehall St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR,
accurate and rapid typist, knowledge of general office work desirable; a suitable woman possessing these qualifications will be assured of a permanent and paying position with a manufacturing concern located near 135th St. subway express station, Brooklyn; C. S., 910 Broadway Building, New York.

DESIGNERS.
Jay-Thorpe, Inc., 24-26 West 57th St., requires several millinery designers who can fill requirements of finest trade. Apply at temporary workrooms, 136-146 Madison Av., 15th floor.

DESIGNER HAND-MADE BLOUSES; ONE WHO IS CAPABLE OF PRODUCING ORIGINAL AND DISTINCTIVE STYLES; GOOD OPENING FOR RIGHT PARTY. BOX 256, CABLE BLDG.

DESIGNER, experienced on high-class women's neckwear; fine opportunity to right party; high salary. D. D., 423 Times.

DESIGNER, ON GEORGETTE BLOUSES; SALARY NO OBJECT TO RIGHT PARTY. DARE WAIST CO., 33 W. 34TH.

DESIGNER, cotton waists, one with experience only. Rosenthal Bros., 44 West 18th.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

Splendid opportunity for refined young lady; good salary and surroundings; state experience, salary and telephone number.
D. E., 672 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—Unusual opportunity for bright girl who is familiar with the Dictaphone. Every chance will be given to develop along business lines. To the girl who can qualify, there's a permanent position with S. Silkowitz & Son. Closed Saturdays—open Sundays until 1 P. M. Call only at 290 Broadway, Room 632.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—Wanted, a girl with a good education plus a knowledge of the Dictaphone. That's all you need to earn $30 a week. We advance our girls rapidly if the brave can do. Write us all about yourself. S 611 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—If you want a first-class position with a good salary and a chance for advancement write us fully about your schooling and your experience. We pay $25 a week; more if you develop satisfactorily. W 16 Times.

ELLIOTT-FISHER—Experienced operator, one who can use adding machine attachment, willing to work; hours 9 to 5, desired by christian firm; experienced only will be considered. Room 410, Buick Building, 1,137 Broadway, New York City.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR,
EXPERIENCED ON PLAIN MACHINE IN LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY. BOX 257, 209 CABLE BUILDING.

FILE CLERK, PREFERABLY ONE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF LIBRARY BUREAU SYSTEM. I. TANENBAUM, SON & CO., 510 8TH AV.

FILE CLERK, experienced in subject filing for large corporation; state experience, education, age, salary. N 717 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, experienced, capable worker, for simple filing system, with growing export firm; salary commensurate ability. Apply Dayton, Price & Co., 408 Lexington Av.

FORELADY.
Capable woman to take entire charge of Jay-Thorpe, Inc., millinery workrooms, at 24-26 West 57th St.; must be experienced in similar field; exceptional opportunity. Apply at temporary workrooms, 136-146 Madison Av., 15th floor.

FRENCH YOUNG GIRL WANTED.
One who knows her own language thoroughly and enough English to translate from the latter into French and who can use the typewriter. Apply to
MR. BOUVET,
Butterick Building,
Cor. Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

GIRLS.
SCHOOL GIRLS.
When choosing a vocation upon which to enter when you have finished your school work, you should consider that one which offers you the best future.
LONG-DISTANCE TELEPHONE OPERATING
OFFERS
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
STEADY ALL YEAR ROUND WORK.
PROMOTION.
Rapid expansion and increase in business create positions of responsibility, which are filled by promotion from the ranks on the basis of merit.
PAY.
The rate of pay is $15 at the start, with frequent and regular increases for merit, and length of service; additional pay is given for special hours. In a short time an operator can earn from
$20 TO $25 PER WEEK.
(MINIMUM AGE, 16 YEARS.)
AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY.
MAIN FLOOR,
24 WALKER STREET.
Two streets below Canal, near Broadway.

GIRLS.
WE ARE IN A POSITION TO PLACE GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OF AGE AS
CLERKS,
PACKERS,
ORDER PICKERS,
GENERAL WORKERS.
ONLY THOSE SEEKING PERMANENT POSITIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED. NO VACATION WORKERS.
THE STARTING PAY IS GOOD. ADVANCEMENT RAPID.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
28 WASHINGTON STREET,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

GIRLS OVER 17,
to learn paper pattern folding; pay $15 weekly while learning; put on piecework after three or four weeks; in two months can earn $18 to $22.
Apply to
The Butterick Publishing Company,
64 W. 23d St., N. Y., corner 6th Av.
McCreery Building, 3d floor.

GIRL FOR
SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT
McCLURE'S MAGAZINE
EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; HOURS 8:30 TO 4:30; SATURDAY 12:00. SATURDAY 12:00 HOURS APPLY
MR. MOOK, 10TH FLOOR, 76 5TH AV., NEAR 14TH STREET.

GIRLS
LEAVING SCHOOL.
OPPORTUNITIES TO EARN
$17.75 A WEEK
($15 a week during the first month).
RAPID ADVANCEMENT TO $100 A MONTH.
APPLY AT
1,158 Broadway, N.Y., cor. 27th St.

GIRL, work in film department, Christian firm; previous experience desirable, but not essential; good hours, good conditions, permanent position. Pathescope Co., 35 West 42d.

GIRLS, LIGHT ASSEMBLY.
Clean work, pleasant surroundings, part day Saturday.
U. S. ELECTRIC MFG. CORP.,
476 BROADWAY.

GIRL, bright, for filing, mailing and miscellaneous work in busy office; good opportunity for capable person; state experience and salary. Z 2369 Times Annex.

GIRL—Age 16, to hang up coats and suits in show room. Salary $16. David J. Goldman Co., 1328 B'way.

GIRLS, light colored, as ushers. William Fox, Audubon Theatre, 108th St. and Broadway.

GIRL—Clerical work; experienced only apply; references. Aero Waist, 58 West 25d.

GIRL, candy clerk, experienced. Apply Mr. Richards, 220 W 42d.

GOVERNESS to boy (8); Adirondacks; must understand physical care. Stern, 923 St. Nicholas Av., Audubon 3194.

GRAPHOTYPE OPERATOR.
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED OPERATOR FOR LARGE PUBLISHING HOUSE; HOURS 9-5; HALF DAY SATURDAY. CALL WEDNESDAY. MRS. SHEUBECK, 11TH FLOOR, 119 WEST 40TH ST.

HOUSEKEEPER—Middle-aged woman, 3 to 5 daily, bachelor apartment, West 10th St. Phone Stuyvesant 6850, 6 to 7 P. M.

HOUSEWORKER, general, good cook; family of 3; white; in sitroom apartment; good wages to refined girl; references required; no agencies or colored help. Telephone for appointment 1165 Schuyler. Strauss, 810 West 180th.

HOUSEWORKER, middle aged woman, white, for housework, in family of two; small house. Apply Campbell, 65 East 17th St., Room 602, between 12 and 1:30.

HOUSEWORKER—Steady place in country, near New York; small, refined family; good wages; for particulars telephone Columbus 7163. Mynatt, 65 Central Park West.

HOUSEWORKER—Part time, afternoons preferred; to get dinner; two in family; references required. Higgins, 260 West 88th. Tel. Circle 6300.

HOUSEWORKER (Far Rockaway) — White girl; three in family; small house; no laundry; wages $30. Tel. 3148 Far Rockaway.

LADY, intelligent, well educated, for welfare work with educational association; salary $1,500-$2,000 and bonus. B 560 Times.

LEDGER CLERK, accounts receivable, must have experience and be accurate; permanent position; hours 8:30 to 5:30. P. O. Box 847, City Hall Station.

MESSENGER.
Jay-Thorpe, Inc., require several experienced messengers in their millinery workrooms at 24-26 West 57th St.; splendid opportunities for advancement. Apply at temporary workrooms, 136-146 Madison Av., 15th floor.

MESSENGER desired by export house; salary $60 month. V 867 Times Downtown.

MILLINERY—MODELS AND SALESLADIES IN HIGH-CLASS LADIES' HAT HOUSE; EXPERIENCE ESSENTIAL. HAWAK, 41 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY.
SEVERAL EXCELLENT OPENINGS FOR
MAKERS,
PREPARERS,
LEARNERS
ON FINEST GRADE TRIMMED HATS.
"THE HARL."
982 6TH AV.

MILLINERS.
IMPROVERS AND APPRENTICES.
Jay-Thorpe, Inc., require a number of milliners for permanent positions in their new building at 24-26 West 57th St.; good salary, 44-hour week. Apply at temporary workrooms, 136-146 Madison Av., 15th floor.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON DRESSES; LONG SEASON, GOOD PAY.
J. M. SILVERMAN,
2 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 18.
TALL, STYLISH, ATTRACTIVE, FOR HIGH CLASS DRESS HOUSE; LONG SEASON; SALARY $35. APPLY ALL WEEK.
MANNIE SOLOMON CO.,
31 E. 21ST ST.

MODELS.
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON SIZE 18
JUNIOR COATS IN SHOWROOM.
A. PORTFOLIO & CO.,
1,328 BROADWAY.

MODELS,
EXPERIENCED ON DRESSES;
ATTRACTIVE; SIZE 16.
CORONET COSTUME CO.,
30 WEST 32D.

MODELS.
Several good looking models;
SIZE 36;
STEADY POSITION. SALARY NO OBJECT. APPLY ALL WEEK.
NAT GOLDSTON & CO.,
54-46 EAST 21ST ST.

MODELS, SIZE 12.
ATTRACTIVE GIRLS TO TRY ON COATS IN SHOWROOM.
A. PORTFOLIO & CO.,
1,328 BROADWAY.

MODEL, SIZE 18.
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY.
HIGH CLASS DRESSES.
M. & H. RENTNER,
2 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS, STOUT SIZE 43½, BUST 46; LONG SEASON.
MAJESTIC COSTUME CO.,
45 WEST 26TH.

MODELS.
TALL, STYLISH
YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16 AND 38; GOOD POSITION. CALL ALL WEEK.
WEINGARTEN & BRUCK,
30 EAST 33D ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
ATTRACTIVE; LONG SEASON.
MAJESTIC COSTUME CO., 45 WEST 26TH.

MODELS SIZE 16 AND 18.
SAMPLE AND SHOWROOM; STEADY POSITION. GOOD SALARY.
APPLY ALL WEEK.
ABE MILLMAN,
20 WEST 33D ST.

MODEL, SIZE 16, FOR CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; MUST HAVE PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE WITH LARGE CONCERN; MUST KNOW TRADE WELL; STEADY POSITION TO RIGHT PARTY; STATE PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE. BOX 411, 209 CABLE BLDG.

MODEL, SIZE 36.
STYLISH YOUNG LADY,
IN CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE.
S. L. SILVER & CO.,
6 EAST 32D ST.

MODELS.
STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 34, WANTED FOR SHOWROOM IN MISSES' SUIT HOUSE; HIGHEST WAGES; LONG SEASON. APPLY ALL WEEK. A. DAVIS & SONS, INC., 15 EAST 32D ST.

MODELS, ATTRACTIVE,
SIZE 16; LONG SEASON.
SIEGEL LEVY CO., 45 WEST 25TH.

MODELS,
JUNIORS, 10 AND 36; CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; LONG SEASON. GOOD PAY. APPLY ALL WEEK.
RITTER BROS.,
1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
Attractive young ladies in misses' dress house; must be tall; steady position, good pay; experience not essential; call all week.
GORTE & OTTINGER,
1 East 33d St.

MODELS, SIZE 16
STYLISH, TO TRY ON COATS AND SUITS
STEADY POSITION
WILLIAMSBURGH MANUFACTURING CO.
12 WEST 32D STREET.

MODEL—Attractive young lady, experienced as showroom saleslady, for cloak house; all year round position. Supreme Manufacturing Co., 19 West 24th St.

MODEL—STYLISH YOUNG LADY; SEPARATE SKIRT HOUSE; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MUTUAL SKIRT CO., 134 WEST 37TH ST.

MODELS, MISSES, SIZE 16, TO TRY ON COATS AND SUITS; LONG SEASON, GOOD PAY. APPLY I. GROSSMAN & SON, 28 EAST 20TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16;
SALARY $25-$40;
COAT AND SUIT HOUSE.
COHEN-EDELMAN, 45 WEST 21ST.

MODEL.
Tall, stylish young lady; permanent position.
A. TRAINA & CO.,
148 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS WANTED, SIZE 16; EXPERIENCED IN MISSES' SUITS; GOOD PAY. LONG SEASON. REISS & GOLDSTEIN, 39 WEST 20TH.

MODELS,
attractive; size 16; for high-class dresses; good salary. Apply all week, Simon, 44 East 23d St.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
attractive; long season; call all day. Buskerman & Bolley, 130 West 25th.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
Neat and attractive young lady for dress house. Perley-Gilbert, 15 East 26d.

MODEL,
size 16, for cloak and suit house; permanent position. Rothblum-Goldberg, 36 West 20th.

MODEL, SIZE 16, TO TRY ON SUITS IN SHOWROOM; LONG SEASON. SCHRANK & FRANKEL, 145 WEST 30TH.

MODEL, STYLISH, PERFECT 16; SUITS AND COATS. MAER & BRAHMS, 261 5TH AV.

MODELS WANTED FOR LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE. PHILCATS CO., 1170, 11 EAST 36TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
ATTRACTIVE, FOR SHOWROOM, EXPERIENCED WITH LADIES' SUIT HOUSE; LONG SEASON; GOOD SALARY.
ROSENSCHEIN BROS.,
11-13 EAST 26TH ST.

MODELS, size 16, for showroom dress house. Harris Blumenfeld & Co., 19 W. 24th.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Woman of refinement to assist in care of three small children and housework; no cooking. Telephone Mrs. Bush, Kingsbridge 942.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR,
WHO IS FAMILIAR WITH ADDRESSOGRAPH MACHINE.
J. D. BOOTH & SON,
35 WEST 32D ST.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.
Steady position, convenient hours, satisfactory salary. Manhattan Petticoat, 8 West 20th St.

NURSE for one-year-old child; Summer at White Plains. Apply at my office, 46 East 14th St. Telephone Stuyvesant 6094. Mr. W. S. Barbe.

NURSE, experienced, for two and half year child; good wages. Apply Wednesday morning, Apartment 6-E, 281 West 89th.

NURSES wanted; practical women for institution work; $50 monthly. Home for Incurables, 183d St. and 3d Av.

NURSES, graduate and undergraduate, for private sanitarium. Apply Dr. Left, 20 West 114th.

NURSE—Trained infant nurse for twins; experienced; reference; highest wages to satisfactory party. Z 2371 Times Annex.

NURSE (governess), refined, two boys, six and eight; assist household; seashore. Inquire after 10, Gluck, 158 West 27th.

NURSE—Infant's; experienced; English preferred; references. Tuesday, 1,116 Nilsen Av., Far Rockaway, L. I.

NURSE wanted for 6 months baby; good wages; references required. H. W. Hut, 600 West 115th.

NURSE, three afternoons, 2-year-old boy. Jenney, 825 Amsterdam Av. Schuyler 8130.

NURSES—graduates, $85 monthly; full maintenance free; day quiz. Melrose 3886.

NURSE, UNDERGRADUATE, FOR COUNTRY WORK. 420 EAST 76TH.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Young lady, bright; must be good penman and accurate at figures.
L. M. BLUMSTEIN,
3D AV. AND 150TH ST.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
A graduate of either high school or business college who possesses a knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography and typewriting; good penman, accurate at figuring, neat dresser. G 99 Times.

OFFICE OR DEPARTMENT MANAGER—A woman of intelligence and refinement, with nine years' experience as manager of an office employing eleven people, seeks a position of trust where energy, initiative and strict application to business are requisites; best references. C 77 Times.

OFFICE GIRL—Bright young girl to answer telephone and general office work; knowledge of typewriting and stenography preferred; good opportunity for advancement. Apply 9:30 A. M., Butterfield-Barry Co., 54 Varick St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT
Good salary to start, general office work. Knowledge of typing preferred.
THOMAS PORNER & BROS.
114 WEST 27TH.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young woman for office work; no experience necessary; salary $12 to start; excellent chance for rapid advancement. C 766 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Typist in office of publishing house; state age, salary and experience. V 860 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK and typist, accurate and reliable, apply at once, 420 E. 59th St.

OPERATOR on Moon-Hopkins billing machine, large wholesale cotton goods house; permanent position right party; state experience, references, salary wanted. B. C., 295 Times.

OPERATORS—Hollerith key-punch operators, experienced or inexperienced. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

PATTERN FOLDERS.
Experienced paper pattern folders wanted; steady; no dull season; guaranteed salary; can earn $35 to $40 per week.
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.,
24 Hubert St., N. Y. C. (4th floor). Three blocks north of Franklin St., on 7th Av. Subway or 9th Av. "L."

PRIVATE SECRETARY.
President of large corporation desires the services of a young lady familiar with secretarial duties; must be a good stenographer and a knowledge of the steamship and export business would be advantageous; this, however, is not essential; no ordinary stenographers wanted, and only those accustomed to the duties of a secretary need apply; in your reply please give some details, such as salary expected, age and outline of previous experience. V 851 Times Downtown.

PUNCH OPERATOR wanted in office of prominent fire insurance company; Hollerith system used. Apply by letter stating experience, qualifications and salary desired. S 636 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN, SHOES, FOR DOWNTOWN EXCLUSIVE SHOE STORE; ONE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF HOSIERY PREFERRED; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY AND EXPERIENCE. SALARY EXPECTED. G 966 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESWOMAN—MILLINERY
thoroughly experienced for yearly position.
JONAS, 44 WEST 57TH STREET.

SEAMSTRESS capable of altering theatrical wardrobe. Apply Room 315, 1,493 B'way.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, young lady thoroughly acquainted with stenography and typewriting, knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; Christian firm. Caswell Motor Co., 75 East 130th.

STENOGRAPHERS—American Express Company has several good openings for experienced stenographers; salary to start, $75 to $110. Call Personnel Bureau, 65 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER—Large motion picture corporation desires stenographer with ability and initiative; position permanent; advancement; state experience, salary desired, &c. W 78 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted in real estate office; few years' experience necessary; pleasant surroundings; state age, experience and salary. G 50 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, with insurance brokerage experience; good opportunity. Write in detail, stating experience and salary. S 674 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Permanent position for experienced, capable young lady; start $25. Glasner's, 3d Av. at 163d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted for dress house, to assist bookkeeper; state experience and salary. Write D., 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER who can take and correctly transcribe her notes. Apply Mansfield Piano Company, 152th St. and Willow Av., near Cypress Av. subway.

STENOGRAPHER, take care of small busy office; must understand bookkeeping; office detail; must be accurate. W 86 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Must be competent and accurate, able to take regular dictation. Apply Auditor, Hulett Motor Car Co., 1,884 Broadway (at 52d St.)

STENOGRAPHER—Must be experienced, quick and accurate; salary $25; excellent opportunity for advancement. Warren Products Co., 295 Canal St., near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, familiar with billing and discounts; ability to determine salary; write, stating experience and salary expected. D. H., 490 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING; EXCELLENT POSITION OPEN. SEAMAN HAT CO., 401 LAFAYETTE ST.

STENOGRAPHER; excellent opportunity for an experienced girl manager large Christian wholesale house; initial salary $25. City Hall P. O. Box 1135.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, experienced, wanted in wholesale silk house. Apply after 9 A. M., with references. Strauss & Co., 531 6th Av., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, high school education and two years' experience essential; pleasant offices; permanent; $25. Write fully, W 53 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Must have at least 3 years' practical business experience; references required. Call Office F. and W. Grand, 6 East 14th.

STENOGRAPHER—Large downtown financial institution required several bright, wide-awake stenographers for permanent positions; good opportunity. Box 911 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, experienced, capable of meeting buyers; pleasant appearance essential; Hosiery Co., 38 West 32d St. Phone Pennsylvania 1815.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, export; by permanent position and advancement. Room 804, 160 5th Av. Chelsea 2992.

STENOGRAPHER for two months; capable handling office details; state experience, age, salary and nationality. S 907 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.
Experienced, for permanent position with manufacturing corporation near Hunters' Point Station, Queensboro subway and Long Island Railroad; salary $25 to start; give full particulars in first letter. Address Stenographer, Box 48, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHERS, thoroughly experienced young women, energetic and willing, by Christian firm. Apply Room 410, Buick Building, 1,137 Broadway, New York City. Salary $100 a month.

STENOGRAPHER.
Permanent position in executive offices of large Christian corporation near Madison Square; must be able to take dictation rapidly and transcribe notes accurately; excellent opportunity for capable woman, with good salary to start. W 65 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
First-class experienced young lady for general rapid dictation; position can be developed into something worth while for conscientious, rapid worker; salary $27; opportunity for advancement; state age, religion and experience. Box J A 674 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT,
FOR PERMANENT POSITION.
INTERTYPE CORPORATION,
Room 805, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST wanted, a thoroughly efficient stenographer and typist, in the advertising department of a large house; permanent position with rapid advancement for suitable applicant. Apply in own handwriting stating experience, salary and religion. S 880 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY TO SALES MANAGER OF TEXTILE MANUFACTURING CORPORATION; SALARY TO START $25; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. BOX 412, 209 CABLE BLDG.

STENOGRAPHER, must be competent and had several years' experience; permanent position, with Christian wholesale house, near City Hall; write fully giving experience and salary expected; advancement. C 765 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - DICTAPHONE GIRL—Experienced, competent dictaphone girl wanted by Baker & Taylor; the right girl will be well paid and given every opportunity for advancement. Call only at 280 Broadway, Room 638.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST—An opening exists for an experienced and efficient stenographer; old established business house; permanent position with advancement. Apply in own handwriting stating experience, salary and religion. S 880 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Excellent opportunity for neat, refined young woman in high-class business offices; must be quick worker and thoroughly dependable. Apply by letter only, giving references and salary expected. Wm. Filene's Sons Co., 225 5th Av., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, growing concern desires competent young lady take dictation and do billing; good opportunity; only those experienced need apply; salary commensurate; call between 9 and 11. National Hair Goods Co., 346 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.
SECRETARY.
Above two good openings in downtown insurance company; good opportunities; write experience, salary and age, S. S. S., 320 Tribune Building.

STENOGRAPHER—Spanish-English, experience absolutely essential; quick and accurate, willing worker; remuneration according to ability. Apply personally, 11-2, Boza & Co., 28 West 25d St.

STENOGRAPHER—Intelligent girl of good family for combination position, stenographer and arranging flowers for high-grade hotel in the country. Apply to P. O. Box 440, Greenwich, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER, quick and accurate; excellent opportunity for advancement. Elias Surut, 670 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, quick typist, good position to right party. Charles Green Co., 98 Lafayette St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, possessing initiative. Elevator Supply Co., Inc., 15th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT—One who has experience in woolen houses preferred. 372-4th Av. (4th floor).

STENOGRAPHER—Bright beginner wanted in uptown office; $15 per week to start. C 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER SUBSTITUTE
office assistant, experienced; part time preferred. Godfrey S. Mann, 1,169 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; state age, experience, references and salary. H 157 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, permanent position with brokerage; Christian firm; state salary and experience. C 771 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in iron and steel house; state experience and salary desired. F 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted in patent law office. 61 Broadway, Room 2412.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate; pleasant surroundings, with Christian concern; $100 a month. C 761 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for Christian firm, shipping office; $25 weekly. 17 Battery Place, Room 315.

STENOGRAPHER, experience necessary; quick, accurate and neat. Call room 219, between 11 and 12, 10 Bridge St., N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER—Neat, accurate girl. Call 10 A. M. Moss Bros., 1,133 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHERS, two, wanted; experience not essential. S 888 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with experience. Apply Room 1007, 141 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, salary $18. Call Thomas Moffa, 235 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER for real estate office; salary $15. Horace, 30 Cortlandt St.

STOCK GIRLS.
NEAT, LEGIBLE WRITERS.
A. SULKA & CO., 512 5th Av.

STOCK GIRLS.
Jay-Thorpe, Inc., 24-26 West 57th St., requires experienced stock girls, accustomed to cutting and giving out work; excellent opportunity for girls that have worked in highest-class houses. Apply at temporary workrooms, 136-146 Madison Av., 15th floor.

SUBSCRIPTION SOLICITORS — Young women; exceptional opportunity; salary and commission. See Mr. Rabin, Jewish Tribune, 143-145 West 35d St.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
The New York Telephone Company requires several young women to operate pay stations at office buildings and railroad terminals; age 17 to 25; central office experience preferred; salary to start $15; rapid advancement. Apply in person between 9 and 11 A. M., or by letter.
Grand Central Palace,
Lexington Av. and 46th St., N. Y. C.
Public Telephone Department,
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—YOUNG WOMAN TO OPERATE SWITCHBOARD AND TO ASSIST IN GENERAL OFFICE WORK; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY WANTED. S 694 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, five wires; 6:45 to 11:45 P. M.; good pay. Miller, 1,650 Broadway.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR on Monitor board, also do typing. Apply Quick & McKenna, 290 Broadway.

TELEPHONE operator and information clerk, $18, apply at once, 420 E. 59th St.

TYPIST.
A large downtown concern requires two expert typists for straight copy work; good hours and pleasant surroundings; initial salary $23; advancement as ability warrants; state age, religion and experience. J. F., 881 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, BY CHRISTIAN FIRM, FOR BILLING DEPARTMENT WHOLESALE HOUSE; SALARY $20; POSITION PERMANENT. ADDRESS V 859 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST—Competent and experienced, wanted in offices of large commission concern; pleasant surroundings and situated downtown, overlooking the Hudson River; salary $25 per week. C 769 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Attractive permanent position near Columbus Circle for one accustomed to typing financial statements or similar work consisting largely of figures; must be neat and accurate. G 116 Times.

TYPIST—Intelligent young woman; interesting and varied work; dictaphone taught if desired; advancement; Christian firm; hours, 9 to 5, 1 o'clock Saturday; state age, religion, experience. V 858 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Young lady who wishes to connect with reliable firm; must be rapid and neat; good chance for advancement. Call The Palmolive Co., 76 Grand St., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, experienced in filling-in and addressing work; good salary and bright prospects. S. & M. Multigraphing Co., 136 Bible House.

TYPIST, rapid and accurate; permanent position; write, stating experience, salary and religion. T. D., 962 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS—Experienced; insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address F. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

TYPIST—Must be quick, accurate and willing. Call Room 210, between 11 and 12, 16 Bridge St., N. Y. C.

TYPIST, experienced; Christian firm; associate and bond dept.; $1,200. Room 1,229 Broadway.

TYPIST, stenographer; mountain inn; $15, board for services. C 473 Times.

WOMAN.
A GOOD HOME AND A COOL, PLEASANT SUMMER ON SMALL CONNECTICUT FARM AWAITING FOR A WOMAN WHO CAN COOK AND SEW; SMALL FAMILY; NO HOUSEWORK. MISS HELMRICH, 76 5TH AV., NINTH FLOOR.

WOMAN to take care of apartment; only one who understands light cooking and who will appreciate a good home need apply. 527 West 78th St.

WOMAN, well educated, with teaching experience preferred; educational welfare work; guaranteed salary $1,600 and bonus. C 40 Times.

WOMAN—Telephone and elevator operator wanted. Apply to Superintendent, 64 West 107th St.

WOMAN for clerical work. Write, stating age, salary and experience, S. G., 320 Tribune Building.

WOMAN, capable, to assist in cafeteria and tea room. 943 5th Av.

YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN SHOWROOM OF HIGH-CLASS LADIES' HAT HOUSE. RAWAK, 48 WEST 38TH.

YOUNG GIRL as shipping clerk

HELP WANTED—Male.

FOREMAN—Patent medicine plant in New York City requires capable man to manage and help in laboratory; must also be able to mix preparations; state qualifications, former employment, and salary desired. P. S., 6 Times Downtown.

HOUSE SALESMAN, YOUNG MAN, experienced in selling notions; state age, salary expected. Address Sales, Box 139, Madison Square.

INVOICE CLERK in iron and steel house; state experience and salary desired. F 617 Times Downtown.

JOURNAL MAN.
Excellent opportunity, preferably student of accountancy, experienced on journal credit and debit work. Apply
THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA COMPANY,
120 BAY ST., JERSEY CITY.
Take Hudson Tube to Grove St., Station.

KNITTER—Wanted, an expert knitter with Frank Ix & Sons, Ltd., to operate hose machine. Address with references, Woodard, Clarke & Co., Portland, Ore.

LABORERS wanted; wages $4 a day. Apply to Woodlawn Cemetery, 233d St. and Web ster Av.

LAPIDIST, thoroughly experienced in modern calibre cutting; expert in fitting and matching stones; a very satisfactory position is offered to a man with this ability; replies confidential; apply by letter to H. O., Box 60, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMAN (schbreider) acquainted with cutting up trade; commission. Box 414, 309 Cable Bldg.

LEDGER CLERK, 20 to 25 years old; must be well and accurate in work; Christian house; state salary; require good recommendation. B 10-7 Times Annex.

LEDGER CLERK, accounts receivable; must have experience and be accurate; permanent position; hours 8:30 to 5. Apply P. M. B., P. O. Box 347, City Hall Station.

MACHINISTS, FIRST CLASS.
UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR SEVERAL YOUNG MEN OF CHARACTER AND PERSONALITY WHO ARE ACTIVE AND RESOURCEFUL AND HAVE HAD EQUAL TO A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION.

AGE 25-35.

GOOD SALARY TO START AND POSITION PERMANENT FOR YOUNG MEN OF RIGHT CALIBRE; SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS MUST MAKE SHIP AT THEIR RESIDENCE IN NEW JERSEY.

GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER.

AMERICAN CITIZENS ONLY NEED APPLY
Z 2291 TIMES ANNEX.

MACHINIST—EXPERIENCED MAN AS MOULD MAKER, GENERAL MACHINIST AND TOOL MAKER BY SMALL NEW YORK ELECTRICAL FACTORY PREPARING TO EXPAND; REASONABLE SALARY TO START, ADVANCING WITH RESULTS AND GROWTH OF COMPANY; CAPABLE, HARD WORKER CAN WIN FINE POSITION; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, FORMER POSITIONS, AND ALL OTHER PARTICULARS. C 105 TIMES.

MAN, 30 to 45 years, to pack and ship in a printing concern; no experience necessary. G 971 Times Downtown.

MAN—Wanted to communicate with reliable and practical man to manage shirt and overall factory in the South; applicant must have had prior experience. Furnish references. Z 2326 Times Annex.

MAN for card room, colored, who has experience in waiting and serving drinks. H 167 Times.

MEN—One each day licensed engineer and night quarter, seven-day men for office building. Apply Mr. Kennedy, 1,780 Broadway, City.

MEN wanted for life insurance collectors and solicitors; guaranteed salary and commission. Prudential Insurance Co., 1,135 Broadway, 26th St.

MEN experienced on covering fancy boxes; steady employment. Jacob Goldfian, 645 Kent Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MULTIGRAPHER — Young man, experienced; salary $90 a month to begin. Apply Room 410, Buick Building, 1737 Broadway, New York City.

NIGHT CLERK, experienced, for high-class apartment hotel; must be well recommended. See Mr. Wesley, Hotel Ashton, 993 St. and Madison Av.

NURSE—Under graduate or orderly wanted. Apply at once, Beth Abraham Home, 612 Allerton Av. Phone Olinsville 702.

OFFICE MANAGER wanted for large factory manufacturing electrical tools; also manager for small tool department of large company selling small tools; only thoroughly competent, efficient and able man should apply; state experience and salary wanted. E 682 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.
Bright, neat appearing boy, public school graduate, in Christian mercantile house; very good opportunity for advancement. Apply Lambert Trading Company, Inc., 18 East 21st St., Room 502.

OFFICE MAN (25); experienced in sales and order routine; capable of assuming responsibility and working on his own initiative; $120 a month. C 760 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY to make himself generally useful in export office; good opportunity to learn business; state age and salary expected. S 690 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 17 to 18, required by large printing concern; state age, nationality, education, experience and salary desired. S 655 Times Downtown.

OPERATION LAYOUT MAN;
PREFER A MAN WITH PLANT EXPERIENCE
TO CHECK UP OPERATIONS ON PRODUCTION, WITH LARGE MACHINE SHOP IN GREATER NEW YORK.
BOX 309, 200 CABLE BLDG.

PACKER, experienced on tires preferred; also clean-cut man to wear uniform and act as quarter and service men in adjusting department of large corporation. Apply Mr. McDermott, 1,780 Broadway, New York City.

PACKER.
UNDERSTANDS HANDLING GENERAL MERCHANDISE. ADDRESS GENERAL BOX, 189 MADISON SQUARE.

PAINTERS, automobile; wanted men with general experience as color varnish finishers and rubbers; very good opportunity for men with right qualifications. Chevrolet Motor Co., Tarrytown, New York.

PAINTER—Automobile body varnish finisher; prefer man who can stripe; steady position and good pay for capable man on high-grade work. W 76 Times.

PHYSICIAN WANTED.
N. Y. licentiate must be experienced in G. U. office work. Address for interview B 793 Times.

PORTER—A man capable of keeping an automobile show room clean, including care of cars, windows, etc. Apply in person, Saturday afternoon, July 10th. Mr. Johnson, 1,920 Broadway.

PORTER for general work in publishing business; permanent; must have long record of honest service. Apply 3d floor, 119 West 40th.

PORTER, colored; to do packing and all around work in factory. Apply J. Grossman & Son, 38 East 30th.

PORTER, for light work in studio. Fauser, 378 4th Av.

PORTERS. Apply tenth floor, McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av. and 36th St.

ROSE BUDDER, thoroughly experienced; good wages. Peterson's Rose Nursery, Fair Lawn (near Paterson), N. J.

RETOUCHERS wanted, photo; half-tone tool finishers. Howard-Wesco, Co., Worcester, Mass.

SALESMEN calling on Italian grocery and drug trade to sell medicinal Ferro China Bitters; no license required; liberal commission. Fialla, 135 West 17th St., N. Y. C.

SALESMAN, experienced in curtain drapery and house furnishing lines, to call on large department stores; salary and expenses. F 648 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN TO CARRY A LINE OF LADIES' SILK UNDERWEAR FOR CITY AND OFFICE TRADE; SALARY AND COMMISSION. S 302 TIMES.

SALESMEN for automotive fabric supplies for New York district; must have following; commission and drawing basis. World Rubber Products Co., 23 Washington Place.

SALESMEN wanted for side line of laces on commission basis only; all territories open outside of New York and New Jersey. Z 2361 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, live wire; must have trade on children's colored dresses and middies; open territory on commission basis. M. J. Talianose, 113-115 Prince St.

SALESMAN, out of town territory, to carry line of ladies' and men's hosiery; commission basis; write particulars. Miller Hosiery Co., 104 5th Av., City.

SALESMAN—Resident man for jobbing line of muslin underwear, children's dresses, &c.; South and West preferred; commission basis only. Chas. Steiner, 651 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell fine line of leather handbags and pocketbooks; commission basis only; all territories for a side line. Box 436, 309 Cable Building.

SALESMAN wanted by importing concern; must be generally experienced in selling to wholesale and retail millinery trade; salary basis. White Sully, 2 E 13th Times Annex.

SALESMAN - MANAGER, retail clothing store, nearby city; big opportunity for the right man; state experience, references, salary, &c., confidentially. S 2578 Times Annex.

SALESMEN to sell nationally advertised product to the retail grocery trade; state experience and salary expected. S 699 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN with following on high-class line of bill folds; experienced only; strictly commission basis. Apply A. Wellner & Sons, 95 Walker St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN

Did you ever stop to consider how much you are worth?

Are you getting your real value out of your work?

Perhaps you have attempted selling a mediocre article with indifferent success. You know in your heart you can make good with something salable backed by a responsible organization. If you have the confidence, we have the goods.

The New Era Mfg. Company headed by Mr. Robert R. Updegraff—is producing and marketing a checkwriter offering maximum protection at a minimum cost. Their selling methods are clean and well defined.

Our men are thoroughly coached by a staff who have been through the mill from whom they receive every possible assistance and they are paid a fair drawing account against commissions.

Come in and talk it over with us.

NEW ERA MFG. CO.
Mr. J. H. Dunkell, 9th Floor, 450 4th Av.

SALESMEN, EXTRA.

STERN BROTHERS,

WEST 42D STREET,

Require several experienced

SALESMEN

for MEN'S CLOTHING.

Apply After 9 A. M. to the

Superintendent's Office, 6th Floor.

SALESMEN.
The U. S. A. PHONE is sold to business men in offices, stores and factories.
We need two high-grade, experienced men for New York City, at once.
If you are looking for a permanent position with a reliable concern, pleasant work, a chance to make real money on a commission basis, call Thursday or Friday between 9 and 12; ask for Mr. Stewart.
National Phone Co., Inc.,
242 West 41st St., 4th floor.
Phone Vanderbilt 4793, Ext. 5.

SALESMEN
Investment house handling only high class dividend-paying securities offers an opportunity to several keen men having selling experience, ability and personality. The exceptional offering that is being advertised at the present time and have a great many good leads for the right men. With liberal commissions and a chance to you should average $500 to $1,000 or more per month; if you have selling ability and plenty of ambition, we will be pleased to have you call. Ask for Mr. Hanham, Room 413, 116 Nassau St., New York.

SALESMAN, ADVERTISING.
Animated window display, dignified, non-mechanical, needing medium of effectiveness, used by manufacturer and dealer, to concentrate attention to goods; suitable for any product; salesman who can produce action and ideas can earn unusual commission and perpetuate on re-orders. If qualified, call between 10 and 4, A. P. P. Co., Inc., 10 West 47th St., 5th floor.

SALESMEN.
Bookmen: Cordially invited to call and inspect ENTIRELY NEW Subscription Proposition, selling from $24 to $64. Strong general appeal. Nothing like it on the market; new scientific selling plans. We furnish names of buyers and first-class leads. An opportunity to make $200 weekly up. Consultation hours, Mr. Ballard, 59 Church St., Room 1954.

SALESMEN—We have an opening in our sales department for 1 or 2 clean-cut young men to sell electric appliances on commission; experience unnecessary as we drive your men to the prospects; we will assist you to earn money while learning. Apply Kalisher Electric Co., 288 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN—Two good silk salesmen with satisfied trade in cutting up silk line; drawing account against commission for right men; give full information in first letter. Write C. A., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

BOY — Experienced stock and general assistant; must be in silk trade; state references from last employer. The A. & J. Miller Co., 480 4th Av.

SALESMEN.
TWO MEN FOR CITY OR ROAD TO REPRESENT; ESTABLISHED CORPORATION SELLING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION; LEADS FURNISHED; COMMISSION, BONUS AND EXPENSES. APPLY 345 W. 36TH ST., 6TH FLOOR, AND SEE MR. RUSSELL.

SALESMAN—Well known cloth hat and cap manufacturer is open for first class salesmen to represent him in the Middle Western territory; only those that have a good following among the better class of trade will be considered; none others need apply; commission and suitable drawing account. S 386 Times.

SALESMAN wanted—Factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted; unquestionable; estimated subscriptions about $100 weekly; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Ask for Mr. Caldwell, care Re-tread Rubber Works, 217 West 40th St.

SALESMAN, beverage, wanted by long established manufacturer; experience in selling hotel, restaurant and club trade; state salary; interview will be granted only after writing application. None considered. Address Sales Manager, 241 Borden Av., Long Island City.

SALESMEN.
EXPERIENCED, FOR RETAIL CIGAR STORES; SALARY AND COMMISSION.
APPLY THURSDAY.
EMPLOYMENT MANAGER,
384 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN—An excellent proposition is offered an experienced muslin underwear salesman covering Southern territory with a well known concern with established trade; liberal compensation. All replies treated confidentially. S 381 Times.

SALESMAN-TRAVELING
by manufacturing jewelers, exceptional opportunity for one of first-rate ability attractive personality. Must have unquestioned references, expenses and commission. Jos. L. Herbon & Co., 45 Rose St., cor. Duane.

SALESMEN; stationery and printing; young men with experience and some following only active and ambitious parties anxious to advance themselves need apply; good salary and commission to right party. W 99 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.

The Krentzman Knitting Mills wishes to engage a high-class sweater; man with a following throughout the Middle West; salary and commission. 52 East 10th St.

MAN to carry line of jersey draw leggins and overgaiters; must be well acquainted with jobbing trade and department stores; commission basis. Hoffenberg & Son, 387 Hudson St., New York City.

SALESMEN—We require the services of three experienced butter and egg salesmen for New York City, Brooklyn and Jersey City; salary and commission weekly. Z 2376 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, attention! Opportunity to make real money is offered to high-class salesmen only for biggest and easiest seller in the art line of the year; commission. Call immediately. Mr. Malloy, 106 West 57th St.

SALESMEN—Several men calling on haberdashery and dry goods trade to carry a side line of advertised brand of men's garters; commission basis. S. M. Wertheimer & Co., 363 Union Sq. West.

SALESMEN to handle a line of decorated linen as side line to South, West and New England, on strict commission basis. Call National Lace Manufacturing Co., 625 Broadway, New York.

SALESMAN or Junior; must be of good appearance and highest of references. Apply only after 9:00. Lambert Bros., Third Ave. corner 59th St.

SALESMEN—Sell tires, rebuilt with Goodrich new materials, guaranteed 5,000 miles; beginners making $100 weekly commissions. Atex Tire Co., 1,476 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced in upholstery, curtain drapery and house furnishing lines; salary and expenses. F 648 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced selling millinery goods to retailers and trimmed hat trade; driving against commission. W 243 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in automobile supplies; salary. Richards Auto Supply Co., 231 West 59th.

SALESMEN—No stock; sell new patented article for automobile; sells like hot cakes; commission. 950, 15 Park Row.

SALESMAN, printing; exceptionally good position for right man; profit sharing basis. S 679 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED—Silk, only experienced need apply, straight commission. Sigmund Heyman, 387 Fourth Av.

SALESMAN, experienced in hosiery line, to sell our city and vicinity trade; commission basis. X 2371 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted by importers to sell beads; salary or commission. Pettigor-Branson Co., Canal 1290.

SALESMEN, food colors; those calling on bakery preferred; commission, drawing. H 166 Times.

SALESMEN—Dresses, five wire, acquainted with resident buyers and department stores; commission basis. Wiesen, 39 West 32d St.

SALESMAN with established auto accessory following; salary or commission; exclusive fabric lines. Box 415, 309 Cable Bldg.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.

We have room in a very successful sales organization for an earnest and ambitious man of good character, over 30; we will consider only a man with personality and who is suitable for permanent employment; selling experience not necessary; the successful applicant will be given a thorough training in salesmanship and insurance; we have made other men successful, doubling their earning capacity and opening for them a real future; we can do the same for you if you have demonstrated selling ability in other lines this is the opportunity you have been waiting for; substantial income on commission basis is assured, with increased earnings for the future. A. V. Carkhuff, 1 Scott & Scott, 516 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted; age 23-35, full of pep, to learn brokerage business; splendid opportunity; salary and commission. Apply Suite 804, 220 Broadway.

SALESMEN, traveling, to carry hair nets as side line; big seller; good commission. G 107 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced on clothes linings and cotton goods; commission. Box 428, 309 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN wanted on boys' and juvenile suits; on commission. G 802 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, experienced, for canvas coat fronts; commission. Box 425, 309 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN—Sell overalls on commission basis. R. A. Mendersohn, 467 Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, capable of taking entire charge of shipping dept. and stock in large wholesale grocery concern; salary commensurate with ability. Z 2375 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK,
thoroughly experienced in silk waist house; only those with higher references need apply. H. F., 389 Times.

SOLICITORS.
Insurance, stock, book, magazine or educational solicitors to demonstrate nonleakable 10-year guaranteed fountain pens to the business men of New York City. Only those capable of earning from $100 to $200 per week, commission, need apply. Call Wednesday before noon, Room 606 Flatiron Building.

SPECIAL
REPRESENTATIVE.
The ordinary salesman is not eligible for this vacancy in our organization; we require an unusually expert negotiator; the remuneration is commensurate with the high degree of sales ability essential in our business, which is a specialized advertising system; those writing will be of interest only to the $12,000 man, others will be wasting their time and ours; the liberal commission paid on new business and renewals has enabled some of our men to earn over $20,000 annually; in replying state details necessary for intelligent consideration of your application, including age; extensive travelling involved; give telephone number. W 27 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.

YOUNG MEN CAPABLE OF TAKING DICTATION RAPIDLY; MUST BE GOOD OPERATORS, NOT AFRAID OF LONG HOURS; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT WITH SALE OF STORES; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY. BOX 415, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

STENOGRAPHER AND CLERK—Young man as assistant to traffic man; one familiar with shipping; excellent opportunity; reply, state age, experience and salary, desired. C. Y., 510 Broadway Building.

STENOGRAPHER to take shorthand in English and able to write it both Enclish and Spanish; good opportunity for man with brains; $30 to start. J. L. Bailey & Co., 217 Church St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, one familiar with office work to assist in sales department; state qualifications and salary desired. P. S., 19 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man with a growing concern; good chance for right party; state age, salary and reference. W 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bright young man; $18 to start. Terry & Tench Co., Grand Central Terminal.

STENOGRAPHER, familiar with construction work; state age, experience, references, salary desired in first letter. W 64 Times.

STOCK AND BOND SALESMEN.
Well-recommended experienced or inexperienced security salesmen will find an unexpected opportunity to sell the security of a large, going financial corporation, increasing its working capital; member of direction of a board of directors of exceptional prominence in business and professional life; office in New York and New Jersey; it already pays 7% to investors and sure to pay much more when capitalization is completed; in addition to this particular security we are specializing in two others—one paying 11% and $2,000,000 sold and another paying 10% and $150,000 sold; commission only; make yourself known at once for interview. Irving Greene, Holmes & Co., Investment Brokers. Established 1893. 26 Cortlandt St., New York.

STOCK CLERK,
experienced dress house; must understand silks and take orders; satisfactory; bring references. Perles-Gilbert, 35 East 32d.

STOCK CLERK wanted for small tool and steel business; state experience and salary wanted. S 681 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Bright, energetic young man; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, salary expected. C 107 Times.

TOOLROOM FOREMAN WANTED.
A HIGH-GRADE MAN TO FILL THE ABOVE POSITION, AT PRESENT EMPLOYED AS TOOLMAKER, WITH A LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN OF INTERNATIONAL REPUTATION AND THE LARGEST OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD. APPLICANTS TO QUALIFY MUST BE MEN OF ABILITY AND EXPERIENCE IN HIGH-GRADE TOOLMAKING; MUST ALSO HAVE HELD SIMILAR POSITION WITH OTHER REPUTABLE CONCERNS; MUST HAVE EXECUTIVE ABILITY AND BE GOOD HANDLERS OF MEN. ONLY THOSE WHOSE CHARACTER AND ABILITY WILL BEAR THE STRICTEST INVESTIGATION NEED APPLY.
FACTORY LOCATED 250 MILES FROM NEW YORK CITY AND VERY PLEASANTLY SITUATED IN A THRIVING TOWN OF 15,000 POPULATION.
THIS POSITION OFFERS SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO THE RIGHT MAN.
Z 2299 TIMES ANNEX.

USHERS wanted; high school boys preferred. Apply to stage door, Rialto Theatre, 42d St. and 7th Av.

WAITERS; experienced, 25 cents an hour; steady work; busy place; best paying position in New York; white jacket, white apron. Riegn Restaurant, 47 West 33d.

YOUNG MAN—We have an unusual opening for a young man experienced in handling correspondence and general office work; one with knowledge of bookkeeping and good education preferred; must be active, aggressive, ambitious and willing to assume subordinate position while learning business. Address Box 48, Station G, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN—For office work, errands, and to assist in handling salesmen; good opportunity for ambitious young man; start at least 17 or over. Apply by letter only giving references and salary expected. Wm. Filene's Sons Co., 223 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 16 TO 18, TO DO CLERICAL WORK IN OFFICE LARGE MERCANTILE CONCERN; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY, STATING AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED, P. O. BOX 37, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

YOUNG MAN, 20-25; large wholesale toy concern has excellent opening in invoice department for one who is quick and accurate and ambitious to advance; state references, experience, age and salary. C 417 Times.

YOUNG MAN as estimator in wholesale steam and plumbing supply house; must have actual experience in this particular line; state salary expected, age. S 689 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20-25 years; excellent opportunity for ambitious young man to learn business; apply in own handwriting, stating past experience and salary expected; highest references required. L. T., 260 Times.

YOUNG MAN with commercial education and some experience to assist with routine work in sales office; rapid advancement if worth it; state qualifications and salary. Z 2368 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN,
packing and shipping department; good opportunity.
U. S. ELECTRIC MFG. CORP.,
476 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 21, wanted in bank, high school graduates preferred; a little experience required; state age, experience and salary expected. T 196 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, wanted in bank, high school graduate preferred; state age, experience and salary expected. T 197 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18-20, as clerk in custom house broker's office; must have good knowledge of the business. Apply Room 8, 85 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, with growing export firm; splendid opportunity; knowledge of typing necessary. Apply Dayton, Price & Co., 403 Lexington Av.

YOUNG MAN, recent high school graduate preferred, to take position with engineering company in New York City. Z 2374 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN—Exceptional opportunity; subscription solicitors; salary and commission. See Mr. Rabbi, Jewish Tribune, 145 West 23d St.

YOUNG MAN for office work; some experience office detail, truck delivery and shipping; state salary desired. H 914 Times Harlem.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN as shipping and stock clerk with curtain and cretonne concern; experience necessary. W 77 Times.

YOUNG MAN, bright, for stenographer in publishing office; good opportunity for beginner. Apply 14 West 50th St.

YOUNG MAN, 18, stock-shipping, wholesale laces, $15; advancement. Merk, 276 Canal.

YOUNG MAN, 20-22, having thorough knowledge of details of export freight shipping. Apply Room 206, 55 Broadway.

YOUTHS, 17.
JUST FINISHED SCHOOL. LEARN WHOLESALE MERCANTILE BUSINESS; ADDRESS MERCANTILE, BOX 149, MADISON SQUARE.

CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE.
Desirable connection offered a refined, educated, Canadian gentleman; with or without sales experience, with a New York financial house; salary and commission; write fully, giving telephone number. Box F, Room 201 Annex, 120 Liberty St., N. Y.

Instruction.

FREE VOCATIONAL COUNSEL.

LET US HELP YOU SELECT A PAYING BUSINESS PROFESSION.

Would you likt to know just what is standing in the way of your advancement—just what is necessary on your part to qualify for an important business position? As the largest business training institution in the world, we have counseled and helped more than 300,000 adults from nearly every walk of life, including corporation officials, business executives, department heads, managers, bankers, supervisors of correspondence, accountants and traffic managers.

Call or telephone for an appointment with one of our vocational counsellors. We will advise you fully and frankly what success we think is possible for you in the business world and outline a plan of procedure for you.

There is no charge whatever for this vocational counsel. It has proved invaluable to hundreds of cases to be worth thousands of dollars.

Telephone Bryant 8220.
Dept. 1 Vocational Counsel.
LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
112 West 42d St., New York.

DON'T MORTGAGE YOUR FUTURE.
by wasting the best years of your life in a job for which you are not fitted. You can't get on in real success until you have found the work for which you are logically adapted. Our Vocational Counselors can, from the study of the face, determine your natural abilities and the vocation in which you will achieve the greatest success and happiness. Our advice is based on proven scientific laws. It is definite and specific and has helped thousands to find their true business. Come in and let us explain in detail how we can help you. Booklet "K" on request. Morton Institute, Inc., 96 5th Av. (at 13th St.). M. 1. Tel. Chelsea 4054.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities; write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CLERKS, to train under certified public accountants for $2,000 to $6,000 openings as cost accountants, auditors and executives; new home-study plan; satisfaction guaranteed. C. E. Towle, 906 Tribune Bldg., N. Y. C.

ACCOUNTANCY—New Summer classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Market Value," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 59th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes; no increase in rates.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visit our 5 pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.
C. P. HASSON, Pres. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Mgr.
U. S. Realty Building,
115 BROADWAY.
Exclusive employment agents for many of the leading concerns of New York.
SECRETARY—$200 month and expenses for service in the Malay Peninsula with foreign office of a large export house; must be a thoroughly qualified stenographer and must be able to handle and audit complete set of books; good opportunity to the right man.
DRUG CLERK—Registered in the State of New Jersey; $50 per week; must have New Jersey license and competent to take full charge of drug department of brand new store in large New York suburb; only thoroughly experienced men will be considered.
RETAIL CREDIT MAN, $40-$50, experienced in credits in trade of well known N. Y. hat manufacturer; permanent, with opportunity for betterment to acceptable man.
DRAFTSMAN—$2,000 month; power house experience necessary; work involves concrete and hydro-electric machine drafting; good firm offers advancement to qualified man.
BOOKKEEPER—$40; able to take full charge of complete set of books; personality and appearance essential; printing and publishing trade also necessary; progressive accountants, offering advancement with high pay after ability is proven.
TRADE ADVISER—$2,000 and traveling expenses for service on three-year contract to Lima, Peru; intelligence, appearance and clerical experience and import knowledge will generally determine fitness of applicant; must be able to speak Spanish.
TYPIST — $23 to start; experienced young man for export department of large uptown manufacturing concern; very good opportunity; must be filled at once.
EXPORT MAN—Downtown concern; knowledge of Spanish, correspondence, shipping, &c., also a good working knowledge of D. B. bookkeeping; very good opportunity.
ASSISTANT RACK MAN — $1,000-$1,800; large downtown bank, night force; must operate adding machine; very good opportunity.
STENOGRAPHER—$1,200; downtown coal company; man with three or four years' experience, also detail work; very good opportunity.
STENOGRAPHER, Secretary, $1,200; downtown engineering concern; high school education, three or four years' secretary experience; very good opportunity; must be filled immediately.
BOOKKEEPER—$35-$30; downtown concern; must be capable of assuming full charge; very good opportunity.
MAIL CLERK — Experienced man to take charge of mailing dept. in a large downtown concern; prefer a middle-aged man experienced in this line; salary about $25, with a chance for advancement.
JUNIOR CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.
STENOGRAPHERS—$18-$25, according to experience; assistant bookkeepers, $20-$25; clerks, $18-$23; junior clerks, $15-$17. Over 50 positions open in this department.

"NATIONAL"
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St., New York City.
THE LARGEST AND OLDEST EMPLOYMENT AGENCY IN THE WORLD HANDLING EXCLUSIVELY THE HIGHER GRADES OF BRAIN WORKERS
Established 1909.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
CONTROLLER-OFFICE MANAGER—Must be thorough accountant and systematizer and have had experience with high grade retail outfitters; exceptional opportunity to qualified young executive, about 35; Christian firm. 5th Av., $5,000.
ASSISTANT PURCHASING AGENT—Experienced in buying oil tank equipment, pipe, construction materials, &c., for oil company; $3,500-$4,000.
COST ACCOUNTANT—(30-33); able to take charge cost dept. large mfr., Syracuse, system already installed; fine opportunity young married man; $3,500.
TRAVELING ACCOUNTANT — Experienced on audits for public utilities and industrial concerns; headquarters N. Y. C.; expenses and $225 month.
FACTORY ACCOUNTANT—Able assume supervisory duties, large modern factory, near Newark; must understand mfg. processes; raw stores accounts, factory costs, &c.; well educated; good personality, future; start $3,000.
FACTORY ACCOUNTANT—Sound mfg. cost experience, able study and instal systems where needed, take active charge factory accounting, Brooklyn, large future possible; start $3,000.
CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.
NIGHT WORK—11-8 (4) young men for cashier work; no experience necessary; $100 month.
YOUNG MAN, experienced in express rates and light shipping; $20-$25.
YOUNG MEN (2), for Bronx; excellent positions leading to accounting.
STUDENT ACCOUNTANT, or young man who wants to get into cost accounting; no experience necessary; $21.
YOUNG MAN—Credit department; $20.
CLERK—For figuring and compilation work; $100 month.
YOUNG MAN for stock record work; $22.
TYPIST of good appearance; will devote part of time filling on customers; $23-$24.
PRODUCTION CLERK for planning dept.; experienced; $22-$25.
STOCK CLERK—Experienced in auto parts; $1,200-$1,500.
COST CLERK FOR HOBOKEN—One or two years' experience; H. S. or college man; $24.
Call 9-1; Room 715-721.
THE "NATIONAL"
30 Church St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

BUICK 1920 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1919 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1919 SEDAN.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "48" TOURING.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "66" TOURING.
STUTZ 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
STUTZ "SPECIAL" BEARCAT SPEEDSTER
Time Payments and Trades Considered.
BRENNER, 2124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 10 P. M.

BUICK, 5-passenger, 1918, Summer and Winter Rex sedan top, which cost $475; all new cord tires; car perfect; sacrifice $1,250. Evenings, Carpenter, 409 West 150th (Apartment 65).

BUICK, LATE 1917, $875, balance $375, ten monthly payments, new car guarantee; free instruction given. Elgin Six Agency, 351 East 149th St., Bronx.

BUICK 6-cylinder coupe, $800. Also 4-passenger Chummy Roadster, $950. Cash or time payments.
151 West 68th, near Broadway.

BUICK touring, 1917, with Winter and Summer top; in excellent condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., 12 West 62d St.

BUICKS, 1919, 1920, TOURINGS, Roadsters, Black 238-548 West 54th St.

BUICKS, 1919-1918 touring and roadsters; bargains; open evenings. 216 West 58th.

BUICK 1919, perfect; new paint; bargain. Coott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC 57 SPORT, 4-PASS.
CADILLAC 57 TOURING, 7-PASS.
CADILLAC 57 VICTORIA.
AUSTIN 1920 LANDAULET.
CRANE SIMPLEX HEALY LIMOUSINE.
AUSTRIAN DAIMLER 4-PASS. SPORT.
CHANDLER 1918 DESPATCH.
MARMON 1919 CROWN.
M'FARLAN 1919, 4-PASS.
MERCER 1920 SPORTING, 4-PASS.
MURRAY 1918 SPORTING, 4-PASS.
NATIONAL 1919 SPEEDSTER.
OLDSMOBILE SPECIAL, 4-PASS.
PACKARD 1919 FLEETWOOD COUPE.
PACKARD 1919 3-25 SPECIAL SEDAN.
PAIGE 1920 4-Pass. Sport and Sedan.
PHIANNA 1918 4-pass. Sport and Sedan.
RIVERS 1920, 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1920 and 1919, all models.
100 Other Cars on Display.
ALL CARS GUARANTEED 4 MONTHS.
BURRELLE'S AUTO SHOW,
1,680 Broadway, at 53d St. Phone Circle 8252.
OPEN EVENINGS.

CADILLAC 1920 PHAETON.
MERCER 1920 FOUR PASSENGER.
PIERCE 1920 MODEL TOURING.
CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1919 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
2,000 BROADWAY (66TH). Columbus 3000.

CADILLAC 1919 Touring, 7-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 Amesbury Sedan.
CADILLAC 1917 Sedan.
PACKARD 1918 Sedan.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood Town.
STUTZ 1919 Touring, 6-passenger.
LOBELL-ABORN, 237 W. 55TH ST.

CADILLAC, 7-pass. Touring, 57 series; exceptional appearance and mechanical condition; 4 new cord tires.
CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
Cor. 59th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5300

CADILLAC, limousine brougham, 57 series; interior French velour; tires, paint like new
CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
cor. 59th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5300

CADILLAC "8," GENUINE LIMOUSINE LANDAULET; looks like new; new car guarantee; cash or easy terms. Haynes Agency, 351 East 149th. Melrose 10062

CADILLAC 1918, Model 57, seven-passenger touring in perfect condition; big sacrifice. Owner, Far Rockaway 4230, for demonstration.

CADILLAC, 1918, 4-pass., exceptional condition; any demonstration. Engt. Columbus 2127.

CADILLAC, late 4-pass. sport; splendid condition throughout; any inspection; exceptional bargain. OWNER, Schuyler 8080.

CADILLAC 1918 7-passenger touring; exceptional bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC "57" roadster; excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th Meyer.

CADILLAC 1918—Dubbie tourer touring; bargain. Cook & Marconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC 57 coupe, beautiful condition; bargain. Inspect at 123 West 64th, Meyer.

CADILLAC, latest model 57 sedan. Stark, 32 West 62d. Columbus 4900.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

CADILLAC, 1919, 7-pass. touring.
PACKARD, 2-35 sedan, Dunham body.
OLDSMOBILE, 1920, 7-pass. touring.
WILLYS-KNIGHT, 7-pass. touring.
DANIELS, 1919, 7-pass. touring.
MARMON, 1918, 7-pass. touring.
STUTZES, 1919, 4-pass. and roadster.
MERCERS, 4-pass. speedster and runabout.
MURRAY, 1919, 7-pass. touring.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE,
902 7th Av., Cor. 58th. Circle 1904.

CADILLAC "57" town limousine; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1917 4-pass. touring; completely overhauled; open evenings. 216 West 58th.

CADILLAC Amesbury sedan, perfect; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1916 "M" 4-passenger sport. Cook & Marconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC VICTORIA.
Mr. Best, Circle 5191.

CHANDLER, sedan, 1920 model; cord tires. Curry, 514 West 146th. Audubon 5790.

CHANDLER 1920 touring, Royal cord tires; slip covers; many extras. Tremont 535.

CHEVROLET LATE 1918, $340, balance $350, ten monthly payments; touring, new car guarantee; free instruction given. 351 East 149th St., Bronx.

CHEVROLET baby grand touring, 1920, like new, perfect mechanical condition; good rubber. 2207 Wadswor

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The Northwest Missouri disturbance of Monday night has moved to Southwest Michigan, with increased intensity, and low pressure prevails generally over the interior districts east of the Rocky Mountains. In the extreme Northwest pressure is considerately high.

Showers and thunderstorms were general in the Plains States, the Central Valley, the upper lake and western lower lake region, and over the Gulf States and the South Atlantic States, except the Eastern Carolinas, and there were also thunder showers in the extreme Northwest. Elsewhere the weather was fair.

It is cooler in the Northwest and warmer in the Far West, with a maximum temperature of 112 degrees at Phoenix, Arizona.

Over the remainder of the country temperature changes were irregular and unimportant.

There will be showers with numerous thunderstorms Wednesday in the lake region, the Ohio Valley, the East and South, reaching the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts by Wednesday night and probably continuing Thursday in New York and New England and the south portion of the Eastern Gulf and South Atlantic districts, while to the northward of these latter sections generally fair weather will prevail Thursday.

Temperature changes will not be of consequence.

FORECAST TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Western New York—Thunder showers Wednesday, Thursday probably fair, except showers east portion.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Thunder showers Wednesday afternoon or night and probably Thursday.

Northern New England—Showers Wednesday in Vermont and Wednesday or Wednesday night in New Hampshire and Maine. Thursday showers.

New Jersey—Showers Wednesday or Wednesday night. Thursday partly cloudy south, showers north portion.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	65	76	4 P. M.	77	80
6 A. M.	64	77	7 P. M.	76	76
9 A. M.	70	78	9 P. M.	74	72
12 M.	75	80	11 P. M.		72

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 78; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 73.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67; at 8 P. M. it was 76. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees at 1:20 P. M.; minimum, 64 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 64 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 60 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.05 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30 inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Weather forecast: Tex.—Partly cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; cooler in n. Wed.

Mo.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; not much change in temp.

Wis.—Partly cloudy, continued cool, Wed. and Thurs.

Minn.—Partly cloudy Wed. Thurs., fair; continued cool.

Iowa—Partly cloudy, continued cool, Wed. and Thurs.

N. and S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; not much change in temp.

Neb.—Unsettled Wed. and Thurs.; possibly showers in w.; not much change in temp.

Kan.—Partly cloudy and unsettled Wed.; not much change in temp.

Mon.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; not much change in temp.

Wyo.—Unsettled, probably showers in e. Wed., and in s. e. Thurs.; not much change in temp.

N. C.—Thunder showers Wed. Thurs. probably fair.

S. C.—Local thunder showers Wed. Thurs. probably fair.

Ga.—Local thunder showers Wed. Thurs. fair in n., thunder showers in s.

Fla.—Local thunder showers Wed. and Thurs.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.

1:25—35 W. 4 St.; Veatty Bros. ..Not given

1:30—Hudson River front bet. 106 and 107 Sts. (railroad ties). N. Y. C. R. R. ..Slight

2:00—143 Orchard St.; Morris Frank..Slight

8:20—1,580 B'way; Geltner Bakery..Not given

9:45—288 Amsterdam Av.; A. Darcy. ..Not given

11:50—Front of 328 W. 11 St.; (auto) Allied Trucks Co. ..Not given

11:56—2,025 Grand Concourse; Paul Ganberg ..Not given

P. M.

1:15—6 Av. and 37 St.; (auto) Texas Oil Co. ..Not given

2:15—165 Ludlow St.; R. Higman..Not given

5:20—Gouverneur and Division Sts.; (lot) ..Slight

5:40—161 E. 84 St.; Zenaida Bros., (chimney) ..Slight

6:15—255 Bowery; Hyman Glimes ..Slight

7:00—238 3 Av.; Chas. S. McGowan..Slight

9:22—304 E. 119 St.; (chimney); Jacob Fisco ..Slight

9:30—141 Duane St.; James Gordon...Slight

9:40—171 St. & Sedgwick Av. ..Slight

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The Bureau of Navigation today issued the following orders:

Ellison, Comdr. Theodore G., command U. S. S. J. Fred Talbot, to command U. S. S. Little.

Gaddis, Comdr. William F., U. S. S. Georgia, to conn. f. o. U. S. S. Wasmut and on board when commissioned.

Narton, Comdr. Edmund R., suptg. construction Torpedo Boat Co., Portsmouth, N. H.

Roberts, Comdr. Frank H., command U. S. S. Dale, to conn. f. o. U. S. S. Branch.

Barnes, Lt. Hal W., U. S. S., Eagle 12, to U. S. S. Rowan.

Bealer, Lt. Frank F., Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa, to R. S. San Francisco, Cal.

Bitsch, Lt. Roscoe C., U. S. S. Rhode Island, to conn. f. o. U. S. S. Nitro.

Dolpins, Lt. Julius D., U. S. S. Goldsborough, to U. S. S. McCalla.

Devines, Lt. Quentine O., U. S. S. Vermont, to U. S. S. Charlotte.

Early, Lt. Alexander B., U. S. S. Satterlee, to comm. f. o., U. S. S. Dallas.

Flynn, Lt. Cornelius W., U. S. S. Hatfield, to U. S. S. Bancroft.

Forster, Lt. Guido F., U. S. S. Wadsworth, to U. S. S. Schenck.

Godfrey, Lt. Vincent M., U. S. S. Dale, to U. S. S. Abel P. Upshur.

Handley, Lt. Thomas B., U. S. S. K-4-P, to U. S. S. R-20.

Higgins, Lt. Louis C., U. S. S. Charlotte, to conn. f. o., U. S. Fyre.

Johnson, Lt. Amni L., U. S. S. Idaho, to Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa.

Jones, Lt. Richard H., U. S. S. Thomas, to U. S. S. Goldsborough.

Keady, Lt. William F., U. S. S. Lardner, to U. S. S. Mayfield.

Liebenow, Lt. Forest K., U. S. S. Billingsley, to U. S. S. Foote.

Lindblad, Lt. Axel, U. S. S. Ellis, to U. S. S. Wadsworth.

Maher, Lt. Stuart A., U. S. S. Case, to U. S. S. Herbert.

O'Brien, Lt. Francis X., U. S. S. Bagley, to U. S. S. Meredith.

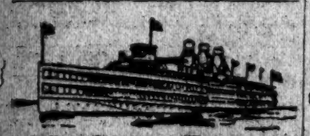
Richards, Lt. Frederick G., command U. S. S. Anthony, to U. S. S. Grant.

Shelland, Ensign Finley, Jr., U. S. S. Wyoming, to U. S. S. H-1.

Thebaud, Lt. Comdr. Leo H., U. S. S. Dickerson, to conn. f. o. U. S. S. Herndon.

Tillery, Lt. Comdr. Benjamin F., command U. S. S. Isherwood, to command U. S. S. Dale.

Carbit, Lt. Edwin J., Nav. Aircraft Stereshouse, Gloucester, N. J., to Mar. Barracks, Parris I'd, S. C.



Hudson River By Daylight

DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY.

"Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," "Albany."

Direct Rail Connections. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.

Daylight Saving Time

Steamer leaves daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 9:00 A. M.; West 42d St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:50 A. M., landing at Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.

Also steamer leaves daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 10:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain (West Point and Cornwall, except Sundays), Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and return to West 42d St.

Also on Saturday afternoons steamer leaves Desbrosses St., 1:40 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:50 P. M., for (Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point and Catskill.

(Return steamer same day from points marked †.)

32nd (One-Day Outing).

Telephone Canal 0900.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Desbrosses St. Pier New York

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
High water	12:35	12:43	12:39	12:48	2:10	2:41
Low water	6:26	6:45	6:49	7:16	5:31	6:03

THE SUN.

Rises.	Sets.
A. M.	P. M.
5:31	8:30

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Bergensfjord	Bergen	June 23
Minnekahda	London	June 25
United States	Christiania	June 23
Turrialba	Kingston	June 30
Western Knight	Suez	June 4
Norman Bridge	Tampico	June 27
Nicholas Cuneo	Port Antonio	June 30
Munindies	Cuba	June 29

DUE TODAY.

Duca d'Aosta	Naples	June 23
Madonna	Marseilles	June 20
Northern Pacific	Thameshaven	June 30
Abocoon	Gibraltar	June 14
Algerian	Brixham	June 10
Muskete	Manchester	June 11
Volumnia	Liverpool	June 19
Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Western Star	Antwerp	June 17
Toronto	Antwerp	June 13
Galileo	Hull	June 16
Saluda	Antwerp	June 21
Vauban	Liverpool	June 26
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	July 5
Colon	Colon	June 29
Lancastrian	Antwerp	June 22

DUE TOMORROW.

Touraine	Havre	June 30
Carrillo	Colon	June 30
Anglo-Chilean	London	June 26

DUE FRIDAY.

Advance	Colon	July 1
Allaguash	Antwerp	June 26

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Netherlands, Germany.
West Caruth, Monrovia	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Liberia, Beccondee.
L. Monroe, S. Domingo	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Dominican Republic.
Maracaibo, Curacao	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Curacao, Venesuela, La Romano, San Pedro de Macoris, Santo Domingo City.
Gen. Hodges, Pt. de Paix	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Cape Haiti.
Gen. Gorgas, Port au Prince	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti, Panama, Salvador, Nicaragua, &c.,

SAIL TOMORROW.

Dremore Castle, Cape Town	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Africa
Frederik VIII., Christiania	11:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Latvia, Germany, Lithuania, Finland.
St. Michael, Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil, Iquitos, Pernambuco, &c.
Canopic, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Azores, Italy, Gibraltar.
Olympic, Southampton	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Saliust, Pernambuco	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil, Iquitos.
Korean Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Oranje Nassau, Curacao	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Dutch and French Guiana.
Ocean Transport, Buenos Aires	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Princess May, Port Antonio	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Jamaica.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Lepanto, Antwerp	July 7	12:00 M.
San Gennaro, Genoa	July 7	12:00 M.
New York City, Bristol	July 7	12:00 M.
West Mahomet, Kobe	July 7	12:00 M.
Easterling, Yokohama	July 7	12:00 M.
Bartholomew, Kingston	July 8	12:00 M.
Minnequa, Callao	July 10	12:00 M.
Glyndon, Nuevitas	July 10	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
American	Antwerp	July 1
Noordam	Plymouth	July 6
Manchuria	Hamburg	July 2
Leopoldina	Havre	July 2
Virgil	Maranham	July 4
Anglo-Egyptian	Antwerp	July 3
Royal George	Plymouth	July 5
Baltic	Queenstown	July 5
Lake Frolona	Bristol	July 5
Guiana	Barbados	July 4
Royal George	Southampton	July 6
Santa Ana	Antofagasta	July 5

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Imperator	Southampton	July 3
Giuseppe Verdi	Naples	July 1
West Como	Havre	July 1
Eagle	Rotterdam	July 1
Rotterdam	Plymouth	July 3
Lake Farley	Rouen	July 1
Eastwind	Nantes	July 2

PASSED.

Buitenzorg, N. Y. for Sabang, passed Perim, July 3.

Minnesotan, N. Y. for Alexandria, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Mail.	Steamships.	Mail Closes At N. Y.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco	Marama	July 8
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China and Netherlands East Indies, via San Francisco	Nanking	July 9
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City), Siberia, Siam, Cochin China and Netherlands East Indies	Africa Maru	July 9
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, via San Francisco	Sonoma	July 15
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	July 16
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Russia	July 24

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

AMERICAN LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

Philadelphia 12 Noon July 10 Aug. 7 Sept. 4
New York ..12 Noon July 17 Aug. 14 Sept. 11
St. Paul ....12 Noon July 24 Aug. 21 Sept. 18

NEW YORK—HAMBURG

Manchuria 11 A.M. July 31 Sept. 11 Oct. 23
Mongolia ...3 P.M. Aug. 14 Sept. 25 Nov. 6

RED STAR LINE

N. Y.—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP

Kroonland..11 A.M. July 10 Aug. 14 Sept. 18
Lapland ....1 P.M. July 19 Aug. 21 Sept. 25
Finland ..12 noon July 24 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
Zeeland ..... Sept. 4 Oct. 9

WHITE STAR LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

Olympic ....3 P.M. July 8 Aug. 4 Aug. 28
Adriatic ..11 A.M. Aug. 14 Sept. 15 Oct. 16

N. Y.—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL

*Mobile, 3 P.M. July 15 Aug. 14 Sept. 18
Celtic ...12 noon July 24 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
Baltic...12 noon July 31 Sept. 4 Oct. 9
*(Formerly Cleveland)

NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR NAPLES—GENOA

Canopic ..... 3 P.M. July 8
Cretic .....12 Noon, July 24 Sept. 14

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

SOUTH AMERICA
BRAZIL-URUGUAY-ARGENTINE

United States Shipping Board's Passenger Service

New York to Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo and Buenos Aires

S. S. HURON, 17,000 tons (c).....July 14
S. S. CALLAO, 13,000 tons (a).....July 28
(c) First Class. (b) First & Second Class. (c) 1st, 2d & 3d Class.

For passage rates and other particulars apply to any Passenger Agency or to

MUNSON STEAMSHIP LINE

Passenger Dep't; 82-92 Beaver Street, N. Y., also at the Line's Offices at

Drexel Bldg., Philadelphia | Keyser Bldg., Baltimore | Conway Bldg., Chicago | 418 Olive Street, St. Louis | Mobile, Alabama

CUNARD-ANCHOR

Passenger and Freight Service

Imperator	New York to Cherbourg and Southampton	July 15
K. A. Victoria	New York " Queenstown and Liverpool	July 17
Vasari	New York " Liverpool	July 20
Caronia	New York " Queenstown and Liverpool	July 24
Columbia	New York " Londonderry and Glasgow	July 31
Aquitania	New York " Cherbourg and Southampton	July 31
Mauretania	New York " Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 5
Imperator	New York " Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 12
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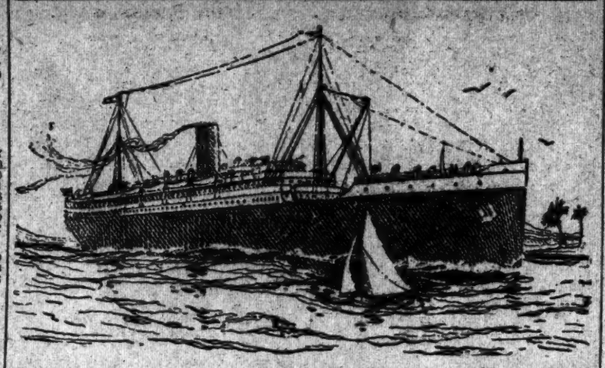

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Lv Washington (B. & O. R. R.)	3.00 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Lv Baltimore (B. & O. R. R.)	3.51 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Lv Philadelphia (P. & R. R. R.)	6.30 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Ar Toronto (Via NIAGARA FALLS)	9.40 AM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Lv Toronto (East. Time)	11.00 PM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Ar Cobalt "	12.10 PM	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo
Ar Winnipeg (Cent. Time)	6.00 PM	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu
Lv Winnipeg "	10.25 PM	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu
Ar Saskatoon (Mtn. Time)	12.30 PM	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We
Ar Edmonton "	11.25 PM	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We
Lv Edmonton "	12.10 AM	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Ar Jasper (Pac. Time) (National Park)	9.22 AM	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Ar Mt. Robson " (Canadian Rockies)	12.06 PM	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th
Ar Vancouver "	9.00 AM	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr
Ar Victoria "	3.00 PM	Sa	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr
Ar Prince Rupert "	7.00 PM	..	Su	..	Tu	..	Th	..

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Lv New York (Nat. R. R.)	7.45 PM	Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
Ar Montreal	7.52 AM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Lv Montreal (East. Time)	6.10 PM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Ar Ottawa "	9.10 PM	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
Ar North Bay "	6.50 AM	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo
Ar Sudbury "	11.30 AM	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Mo
Ar Port Arthur "	7.15 AM	..	Th	..	Sa	..	Mo	..
Ar Fort William (Cent. Time)	7.05 AM	..	Th	..	Sa	..	Mo	..
Ar Winnipeg "	9.45 PM	..	Th	..	Sa	..	Mo	..
Lv Winnipeg "	10.25 PM	..	Th	..	Sa	..	Mo	..
Ar Saskatoon (Mtn. Time)	12.30 PM	..	Fr	..	Su	..	Tu	..
Ar Edmonton "	11.25 PM	..	Fr	..	Su	..	Tu	..
Lv Edmonton "	12.10 AM	..	Sa	..	Mo	..	We	..
Ar Jasper (Pac. Time) (National Park)	9.22 AM	..	Sa	..	Mo	..	We	..
Ar Mt. Robson " (Canadian Rockies)	12.06 PM	..	Sa	..	Mo	..	We	..
Ar Vancouver "	9.00 AM	..	Su	..	Tu	..	Th	..
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23 ARRAIGNED AFTER HOLIDAY 'DRY' RAIDS

Reports of Liquor Flowing in Brooklyn and Rockaways Stir Prohibition Agents.

$10,000 LIQUORS SEIZED

Wines and Whisky Found Under Sand Piles in Macdougal Street Cellar.

Activities of a squad of prohibition enforcement agents in Brooklyn and the Rockaways Monday resulted in the arrest of twenty-three proprietors and bartenders of road houses and saloons. The raids, James Shevlin, Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent, said yesterday, followed the receipt of information to the effect "that liquor was flowing freely in that section and that officials there had been 'fixed.'"

The defendants were arraigned yesterday morning before United States Commissioner McGoldrick in Brooklyn. Most of the saloonkeepers were held in $1,000 bail each, and the bartenders in $500 bail each, for examination.

The defendants are: Leonard Strobel, 93 Wyckoff Avenue, Brooklyn, and his bartender, William Leitch; William Winkhoff, 106 Wilson Avenue, Brooklyn, and his bartender, Harry Plaxenbarr; Rudolph Epig, 1,300 Myrtle Avenue, and his bartender, John Ley; Karl Lorens, 1,504 Sheepshead Bay Road, and Eugene Kinney, his bartender; Charles F. Bryant, of Tobey's Inn, 2,074 Ocean Parkway; George Filner, 481 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach; George Messer, 503 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, said to be his second arrest; Phil Jolly, Grand Walk and Henry Street, Rockaway, and Harry Samuels, his bartender; John Lambis, 142 North Fifth Street, Brooklyn; Abraham Miller, 127 Havemeyer Street; William Aullmann, 231 South Fourth Street, alleged to be his second offense; James Campbell, 211 Bedford Avenue, and his bartender, Thomas Campbell; William Braune, 106 Bedford Avenue; William Zaulakis, 103 Metropolitan Avenue and Charles Skels, his bartender; Michael Eilg, 136 Broadway, and Thomas Vaughn, bartender.

Participating in the raids were Prohibition Agent Smithy Einstein, Wittenberg, Helssenberger and Ketchum.

Liquor Seized in Restaurant.

Daniel J. Mangin and William P. Lord, Federal enforcement agents, aided by Detectives Massi and Cushing, of Police Headquarters, yesterday descended on an alleged restaurant at 117 Macdougal Street, where they confiscated $10,000 worth of liquors, most of which they found concealed in four piles of sand in the cellar.

The liquors were seized on a search warrant issued by United States Commissioner Hitchcock on information supplied by Detectives Massi and Cushing, who had arrested fourteen men in the Macdougal Street house early Sunday morning on a charge of gambling. When the enforcement officers reached the house yesterday afternoon, Louis Fontana, the proprietor, who was held in $500 bail in Jefferson Market Court on the gambling charge, was not present.

The ground floor of the building formerly was occupied as a saloon, and, although the proprietor told the detectives on Sunday that it was now being used as a restaurant, more than $3,000 worth of liquors were found behind the saloon bar. The officers then went to the cellar, where they found, under piles of sand, ten barrels of wine, 500 bottles of assorted liquors and hundreds of demijohns of wines, gins and whisky. All the liquor was removed to a Government warehouse.

William Willenbrandt of 300 East Twenty-third Street was arrested yesterday in a civil action and released on $5,000 bail in connection with an action for $9,400 damages brought against him by Albert Klenk, grocer, of 530 Third Avenue. Klenk alleges that Willenbrandt, claiming a partnership arrangement with him, had carted away from his grocery at Third Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, on May 27, 100 cases of whisky and two barrels, each containing forty-two gallons of whisky, of a total value of $7,500.

Revenue Tax Demanded.

Klenk says in his affidavit that he not only lost the liquor, for the keeping of which he had a Government permit, but that United States revenue officers had demanded $2,600 in revenue taxes because the liquor had been removed from his place of business.

The Federal Grand Jury in Brooklyn yesterday continued its investigation into the distribution of Bacardi rum in the form of stock dividends. Rumors of an indictment in connection with the case were common about the Federal Building. United States Attorney Leroy W. Ross would not discuss the matter. The investigation grew out of the seizure of nearly 500 cases of Bacardi rum at Hollis, L. I., belonging to John E. Tench, proprietor of Hollswood Inn. Tench declared that the Bacardi rum was his portion of the dividend assets of the Bacardi Corporation, in which he was a stockholder. State Prohibition Director Charles R. O'Connor gave a permit for the distribution of the assets of the corporation.

A seized shipment including hundreds of bottles of whisky, brandy, gin and champagne was bought by Herman Ellis, a junk dealer of Perth Amboy, at an auction sale held there by United States Marshal Bollschweiler yesterday. The contraband, which was taken by revenue agents last January, was valued at $25,000. Ellis got it for $30,200. There were about thirty other bidders. Under the Federal prohibition law such confiscated liquor may be sold at public auction for non-beverage purposes.

BRIBERY CHARGE AN ERROR.

G. R. C. Wiles Is Victim of Mistake in Mine Shooting Case.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., July 6.—Confusion, arising from the return of so many indictments by the Special Grand Jury which investigated the recent shooting at Matewan, W. Va., caused an error to be made as to the indictment against G. R. C. Wiles, according to a statement issued here last night by B. Randolph Bias, the former's law partner.

The original statement said that the indictment against Wiles charged bribery, in that he was alleged to have offered bribes to certain peace officers to resign their positions. In his statement Mr. Bias said the report of Wiles's indictment was "wholly false and misleading," and that the indictment against Wiles charged that he offered to furnish a county officer with $2,000 with which to hire agitators and organizers of the United Mine Workers to cease their efforts to organize the miners of this field.

"Mr. Wiles was not indicted for offering the peace officers bribes to resign their positions," Mr. Bias said. He added that he did not know whether or not the charge against Wiles was true, but said, "Even so, the charge states no offense and can amount to nothing."

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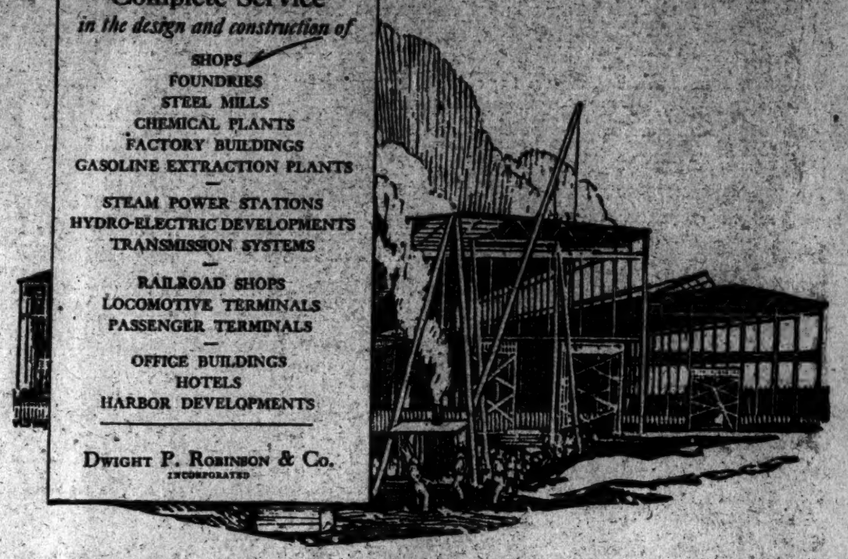

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INCORPORATED
Engineers and Constructors
125 East 46th St., New York
CHICAGO PITTSBURGH CLEVELAND DALLAS
Consolidated with WESTINGHOUSE, CHURCH, KERR & COMPANY, Inc.

Pint Dessert size—Style—E

No Sugar
Required in Jiffy-Jell Fruit Desserts

Sugar is scarce and high, yet now is the time for rich, fruity desserts.

The solution is Jiffy-Jell. Serve it alone with its real-fruit flavors, or mix in fresh fruit if you wish.

Jiffy-Jell comes ready-sweetened. It comes acidulated with lemon or grape acid. Simply add boiling water, as per directions, and let cool. Then you have a fruit dessert rich in real-fruit essence.

Jiffy-Jell flavors are not artificial. They are condensed fruit juices in liquid form, in bottles. There's a vial in each package.

They are rich in fruit, for much ripe fruit-juice is condensed to flavor each dessert.

Mix in fresh fruit if you wish, but Jiffy-Jell itself has fruit essence in abundance.

To make salad jell, use lime fruit flavor, tart and green.

Use mint for mint-jell to be served with meats.

These are delicious summer dainties, and the sugar is already there.

10 Flavors in Glass
A Bottle in each Package

Lime	Raspberry	Orange
Cherry	Strawberry	Lemon
	Pineapple	Coffee

Teaspoon Size

Wm. Rogers & Son AA

New-style dessert spoon, Wm. Rogers & Son AA silverplate, guaranteed 20 years. Contains no advertising. Send two Jiffy-Jell trade-marks and 10 cents for first spoon, then we will offer you balance of the set.

Individual Dessert Molds—Set of Six
The same in pint size—Style—C

Set of Six Individual Dessert Molds

Assorted styles of aluminum. The six will hold a full package of Jiffy-Jell. Send us six Jiffy-Jell trade-marks and we will mail you the set of six, valued at 60 cents.

Jiffy-Cup
For Measuring

An aluminum half-pint cup. Fill twice with boiling water, as per directions, to dissolve one package Jiffy-Jell. Use as a standard cup in any recipe.

Send two Jiffy-Jell trade-marks for the Jiffy-Cup.

Gifts to Users

Buy Jiffy-Jell from your grocer. Cut out the Jiffy-Jell trade-marks in the circle on the front of Jiffy-Jell packages. Send 6 for any pint mold or the Set of Six Individual Molds. Send 2 for the Jiffy-Cup, or 2 and 10c for the Spoon.

The pint molds are as follows—all aluminum:
Style—B—Pint Mold, heart shaped.
Style—C—Pint Mold, fluted as above.
Style—D—Pint Salad Mold.
Style—E—Pint Mold with pinnacles.
Same as illustrated at top.

Pint Molds
....Style—B
....Style—C
....Style—D
....Style—E
....Set of Six
....Jiffy-Cup
....Silver Spoon

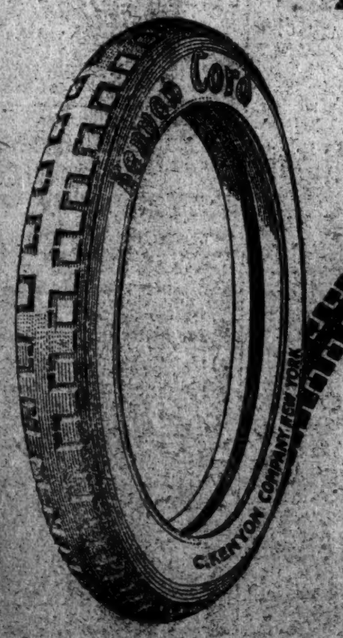
Send 6 circles for any pint mold or the set of six. Send 2 for Jiffy-Cup. Send 2 and 10c for spoon.

Jiffy Dessert Co., Waukesha, Wis. MAIL THIS

I enclose ____ Jiffy-Jell trade-marks for which mail the gifts I check at side.

Enclose 10c for postage and packing on the spoon alone.

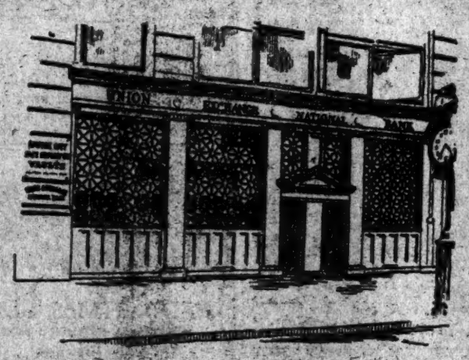
Kenyon Cord
Tires and Tubes



WHEN a firm with sixty years of rubber experience starts out to make the best possible tire --- forgets expense in achieving it --- and then places a fair cost on the successful result --- you have Kenyon Cords.

Sold by Reliable Dealers

C. KENYON COMPANY, Inc.
Makers of Kenyon Weatherproof and Kenwear Waterproof Coats
DEALER'S SERVICE DEPT., 754 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Phone Prospect 1800 for name of dealer in your neighborhood



YOUR BANK

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TILE ROOFS FOR INDUSTRIAL PLANTS
LASTING LOW IN COST SIGHTLY
American Cement Tile Manufacturing Co.
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On the sporting pages of The New York Times next Sunday there will be published Advance Articles on the American's Cup races, the first of which is set for July 15. These articles will include a comparison of the Resolute and Shamrock V.; a history of America's Cup Races; a description of the personnel of the crews of the two yachts to sail this year, and full details of the arrangements for the races.—Adv.